IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly report For Year 2015, Week 10 (02/03 - 08/03)



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IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report 2015/10: 2015/03/02 - 2015/03/08

Abstract : This is the Instrument Data quality Evaluation and Analysis Service Plus

(IDEAS+) Swarm Weekly report on Swarm products quality, covering the period from

02 to 08 March 2015.

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AMENDMENT POLICY

This document shall be amended by releasing a new edition of the document in its entirety. The Amendment Record Sheet below records the history and issue status of this document.

AMENDMENT RECORD SHEET

ISSUE	DATE	REASON
1.0	16 Mar 2015	First issue

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1. INTRODUCTION

This document refers to the activities carried out in the framework of the Sensor Performance, Products and Algorithms (SPPA) Office [RD.1], and as such it reports on work related to:

- Algorithms and Processors Development, Maintenance and Evolution: these include all algorithm and software evolution and maintenance aspects for the different components, for both the Operational processors (OP) and Prototypes processors (PP) of L1 and L2 chains.
- Performance Assessment: these include all Quality Control activities (on-line and offline, systematic or on-demand), for the applicable product levels.
- System Calibration: these include the activities related to calibration, from sensor to system level. They also include aspects like cross calibration and handling of external calibration sources.
- Product validation: these include definition and maintenance of product validation plans.
- End-to-end Sensor Dataset Performance: these include activities related to the organisation and coordination of Quality Working Groups and all aspects of the Experimental platform. It also covers the product baseline, coordination and handling of external communities, and all aspects of ADF handling (both for the operational processors and for the prototypes).

This weekly report constitutes a work in progress throughout the mission life time, and new parts and complements will be added while the consolidation of knowledge on Swarm data and instruments will progress.

Section 2.1 always gives an overview of the general quality status of the mission instruments and products, while the main observations of the week are summarized in Section 2.4.

The document also includes information on data quality for the three Swarm spacecraft, inferred from automated HTML quality reports which are produced on daily basis for each product. Please contact the IDEAS+ Swarm team if interested in accessing the reports via web or FTP (all details about interfaces and folder structure available on [RD.2]). Such quality reports represent the core of the Routine Quality Control (Chapter 3). A description of the implemented quality checks is given in [RD.3], and references therein.

Basing on specific findings of the routine quality control, or on-demand from other entities (i.e. Swarm PDGS, FOS, Mission Management, Post-Launch Support Office, Expert Support Laboratories, Quality Working Groups, user community), anomalies can be triggered and preliminary characterisations and investigations of such anomalies are given in Chapter 4.The anomalies documented in the Weekly Reports are tracked in the following way:

- 1. If triggered by ESA Eohelp or within the Service: IDEAS+ action and ticketing system (http://requests-sppa.serco.it/RT3/index.html).
- 2. If triggered by IDEAS+ Swarm team or other entities:

2a. If the observation/analysis leads to an anomaly to be addressed to the processor provider (GMV): SPR on EO ARTS (https://arts.eo.esa.int), SWL1L2DB project;

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2.b. If the observation/analysis does not lead to an anomaly or the investigation shall be escalated to other entities (PLSO/industry, ESL, PDGS): Action tracked on EO ARTS, **SW-IDEAS** project, then addressed to the proper tracking system if needed (e.g. JIRA for ESLs, SW-CP-AR project on EO ARTS for PDGS).

Information on Level 1B Swarm products can be found in [RD.4].

1.1 Current Operational configuration of monitored data:

- Processors Version: L1BOP 3.14.01, L2-Cat2 1.12
- L0 input products baseline: 02
- L1B baseline: 03 (for definitions and description of the data baseline concept see https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/missions/esa-operational-eo-missions/swarm/data-access/product-baseline-definition)
- Level 2 Cat 2 baseline: 01
- Input auxiliary files baseline: CCDB 0009, ADF 0101
- MPPF-CVQ v.2.12p1

1.2 Reference documents

The following is a list of documents with a direct bearing on the content of this report. Where referenced in the text, these are identified as RD.n, where 'n' is the number in the list below:

