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## Title : IDEAS – SMOS Public Monthly Report - January 2014

Abstract : This document provides a summary of the status and performance of SMOS over the course of the reporting month.

Author	:	Accepted :	
	IDEAS SMOS QC Team		R. Crapolicchio on behalf of ESA EOP-GMQ

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Telespazio Vega UK Ltd. 350 Capability Green, Luton, Bedfordshire, LU1 3LU, United Kingdom Tel: +44 (0)1582 399 000 Fax: +44 (0)1582 728 686 www.vegaspace.com







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Issue 1



# **AMENDMENT POLICY**

IDEAS

This document shall be amended by releasing a new edition of the document in its entirety. The Amendment Record Sheet below records the history and issue status of this document.

### AMENDMENT RECORD SHEET

ISSUE	DATE	DCI No	REASON
1	17 February 2014	N/A	First release



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# 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the routine Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (**SMOS**) Monthly Public Report containing a summary of the instrument health, product quality status and updates to SMOS processing and AUX files during January 2014

The instrument health during January was found to be nominal. There were three unavailability's reported during the reporting period that translate into time intervals with data loss or degraded data. The list of unavailability's is included in the section 3.2.

The data quality during January was found to be nominal except in the time intervals listed in the section 4.5. The degradation of the data has been induced either by instrument anomalies or by the unavailability of the dynamic auxiliary files.



# 2. INTRODUCTION

## 2.1 Structure of the Document

After this introduction, the document is divided into a number of major sections that are briefly described below:

1 Executive summary

The executive summary covers the main findings from the report.

2 Introduction

A list of referenced documents and definitions of terms are available.

3 Instrument status

This section covers the instrument health and unavailabilities from this reporting period.

4 Data Summary

This section covers reprocessing, updates to processors and aux files as well as a data coverage summary.

5 Long Term Analysis

Long-term analysis of the instrument calibration and data quality are provided in this section.

# 2.2 Definitions of Terms

The following terms have been used in this report with the meanings shown.

Term	Definition
CMN	Control and Monitoring Node, responsible for commanding the receivers, reading their physical temperatures and telemetry and the generation of the synchronization signal (local oscillator tone) among receivers.
CCU	Correlator and Control unit, instrument computer on- board
DPGS	Data Processing Ground Segment
ESL	Expert Science Laboratory
IC4EC	Internal Calibration for External calibration. Calibration sequences for the instrument monitoring and calibration of science data acquired in external target pointing.
IDEAS	Instrument Data quality Evaluation and Analysis Service, reporting to the ESA Data Quality and Algorithms Management Office (EOP-GQ), responsible for quality of data provided to users including the data calibration and



validation, the data processing algorithms, and the routine instrument and processing chain performances.

IPF	Instrument Processor Facility
L2SM	Level 2 Soil Moisture
MM	Mass Memory
OCM	Orbit Correction Manoeuvre
PMS	Power Measurement System
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference
N/A	Not applicable



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# 3. INSTRUMENT STATUS

## 3.1 Instrument health

The current instrument status is that all the instrument subsystems are working correctly. The current configuration of the instrument is that the arm A and the arm B are working in nominal side and arm C is in the redundant side.

### Table 3-1 History of instrument problems and mode changes

Start	Stop	Description
11 January 2010 12:07z Orbit 1013	N/A	Arm A changes from redundant to nominal side. That operation is to avoid the malfunction of one of the redundant CMNs of the arm.
12 January 2011 09:15z Orbit 6278	N/A	Arm B changes from redundant to nominal side. That operation is to avoid the malfunction of one of the redundant CMNs of the arm.



## 3.2 Instrument unavailabilities and anomalies

The unavailabilities and anomalies listed in Table 3-2 occurred during the reporting period. A full list of unavailabilities can be found in the Mission Status section on the SMOS Earthnet website (<u>http://earth.esa.int/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=7060</u>).

During these unavailabilities and anomalies the instrument may have either not collected data or may have collected corrupt data which may not have been processed to higher levels. Table 4-5, Table 4-6 and Table 4-7 provide details of the data which has been affected by gaps and quality degradation respectively.

Table 3-2	SMOS unavailability list
-----------	--------------------------

Start		Stop		Unavailability	Planned	Description
Time	Orbit	Time	Orbit	Report Reference		
01/01/2014 19:03	21896	01/01/2014 19:03	21896	FOS-0245	No	MM Latchup P9
02/01/2014 17:00	21909	02/01/2014 17:00	21909	FOS-0246	Yes	MM Latchup Recovery P9
23/01/2014 21:27	22214	23/01/2014 21:27	22214	FOS-0245	No	MM Latchup P9
25/01/2014 03:00	22232	25/01/2014 03:00	22232	FOS-0246	Yes	MM Latchup Recovery P9



## 4. DATA SUMMARY

## 4.1 Reprocessing activities

The information regarding to data reprocessing activities (REPR data type) during the reporting period are:

1) None

Next reprocessing campaign is foreseen by beginning of 2014.

The information regarding to the data regeneration activities (OPER data type) during the reporting period are:

1) None

The information regarding to past data reprocessing activities (REPR data type) are:

1) The first SMOS mission reprocessing campaign has been completed and the data set is available to the SMOS user community.

Particularly, the processors used are the Level 1 Processor v505, the Level 2 Ocean Salinity processor v550 and the Level 2 Soil Moisture processor v501. The reprocessed period covers from 2010-01-12 to 2011-12-22 for the L1 and L2 sea surface salinity data and from 2010-01-12 to 2011-11-28 for the L2 soil moisture data.

The improvements and known caveats in the quality of the SMOS Level 1 and Level 2 data products are described in the data release notes available on the ESA web page:

a) L1 read-me-first note available on:

https://earth.esa.int/c/document\_library/get\_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf

b) L2 soil moisture read-me-first note available on:

https://earth.esa.int/documents/10174/118493/L2SMv551\_release\_note\_2013-08-09.pdf

c) L2 sea surface salinity read-me-first note available on:

https://earth.esa.int/c/document\_library/get\_file?folderId=118493&name=DLFE-6605.pdf

Data users are strongly encouraged to consult those notes before using SMOS data.

2) The first SMOS L2 sea surface salinity "catch-up" reprocessing campaign has been completed and the data set covering the period from 22 December 2011 to 31 December 2012 has been released to the SMOS user community. The SMOS L2 sea surface salinity "catch-up" data set has been generated by the L2OS processor version V5.50 using as input the level 1C data from the nominal operational chain (i.e. L1C V505 OPER data type) and an improved Ocean Target Transformation (OTT) correction for the sea surface salinity retrieval. The catch-up reprocessing aimed at aligning the operationally available data set to the reprocessed data set and will be repeated until the operational processing chain will use the same approach (foreseen for end of 2013). With the release of this data set the SMOS users now

have a consistent dataset of sea surface salinity measurements from the beginning of the SMOS mission till December 2012 (REPR data type). Data users are strongly encouraged to consult the Level 2OS read-me-first note (https://earth.esa.int/c/document library/get file?folderId=118493&name=DLFE-6605.pdf) to understand the improvements and known caveats in the data set before using the SMOS data.

3) The first SMOS level 2 soil moisture "catch-up" reprocessing campaign has been completed and the dataset covering the period from 12 January 2010 to 27 April 2012 has been released to the SMOS user community. The SMOS level 2 soil moisture "catch-up" dataset has been generated by the current version V5.51 of the level 2 soil moisture processor using as input the level 1C data from the level 1 reprocessing campaign (i.e. L1C V5.05 REPR data type) with sensing time till 22 December 2011 and the level 1 from the nominal operational chain (i.e. L1C V5.05 OPER data type) thereafter. The "catch-up" soil moisture reprocessing intends to align the entire soil moisture data archive to the currently used level 2 soil moisture processor baseline V5.51.

With the "catch-up" campaign now completed, the users have a consistent and homogenous long term soil moisture level 2 soil moisture V5.51 dataset that can be exploited for their research activities from the beginning of the SMOS mission up to the present. Data users are strongly encouraged to consult the Level 2SM read-me-first note (https://earth.esa.int/documents/10174/118493/L2SMv551\_release\_note\_2013-08-09.pdf) to understand the known caveats in the dataset before using the SMOS data.

The information regarding to the past data regeneration activities (OPER data type) are:

- 1) The Level 2 Ocean Salinity data covering the period 15-Dec-2011 00:25:04z to 24-Jan-2012 00:21:40z have been regenerated. The period covers from the L2 Ocean Salinity processor deployment until the introduction of the L2 configuration update. The L2 Ocean Salinity data have been regenerated using the L2 configuration introduced on 23-Jan-2012 (see section 4.2.5 in the January 2012 monthly report for the details of the L2 OS configuration used for the re-generation) and the Ocean Target Transformation (OTT) files for December and January. Those files were not available in the nominal processing due to an intrinsic delay in the OTT generation and their usage in this regeneration activity improved the L2 OS data quality with respect to the nominal processing. The files are OPER class and they can be identified through the file counter which is 2 or higher.
- 2) The Level 1 and Level 2 data covering the period of 28th September to 1st October 2012 has been regenerated applying the correct phase calibration. The data regeneration does not cover the regeneration of the AUX\_DGGxxx files. Therefore, the Level 2 Soil Moisture products have been regenerated using the degraded AUX\_DGGxxx files. The files are OPER class and they can be identified through the file counter which is 2 or higher.
- 3) The Level 1 and Level 2 data covering the period from 2012-11-24 13:16z to 2012-11-25 00:10z has been regenerated applying the correct phase calibration. The data regeneration does not cover the regeneration of the AUX\_DGGxxx files. Therefore, the Level 2 Soil Moisture products have been regenerated using the degraded AUX\_DGGxxx files. The files are OPER class and they can be identified through the file counter which is 2 or higher.



## 4.2 Processing changes

### 4.2.1 Processor updates

No processor updates have been conducted during the reporting period.

### 4.2.2 Processor Status

At the end of the reporting period, the Processing Facility is using the following processors:

Processor	Version
L1OP	504 (L1a/L1b)
	505 (L1c)
L2OS	550
L2SM	551

 Table 4-1
 Instrument Processors status

Table 4-2	Pre- and Post-processors status
-----------	---------------------------------

Processor	Version
ECMWFP	318
VTECGN	311
LAI pre-processor	307
L2 Post-processors	400

### 4.2.3 Schema updates

No schema changes have been conducted during the reporting period.

