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IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report 2015/18: 2015/04/27 - 2015/05/03

Abstract : This is the **Instrument Data quality Evaluation and Analysis Service Plus** (IDEAS+) Swarm Weekly report on Swarm products quality, covering the period from 27 April to 03 May 2015.

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AMENDMENT POLICY

This document shall be amended by releasing a new edition of the document in its entirety. The Amendment Record Sheet below records the history and issue status of this document.

AMENDMENT RECORD SHEET

ISSUE	DATE	REASON
1.0	13 May 2015	First issue



1. INTRODUCTION

This document refers to the activities carried out in the framework of the Sensor Performance, Products and Algorithms (SPPA) Office [RD.1], and as such it reports on work related to:

- Algorithms and Processors Development, Maintenance and Evolution: these include all algorithm and software evolution and maintenance aspects for the different components, for both the Operational processors (OP) and Prototypes processors (PP) of L1 and L2 chains.
- Performance Assessment: these include all Quality Control activities (on-line and offline, systematic or on-demand), for the applicable product levels.
- System Calibration: these include the activities related to calibration, from sensor to system level. They also include aspects like cross calibration and handling of external calibration sources.
- Product validation: these include definition and maintenance of product validation plans.
- End-to-end Sensor Dataset Performance: these include activities related to the organisation and coordination of Quality Working Groups and all aspects of the Experimental platform. It also covers the product baseline, coordination and handling of external communities, and all aspects of ADF handling (both for the operational processors and for the prototypes).

This weekly report constitutes a work in progress throughout the mission life time, and new parts and complements will be added while the consolidation of knowledge on Swarm data and instruments will progress.

Section 2.1 always gives an overview of the general quality status of the mission instruments and products, while the main observations of the week are summarized in Section 2.4.

The document also includes information on data quality for the three Swarm spacecraft, inferred from automated HTML quality reports which are produced on daily basis for each product. Please contact the IDEAS+ Swarm team if interested in accessing the reports via web or FTP (all details about interfaces and folder structure available on [RD.2]). Such quality reports represent the core of the Routine Quality Control (Chapter 3). A description of the implemented quality checks is given in [RD.3], and references therein.

Basing on specific findings of the routine quality control, or on-demand from other entities (i.e. Swarm PDGS, FOS, Mission Management, Post-Launch Support Office, Expert Support Laboratories, Quality Working Groups, user community), anomalies can be triggered and preliminary characterisations and investigations of such anomalies are given in Chapter 4. The anomalies documented in the Weekly Reports are tracked in the following way:

1. If triggered by ESA Eohelp or within the Service: IDEAS+ action and ticketing system (<http://requests-sppa.serco.it/RT3/index.html>).
2. If triggered by IDEAS+ Swarm team or other entities:
 - 2a. If the observation/analysis leads to an anomaly to be addressed to the processor provider (GMV): SPR on EO ARTS (<https://arts.eo.esa.int>), **SWL1L2DB** project;
 - 2b. If the observation/analysis does not lead to an anomaly or the investigation shall be escalated to other entities (PLSO/industry, ESL, PDGS): Action tracked on EO ARTS, **SW-IDEAS** project, then addressed to the proper tracking system if needed (e.g. JIRA for ESLs, SW-CP-AR project on EO ARTS for PDGS).

Information on Level 1B Swarm products can be found in [RD.4].



1.1 Current Operational configuration of monitored data:

- Processors Version: L1BOP 3.15, L2-Cat2 1.12
- L0 input products baseline: 02
- L1B baseline: 03 (for definitions and description of the data baseline concept see <https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/missions/esa-operational-eo-missions/swarm/data-access/product-baseline-definition>)
- Level 2 – Cat 2 baseline: 01
- Input auxiliary files baseline: CCDB 0009, ADF 0101
- MPPF-CVQ v.2.12p1

1.2 Reference documents

The following is a list of documents with a direct bearing on the content of this report. Where referenced in the text, these are identified as RD.n, where 'n' is the number in the list below:

- [RD.1] Sensor Performance, Products and Algorithms (SPPA), PGSI-GSOP-EOPG-TN-05-0025. Version 2.3.
- [RD.2] Swarm PDGS External DMC Interface Control Document, SW-ID-DS-GS-0001, Issue 3.2.
- [RD.3] Swarm MPPF-CVQ Monitoring Baseline Document, ST-ESA-SWARM-MBD-0001, Issue 1.7.
- [RD.4] Swarm Level 1B Product Definition, SW-RS-DSC-SY-0007, Issue 5.13.
- [RD.5] Swarm IDEAS Configuration Management Plan, IDEAS-SER-MGT-PLN-1081 v0.14.
- [RD.6] Swarm Quality Control Project Plan, IDEAS-SER-MGT-PLN-1071
- [RD.7] SW_L1BOP_status_20141124_MoM
- [RD.8] Planned Updates for Level 1b, SW-PL-DTU-GS-008, Rev: 1dC.
- [RD.9] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 25/08/2014 – 31/08/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20140825_20140831.pdf (ref. for SWL1L2DB-9)
- [RD.10] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 29/09/2014 – 05/10/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20140929_20141005.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-34)
- [RD.11] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 06/10/2014 – 12/10/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20141006_20141012.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-36)
- [RD.12] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 20/10/2014 – 26/10/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20141020_20141026.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-40, GPS sync loss)
- [RD.13] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 15/09/2014 – 21/09/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20140915_20140921.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-27)
- [RD.14] Swarm L1B 03.15 Validation Report, OSMV-OPMT-SRCP-RP-15-3385, Issue 1.3.
- [RD.15] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 23/03/2015 – 29/03/2015, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_201513_20150323_20150329.pdf.



2. SUMMARY OF THE OBSERVATIONS

2.1 General status of Swarm instruments and Level 1B products quality

TII status. The 40 deg maneuver on S/C A and C has been executed. More details will be given next week.

2.2 Plan for operational processor updates

L1B: the cross-verification of PLASMA is suffering some delay because of issues in producing prototype outputs IRF side. For the other processors is ongoing. Released the Level 1B Verification Plan by I. Coco, containing test scenarios for non-regressions and anomalous cases. Test CCDBs for ACC, MAGNET and PLASMA also provided.

L2-Cat2: FAC and IBI will be put into operation by the end of week 20 (11-17/5), basing on uncorrected MAG data. The “Bubble probability occurrence” parameter is not reliable, because of a misalignment in the timestamps readings between PP and OP. This will be explained in the user notes on the web.

2.3 Quality Working Group and Cal/Val Coordination

Coordination is in place for organizing the 6th Swarm Data Quality Workshop in Paris (hosted by IPGP) in late September 2015.

Following the QWG recommendations in Potsdam and the scientists need in view of the IUGG conference in June, the preliminary plasma dataset has been released early February 2015.

DTU/ESL shared the final set of corrected data on early April. These corrected data also contain the dB_sun correction, providing the users the possibility to access to uncorrected data.

The Task Force meeting was held on 9-10 April in ESTEC. During this meeting the following decisions have been taken:

- ESA and CNES have to be prepared for potential further ASM failures scenarios.
- The corrected data provided by Lesur-Tøffner-Clausen (DTU) will be distributed by ESA to all Swarm users¹. Soon, the correction will also be implemented in the OP. Meanwhile, the team agreed that the following investigation should be done:
 - i. Clarifications of coordinate systems used (and left out) in models. To confirm overall dynamics and time constants / phase shifts.
 - ii. Splinter group with Airbus, DTU-MI, and ESA to further coordinate investigations of “secondary” contributions.
 - iii. (v x B) further investigations during: 1) the 4-step-360 rotation data, 2) the Alpha-Charlie rotations.
 - iv. Test with same sun attitude conditions (excluding manoeuvres) but different plasma conditions or magnetic longitude.
 - v. To better quantify (from models) potential plasma-related effects. Link to MAGx_HR.