- [RD.1] Sensor Performance, Products and Algorithms (SPPA), PGSI-GSOP-EOPG-TN-05-0025. Version 2.3.
- [RD.2] Swarm PDGS External DMC Interface Control Document, SW-ID-DS-GS-0001, Issue 3.2.
- [RD.3] Swarm MPPF-CVQ Monitoring Baseline Document, ST-ESA-SWARM-MBD-0001, Issue 1.7.
- [RD.4] Swarm Level 1B Product Definition, SW-RS-DSC-SY-0007, Issue 5.13.
- [RD.5] Swarm IDEAS Configuration Management Plan, IDEAS-SER-MGT-PLN-1081 v0.14.
- [RD.6] Swarm Quality Control Project Plan, IDEAS-SER-MGT-PLN-1071
- [RD.7] SW L1BOP status 20141124 MoM
- [RD.8] Planned Updates for Level 1b, SW-PL-DTU-GS-008, Rev: 1dC.
- [RD.9] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 25/08/2014 31/08/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20140825_20140831.pdf (ref. for SWL1L2DB-9)
- [RD.10] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 29/09/2014 05/10/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20140929_20141005.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-34)
- [RD.11] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 06/10/2014 12/10/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20141006_20141012.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-36)
- [RD.12] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 20/10/2014 26/10/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20141020_20141026.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-40, GPS sync loss)
- [RD.13] IDEAS+ Swarm Weekly Report: 15/09/2014 21/09/2014, IDEAS+-SER-OQC-REP-2071_SPPA_SwarmWeeklyReport_20140915_20140921.pdf (ref. for SW-IDEAS-27)

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2. SUMMARY OF THE OBSERVATIONS

2.1 General status of Swarm instruments and Level 1B products quality

- **TII Image anomaly.** Still discussion on-going on the opportunity to increase the voltages without a clear idea on the tests done on the flight model. A number of strict actions have been commissioned to UoC and ComDev in order to provide the documentation for such tests, basing on which ESA will contact internal expertise on high voltage issues and try to infer a qualification limit. In the meanwhile, again one week in ready state has been decided for the three S/C, followed by another week in active state, without a further scrubbing cycle for the time being: what ESA wants to verify is whether something has changed in the power off/power on image improvement after so many scrubbing cycles. Further decisions have been delayed until ARB#16 on 17 March.

2.2 Plan for operational processor updates

L1BOP 3.14 p1 has been put in operations the 24th February 2015. Full information of the major changes and implications in data quality are described here: https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/missions/esa-operational-eo-missions/swarm/data-quality.

The most important feature to be noted is the capability to generate magnetic Level 1B products based on Vector Field Magnetometer inputs only, in order to cope with failures of the Absolute Scalar Magnetometer, as occurred on 5 November 2014 on Swarm Charlie.

Therefore, starting from 21 February 2015, the following magnetic product types for Swarm Charlie are again available: MAGC_HR_1B, MAGC_LR_1B, ASMCAUX_1B and VFMCAUX_1B.

Unfortunately, when the operations team tried to recover the past production of Swarm C from 6th November, the processing failed. The processor manufacturer promptly investigated and found the cause of the failure in an error in the function that interpolates the bus currents for calculating the stray fields when there are gaps or overflows.

It has been found that such gaps occurred because of GPS out-of-sync that caused the processor to reject the data. In fact, the issue has occurred again on 25 and 26/2, S/C A, and 25, 27/2, S/C C: again the MAGNET processor failed. Many other failures are reported during week 10, as it is detailed in the following sections.

The fix is almost ready and should be delivered during week 11 (9-13/3).

2.3 Quality Working Group and Cal/Val Coordination

Coordination is in place for organizing the 6th Swarm Data Quality Workshop in Paris (hosted by IPGP) in late September 2015.

Following the QWG recommendations in Potsdam and the scientists need in view of the IUGG conference in June, the preliminary plasma dataset has been released early February 2015.

According to the last coordination meeting within the MAGNET QWG (22/01/2015) the following decisions have been taken:

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- With the data provided by DTU/ESL, further analysis can be performed by industry (ADS, DTU-MI), other scientific groups (e.g. Richard Marchand and Stephan Buchert on plasma induced fields), and of course by ESA. The agreement is as always that results will be shared with all others on the Task Force.
- DTU/ESL will further refine the Lesur-Tøffner-Clausen model parametrisation and share a final description of the process (input data, model description, output results and tests) (by mid-February).
- In parallel, GFZ will distribute the Lühr-Michaelis results, and a number of people (e.g. Malcolm Dunlop, Yulia Bogdanova, Arnaud Chulliat, Patrick Alken) will further support the analysis of these datasets (by mid-February).
- The PDGS will generate the currently VFM missing data on Charlie due to the ASM failure (by end February).
- DTU/ESL will share the final set of corrected data by early March. These corrected data will also contain the dBsun correction, providing the users the possibility to access to uncorrected data.
- The corrected data will be distributed by ESA to all Swarm users (by early April and no later than 20th April). The correction will also be implemented in the OP. Until this is fully validated, it is agreed that the operational processing will continue as nominal without the correction.
- Next Task Force meeting: 9-10 April. The meeting will be held in ESTEC.