## 4.2.4 Schema status

At the end of the reporting period, the schema version of the datablock of the products generated and distributed through EOLI is:



Product type	Version
MIR_SC_F1B	300
MIR_SCSF1C	300
MIR_SCLF1C	300
MIR_BWSF1C	300
MIR_BWLF1C	300
MIR_SMUDP2	300
MIR_OSUDP2	300
AUX_ECMWF_	300

#### Table 4-3Schema version status

The schema packages are available from the SMOS Global Mapping Tool (GMT) webpage:

https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/software-tools/-/asset\_publisher/P2xs/content/gmt-smos-global-mapping-tool

### 4.2.5 Aux file updates

The following quasi-static AUX files were disseminated to the processing stations this reporting period. The status of the quasi-static AUX files at the end of the reporting period is in the section 6.

#### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_BULL\_B\_20131202T000000\_20140101T235959\_120\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L1 processor: N/A

Justification: Bulletin Update including values from December 2013 and the prediction for January 2013. Its usage is intended for reprocessing.

#### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_BULL\_B\_20131202T000000\_20500101T000000\_120\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L1 processor: 2013-12-03 06:27:46z

Justification: Bulletin Update including values from December 2013 and the prediction for January 2013. Its usage is intended for the nominal production.

### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT1D\_\_20140101T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L2 processor: N/A

Justification: January update.

#### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT1F\_\_20140101T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L2 processor: 2014-02-13 06:25:17z

Justification: January update.

#### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT2D\_\_20140101T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L2 processor: N/A

Justification: January update.

### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT2F\_\_20140101T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L2 processor: 2014-02-13 06:25:17z

Justification: January update.

#### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT3D\_\_20140101T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L2 processor: N/A

Justification: January update.

#### SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT3F\_\_20140101T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3

Start sensing time at L1 processor: 2014-02-13 06:25:17z

Justification: January update.

## 4.3 Calibration Events Summary

The following table summarizes the major calibration activities conducted during the reporting period. The Local Oscillator calibration is not included in the table since occurs periodically every 10 minutes. The short calibrations are acquired since 2011-03-24 and they are currently used in the nominal processing chain.

Date	Start Time	Stop Time	Calibration	Comments
04/01/14	15:39:09.400	17:01:22.600	NIR	
05/01/14	16:46:29.000	17:39:48.200	Long	
05/01/14	18:26:33.000	19:19:52.200	Long	
06/01/14	15:59:39.800	17:25:19.400	FTR	
09/01/14	17:30:00.000	17:30:34.800	Short	
15/01/14	15:11:24.400	16:33:37.600	NIR	

#### Table 4-4Calibration summary



16/01/14	17:58:21.000	17:58:55.800	Short	
23/01/14	18:25:00.000	18:25:00.000	Short	
29/01/14	16:04:53.400	16:04:53.400	NIR	
30/01/14	15:33:00.000	15:33:00.000	Short	

# 4.4 Data Coverage Summary

Where instrument unavailabilities or anomalies have occurred during this reporting period, gaps in data coverage may have occurred. A list of the gaps due to a permanent data loss is given in Table 4-5 by product level. On the other hand, a list of gaps due to operational problems is given in Table 4-6. The latter gaps may be recovered when the problem is fixed.

The science data gaps due to the execution of calibration activities are not listed in this section.

Table 4-5Data loss summary

Start	Finish	Data Level	Comments
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 4-6Operational gaps summary

Start	Finish	Data Level	Comments
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# 4.5 Summary of degraded data

In December 2013, SMOS data was affected by the following instrument and processing anomalies which have had a detrimental effect on the data quality.

	, .		
Start	Finish	Affected products	Problem Description
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 4-7Summary of degraded data



# 4.6 Product Quality Disclaimers

The following product disclaimers affects the data generated in the reporting period:

Date		
21 March 2012	Due to a software anomaly in the L1OP V5.04 and V5.05 processor, the Sun Glint Flag available in the L1c Product is not correctly set. This flag aims to indicate measurements affected by Sun glint over ocean. The major impact of this anomaly is on the users who are using L1c data to retrieve Sea Surface Salinity. Those users need to discard the information provided by the Sun glint flag in their retrieval algorithms. This anomaly does not impact the ESA Level 2 Ocean salinity product because the Sun glint flag from L1c input data is not used by the retrieval algorithm. Information on Sun glint are directly computed by the L2 processor and used for the retrieval of the Sea Surface Salinity. Only the Dg_sun_glint_area counter in the Level 2 Ocean Salinity products is affected due to this anomaly.	
12 July 2012	Due to a software anomaly in the Level 0 processor, the <i>Cycle</i> field in all the product headers is incorrectly set. This value is annotated in the headers of all the higher level products.	
15 August 2012	field in all the product headers is incorrectly set. This value is	

 Table 4-8
 Summary of product quality disclaimers



06 March 2013	Due to a software anomaly in the Level 2 Ocean Salinity processor V550, Fg_ctrl_galactic_noise (part of Fg_ctrl_poor_geophysical) may be set sometimes when it should be clear. As a result, good quality data may be rejected when filtering retrievals using the Fg_ctrl_poor_geophysical flag. Users are recommended to filter data using either a threshold (eg < 150) on Dg_quality_SSS, or a combination of Fg_ctrl_poor_retrieval and applicable flags from Fg_ctrl_poor_geophysical (ie any of Fg_ctrl_many_outliers or Fg_ctrl_sunglint or Fg_ctrl_moonglint or Fg_ctrl_num_meas_low or Fg_sc_suspect_ice or Fg_sc_rain). In the OSDAP the Fm_gal_noise_error flag may also be set incorrectly.
06 March 2013	Due to a software anomaly in the Level 2 Ocean Salinity processor v550, the salinity retrieval error is slightly increased in high wind speed conditions.

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# 5. LONG-TERM ANALYSIS

# **5.1 Calibration Analysis**

The calibration parameters are under monitoring. During the reporting period, there have been NIR calibrations events on 4<sup>th</sup>, 15th and 29<sup>th</sup> of January. The NIR calibration events have been monitored and the noise injection levels of the NIR diodes are inside the range defined in the routine calibration plan.

The evolution of the noise temperature of the reference noise diodes *Tna* and *Tnr* show some drifting and seasonal variations since the beginning of the mission (Figure 1 to Figure 4). After the compensation of those variations by means of the calibration, residual seasonal variations are still observed in the data (see Release notes: <a href="https://earth.esa.int/c/document\_library/get\_file?folderld=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf">https://earth.esa.int/c/document\_library/get\_file?folderld=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf</a>). Recently, it has been discovered that the antenna losses are the elements which are varying and those variations are propagated to the reference noise temperatures *Tna* and *Tnr* through the calibration. Therefore, the variation in *Tna* and *Tnr* is not totally related to the diode stability which is the purpose to monitor these parameters.

Currently, the calibration algorithms compensates both variations, the antenna losses and the reference noise diodes, simultaneously since both factors are coupled in the current calibration strategy. The Level 1 Processor 600 will introduce a new calibration algorithm which decouples the variation of the antenna losses and the reference noise diodes drifts. That will allow the compensation of each drift separately improving the diode stability monitoring, further improving the calibration of the NIR and as such the final data quality in terms of Brightness temperature stability and accuracy.

The leakage and cross-coupling factors of the NIR channels remain small and no problems can be observed apart from a peak in the phase of the NIR-AB cross-coupling term on 11 April 2012. That peak corresponds to an anomaly in the NIR-AB that did not have impact on the data.



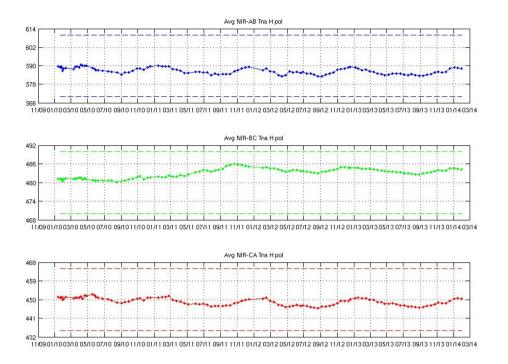


Figure 1 Tna evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the H-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines

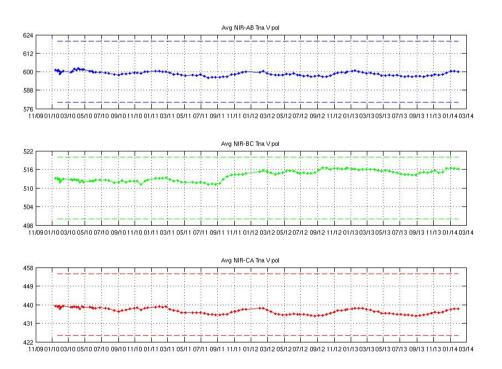


Figure 2 Tna evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the V-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines

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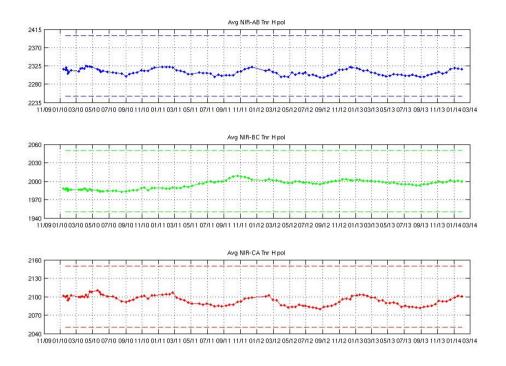


Figure 3 Tnr evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the H-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines

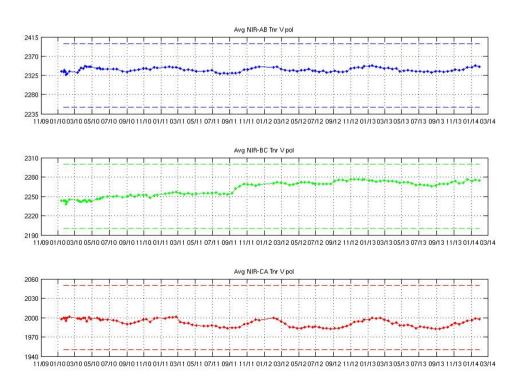


Figure 4 Tnr evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the V-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines



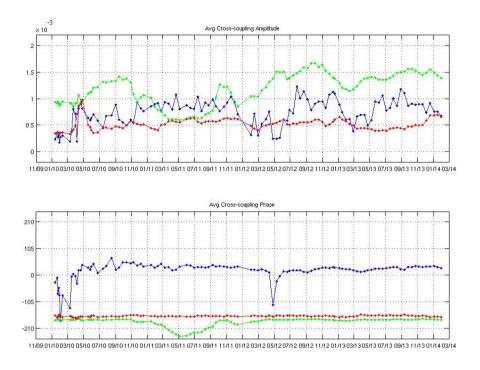


Figure 5 Cross-coupling evolution in amplitude and phase of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) since the beginning of the mission

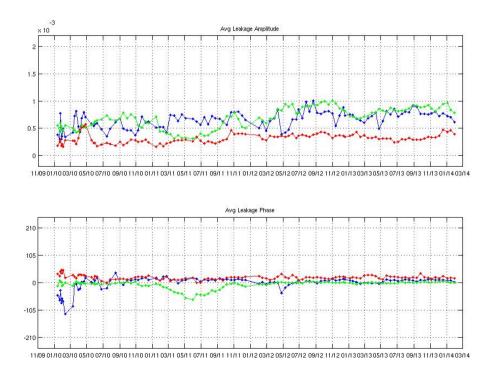


Figure 6 Leakage factor evolution in amplitude and phase of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) since the beginning of the mission

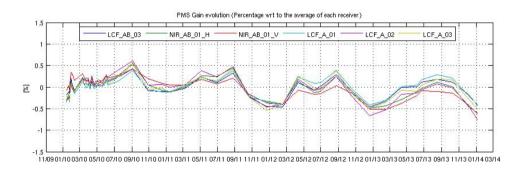
The LICEF calibration status is updated by long (every 8 weeks) and short (weekly) onboard calibration activities. A long calibration has been conducted on 10th October.