¹The corrected Swarm magnetic data have been distributed to all Swarm users on 13/04 (<https://earth.esa.int/web/quest/missions/esa-operational-ao-missions/swarm/news/-/article/corrected-swarm-magnetic-data-now-available>).



vi. Involvement of EFI-TII team.

The next task force meeting is scheduled for **2-3 July 2015**.

2.4 Summary of observations for 2015, Week 18 (27/04 - 03/05)

During the monitored week the following events have been found and investigated:

- **Some features observed in the MOD-NAV difference:** we observe at times deviations from the average values lasting several minutes (SW-IDEAS-34).
- **A couple of events of attitude rejection** is observed for S/C A (27/04), and S/C C (28/4) due to simultaneous occurrence of BBOs on two cameras and invalid measurement on another one (SW-IDEAS-68).



3. ROUTINE QUALITY CONTROL

3.1 Gaps analysis

Nothing to report.

3.2 Orbit and Attitude Products

The following events have to be reported:

Observation ID	Description	Affected parameter	Sect. of Obs. Description	Sect. of Obs. Analysis
SW-IDEAS-34	OBS_ROUTINE: spiky features observed in the NAV-MOD difference	Orbits (position and velocity)	3.2.1.1	[RD.10]
SW-IDEAS-68	OBS_ROUTINE: 2015, week 18 (27/4-03/05), STR S/C A and C out of range.	STRAATT_1B STRASCI_1A STRCATT_1B STRCSCI_1A	3.2.1.2 3.2.3.2	3.2.1.2 3.2.3.2

Table 1: List of events related to attitude and orbit products to be reported in the monitoring for 2015, Week 18: 27/04 - 03/05.

The relevant parameters that have been monitored are:

- Position difference between calculated Medium Accuracy orbits (**MODx_SC_1B**) and on-board solution (**GPSxNAV_0**). Threshold values for such differences have not been assessed yet: we have just monitored the average values and maximum variations around the week, and reported in tables in the sections below, along with some example from the HTML daily reports. For the time being we evaluated an anomaly should be raised if one (or more) of the following conditions occurs:
 - o The **average difference** on a given day exceeds the position accuracy requirement for the mission (1.5 m),
 - o The variability around the average is quite high: **standard deviation** threshold has been arbitrarily chosen to be twice the position accuracy requirement for the mission (2-sigma = 3 m).
 - o At least 4-5 spikes are observed on a given day, exceeding +/- 50 m.
- Visual inspection of Star Tracker characterisation flags (**STRxATT_1B**)
- Deviation of the quaternion norm from unity (deviation threshold = +/- 10⁻⁹)
- Visual inspection of Euler Angles derived from quaternions.

3.2.1 Swarm A

3.2.1.1 Position statistics

In Table 2 one can see the statistics of the differences between MOD and on-board solution positions. In the third column the maximum differences (maximum negative and maximum positive) are reported. The maximum standard deviation is in the fourth column. Maxima, minima and standard deviations usually refer to the Z component which



is often the most disturbed; in case another component is most affected, it will be specified in parentheses.

Swarm A, 27/04 - 03/05, Position difference					
Day	Average difference (m)	Maximum difference (m)		Maximum standard deviation (m)	Notes
27/04	0.09	-9.0	7.1	1.36	
28/04	0.10	-8.8	8.8	1.37	
29/04	0.08	-8.9 (Y)	11.2	1.45	
30/04	0.19	-9.4	10.9	1.61	
01/05	0.05	-9.2	8.0	1.65	SW-IDEAS-34 [RD.10]
02/05	0.05	-7.7(X)	10.9	1.50	
03/05	0.09	-9.7	9.4	1.70	

Table 2: Swarm A, difference between MOD and on-board solution positions. If not specified maximum difference and maximum standard deviation refers to the Z axis.

Below some plot example follows of such differences taken at the beginning of the week (27/04, Figure 1) in the middle (30/04, Figure 2) and at the end (03/05, Figure 3). From top to bottom the plots show: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two. The values of position are given in [km] and the difference between both solutions is given in [m].

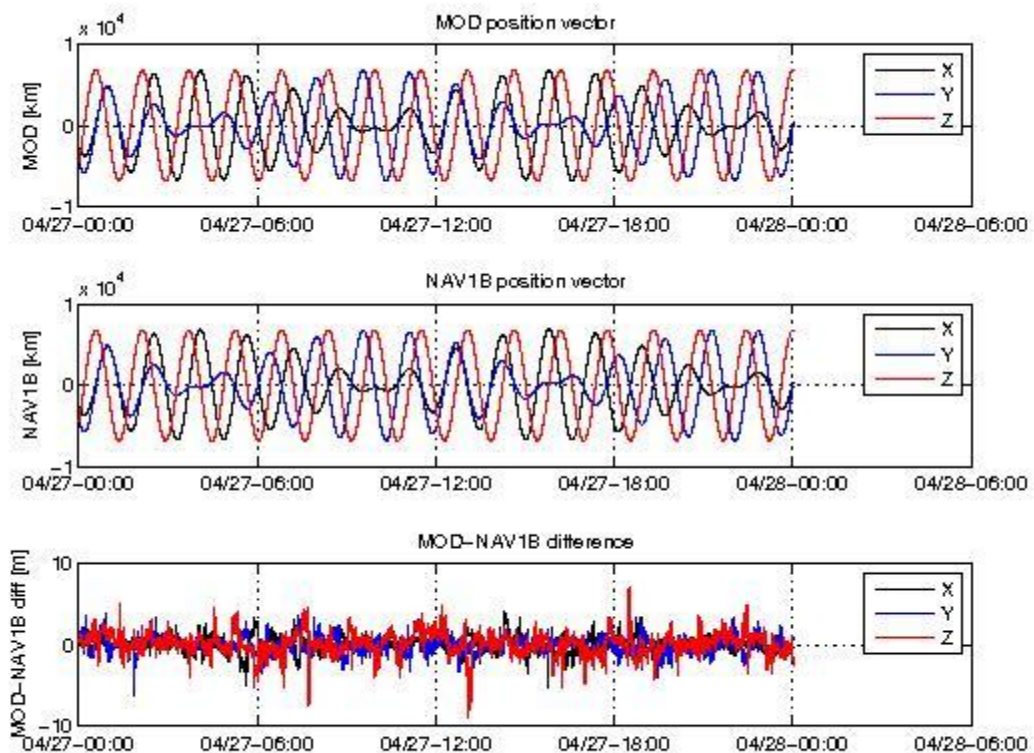


Figure 1: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C A, 27/04. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