2.4 Summary of observations for 2015, Week 10 (02/03 - 08/03)

During the monitored week the following events have been found and investigated:

- Strange features observed at times in the MOD-GPSNAV solution difference: again we often notice a marked "spiky" behaviour, with deviations from the average which are not normal spikes but lasts for several seconds if not minutes (SW-IDEAS-34, [RD.10]).
- 2. **On S/C A and C GPS out-of-sync** reported for almost every day during week 10 (more details in Sect. 3.1). This has caused corresponding intervals of attitude rejection (Flags_q = 255, **SW-IDEAS-40**, [RD.12]), and MAGNET processor failures, as mentioned in Sect. 2.2.
- 3. **One huge spike on the S/C A** on 4th March (over 1 km in Y and Z axes and over 200m on X axis). Other big spikes observed on 5th and 8th March. The phenomenon is under investigation and monitoring (**SW-IDEAS-61**).

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3. ROUTINE QUALITY CONTROL

3.1 Gaps analysis

- ORBATT failure on S/C A on 05/03 under investigation. This failure is the reason for no data on S/C A that day.
- Magnetic production lost on S/C A for time period 03/03 08/03, on S/C C for 02/03, 03/03, 05/03 07/03. This is due to regression in the new L1B MAGNET processor installed.
- **GPS sync loss events** Details are given in Sect. 3.2.1.2 and 3.2.3.2. GPS out-of-sync timestamps are rejected by the Level 1B processor and cause gaps to be present in all the Level 1A products.

On S/C A:

- o 03/03 for 35seconds (1 gap)
- o 04/03 for cumulative 243 seconds (6 gaps)
- o 06/03 for cumulative 287 seconds (3 gaps)
- 07/03 for cumulative 262 seconds (4 gaps)
- 08/03 for cumulative 217 seconds (3 gaps)

On S/C C:

- o 02/03 for cumulative 243 seconds (3 gaps)
- 03/03 for 180 seconds (1gap)
- o 04/03 for 16 seconds (1gap)
- o 05/03 for cumulative 429 seconds (7 gaps)
- o 06/03 for cumulative 367 seconds (6 gaps)
- o 07/03 for cumulative 284 seconds (3 gaps)
- 08/03 for cumulative 98 seconds (2 gaps)

3.2 Orbit and Attitude Products

The following events have to be reported:

Observation ID	Description	Affected parameter	Sect. of Obs. Description	Sect. of Obs. Analysis
SW-IDEAS-34	OBS_ROUTINE: large number of spiky features observed in the NAV-MOD difference	Orbits (position and velocity)	3.2.2.1	[RD.10]
SW-IDEAS-40	OBS_ROUTINE: STR out of range - ANOMALOUS CASES	All level 1A and level 1B products	3.2.1.2 3.2.3.2	[RD.12]
SW-IDEAS-61	OBS_ROUTINE: 02- 08/03/2015 huge spikes observed in the MOD-NAV difference	Orbits (position and velocity)	3.2.1.1	3.2.1.1

Table 1: List of events related to attitude and orbit products to be reported in the monitoring for 2015, Week 10: 02/03 - 08/03.

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The relevant parameters that have been monitored are:

- Position difference between calculated Medium Accuracy orbits (MODx_SC_1B) and on-board solution (GPSxNAV_0). Threshold values for such differences have not been assessed yet: we have just monitored the average values and maximum variations around the week, and reported in tables in the sections below, along with some example from the HTML daily reports. For the time being we evaluated an anomaly should be raised if one (or more) of the following conditions occurs:
 - The **average difference** on a given day exceeds the position accuracy requirement for the mission (1.5 m),
 - The variability around the average is quite high: standard deviation threshold has been arbitrarily chosen to be twice the position accuracy requirement for the mission (2-sigma = 3 m).
 - At least 4-5 spikes are observed on a given day, exceeding +/- 50 m.
- Visual inspection of Star Tracker characterisation flags (STRxATT 1B)
- Deviation of the quaternion norm from unity (deviation threshold = +/- 10⁻⁹)
- Visual inspection of Euler Angles derived from quaternions.

3.2.1 Swarm A

3.2.1.1 Position statistics

In Table 2 one can see the statistics of the differences between MOD and on-board solution positions. In the third column the maximum differences (maximum negative and maximum positive) are reported. The maximum standard deviation is in the fourth column. Maxima, minima and standard deviations usually refer to the Z component which is often the most disturbed; in case another component is most affected, it will be specified in parentheses.