5.

LICEF PMS gain is derived during the long calibration activity and the Figure 7 to Figure 18 show the evolution of the deviations of the PMS gain wrt its average over time. Figure 19 to Figure 30 show the evolution of the PMS offsets derived during the short calibration activity. The PMS gain and offset values are inside the range defined in the routine calibration plan although small drift can be observed. That drift can be explained due to the current limitations of the NIR calibration algorithm to track the antenna losses and the reference noise diodes. The drifts in the antenna losses that the NIR calibration algorithm cannot compensate are directly propagated to the PMS gain and offset calibration. It is expected that the introduction of the future L1OP v600 will remove these apparent drifts allowing to improve the PMS stability and as such the final data quality in terms of Brightness temperature stability and accuracy.

Figure 31 shows the evolution of the average over all the baselines of the Fringe Washing Function (FWF) amplitude in the origin derived during the long calibration. The amplitude of the FWF at the origin does not show any drift and their values are inside the ranges defined in the routine calibration plan.

During the reporting period updates has been applied for the NIR, Long and Short calibration as reported in Table 4-4





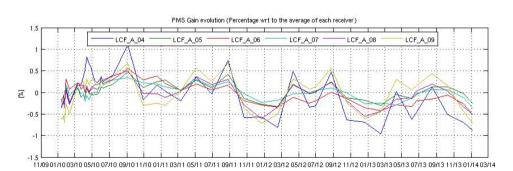
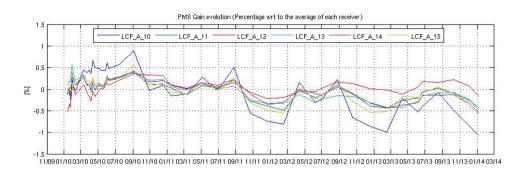
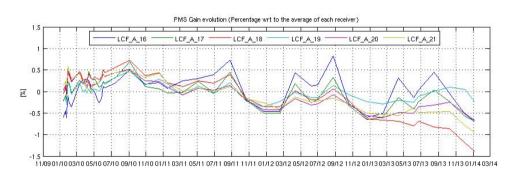


Figure 8 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN A1

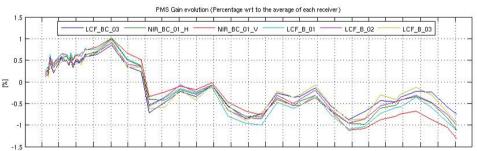














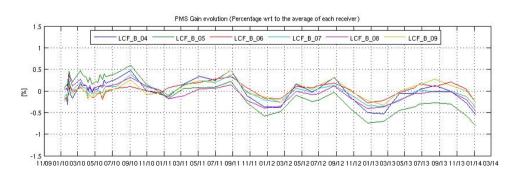


Figure 12 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN B1





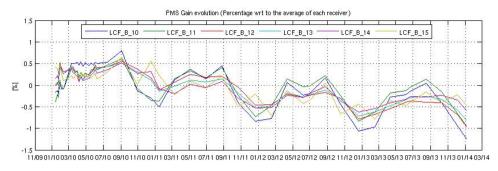


Figure 13 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN B2

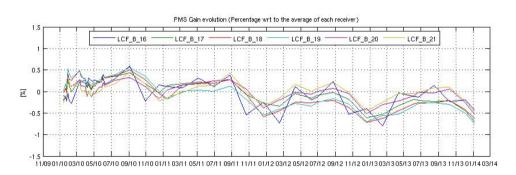
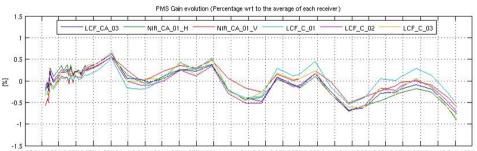


Figure 14 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN B3



-1.5 11/09 01/10 03/10 05/10 07/10 09/10 11/10 01/11 03/11 05/11 07/11 09/11 11/11 01/12 03/12 05/12 07/12 09/12 11/12 01/13 03/13 05/13 07/13 09/13 11/13 01/14 03/14



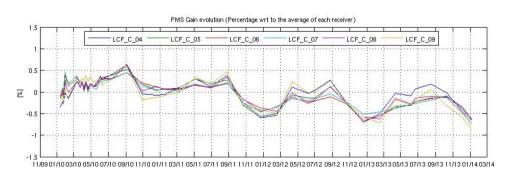
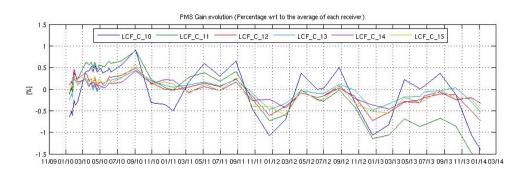
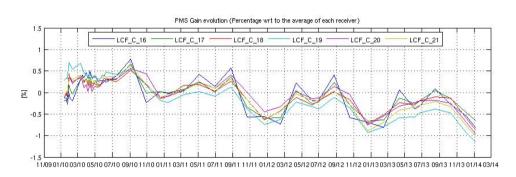


Figure 16 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN C1

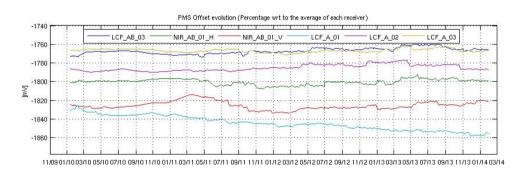














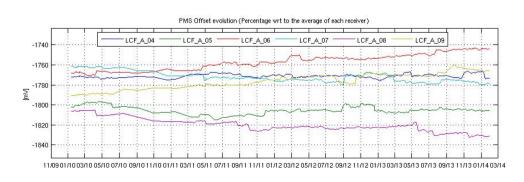
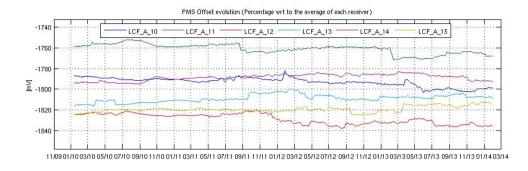
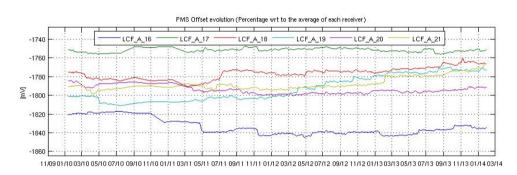


Figure 20 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN A1

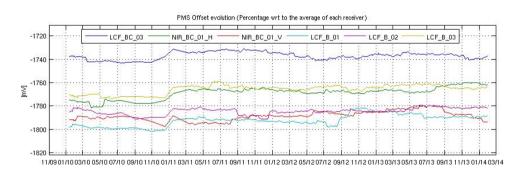














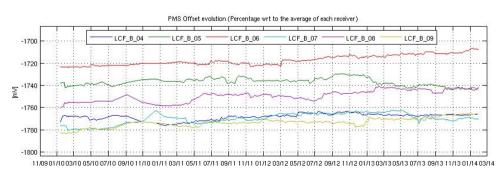
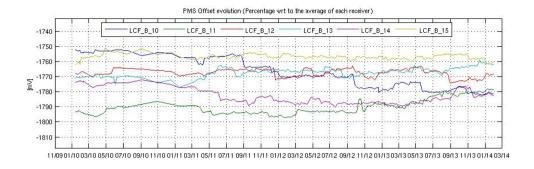
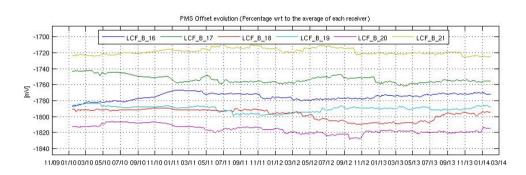


Figure 24 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN B1

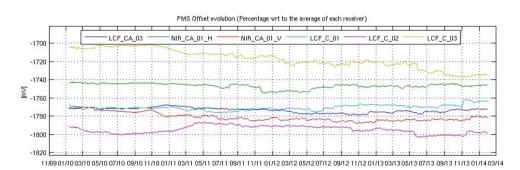














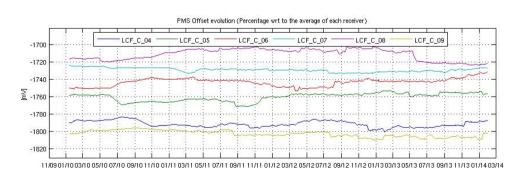


Figure 28 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN C1



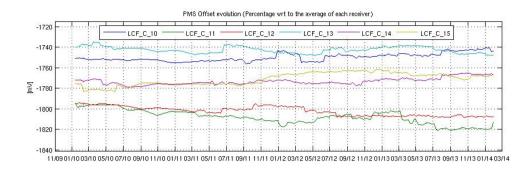
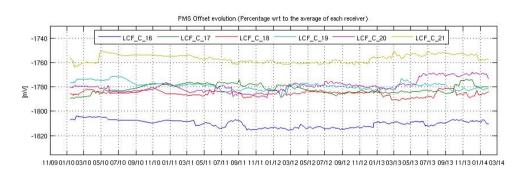


Figure 29 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN C2





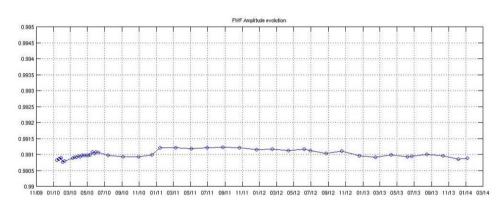


Figure 31 Evolution of the average of the FWF Amplitude at the origin

The evolution of the average of the correlator offsets does not show any significant drift. Also, the correlation offsets between receivers that do not share local oscillator remains much smaller than the correlation offsets between receivers sharing local oscillator. This result is expected since any residual correlated signal arriving to a pair of receivers arrives through the local oscillator signal. On the other hand, the measurement of the correlator offsets acquired between 29th February to 7th June 2012 are noisier because they have been derived using only 122 samples from the NIR calibration events whereas the long calibrations provide 846 samples. The average and maximum difference in brightness temperature between using the nominal calibration and the values obtained from the NIR calibration events are 0.03 K and 0.4 K, respectively.