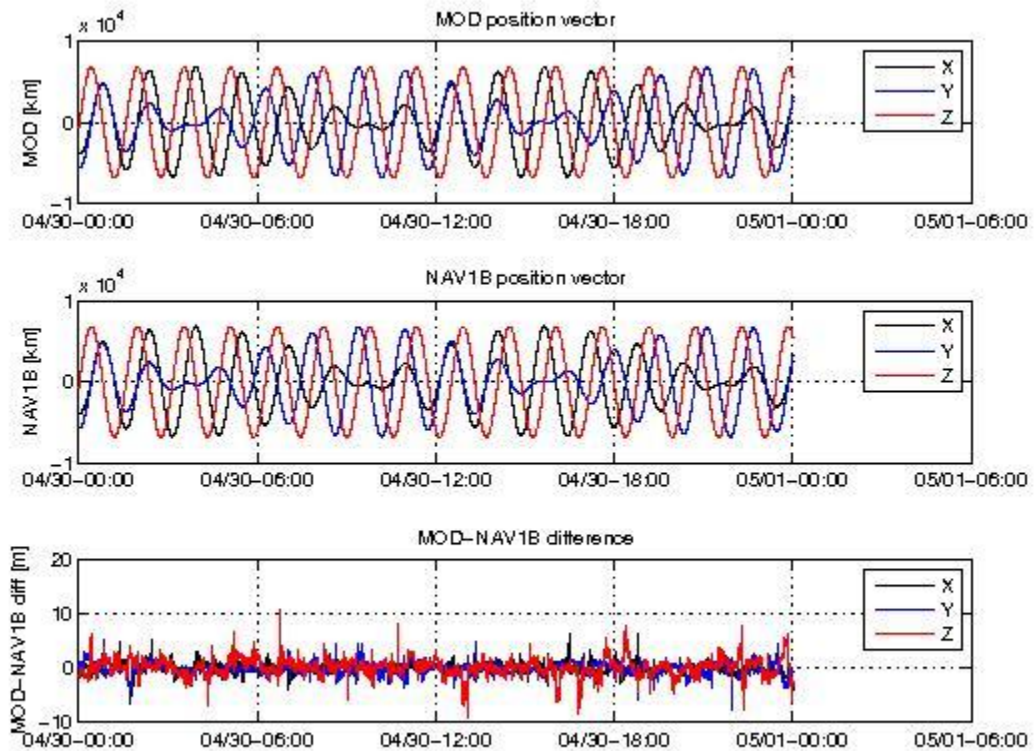


Figure 2: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C A, 30/04. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two. The red circled area shows a big spike in the X and Y components.

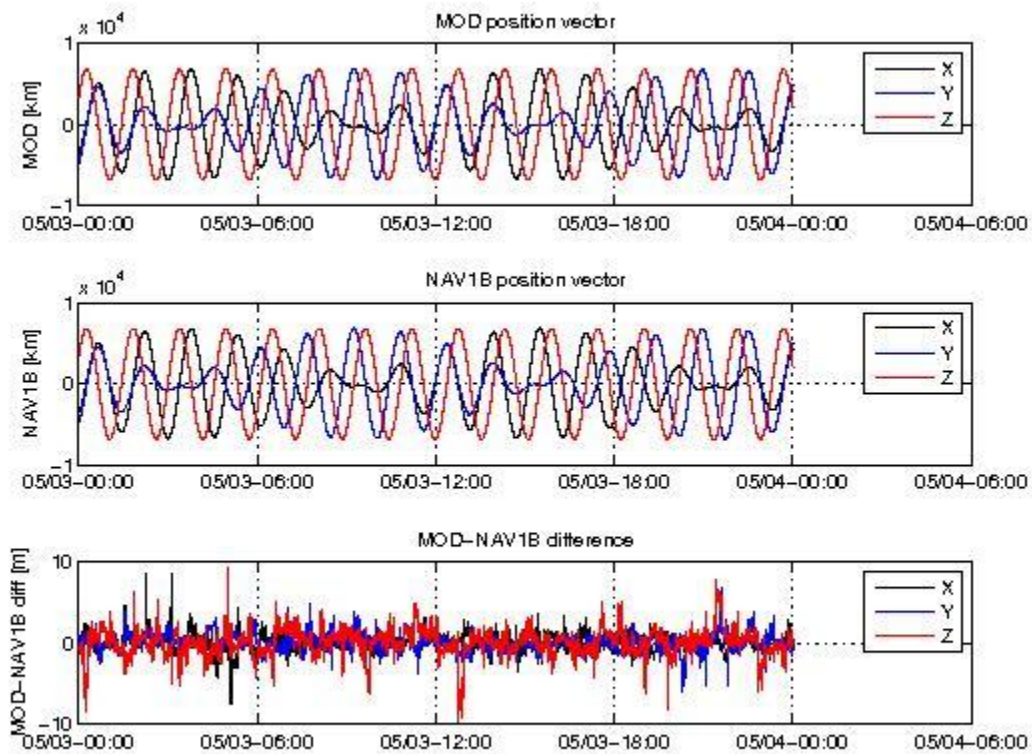


Figure 3: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C A, 03/05. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two. The red circled area shows a big spike in the Y and Z components.

3.2.1.2 Attitude observations

- SW-IDEAS-68

We observe an interval of rejected attitudes for S/C A, on 27/04/2015 (Flags_q=255). The reason for such rejection is the presence of BBOs simultaneously on CU1 and CU3 and invalid measurements on CU2. In Table 3 below, such interval is detailed.

Start time	Stop time	Length (s)
27/04/2015 10:58:59	27/04/2015 10:59:03	4

Table 3: Attitudes out-of-range on S/C A, week 18.

3.2.2 Swarm B

3.2.2.1 Position Statistics

In Table 4 one can see the statistics of the differences between MOD and on-board solution positions. In the third column the maximum differences (maximum negative and maximum positive) are reported. The maximum standard deviation is in the fourth column. Maxima, minima and standard deviations usually refer to the Z component which



is often the most disturbed; in case another component is most affected, it will be specified in parentheses.

Swarm B, 27/04 - 03/05, Position difference					
Day	Average Difference (m)	Maximum difference (m)		Standard Deviation (m)	Notes
27/04	0.17	-5.9	10.0	1.36	
28/04	0.12	-8.1	7.1	1.34	
29/04	0.09	-9.2	9.3	1.51	
30/04	0.22	-9.1	9.7	1.66	
01/05	0.21	-9.5	7.9	1.63	
02/05	0.04	-10.2	10.0	1.59	
03/05	0.16	-8.4	12.3	1.56	

Table 4: Swarm B, difference between MOD and on-board solution positions. If not specified maximum difference and maximum standard deviation refers to the Z axis.

Below some plot example follows of such differences taken at the beginning of the week (27/04, Figure 4), in the middle (30/04, Figure 5), and at end of the week (03/05, Figure 6). From top to bottom the plots show: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two. . The values of position are given in [km] and the difference between both solutions is given in [m].