	Swarm A, 02/03 - 08/03, Position difference					
Day	Average difference (m)	Maximum difference (m)	Maximum standard deviation (m)	Notes		
02/03	0.11	-10, 10	1.7663	SW-IDEAS-34 [RD.10]		
03/03	0.1850	-11, 13 (Y)	1.5			
04/03	1.5713	-1971 (Y), 271 (X)	41.0 (Y)	Huge spike lasting 107 seconds		
05/03	N/Available	N/Available	N/Available	N/Available		
06/03	0.15	-31, 51 (X)	1.7			
07/03	0.16	-13, 17 (X)	1.8			
08/03	0.18	-73, 28 (Y)	1.8			

Table 2: Swarm A, difference between MOD and on-board solution positions. If not specified maximum difference and maximum standard deviation refers to the Z axis.

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Below some plot example follows of such differences taken at the beginning of the week (02/03, Figure 1), in the middle (04/03, Figure 2) and at the end (08/03, Figure 3). From top to bottom the plots show: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two. The values are given in Km.

In Figure 2 and Figure 3 examples of big spikes observed in the MOD-NAV difference are shown (**SW-IDEAS-61**): During the week 02-08/03/2015 several huge spikes up to 1 km were observed on the MOD-NAV orbit difference on Swarm A. The most severe of such spikes occurred on 04/03 lasting about 107 seconds at about 22:30 UT (see Table 2). This week is characterized by several GPS out-of-sync events, as will be detailed in the following sections, which probably have something to do with these spike occurrences but the two phenomena seem not to be 1 to 1 correlated. For this week the events are only reported without further investigations, more details will follow in the coming weeks.

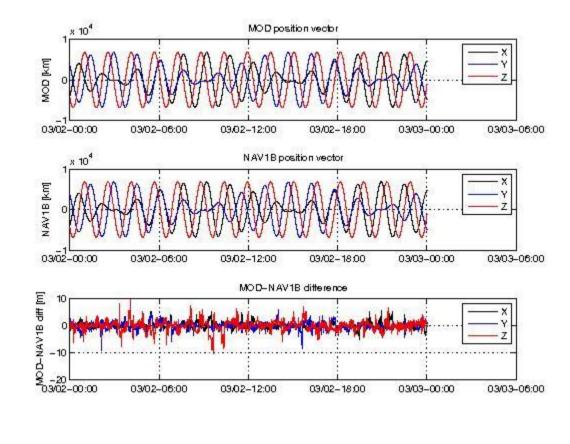


Figure 1: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C A, 02/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

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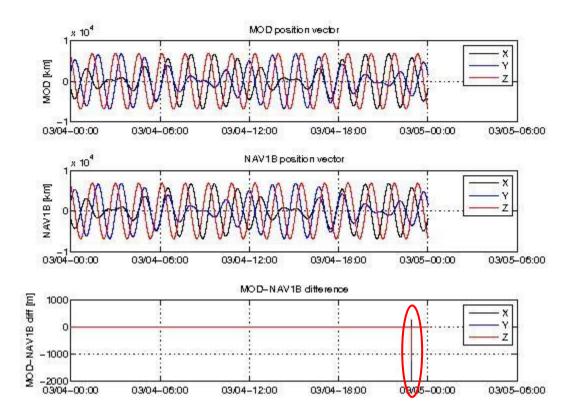


Figure 2: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C A, 04/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two. The red circled area shows a big spike in the X and Y components.

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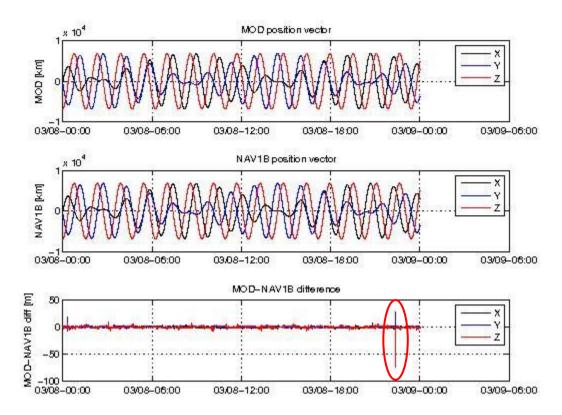


Figure 3: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C A, 08/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two. The red circled area shows a big spike in the Y and Z components.

3.2.1.2 Attitude observations

- SW-IDEAS-40

During week 10 several GPS out-of-Sync were detected. As explained in [RD.12], this affects the STR data, causing rejection of packets in the Level 1A products and filling gaps with zero quaternions and Flags $_q$ = 255 in the Level 1B products. In Table 3 below, the list of such events for S/C A is given.