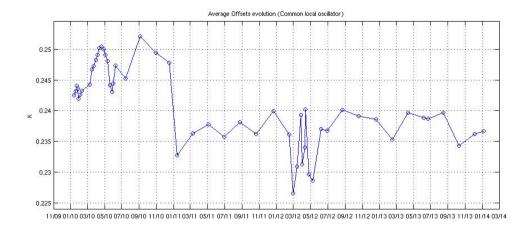


Figure 32 Evolution of the average of the Correlator offsets for the baselines which share local oscillator

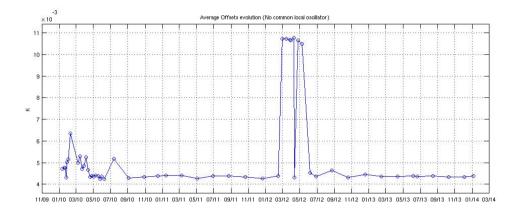


Figure 33 Evolution of the average of the Correlator offsets for the baselines which do not share local oscillator

# 5.2 Product Quality Analysis

The data quality during January was found to be nominal except in the time intervals listed in the section 4.5.

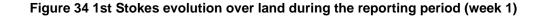
The L1 production is nominal as no artefacts are observed in the Stokes maps in Figure 34 to Figure 61. The figures plot the Stokes parameter computed at 42.5 deg from the L1C Browse products. All the artificial patterns in the images can be explained by the presence of RFIs. The impact of the RFI in the brightness temperature measurements over land can be observed mainly in Europe and Asia.

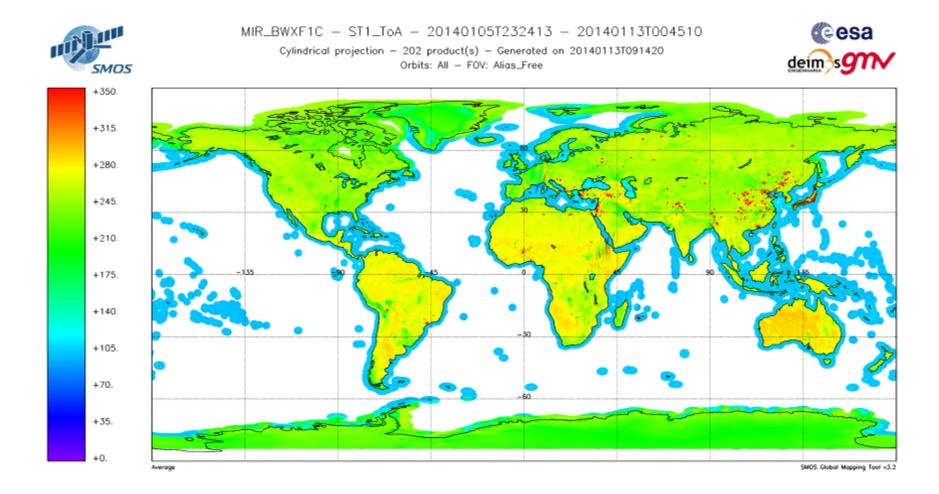
The third Stokes parameter (Real part of XY) shows a clear pattern between ascending and descending pass due to the different values of the Total Electron Content in the atmosphere for morning / evening orbits. Strong values of the third Stokes parameter are related to RFI. The fourth Stokes parameter (Imaginary part of XY) shows as expected a mean value around zero. Strong values of the fourth Stokes parameter are related to RFI.

The L2 Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity production is nominal in the reporting period. Figure 62 shows the evolution of the soil moisture retrievals. Those values present significant differences with the Volumetric Soil Water at L1 (see figure 63) provided by ECMWF, mainly for the ascending passes. The Level 2 ESL has pointed out that the possible cause is that the predicted precipitation event might not actually occur. An important lack of soil moisture retrievals in the selected area that are polluted by the presence of RFI and frozen soil that does not allow soil moisture retrieval. For more detail on Soil Moisture retrieval algorithm see the L2 Soil Moisture Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document:

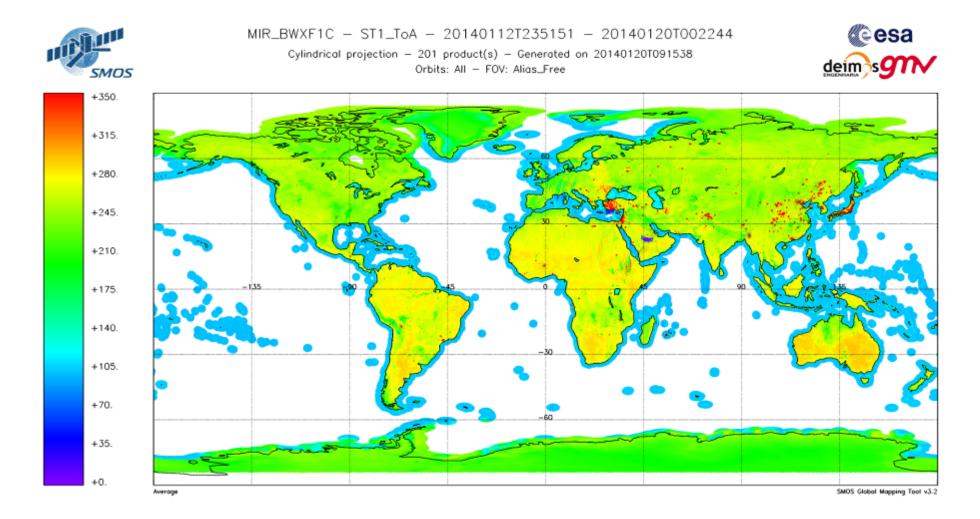
(<u>https://earth.esa.int/c/document\_library/get\_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-1633.pdf</u>).





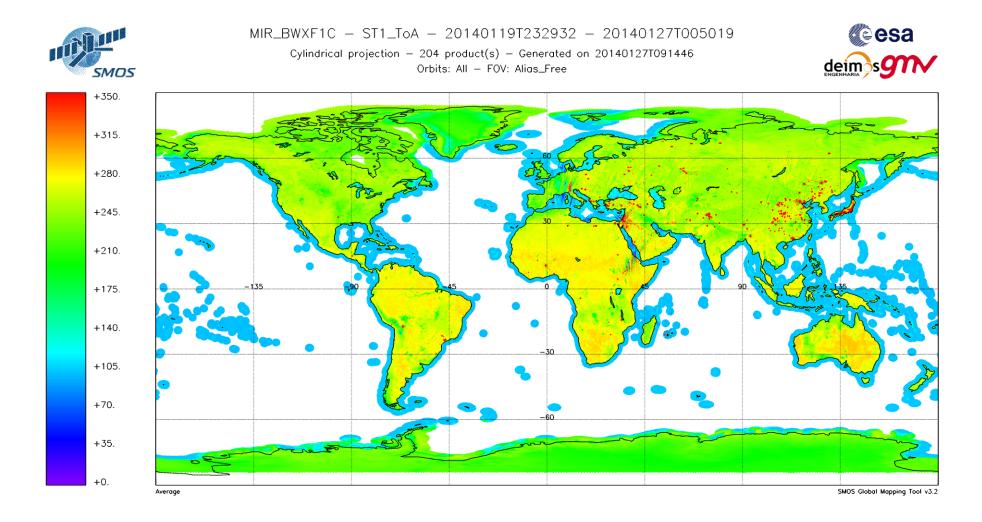


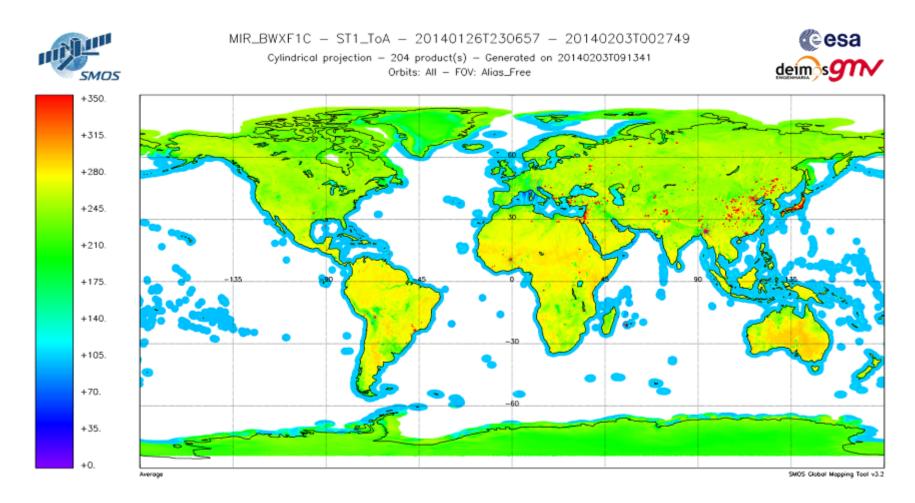






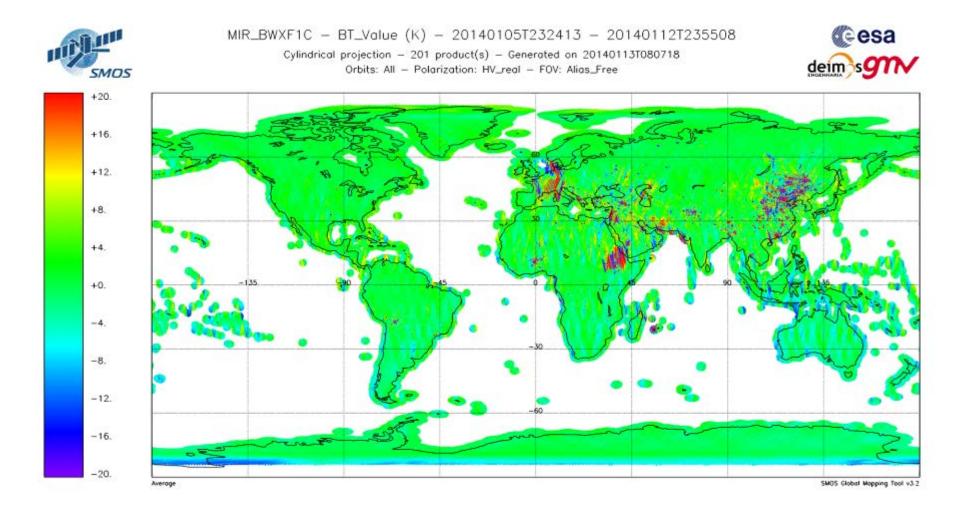
### Figure 36 1st Stokes evolution over land during the reporting period (week 3)



