



Customer : ESRIN	Document Ref : IDEAS-VEG-OQC-REP-1425
Contract No : 21525/08/I-OL	Issue Date : 23 January 2014
WP No : 14500	Issue : 2

**Title : IDEAS – SMOS Public Monthly Report - December 2013**

**Abstract :** This document provides a summary of the status and performance of SMOS over the course of the reporting month.

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**Distribution :**

**Hard Copy File:**  
**Filename:** IDEAS-VEG-OQC-REP-1425\_2.doc

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## AMENDMENT POLICY

This document shall be amended by releasing a new edition of the document in its entirety. The Amendment Record Sheet below records the history and issue status of this document.

### AMENDMENT RECORD SHEET

ISSUE	DATE	DCI No	REASON
1	15 January 2014	N/A	First release
2	23 January 2014	N/A	Correction of Table 4.4 Calibration Summary

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## 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This is the routine Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (**SMOS**) Monthly Public Report containing a summary of the instrument health, product quality status and updates to SMOS processing and AUX files during December 2013

The instrument health during December was found to be nominal. There were three unavailability's reported during the reporting period that translate into time intervals with data loss or degraded data. The list of unavailability's is included in the section 3.2.

The data quality during December was found to be nominal except in the time intervals listed in the section 4.5. The degradation of the data has been induced either by instrument anomalies or by the unavailability of the dynamic auxiliary files.

## 2. INTRODUCTION

### 2.1 Structure of the Document

After this introduction, the document is divided into a number of major sections that are briefly described below:

1      Executive summary

The executive summary covers the main findings from the report.

2      Introduction

A list of referenced documents and definitions of terms are available.

3      Instrument status

This section covers the instrument health and unavailabilities from this reporting period.

4      Data Summary

This section covers reprocessing, updates to processors and aux files as well as a data coverage summary.

5      Long Term Analysis

Long-term analysis of the instrument calibration and data quality are provided in this section.

### 2.2 Definitions of Terms

The following terms have been used in this report with the meanings shown.

Term	Definition
CMN	Control and Monitoring Node, responsible for commanding the receivers, reading their physical temperatures and telemetry and the generation of the synchronization signal (local oscillator tone) among receivers.
CCU	Correlator and Control unit, instrument computer on-board
DPGS	Data Processing Ground Segment
ESL	Expert Science Laboratory
IC4EC	Internal Calibration for External calibration. Calibration sequences for the instrument monitoring and calibration of science data acquired in external target pointing.
IDEAS	Instrument Data quality Evaluation and Analysis Service, reporting to the ESA Data Quality and Algorithms Management Office (EOP-GQ), responsible for quality of data provided to users including the data calibration and

validation, the data processing algorithms, and the routine instrument and processing chain performances.

IPF	Instrument Processor Facility
L2SM	Level 2 Soil Moisture
MM	Mass Memory
OCM	Orbit Correction Manoeuvre
PMS	Power Measurement System
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference
N/A	Not applicable

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### 3. INSTRUMENT STATUS

#### 3.1 Instrument health

The current instrument status is that all the instrument subsystems are working correctly. The current configuration of the instrument is that the arm A and the arm B are working in nominal side and arm C is in the redundant side.

**Table 3-1      History of instrument problems and mode changes**

Start	Stop	Description
11 January 2010 12:07z Orbit 1013	N/A	Arm A changes from redundant to nominal side. That operation is to avoid the malfunction of one of the redundant CMNs of the arm.
12 January 2011 09:15z Orbit 6278	N/A	Arm B changes from redundant to nominal side. That operation is to avoid the malfunction of one of the redundant CMNs of the arm.

#### 3.2 Instrument unavailabilities and anomalies

The unavailabilities and anomalies listed in Table 3-2 occurred during the reporting period. A full list of unavailabilities can be found in the Mission Status section on the SMOS Earthnet website (<http://earth.esa.int/object/index.cfm?fobjectid=7060>).

During these unavailabilities and anomalies the instrument may have either not collected data or may have collected corrupt data which may not have been processed to higher levels. Table 4-5, Table 4-6 and Table 4-7 provide details of the data which has been affected by gaps and quality degradation respectively.

**Table 3-2      SMOS unavailability list**

Start	Stop	Unavailability Report Reference	Planned	Description
2013-12-16 22:05:04z  Orbit 21667	2013-12-05 21:04:53z  Orbit 21668	FOS-0242	Yes	Orbit Correction Manoeuvre
2013-12-20 10:47:35z  Orbit 21718	2013-12-20 10:57:35z  Orbit 21718	FOS-0243	No	CMN Unlock H1
2013-12-24 11:31:45z  Orbit 21776	2013-12-24 11:41:45z  Orbit 21776	FOS-0244	No	CMN Unlock B2

## 4. DATA SUMMARY

### 4.1 Reprocessing activities

The information regarding to data reprocessing activities (REPR data type) during the reporting period are:

- 1) None

Next reprocessing campaign is foreseen by beginning of 2014.