Start tir	ne	Stop tin	ne	Duration	Value
2015-03-03	3:03:26	2015-03-03	3:03:56	30.00	255
2015-03-03	4:30:55	2015-03-03	4:31:02	7.00	255
2015-03-04	1:07:18	2015-03-04	1:07:37	21.00	255
2015-03-04	22:54:34	2015-03-04	22:54:52	18.00	255
2015-03-06	21:46:23	2015-03-06	21:47:07	45.00	255
2015-03-06	23:27:58	2015-03-06	23:28:38	41.00	255
2015-03-07	22:13:55	2015-03-07	22:13:59	5.00	255
2015-03-07	22:46:39	2015-03-07	22:47:38	59.00	255
2015-03-08	22:21:25	2015-03-08	22:21:37	13.00	255

Table 3: Attitudes out-of-range on S/C A, week 10.

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3.2.2 Swarm B

3.2.2.1 Position Statistics

In Table 4 one can see the statistics of the differences between MOD and on-board solution positions. In the third column the maximum differences (maximum negative and maximum positive) are reported. The maximum standard deviation is in the fourth column. Maxima, minima and standard deviations usually refer to the Z component which is often the most disturbed; in case another component is most affected, it will be specified in parentheses.

	Swarm B, 02/03 - 08/03, Position difference					
Day	Average Difference (m)	Maximum difference (m)	Standard Deviation (m)	Notes		
02/03	0.1	-16, 12	1.7			
03/03	0.14	-11, 9	1.5	SW-IDEAS-34 [RD.10]		
04/03	0.08	-6, 12	1.7	SW-IDEAS-34 [RD.10]		
05/03	0.13	-11, 10	1.6			
06/03	0.13	-15, 8	1.8			
07/03	0.14	-8, 12	1.6	SW-IDEAS-34 [RD.10]		
08/03	0.19	-10 (Y), 10	1.5			

Table 4: Swarm B, difference between MOD and on-board solution positions. If not specified maximum difference and maximum standard deviation refers to the Z axis.

Below some plot example follows of such differences taken at the beginning of the week (02/03, Figure 4), in the middle (05/03, Figure 5), and at end of the week (08/03, Figure 6). From top to bottom the plots show: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two. The values are given in Km.

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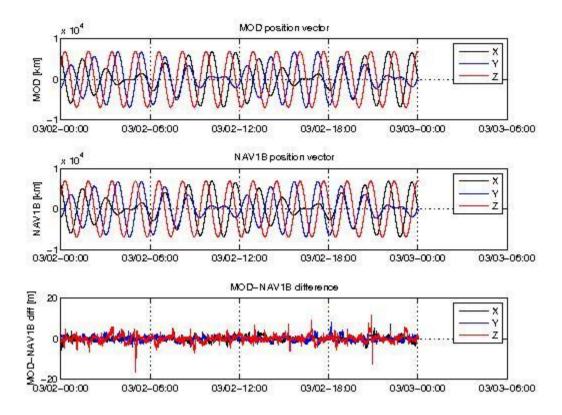


Figure 4: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C B, 02/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two.

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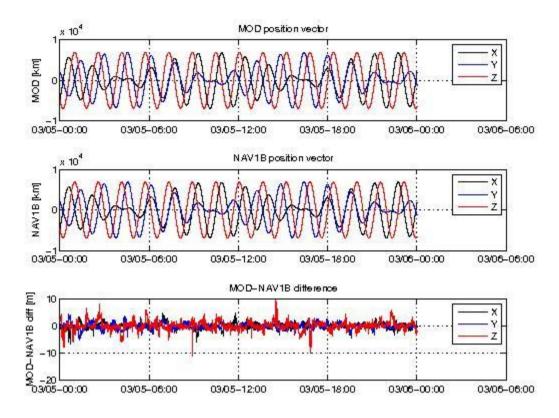


Figure 5: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C B, 05/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two.

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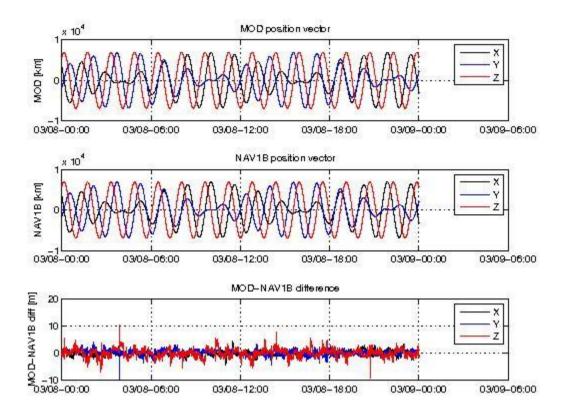


Figure 6: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C B, 08/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, the difference between the two.