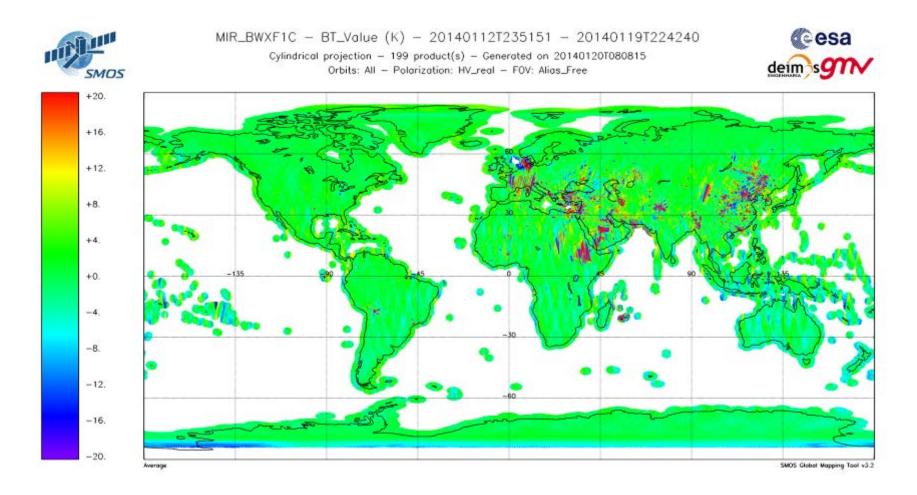




## Figure 38 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 1)

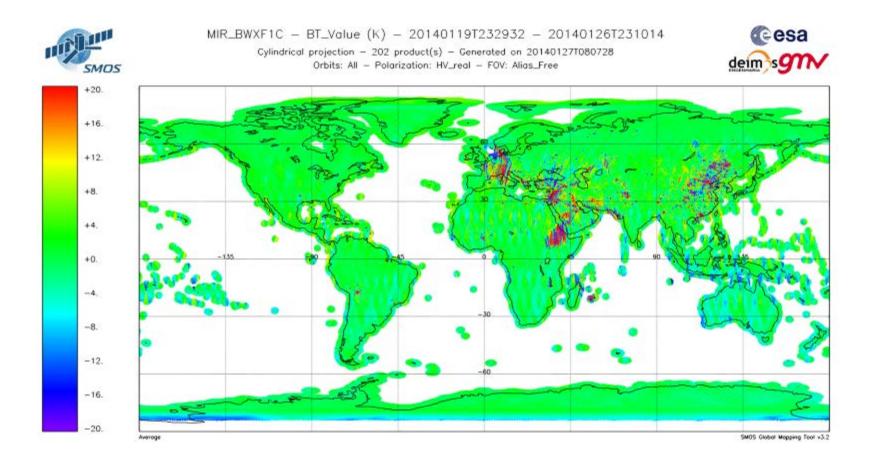


#### Figure 39 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 2)



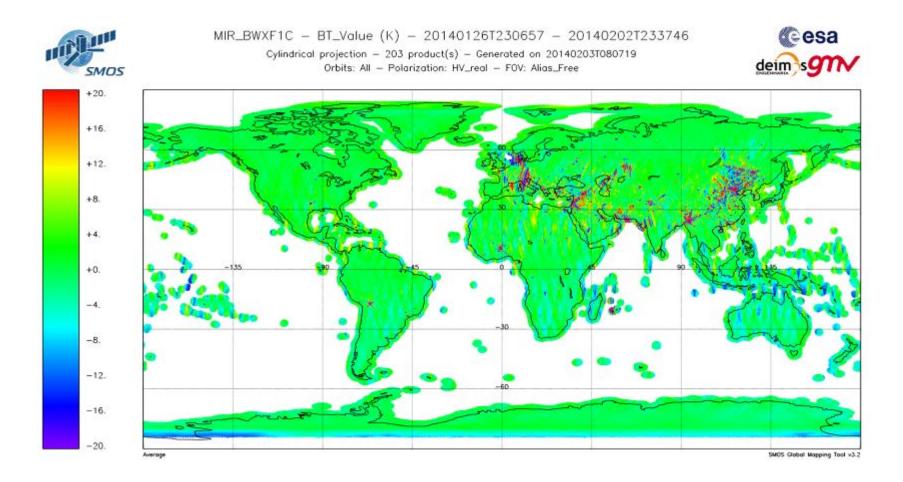


#### Figure 40 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 3)



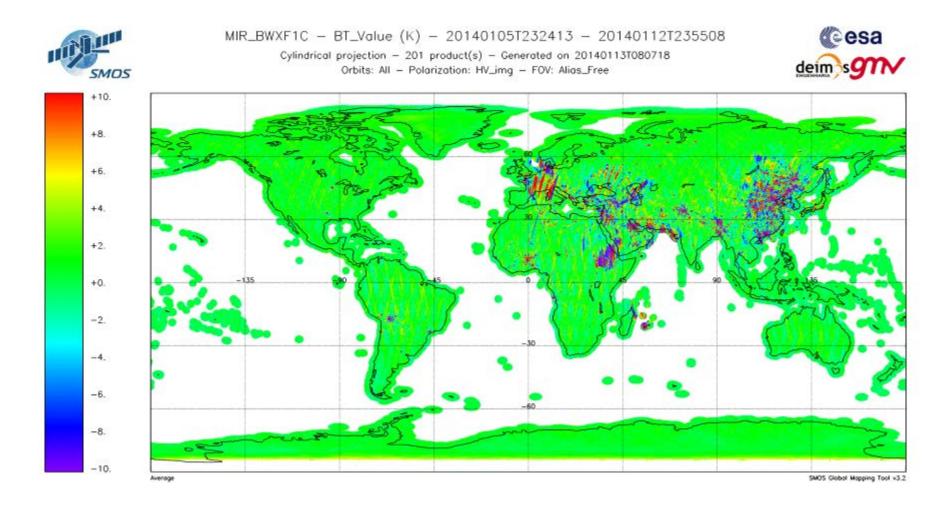


#### Figure 41 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 4)

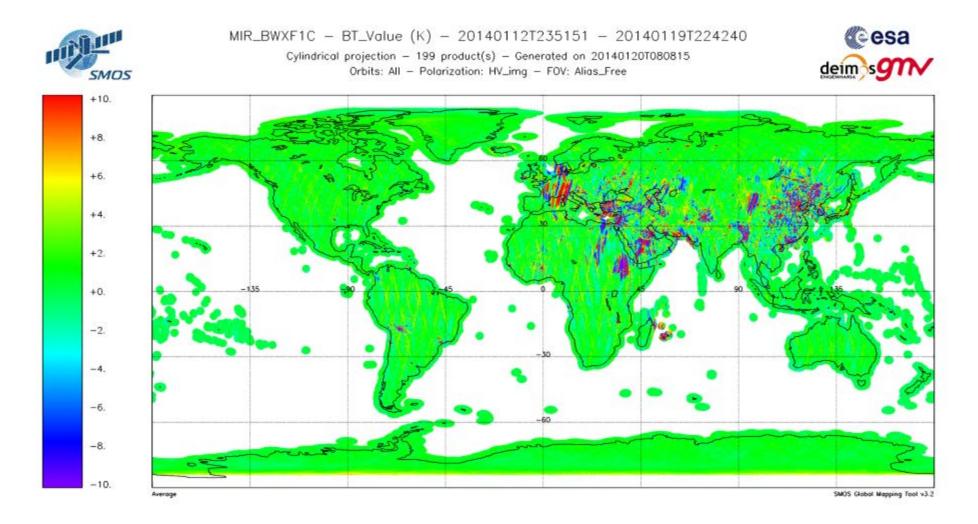




#### Figure 42 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 1)

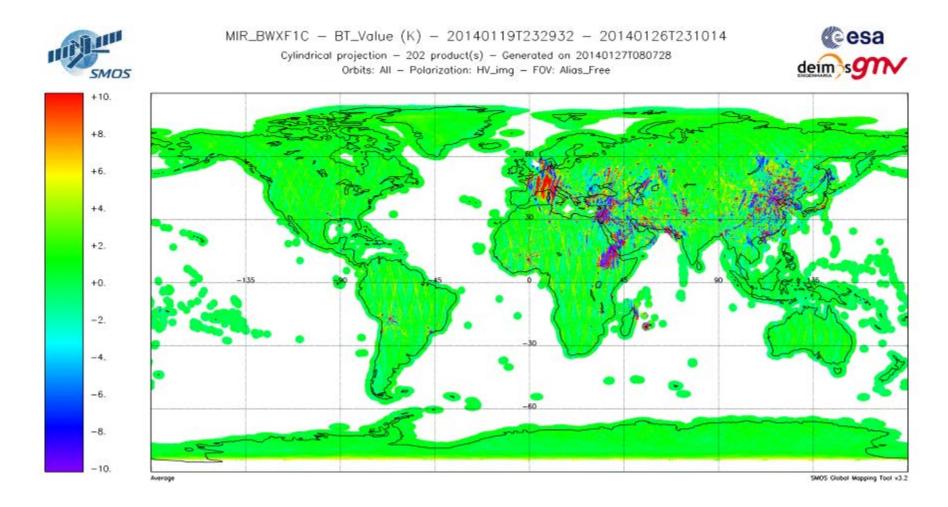


#### Figure 43 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 2)



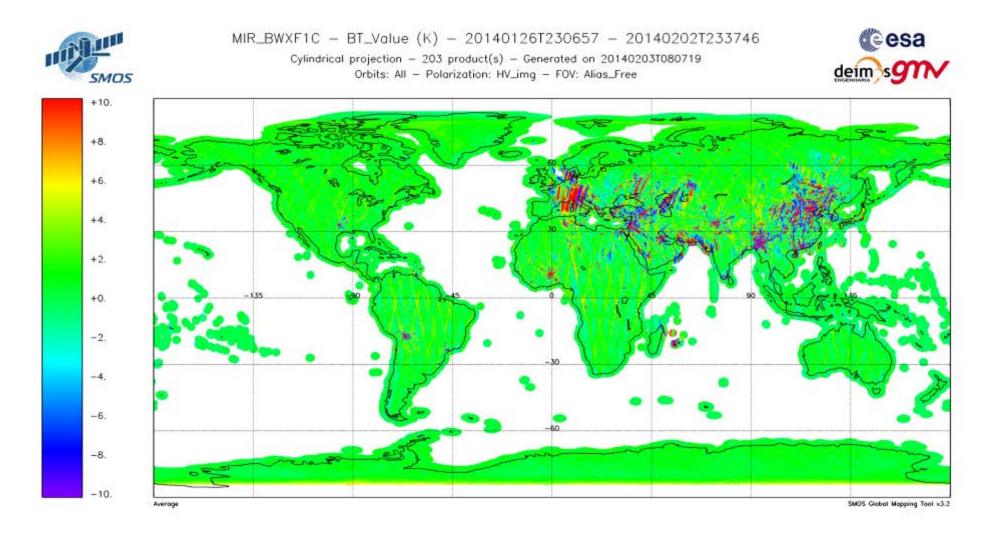