The information regarding to the data regeneration activities (OPER data type) during the reporting period are:

- 1) None

The information regarding to past data reprocessing activities (REPR data type) are:

- 1) The first SMOS mission reprocessing campaign has been completed and the data set is available to the SMOS user community.

Particularly, the processors used are the Level 1 Processor v505, the Level 2 Ocean Salinity processor v550 and the Level 2 Soil Moisture processor v501. The reprocessed period covers from 2010-01-12 to 2011-12-22 for the L1 and L2 sea surface salinity data and from 2010-01-12 to 2011-11-28 for the L2 soil moisture data.

The improvements and known caveats in the quality of the SMOS Level 1 and Level 2 data products are described in the data release notes available on the ESA web page:

- a) L1 read-me-first note available on:

[https://earth.esa.int/c/document\\_library/get\\_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/c/document_library/get_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf)

- b) L2 soil moisture read-me-first note available on:

[https://earth.esa.int/documents/10174/118493/L2SMv551\\_release\\_note\\_2013-08-09.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/documents/10174/118493/L2SMv551_release_note_2013-08-09.pdf)

- c) L2 sea surface salinity read-me-first note available on:

[https://earth.esa.int/c/document\\_library/get\\_file?folderId=118493&name=DLFE-6605.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/c/document_library/get_file?folderId=118493&name=DLFE-6605.pdf)

Data users are strongly encouraged to consult those notes before using SMOS data.

- 2) The first SMOS L2 sea surface salinity "catch-up" reprocessing campaign has been completed and the data set covering the period from 22 December 2011 to 31 December 2012 has been released to the SMOS user community. The SMOS L2 sea surface salinity "catch-up" data set has been generated by the L2OS processor version V5.50 using as input the level 1C data from the nominal operational chain (i.e. L1C V505 OPER data type) and an improved Ocean Target Transformation

(OTT) correction for the sea surface salinity retrieval. The catch-up reprocessing aimed at aligning the operationally available data set to the reprocessed data set and will be repeated until the operational processing chain will use the same approach (foreseen for end of 2013). With the release of this data set the SMOS users now have a consistent dataset of sea surface salinity measurements from the beginning of the SMOS mission till December 2012 (REPR data type). Data users are strongly encouraged to consult the Level 2OS read-me-first note ([https://earth.esa.int/c/document\\_library/get\\_file?folderId=118493&name=DLFE-6605.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/c/document_library/get_file?folderId=118493&name=DLFE-6605.pdf)) to understand the improvements and known caveats in the data set before using the SMOS data.

- 3) The first SMOS level 2 soil moisture "catch-up" reprocessing campaign has been completed and the dataset covering the period from 12 January 2010 to 27 April 2012 has been released to the SMOS user community. The SMOS level 2 soil moisture "catch-up" dataset has been generated by the current version V5.51 of the level 2 soil moisture processor using as input the level 1C data from the level 1 reprocessing campaign (i.e. L1C V5.05 REPR data type) with sensing time till 22 December 2011 and the level 1 from the nominal operational chain (i.e. L1C V5.05 OPER data type) thereafter. The "catch-up" soil moisture reprocessing intends to align the entire soil moisture data archive to the currently used level 2 soil moisture processor baseline V5.51.

With the "catch-up" campaign now completed, the users have a consistent and homogenous long term soil moisture level 2 soil moisture V5.51 dataset that can be exploited for their research activities from the beginning of the SMOS mission up to the present. Data users are strongly encouraged to consult the Level 2SM read-me-first note ([https://earth.esa.int/documents/10174/118493/L2SMv551\\_release\\_note\\_2013-08-09.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/documents/10174/118493/L2SMv551_release_note_2013-08-09.pdf)) to understand the known caveats in the dataset before using the SMOS data.

The information regarding to the past data regeneration activities (OPER data type) are:

- 1) The Level 2 Ocean Salinity data covering the period 15-Dec-2011 00:25:04z to 24-Jan-2012 00:21:40z have been regenerated. The period covers from the L2 Ocean Salinity processor deployment until the introduction of the L2 configuration update. The L2 Ocean Salinity data have been regenerated using the L2 configuration introduced on 23-Jan-2012 (see section 4.2.5 in the January 2012 monthly report for the details of the L2 OS configuration used for the re-generation) and the Ocean Target Transformation (OTT) files for December and January. Those files were not available in the nominal processing due to an intrinsic delay in the OTT generation and their usage in this regeneration activity improved the L2 OS data quality with respect to the nominal processing. The files are OPER class and they can be identified through the file counter which is 2 or higher.
- 2) The Level 1 and Level 2 data covering the period of 28th September to 1st October 2012 has been regenerated applying the correct phase calibration. The data regeneration does not cover the regeneration of the AUX\_DGGxxx files. Therefore, the Level 2 Soil Moisture products have been regenerated using the degraded AUX\_DGGxxx files. The files are OPER class and they can be identified through the file counter which is 2 or higher.
- 3) The Level 1 and Level 2 data covering the period from 2012-11-24 13:16z to 2012-11-25 00:10z has been regenerated applying the correct phase calibration. The data regeneration does not cover the regeneration of the AUX\_DGGxxx files. Therefore, the Level 2 Soil Moisture products have been regenerated using the degraded

AUX\_DGGxxx files. The files are OPER class and they can be identified through the file counter which is 2 or higher.