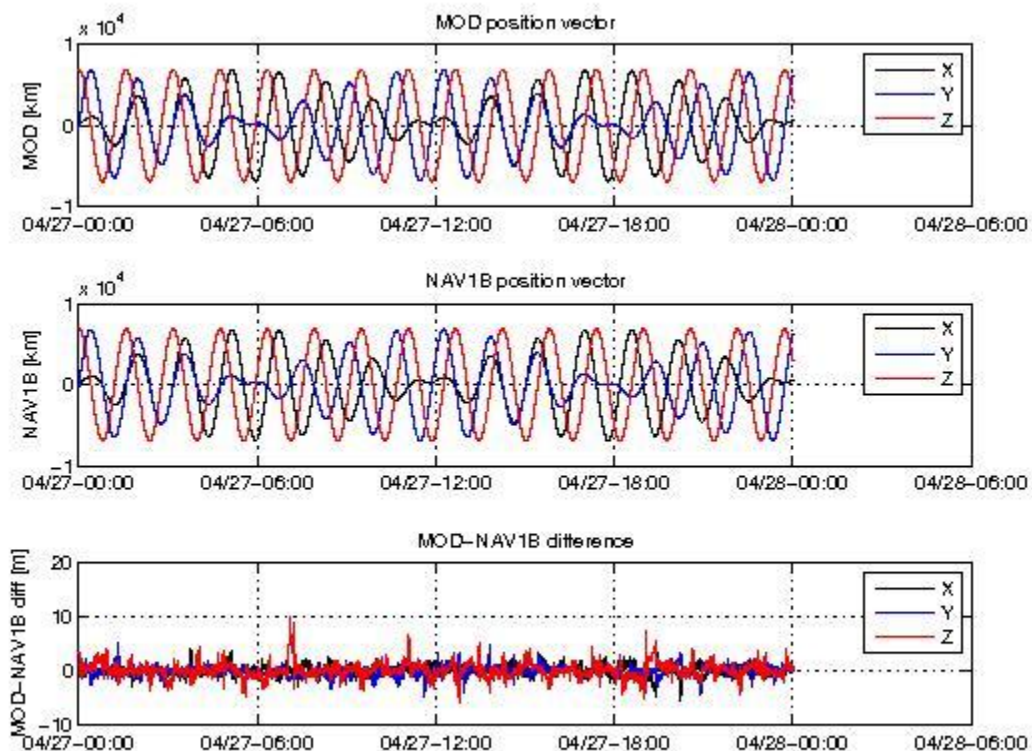


Figure 4: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C B, 27/04. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

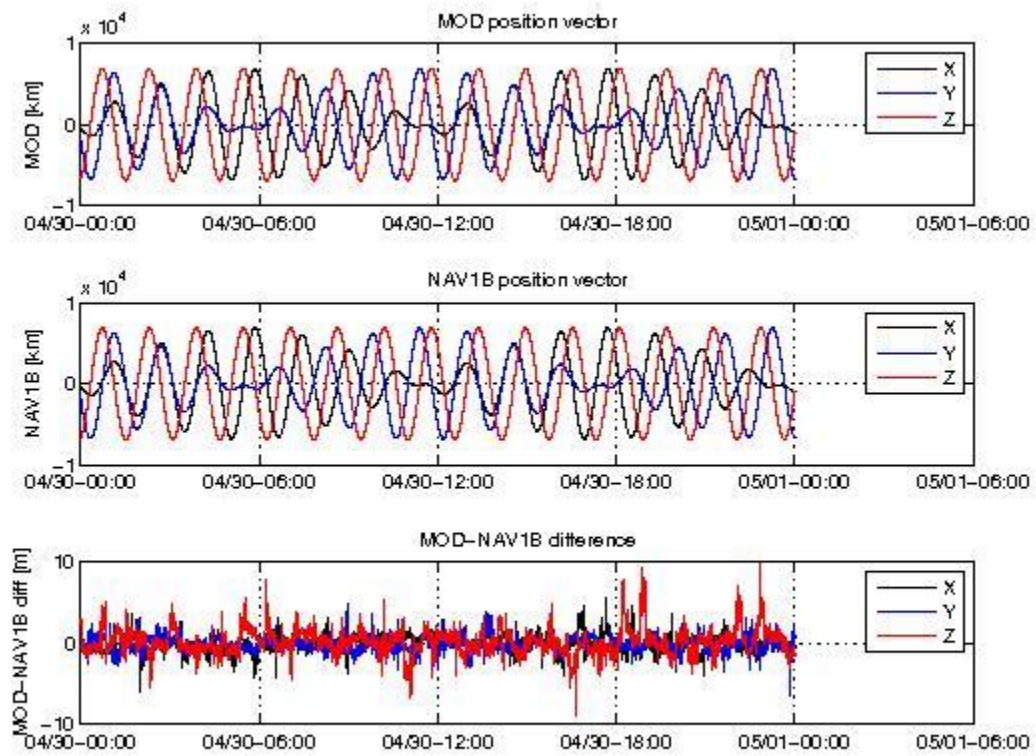


Figure 5: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C B, 30/04. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

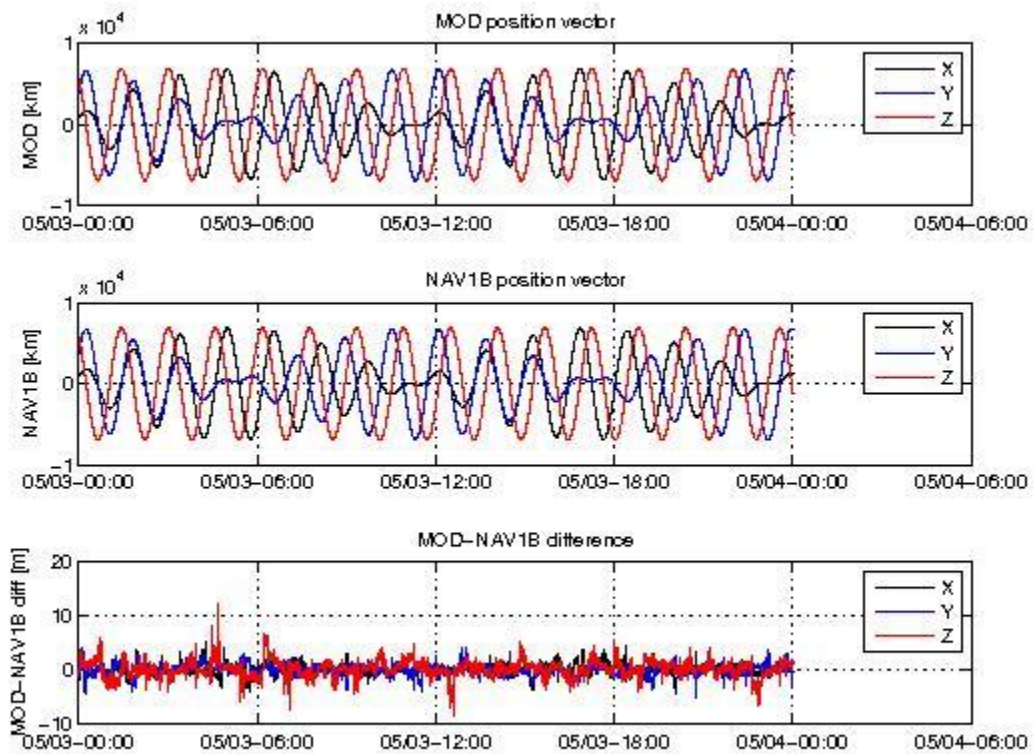


Figure 6: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C B, 03/05. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

3.2.2.2 Attitude observations

Nothing to report.

3.2.3 Swarm C

3.2.3.1 Position Statistics

In Table 5 one can see the statistics of the differences between MOD and on-board solution positions. In the third column the maximum differences (maximum negative and maximum positive) are reported. The maximum standard deviation is in the fourth column. Maxima, minima and standard deviations usually refer to the Z component which is often the most disturbed; in case another component is most affected, it will be specified in parentheses.