#### Figure 44 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 3)



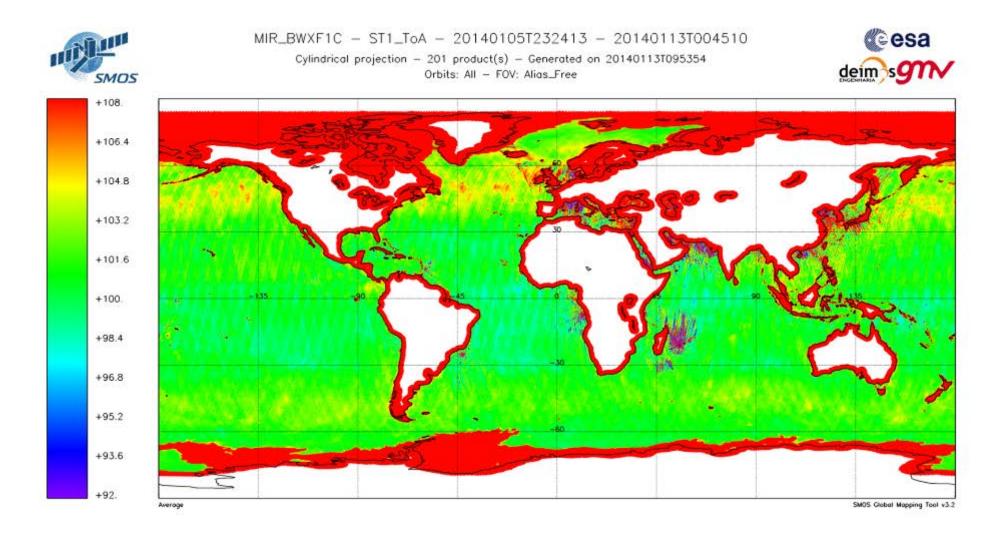


#### Figure 45 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 4)



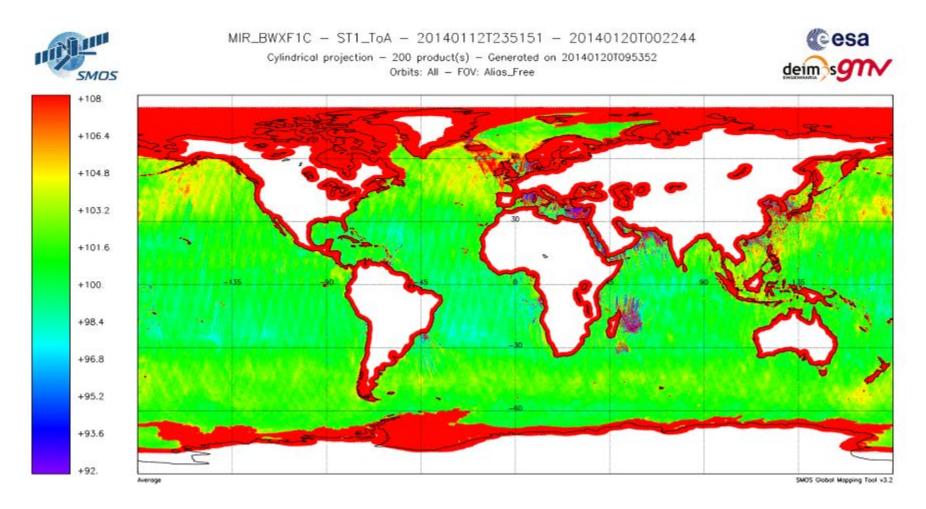


#### Figure 46 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 1)



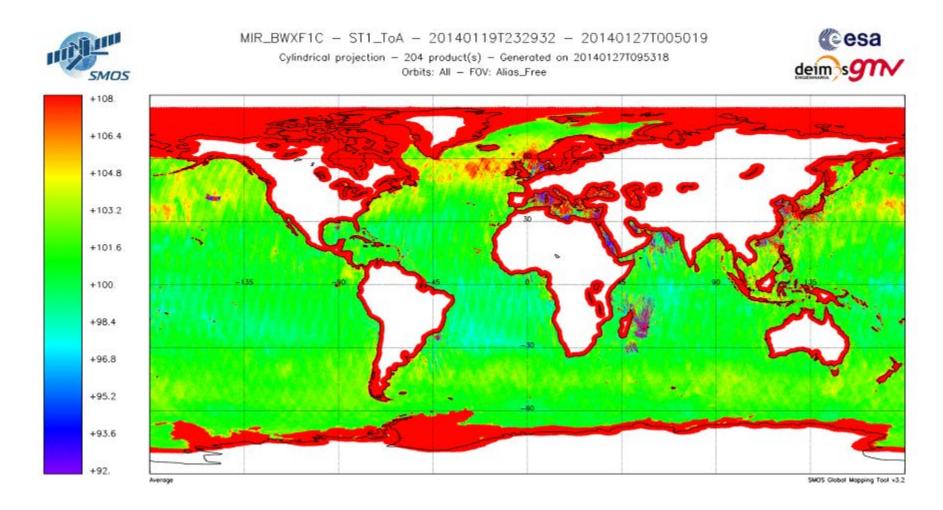


#### Figure 47 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 2)

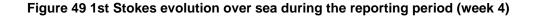


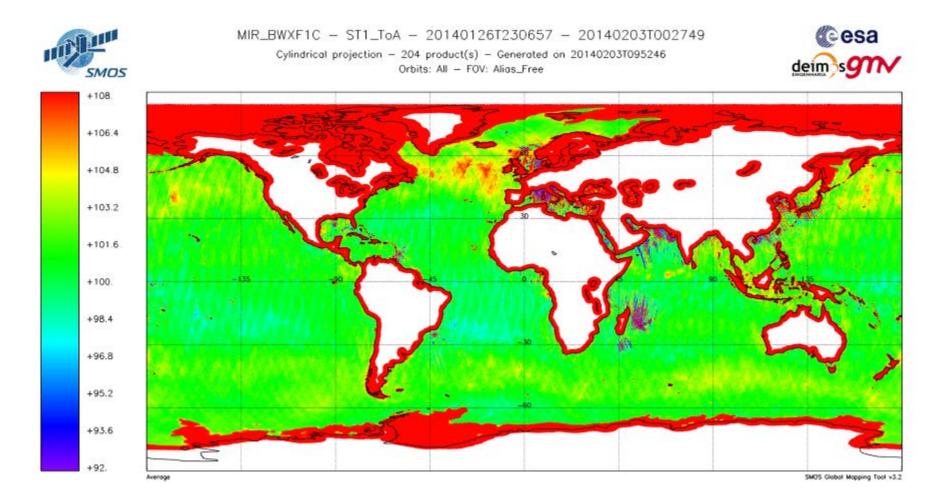


#### Figure 48 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 3)



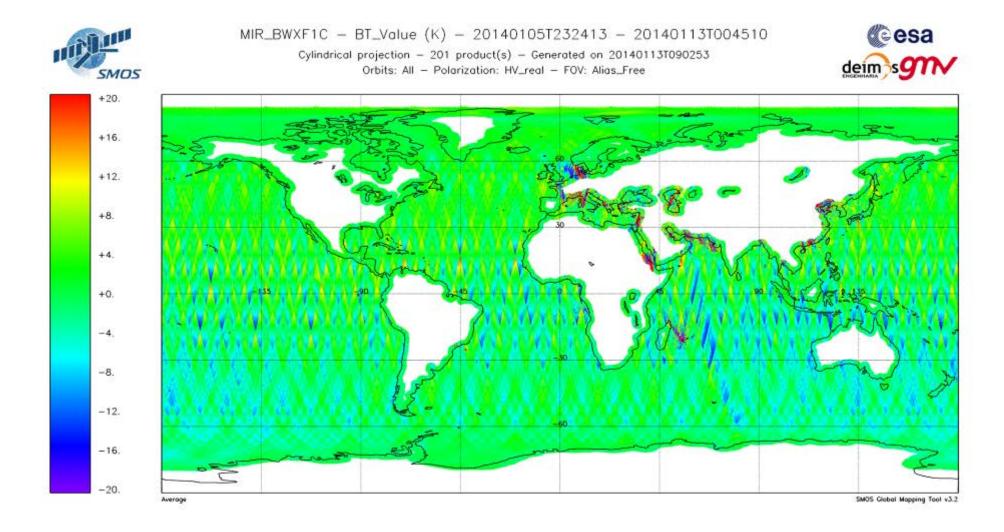






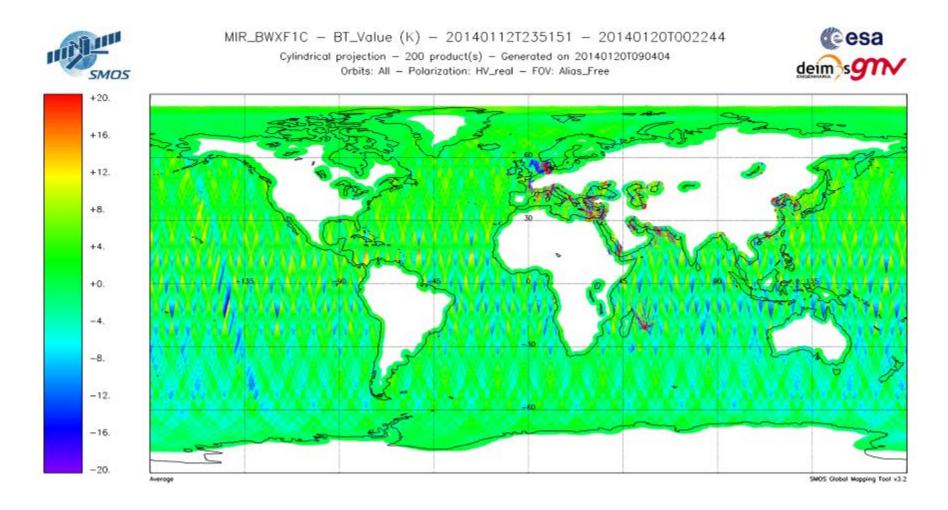