## 4.2 Processing changes

### 4.2.1 Processor updates

No processor updates have been conducted during the reporting period.

### 4.2.2 Processor Status

At the end of the reporting period, the Processing Facility is using the following processors:

**Table 4-1      Instrument Processors status**

Processor	Version
L1OP	504 (L1a/L1b)
	505 (L1c)
L2OS	550
L2SM	551

**Table 4-2      Pre- and Post-processors status**

Processor	Version
ECMWFP	318
VTECGN	311
LAI pre-processor	307
L2 Post-processors	400

### 4.2.3 Schema updates

No schema changes have been conducted during the reporting period.

### 4.2.4 Schema status

At the end of the reporting period, the schema version of the datablock of the products generated and distributed through EOLI is:

**Table 4-3      Schema version status**

Product type	Version
MIR_SC_F1B	300
MIR_SCSF1C	300
MIR_SCLF1C	300
MIR_BWSF1C	300
MIR_BWLF1C	300
MIR_SMUDP2	300
MIR_OSUDP2	300
AUX_ECMWF_	300

The schema packages are available from the SMOS Global Mapping Tool (GMT) webpage:

[https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/software-tools/-/asset\\_publisher/P2xs/content/gmt-smos-global-mapping-tool](https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/software-tools/-/asset_publisher/P2xs/content/gmt-smos-global-mapping-tool)

#### 4.2.5 Aux file updates

The following quasi-static AUX files were disseminated to the processing stations this reporting period. The status of the quasi-static AUX files at the end of the reporting period is in the section 6.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_BULL\_B\_20131002T000000\_20131101T235959\_120\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L1 processor: N/A

Justification: Bulletin Update including values from October 2013 and the prediction for November 2013. Its usage is intended for reprocessing.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_BULL\_B\_20131002T000000\_20500101T000000\_120\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L1 processor: 2013-12-03 06:27:46z

Justification: Bulletin Update including values from October 2013 and the prediction for November 2013. Its usage is intended for the nominal production.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT1D\_20131201T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L2 processor: N/A

Justification: December update.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT1F\_20131201T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L2 processor: 2014-01-14 02:33:11z

Justification: December update.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT2D\_20131201T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L2 processor: N/A

Justification: December update.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT2F\_20131201T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L2 processor: 2013-12-10 05:15:06z

Justification: December update.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT3D\_20131201T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L2 processor: N/A

Justification: December update.

**SM\_OPER\_AUX\_OTT3F\_20131201T000000\_20500101T000000\_550\_001\_3**

Start sensing time at L1 processor: 2013-12-10 05:15:06z

Justification: December update.

### 4.3 Calibration Events Summary

The following table summarizes the major calibration activities conducted during the reporting period. The Local Oscillator calibration is not included in the table since occurs periodically every 10 minutes. The short calibrations are acquired since 2011-03-24 and they are currently used in the nominal processing chain.

**Table 4-4      Calibration summary**

Start	Finish	Calibration	Comments
2013-12-04 04:34:11z	2013-12-04 05:56:24z	NIR calibration	Nominal Brightness temperature: 4.03 K RMS: 1.12 K Moon Elevation: -7.29 deg Sun Elevation: -21.32 deg Right Ascension: 350.25 deg

Declination: 40.19 deg			
2013-12-04 14:12:00z	2013-12-04 15:05:19z	Long calibration	Nominal
2013-12-04 15:52:00z	2013-12-04 16:45:19z	Long calibration	Nominal
2013-12-12 17:20:44z	2013-12-12 17:22:28z	Short calibration	Nominal
2013-12-18 15:01:28z	2013-12-18 16:23:41z	NIR calibration	Nominal Brightness temperature: 3.48 K RMS: 0.099 K Moon Elevation: 26.04 deg Sun Elevation: -18.24 deg Right Ascension: 170.73 deg Declination: 37.39 deg
2013-12-19 17:50:58z	2013-12-19 17:52:42z	Short calibration	Nominal
2013-12-26 18:25:00z	2013-12-26 18:26:44z	Short calibration	Nominal

#### 4.4 Data Coverage Summary

Where instrument unavailabilities or anomalies have occurred during this reporting period, gaps in data coverage may have occurred. A list of the gaps due to a permanent data loss is given in Table 4-5 by product level. On the other hand, a list of gaps due to operational problems is given in Table 4-6. The latter gaps may be recovered when the problem is fixed.

The science data gaps due to the execution of calibration activities are not listed in this section.

**Table 4-5      Data loss summary**

Start	Finish	Data Level	Comments
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

**Table 4-6      Operational gaps summary**

Start	Finish	Data Level	Comments
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 4.5 Summary of degraded data

In December 2013, SMOS data was affected by the following instrument and processing anomalies which have had a detrimental effect on the data quality.