Swarm C, 27/04 - 03/05, Position difference					
Day	Average Difference (m)	Maximum difference (m)		Standard Deviation (m)	Notes
27/04	0.14	-6.2	6.2	1.23	
28/04	0.11	-6.3	6.7	1.26	



Swarm C, 27/04 - 03/05, Position difference					
29/04	0.15	-7.9	8.3 (X)	1.40	
30/04	0.21	-8.5 (X)	6.6	1.31	
01/05	0.04	-9.7	6.9 (X)	1.50	
02/05	0.11	-6.1 (X)	7.9	1.27	
03/05	0.11	-7.4 (Y)	8.7	1.49	

Table 5: Swarm C, difference between MOD and on-board solution positions. If not specified maximum difference and maximum standard deviation refers to the Z axis.

Below some plot example of such differences follows, taken at the beginning of the week (27/04, Figure 7), in the middle (30/04, Figure 8) and at the end (03/05, Figure 9). From top to bottom the plots show: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two. The values of position are given in [km] and the difference between both solutions is given in [m]

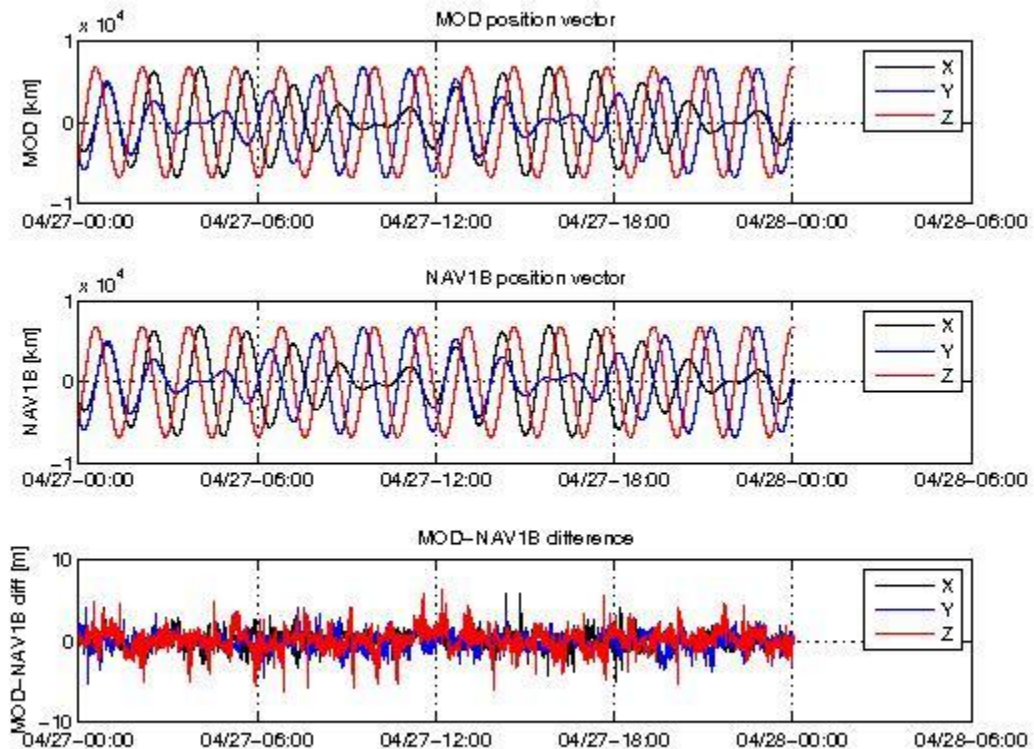


Figure 7: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C C, 27/04. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

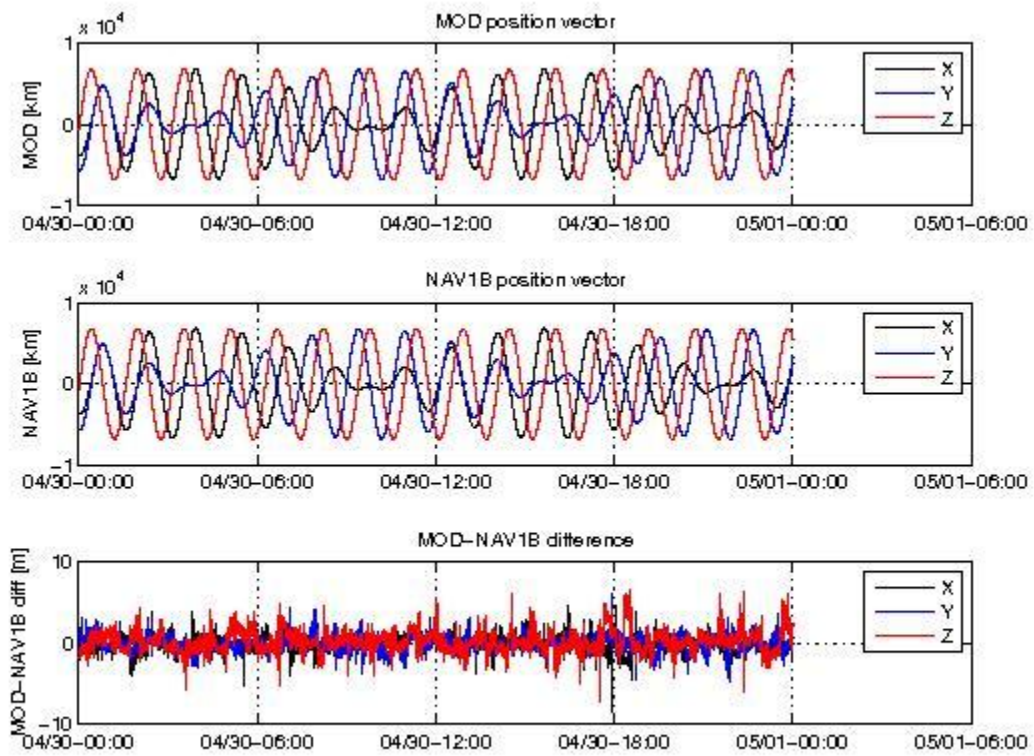


Figure 8: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C C, 30/04. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

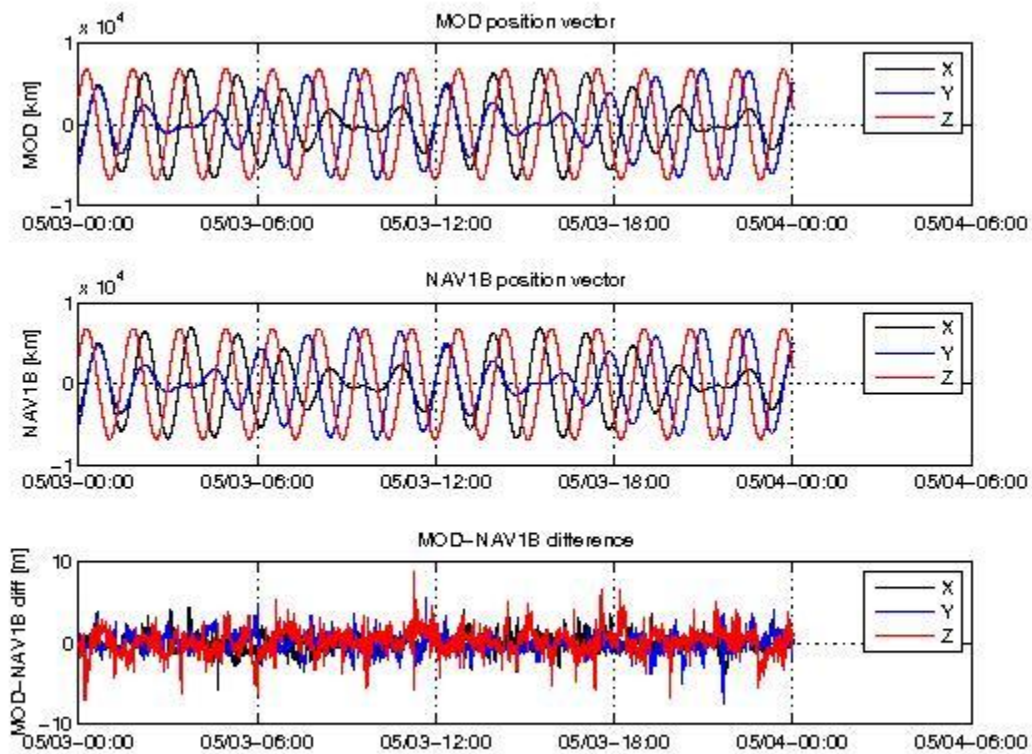


Figure 9: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C C, 03/05. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

3.2.3.2 Attitude observations

- SW-IDEAS-68

We observe an interval of rejected attitudes for S/C C, on 28/04/2015 (Flags_q=255). The reason for such rejection is the presence of BBOs simultaneously on CU1 and CU3 and invalid measurements on CU2. In Table 6 below, such interval is detailed.