3.2.2.2 Attitude observations

Nothing to report.

3.2.3 Swarm C

3.2.3.1 Position Statistics

In Table 5 one can see the statistics of the differences between MOD and on-board solution positions. In the third column the maximum differences (maximum negative and maximum positive) are reported. The maximum standard deviation is in the fourth column. Maxima, minima and standard deviations usually refer to the Z component which is often the most disturbed; in case another component is most affected, it will be specified in parentheses.

Swarm C, 02/03 - 08/03, Position difference					
Day	Average Difference (m)	Maximum difference (m)	Standard Deviation (m)	Notes	
02/03	0.08	-22, 8	1.6		
03/03	0.16	-17 (Y), 14 (Y)	1.3		



Swarm C, 02/03 - 08/03, Position difference					
04/03	0.14	-10 (X), 17	1.5		
05/03	0.10	-10 (Y), 13 (X)	1.4		
06/03	0.11	-17 (Y), 20 (X)	1.4		
07/03	0.25	-12 (Y), 14 (X)	1.5	SW-IDEAS-34 [RD.10]	
08/03	0.15	-24 (X), 22 (X)	1.3		

Table 5: Swarm C, difference between MOD and on-board solution positions. If not specified maximum difference and maximum standard deviation refers to the Z axis.

Below some plot example of such differences follows, taken at the beginning of the week (02/03, Figure 7), in the middle (05/03, Figure 8) and at the end (08/03, Figure 9). From top to bottom the plots show: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two. The values are given in Km.

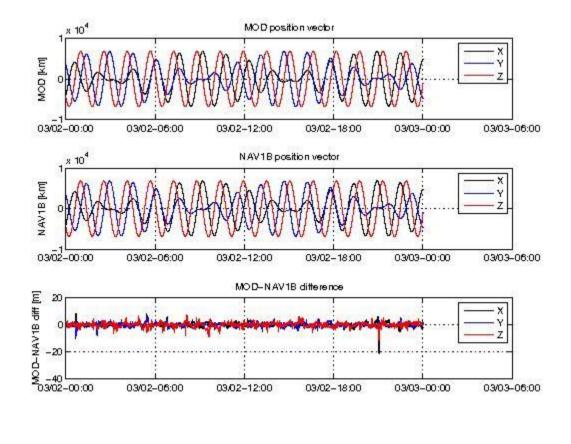


Figure 7: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C C, 02/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

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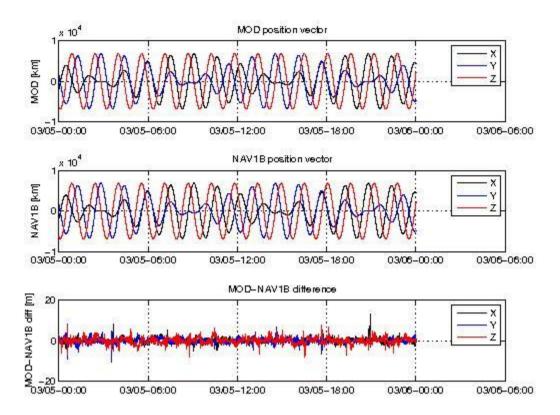


Figure 8: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C C, 05/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

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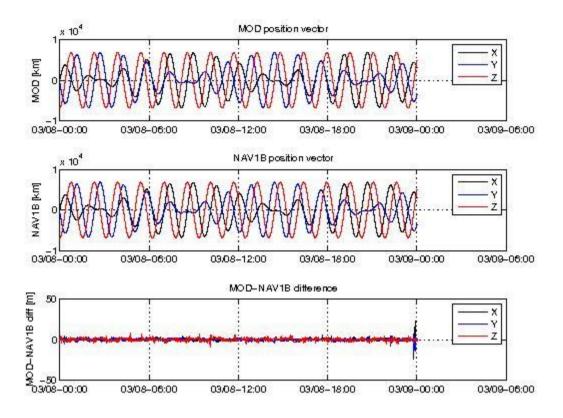


Figure 9: Difference MOD-GPSNAV, S/C C, 08/03. From top to bottom: the S/C position determined from the MOD calculation, the S/C position determined on-board, and the difference between the two.

3.2.3.2 Attitude observations

- SW-IDEAS-40

During week 10 several GPS out-of-Sync were detected. As explained in [RD.12], this affects the STR data, causing rejection of packets in the Level 1A products and filling gaps with zero quaternions and $Flags_q = 255$ in the Level 1B products. In Table 6 below, the list of such events for S/C C is given.