The CMN unlocks produced short intervals (10 min) of degraded data.

**Table 4-7      Summary of degraded data**

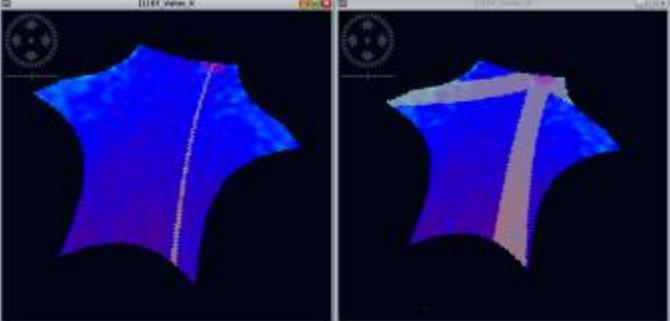
Start	Finish	Affected products	Problem Description
2013-12-16 22:05:04z	2013-12-16 22:42:53z	L1a and above products	Orbital Correction Manoeuvre (FOS-0242)
2013-12-20 10:47:35z	2013-12-20 10:57:35z	L1a and above products	CMN Unlock H1 (FOS-0243)
2013-12-24 11:31:45z	2013-12-24 11:41:45z	L1a and above products	CMN Unlock B2 (FOS-0244)

## 4.6 Product Quality Disclaimers

The following product disclaimers affects the data generated in the reporting period:

**Table 4-8      Summary of product quality disclaimers**

Date	
21 March 2012	Due to a software anomaly in the L1OP V5.04 and V5.05 processor, the Sun Glint Flag available in the L1c Product is not

	<p>correctly set. This flag aims to indicate measurements affected by Sun glint over ocean. The major impact of this anomaly is on the users who are using L1c data to retrieve Sea Surface Salinity. Those users need to discard the information provided by the Sun glint flag in their retrieval algorithms. This anomaly does not impact the ESA Level 2 Ocean salinity product because the Sun glint flag from L1c input data is not used by the retrieval algorithm. Information on Sun glint are directly computed by the L2 processor and used for the retrieval of the Sea Surface Salinity. Only the Dg_sun_glint_area counter in the Level 2 Ocean Salinity products is affected due to this anomaly.</p>
12 July 2012	<p>Due to a software anomaly in the Level 0 processor, the <i>Cycle</i> field in all the product headers is incorrectly set. This value is annotated in the headers of all the higher level products.</p>
15 August 2012	<p>Due to a software anomaly in the Level 1 processor, the sun tails flag is not correctly set in the L1C products. Therefore, not all the affected data by the Sun tails are flagged in the Level 1C products and the Level 2 processors will take those data as nominal. The following figure shows where the not flagged pixels are located in the snapshot in case of descending passes. The current flagging is provided in the left, whereas the correct flagging of the Sun tail is shown in the right. Notice that in the current data one of the Sun tail is missing and therefore the pixel in the upper part of the snapshot are not flagged. The figure on the right has been generated with an increase of the width of the Sun tail to make clear the area affected. The impact of the Sun tail in the measurements is under investigation by the ESL and a refinement of the width of the Sun Tail will be available in the next version of the L1 processor.</p> 
06 March 2013	<p>Due to a software anomaly in the Level 2 Ocean Salinity processor V550, Fg_ctrl_galactic_noise (part of Fg_ctrl_poor_geophysical) may be set sometimes when it should be clear. As a result, good quality data may be rejected when filtering retrievals using the Fg_ctrl_poor_geophysical flag. Users are recommended to filter data using either a threshold (eg &lt; 150) on Dg_quality_SSS, or a combination of Fg_ctrl_poor_retrieval and applicable flags from Fg_ctrl_poor_geophysical (ie any of Fg_ctrl_many_outliers or Fg_ctrl_sunglint or Fg_ctrl_moonglint or Fg_ctrl_num_meas_low or Fg_sc_suspect_ice or Fg_sc_rain). In the OSDAP the Fm_gal_noise_error flag may also be set incorrectly.</p>
06 March 2013	<p>Due to a software anomaly in the Level 2 Ocean Salinity processor v550, the salinity retrieval error is slightly increased in high wind speed conditions.</p>