Start time	Stop time	Length (s)
28/04/2015 04:14:34	28/04/2015 04:14:37	4

Table 6: Attitudes out-of-range on S/C A, week 18.

3.3 Magnetic Products

For the magnetic products the weekly monitoring consists in:

- Visual inspection of daily time series of magnetic field intensity F , \mathbf{B}_{NEC} and \mathbf{B}_{VFM} . Looking for gaps (or zero values in case of **MAGx_LR_1B** products), out-of-threshold values (i.e. exceeding +/- 60000 nT), and other strange features.
- Monitoring of the **VFM-ASM known anomaly**: visual inspection of $|\mathbf{B}_{NEC}| - F$ and recording of daily maximum variations. If +/- 5 nT are exceeded on a given day, an alert is raised.

- TCF.VFM parameters monitoring (VFM calibration parameters): series of biases, scales, non-orthogonality factors and RMS. **This check is performed on monthly basis.**

3.3.1 Swarm A

3.3.1.1 Magnetic time series visual inspection

An example of representative magnetic field time series for S/C B (03/05) can be seen in Figure 10 below.

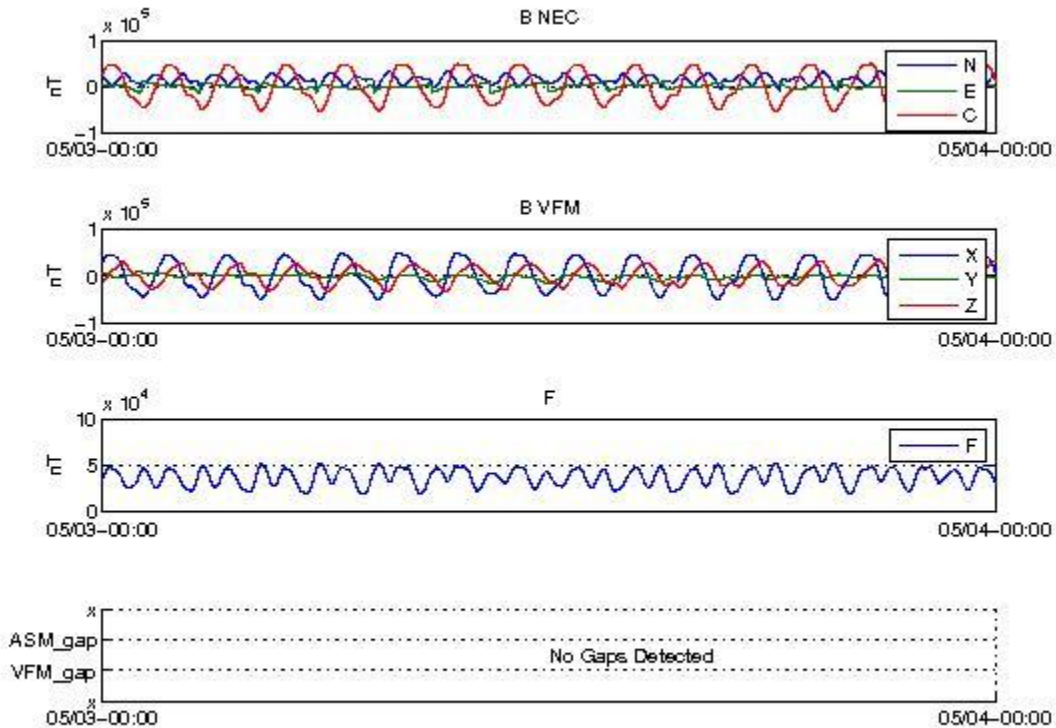


Figure 10: Time series of the geomagnetic field, for 03/05, S/C A. From top to bottom: magnetic field components in NEC reference frame, magnetic field components in the VFM reference frame, magnetic field intensity (F) from ASM, and location of gaps (if any).

3.3.1.2 VFM-ASM anomaly

The daily peak-to-peak difference for the only available day during current week stays within [-2.5, +1.5] nT with a few spikes not exceeding 3nT.

Below two example plots follows of such differences: 27/04 (Figure 11), and 03/05 (Figure 12). From top to bottom the plots show: The VFM module, the ASM module, the difference ASM-VFM

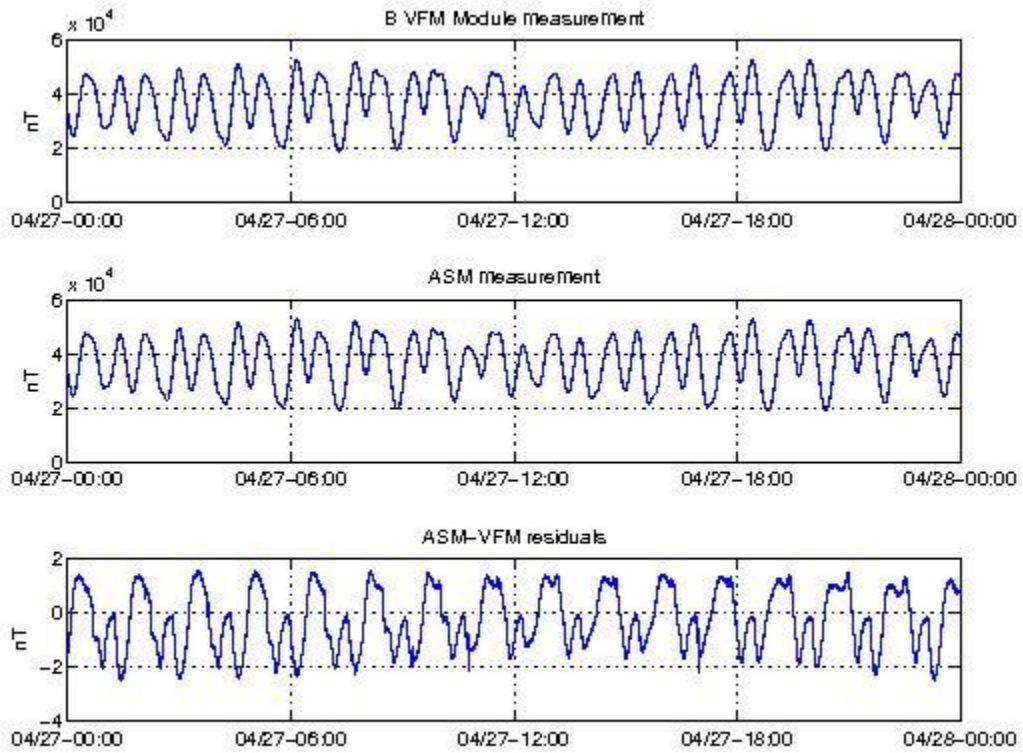


Figure 11: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C A, 27/04.