#### Figure 50 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 1)



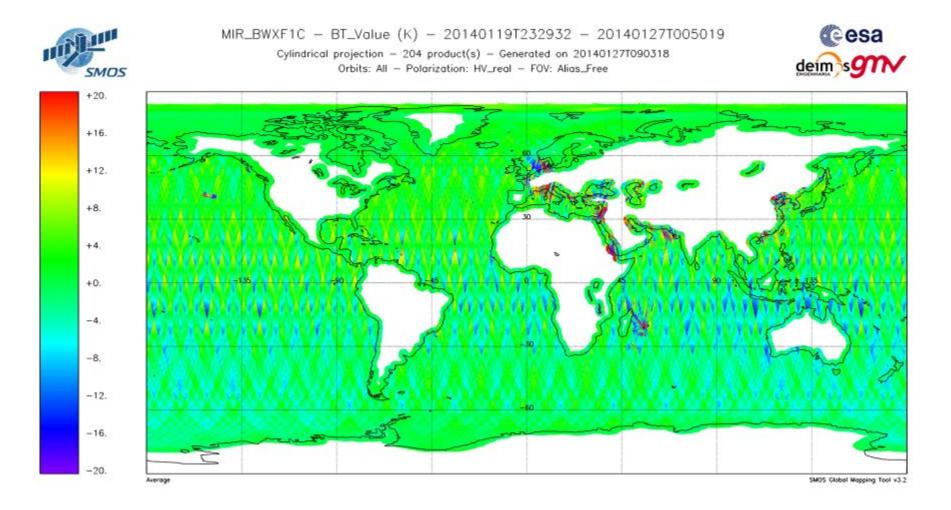


#### Figure 51 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 2)



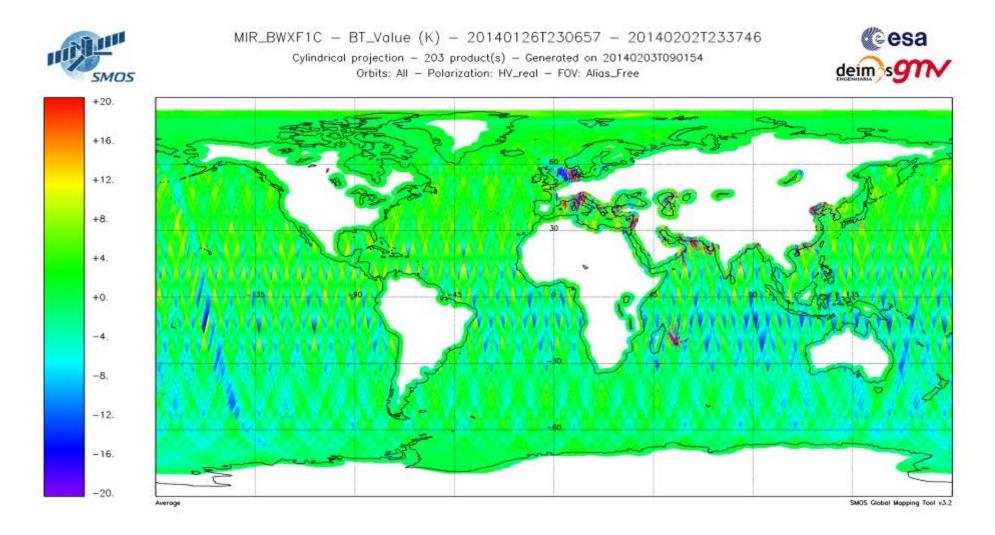


#### Figure 52 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 3)



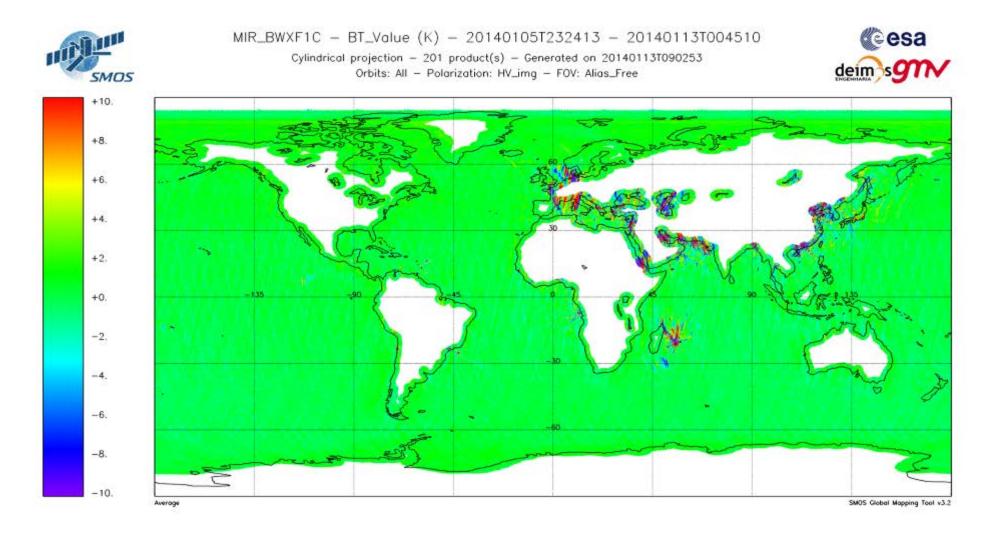


#### Figure 53 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 4)





#### Figure 54 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 1)





#### Figure 55 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 2)

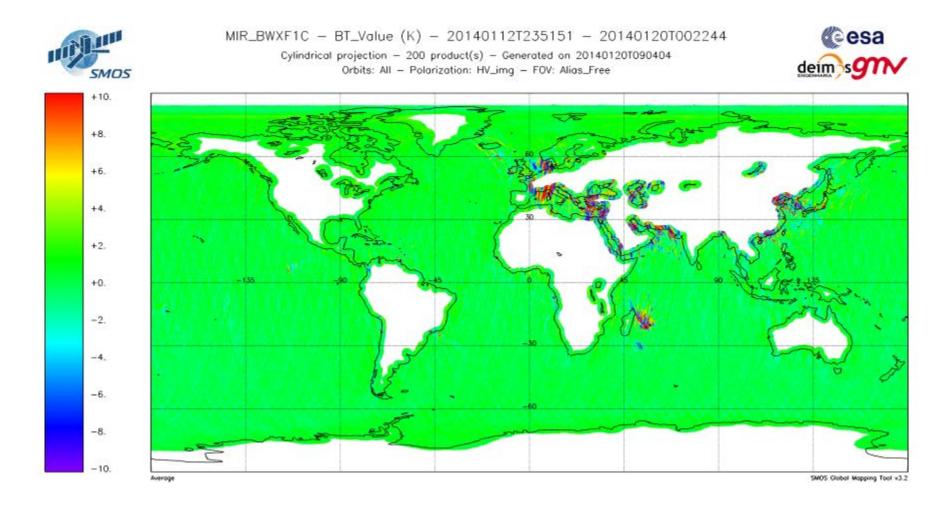
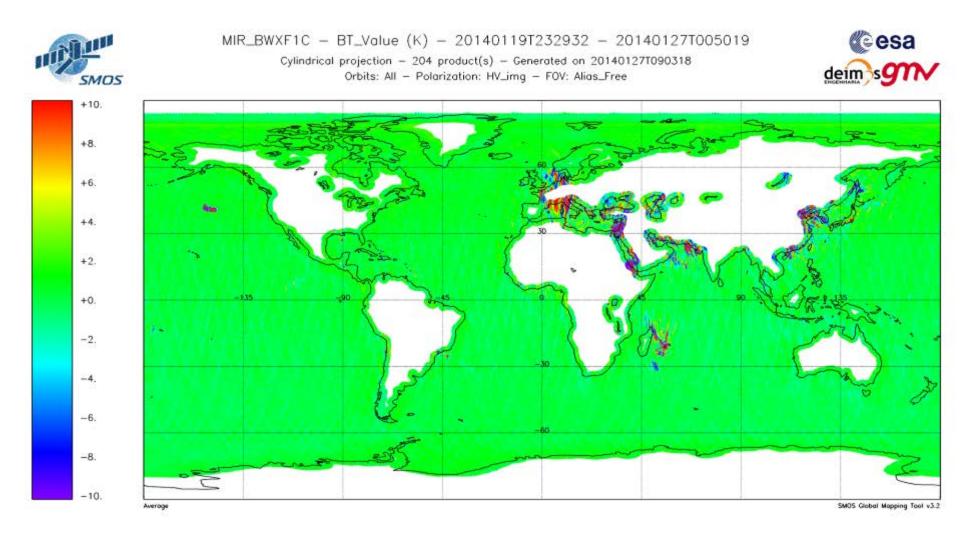


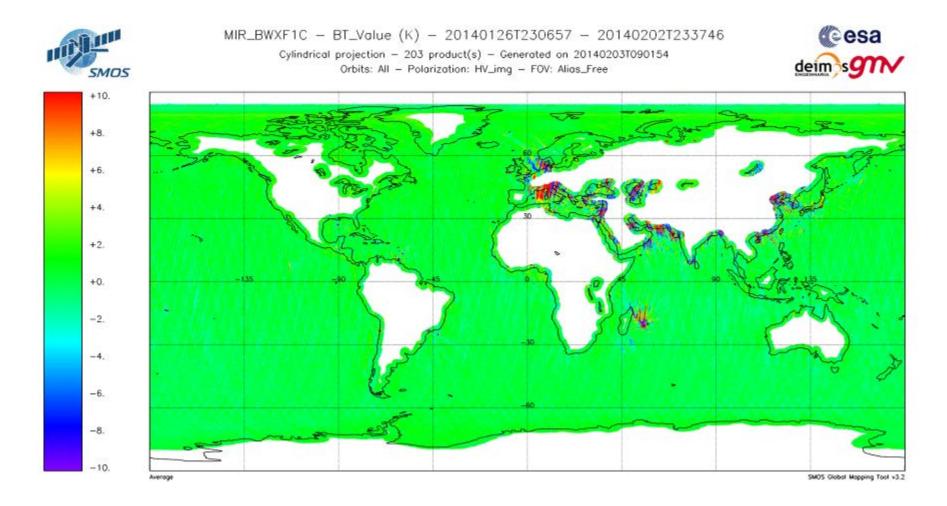


Figure 56 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 3)