## 5. LONG-TERM ANALYSIS

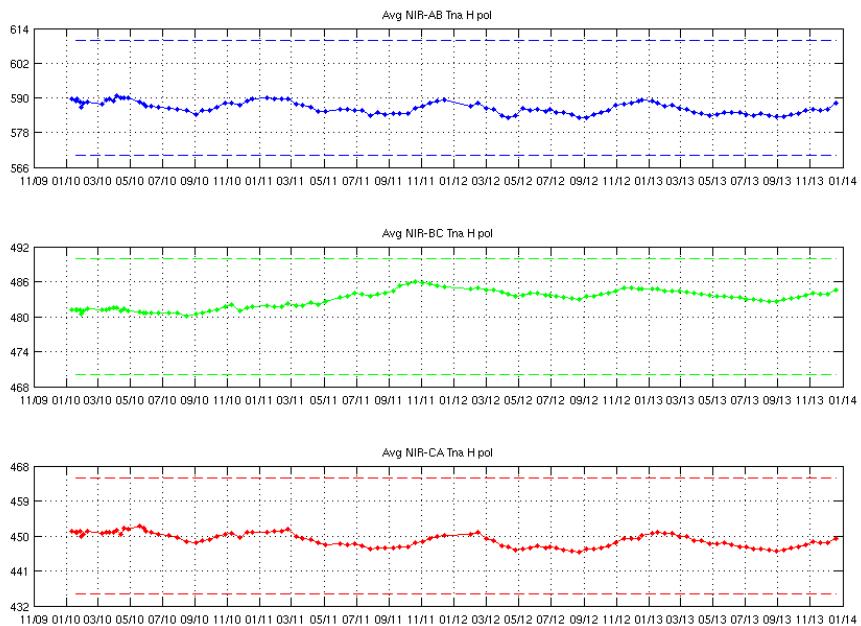
### 5.1 Calibration Analysis

The calibration parameters are under monitoring. During the reporting period, there have been NIR calibrations events on 4th and 13th December. The NIR calibration events have been monitored and the noise injection levels of the NIR diodes are inside the range defined in the routine calibration plan.

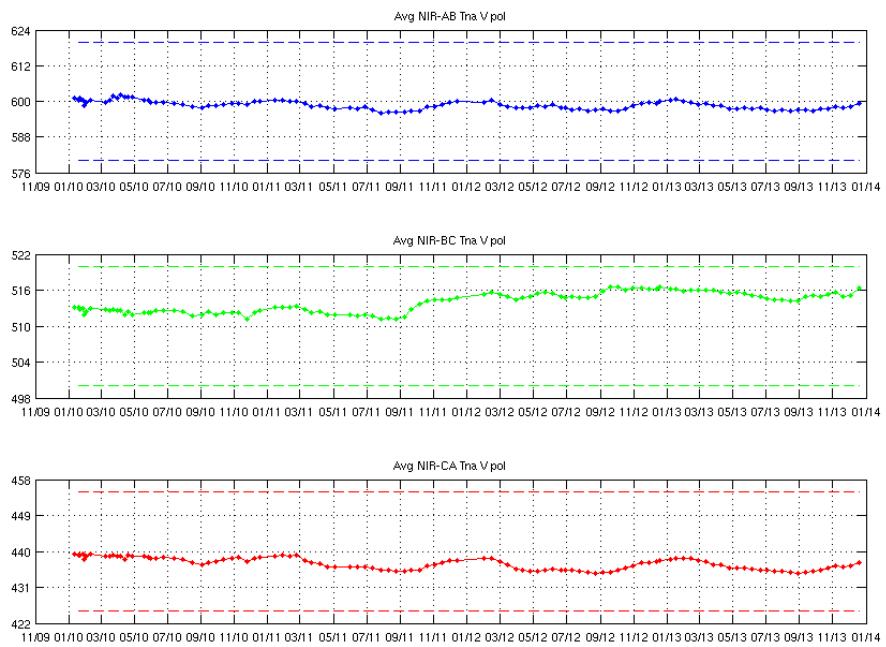
The evolution of the noise temperature of the reference noise diodes  $T_{na}$  and  $T_{nr}$  show some drifting and seasonal variations since the beginning of the mission (Figure 1 to Figure 4). After the compensation of those variations by means of the calibration, residual seasonal variations are still observed in the data (see Release notes: [https://earth.esa.int/c/document\\_library/get\\_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/c/document_library/get_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-5105.pdf)). Recently, it has been discovered that the antenna losses are the elements which are varying and those variations are propagated to the reference noise temperatures  $T_{na}$  and  $T_{nr}$  through the calibration. Therefore, the variation in  $T_{na}$  and  $T_{nr}$  is not totally related to the diode stability which is the purpose to monitor these parameters.

Currently, the calibration algorithms compensates both variations, the antenna losses and the reference noise diodes, simultaneously since both factors are coupled in the current calibration strategy. The Level 1 Processor 600 will introduce a new calibration algorithm which decouples the variation of the antenna losses and the reference noise diodes drifts. That will allow the compensation of each drift separately improving the diode stability monitoring, further improving the calibration of the NIR and as such the final data quality in terms of Brightness temperature stability and accuracy.