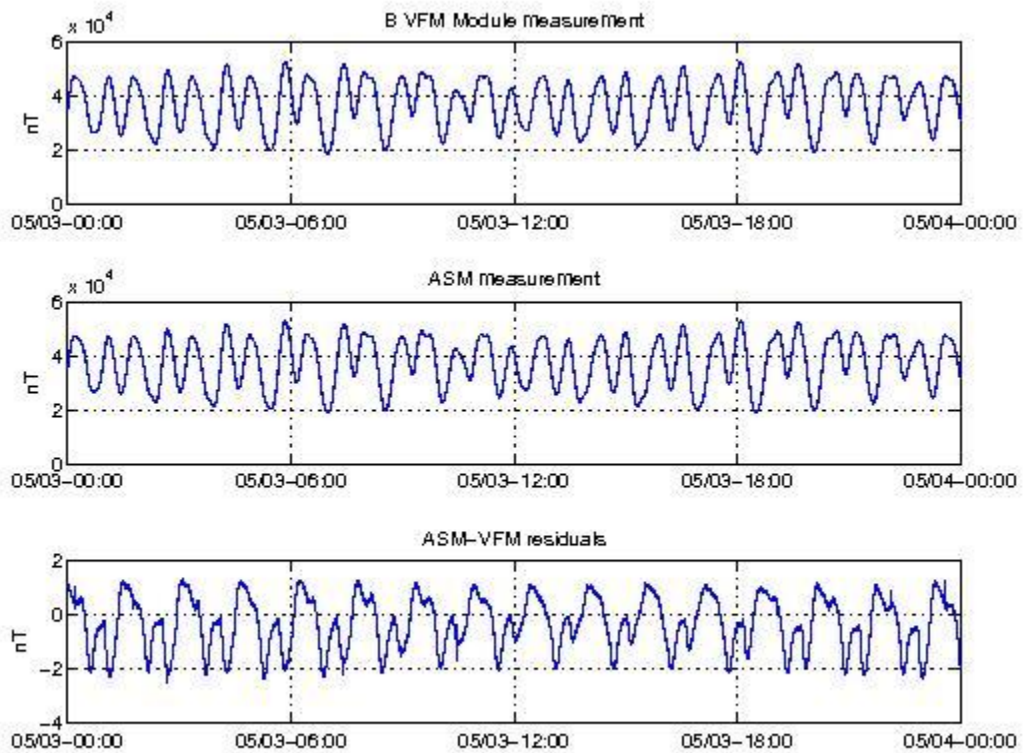


Figure 12: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C A, 03/05.

3.3.1.3 TCF.VFM monitoring

The TCF.VFM monitoring is a monthly check and will be contained in the first report of May, related to April 2015.

3.3.2 Swarm B

3.3.2.1 Magnetic time series visual inspection

An example of representative magnetic field time series for S/C B (03/05) can be seen in Figure 13 below.

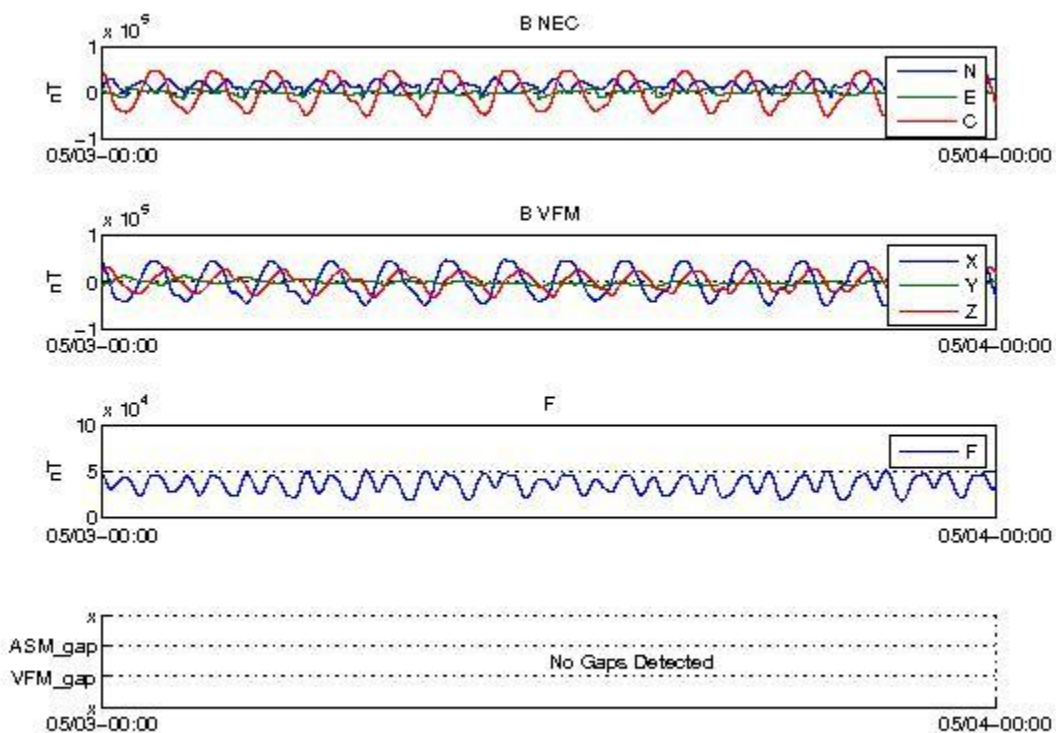


Figure 13: Time series of the geomagnetic field for 03/05, S/C B. From top to bottom: magnetic field components in NEC reference frame, magnetic field components in the VFM reference frame, magnetic field intensity (F) from ASM, and location of gaps (if any).

3.3.2.2 VFM-ASM anomaly

The daily peak-to-peak difference around the week is, on average: [-2.0, 2.0] nT, with a few peaks not exceeding 1.5 nT.

Below two example plots follows of such differences: 27/04 (Figure 14), and 03/05 (Figure 15). From top to bottom the plots show: The VFM module, the ASM module, the difference ASM-VFM.