Start tin	ne	Stop tin	ne	Duration	Value
2015-03-02	0:39:57	2015-03-02	0:40:08	11	255
2015-03-02	22:28:08	2015-03-02	22:28:38	30	255
2015-03-03	0:07:38	2015-03-03	0:08:37	61	255
2015-03-05	0:33:45	2015-03-05	0:34:08	23	255
2015-03-05	3:31:58	2015-03-05	3:32:37	40	255
2015-03-05	20:47:47	2015-03-05	20:48:38	52	255
2015-03-06	21:47:44	2015-03-06	21:48:08	24	255
2015-03-06	23:27:42	2015-03-06	23:28:08	26	255
2015-03-07	2:23:47	2015-03-07	2:24:08	21	255
2015-03-07	22:54:39	2015-03-07	22:55:38	59	255

Table 6: Attitudes out-of-range, S/C C, week 10.

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3.3 Magnetic Products

For the magnetic products the weekly monitoring consists in:

- Visual inspection of daily time series of magnetic field intensity F, B_{NEC} and B_{VFM}. Looking for gaps (or zero values in case of MAGx_LR_1B products), out-of-threshold values (i.e. exceeding +/- 60000 nT), and other strange features.
- Monitoring of the VFM-ASM known anomaly: visual inspection of |B_{NEC}| F and recording of daily maximum variations. If +/- 5 nT are exceed on a given day, an alert is raised.
- TCF.VFM parameters monitoring (VFM calibration parameters): series of biases, scales, non-orthogonality factors and RMS. This check is performed on monthly basis.

3.3.1 Swarm A

3.3.1.1 Magnetic time series visual inspection

Production is lost for all but the first day 02/03 (see Sect. 3.1).

The magnetic field time series for S/C A, 02/03, can be seen in Figure 10.

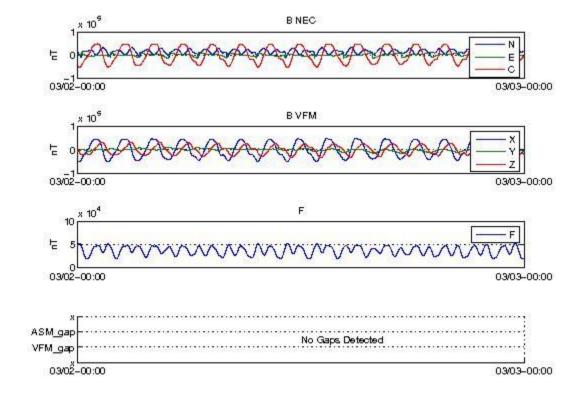


Figure 10: Time series of the geomagnetic field, for 02/03, S/C A. From top to bottom: magnetic field components in NEC reference frame, magnetic field components in the VFM reference frame, magnetic field intensity (F) from ASM, and location of gaps (if any).

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3.3.1.2 VFM-ASM anomaly

The daily peak-to-peak difference for the only available day during current week stays within [-2, +2] nT with one spike exceeding 10nT.

Below one plot of such differences follows: taken at the beginning of the week 02/03 (Figure 11). From top to bottom the plots show: The VFM module, the ASM module, the difference ASM-VFM

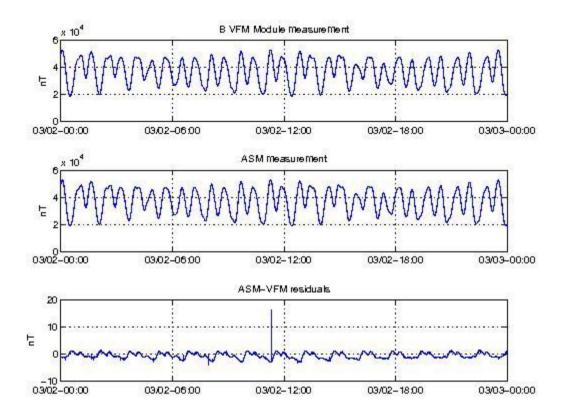


Figure 11: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C A, 02/03.

3.3.1.3 TCF.VFM monitoring

The TCF.VFM monitoring is a monthly check and will be contained in the first report of April, related to March 2015.

3.3.2 Swarm B

3.3.2.1 Magnetic time series visual inspection

Nothing relevant to report. An example of representative magnetic field time series for S/C B (08/03) can be seen in Figure 12 below.