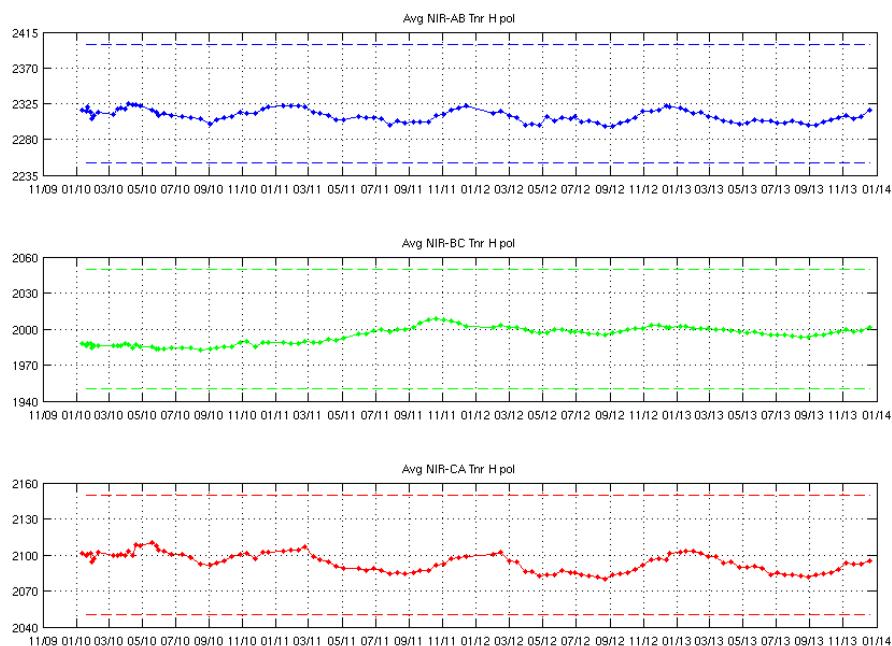
The leakage and cross-coupling factors of the NIR channels remain small and no problems can be observed apart from a peak in the phase of the NIR-AB cross-coupling term on 11 April 2012. That peak corresponds to an anomaly in the NIR-AB that did not have impact on the data.



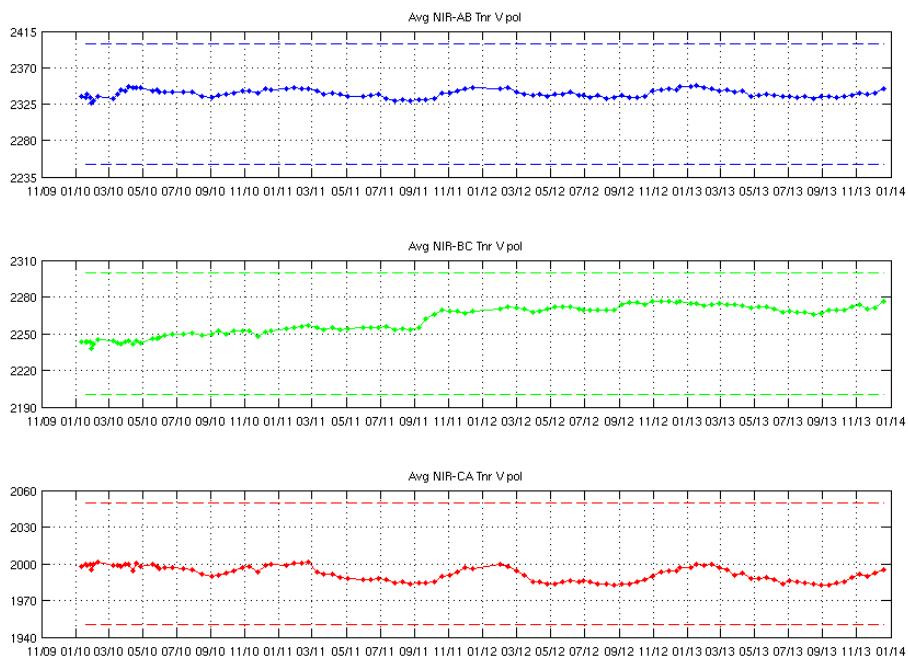
**Figure 1** Tna evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the H-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines



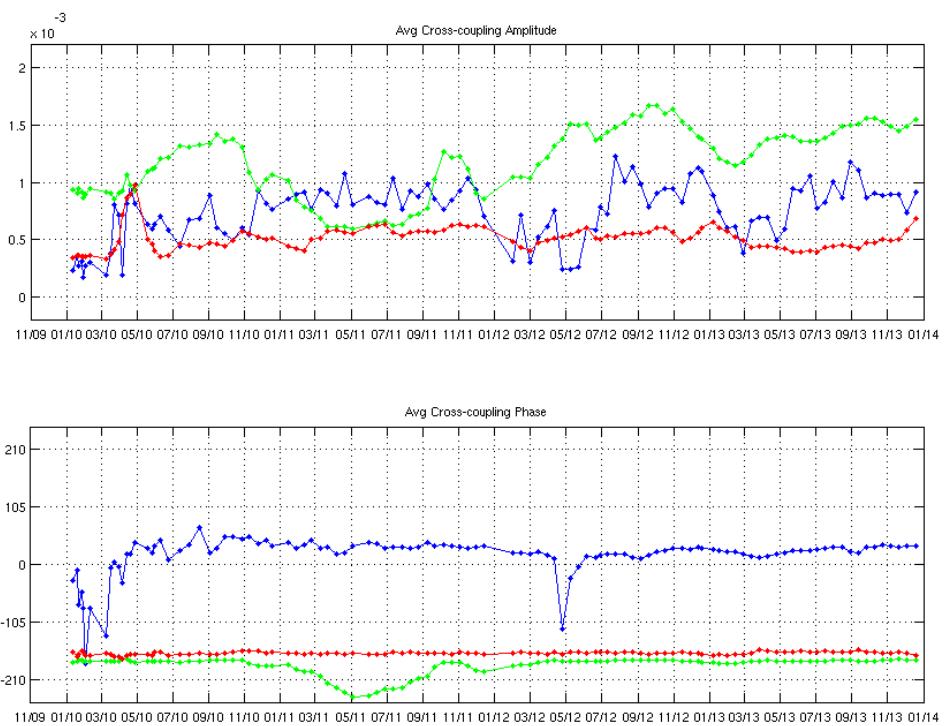
**Figure 2** Tna evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the V-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines



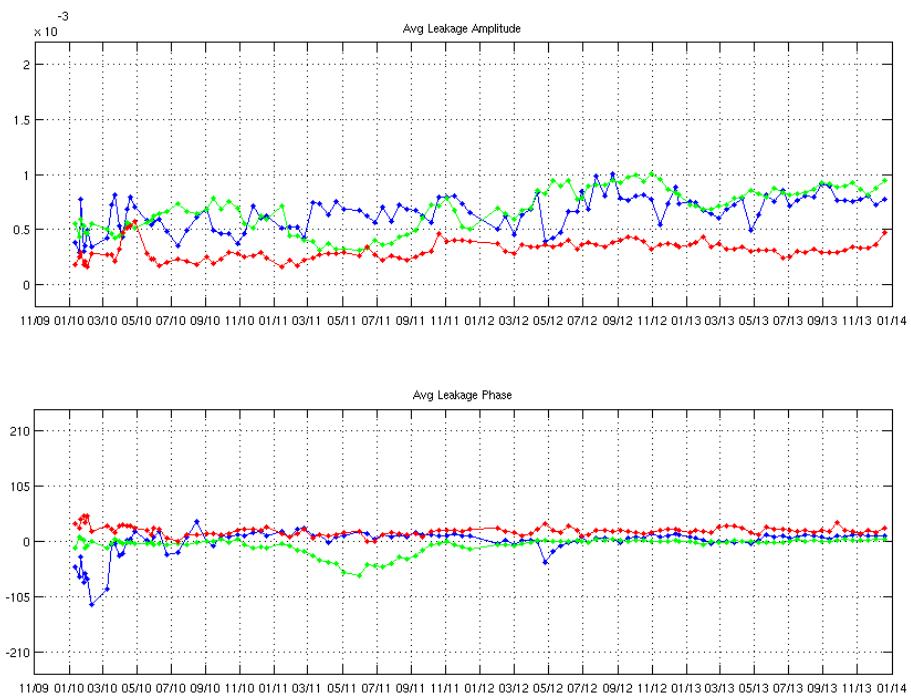
**Figure 3** Tnr evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the H-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines



**Figure 4** Tnr evolution of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) in the V-channel since the beginning of the mission. Thresholds in dashed lines



**Figure 5 Cross-coupling evolution in amplitude and phase of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) since the beginning of the mission**



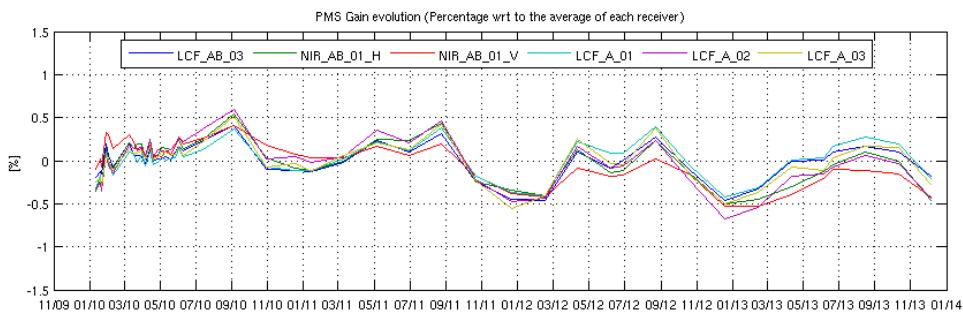
**Figure 6 Leakage factor evolution in amplitude and phase of NIR AB (blue), NIR BC (green) and NIR CA (red) since the beginning of the mission**

The LICEF calibration status is updated by long (every 8 weeks) and short (weekly) on-board calibration activities. A long calibration has been conducted on 10th October.