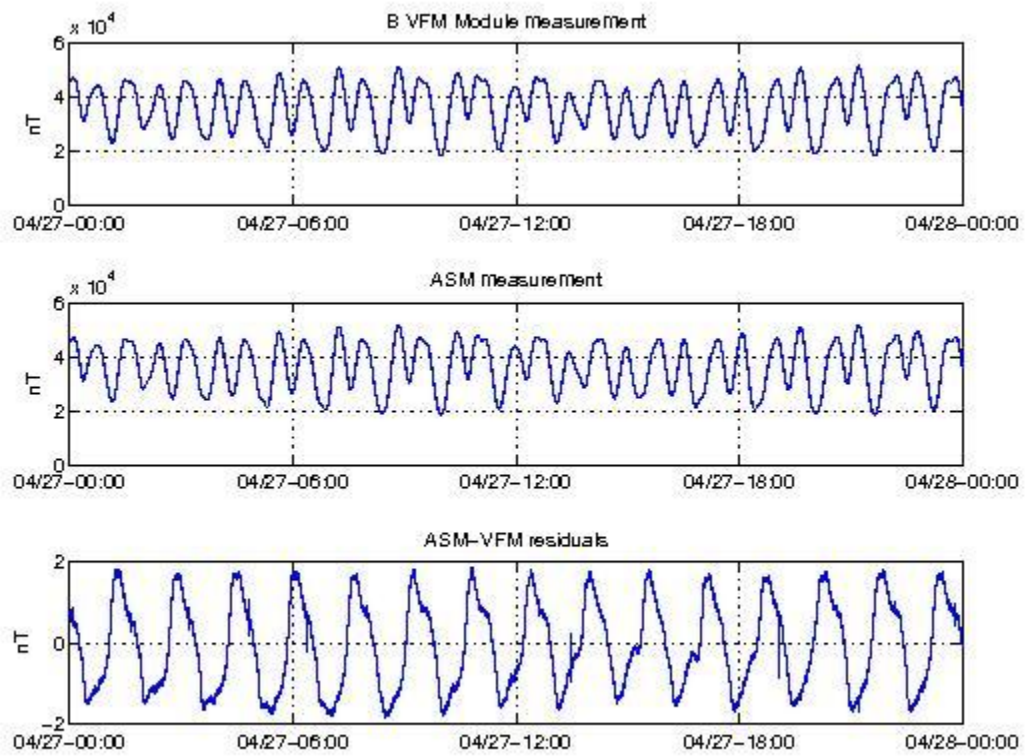


Figure 14: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C B, 27/04.

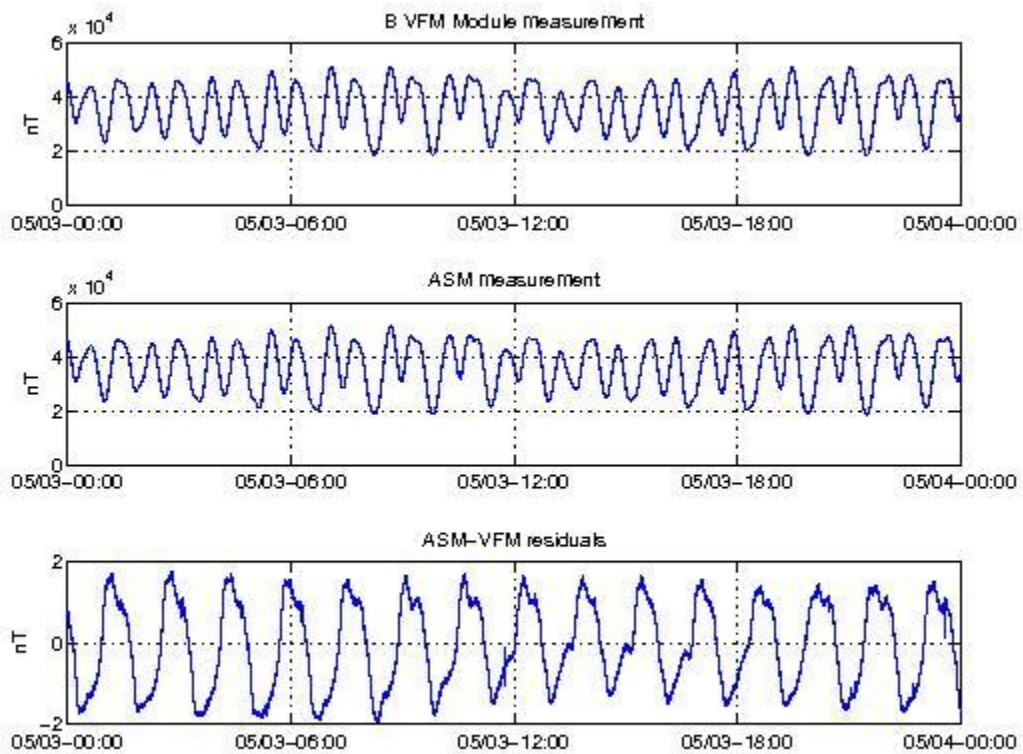


Figure 15: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C B, 03/05.

3.3.2.3 TCF.VFM monitoring

The TCF.VFM monitoring is a monthly check and will be contained in the first report of May, related to April 2015.

3.3.3 Swarm C

3.3.3.1 Magnetic time series visual inspection

An example of magnetic field time series for S/C C (03/05) can be seen in Figure 16.

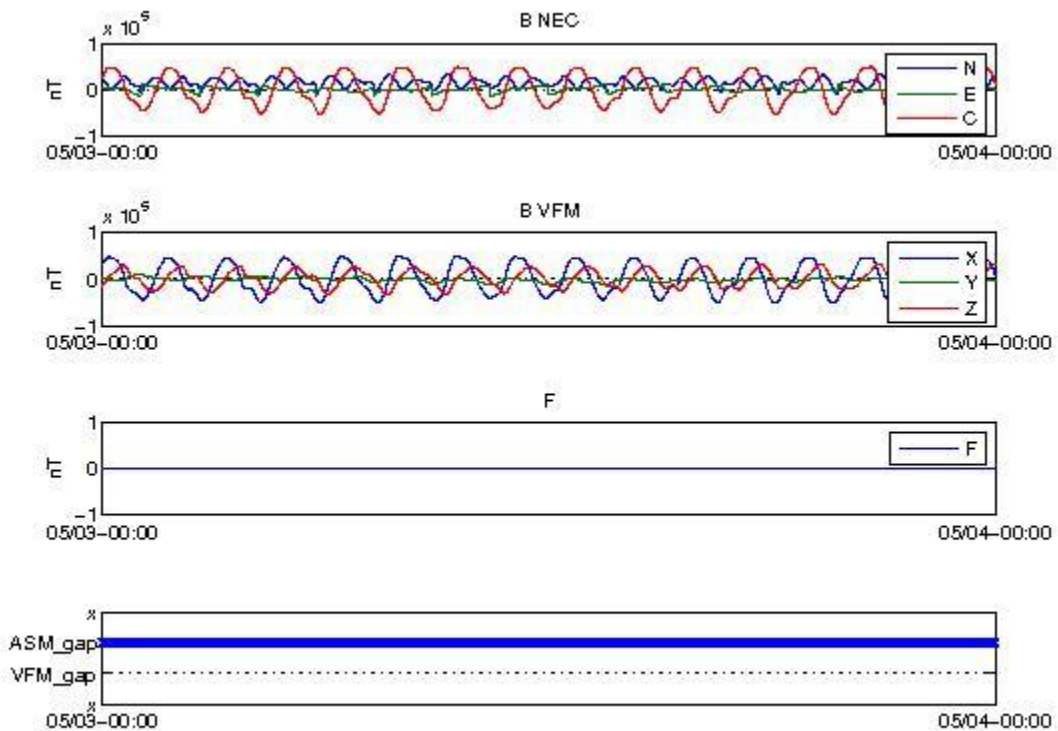


Figure 16: Time series of the geomagnetic field for 03/05, S/C C. From top to bottom: magnetic field components in NEC reference frame, magnetic field components in the VFM reference frame, magnetic field intensity (F) from ASM (no data here because ASM it is off) and location of gaps.

3.3.3.2 VFM-ASM anomaly

No data because ASM is switched off.

3.3.3.3 TCF.VFM monitoring

No data because ASM is still switched off

3.3.4 Summary of TCF behaviour for the three S/C

The TCF.VFM monitoring is a monthly check and will be contained in the first report of May, related to April 2015.



4. ON-DEMAND ANALYSIS

Nothing to report.



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