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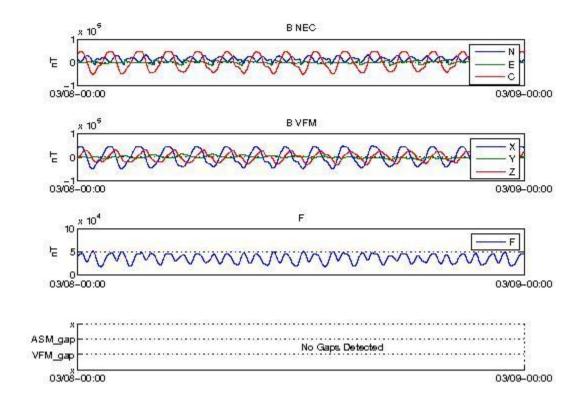


Figure 12: Time series of the geomagnetic field for 08/03, S/C B. From top to bottom: magnetic field components in NEC reference frame, magnetic field components in the VFM reference frame, magnetic field intensity (F) from ASM, and location of gaps (if any).

3.3.2.2 VFM-ASM anomaly

The daily peak-to-peak difference around the week is, on average: [-2.5, 1.5] nT, with a few peaks of about 5 nT.

Below two example plots follows of such differences: 02/03 (Figure 13), and 08/03 (Figure 14). From top to bottom the plots show: The VFM module, the ASM module, the difference ASM-VFM.

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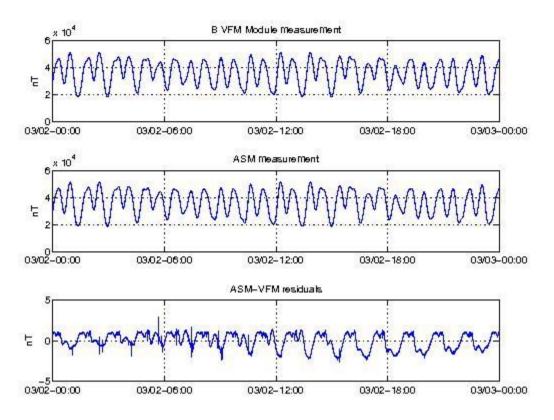
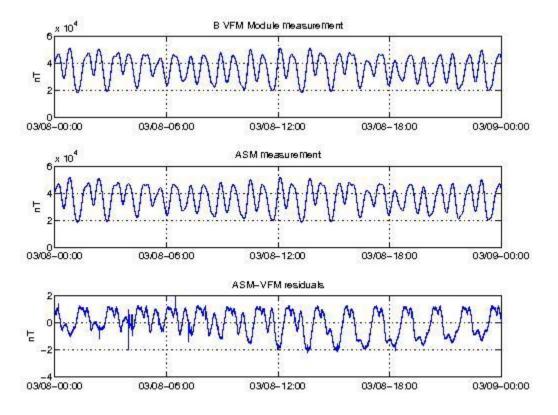


Figure 13: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C B, 02/03.



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Figure 14: VFM module, ASM module and ASM-VFM residuals for S/C B, 08/03.

3.3.2.3 TCF.VFM monitoring

The TCF.VFM monitoring is a monthly check and will be contained in the first report of April, related to March 2015.

3.3.3 Swarm C

3.3.3.1 Magnetic time series visual inspection

An example of magnetic field time series for S/C C (08/03) can be seen in Figure 15.

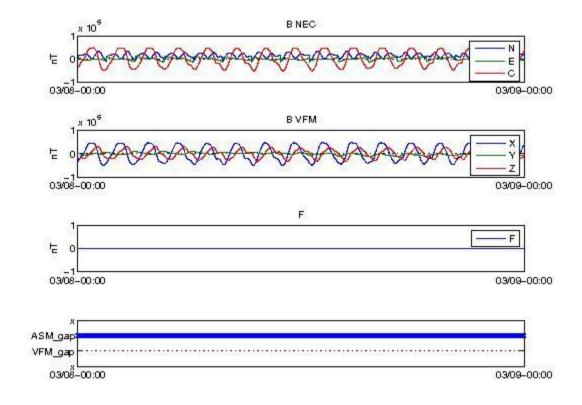


Figure 15: Time series of the geomagnetic field for 08/03, S/C C. From top to bottom: magnetic field components in NEC reference frame, magnetic field components in the VFM reference frame, magnetic field intensity (F) from ASM (no data here because ASM it is off) and location of gaps.

3.3.3.2 VFM-ASM anomaly

No data because ASM is switched off.

3.3.3.3 TCF.VFM monitoring

No data because ASM is still switched off



3.3.4 Summary of TCF behaviour for the three S/C

The TCF.VFM monitoring is a monthly check and will be contained in the first report of April, related to March 2015.

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ON-DEMAND ANALYSIS 4.

Nothing to report.

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