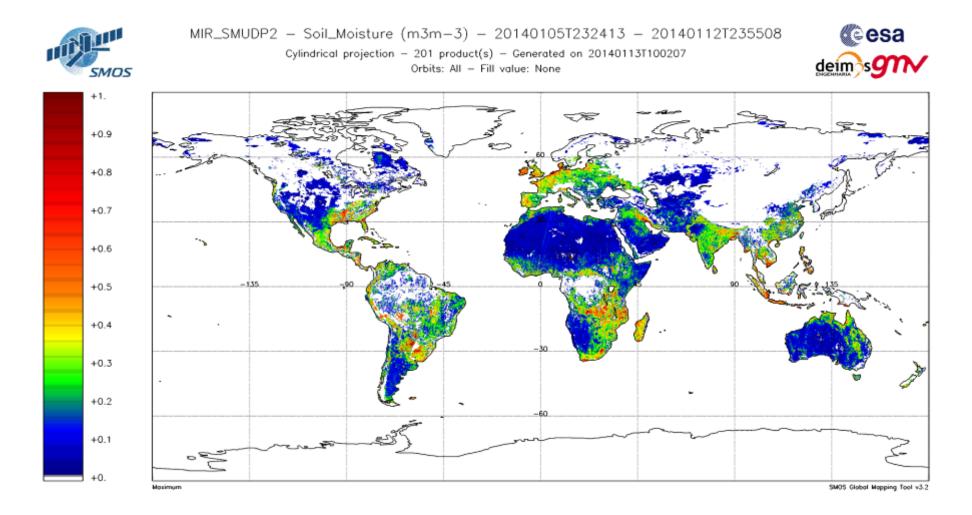


#### Figure 57 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 4)

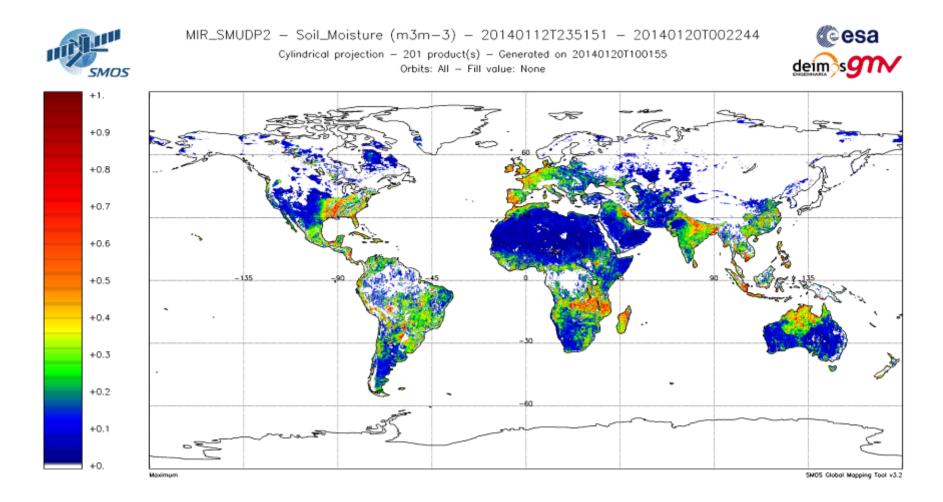




#### Figure 58 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 1)

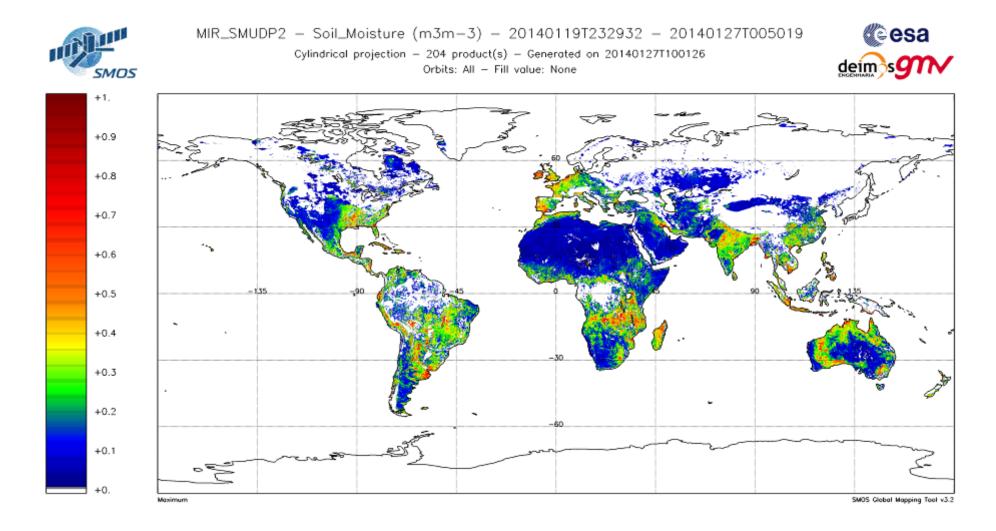


#### Figure 59 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 2)



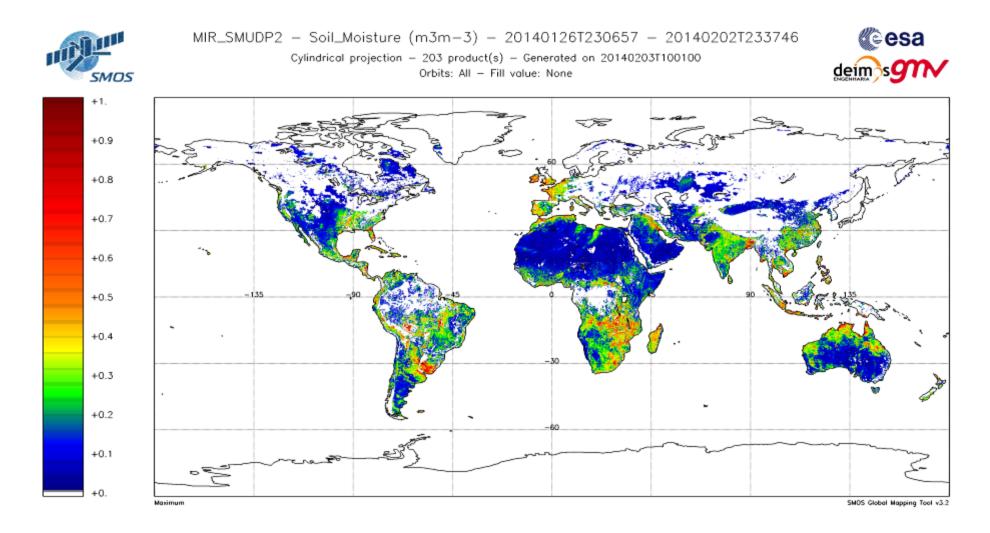


#### Figure 60 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 3)





#### Figure 61 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 4)





## Figure 62 Soil moisture on Taklamakan desert during the reporting period: SM in ascending passes (left) and SM in descending passes (right)

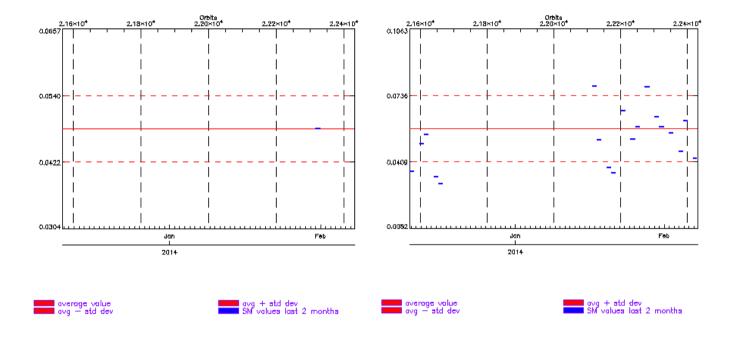
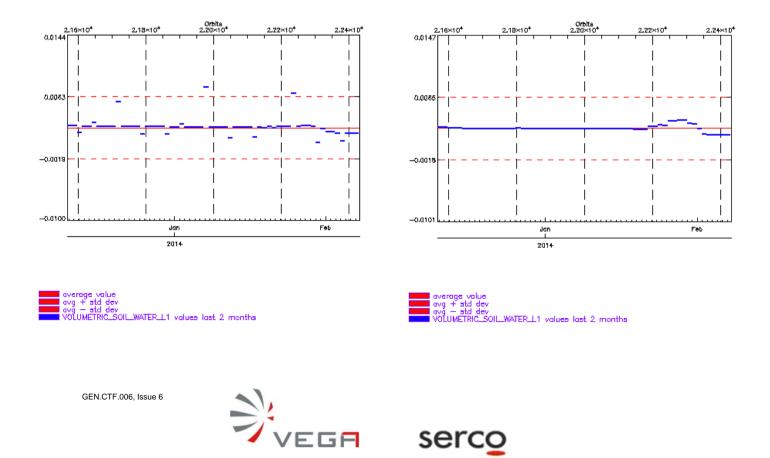


Figure 63 Volumetric Soil Water L1 provided by ECMWF on Taklamakan desert during the reporting period: ascending passes (left) and descending passes (right)



# 6. ADF CONFIGURATION AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

ADF File		
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AUX_BSCAT_	SM_OPER_AUX_BSCAT20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3	No
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AUX_FOAM	SM_OPER_AUX_FOAM20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_011_3	No
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AUX_SOIL_P	SM_OPER_AUX_SOIL_P_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_002_3	No
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### APPENDIX A. CONFIGURATION DOCUMENT LIST

The list of internal documents used for the generation of this report is:

- Unavailability\_24\_01\_14.xls
- Details\_Calibrations\_10\_02\_14.xls
- SMOS-CEC-VEG-IPF-REP-0609\_v1.66\_SMOS\_Auxiliary\_Data\_File\_List\_ 20131129\_signed.pdf





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