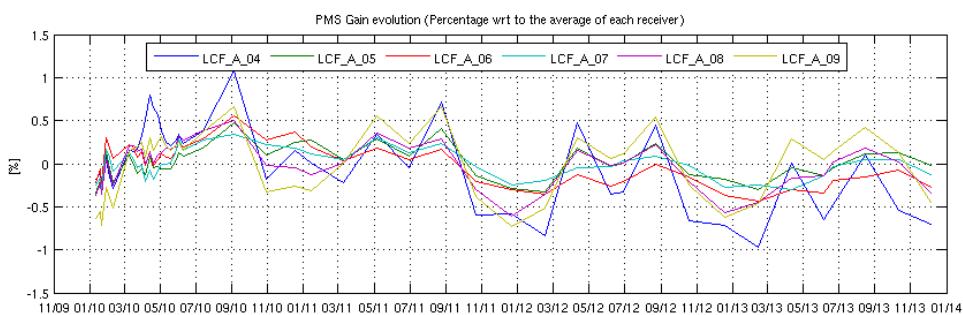
LICEF PMS gain is derived during the long calibration activity and the Figure 7 to Figure 18 show the evolution of the deviations of the PMS gain wrt its average over time. Figure 19 to Figure 30 show the evolution of the PMS offsets derived during the short calibration activity. The PMS gain and offset values are inside the range defined in the routine calibration plan although small drift can be observed. That drift can be explained due to the current limitations of the NIR calibration algorithm to track the antenna losses and the reference noise diodes. The drifts in the antenna losses that the NIR calibration algorithm cannot compensate are directly propagated to the PMS gain and offset calibration. It is expected that the introduction of the future L1OP v600 will remove these apparent drifts allowing to improve the PMS stability and as such the final data quality in terms of Brightness temperature stability and accuracy.

Figure 31 shows the evolution of the average over all the baselines of the Fringe Washing Function (FWF) amplitude in the origin derived during the long calibration. The amplitude of the FWF at the origin does not show any drift and their values are inside the ranges defined in the routine calibration plan.

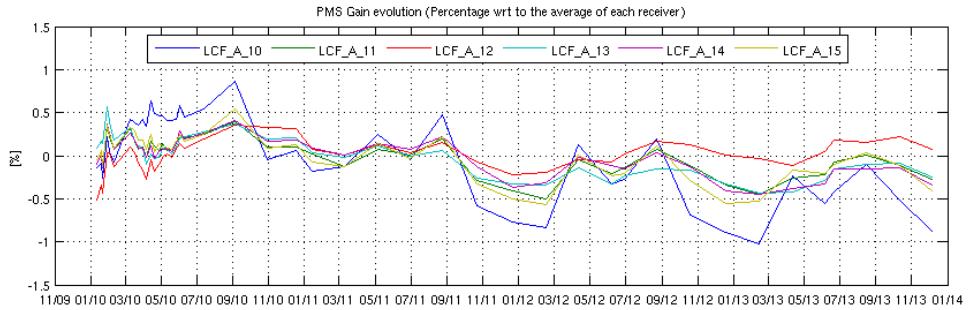
During the reporting period updates has been applied for the NIR, Long and Short calibration as reported in Table 4-4



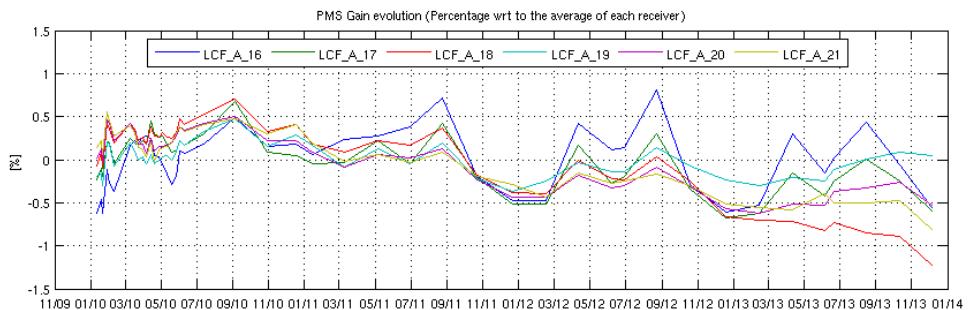
**Figure 7 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN H1**



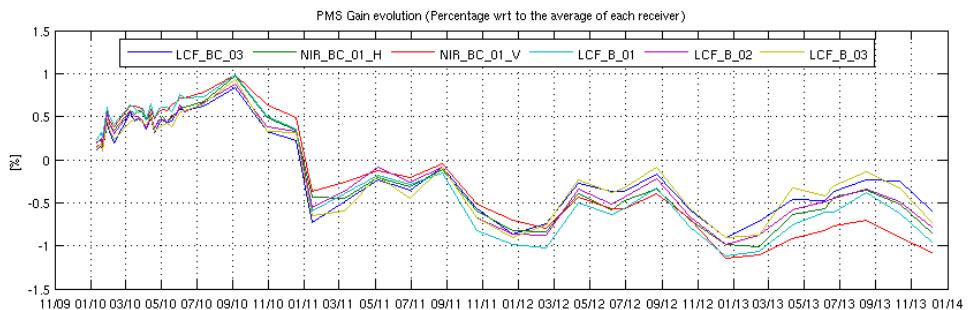
**Figure 8 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN A1**



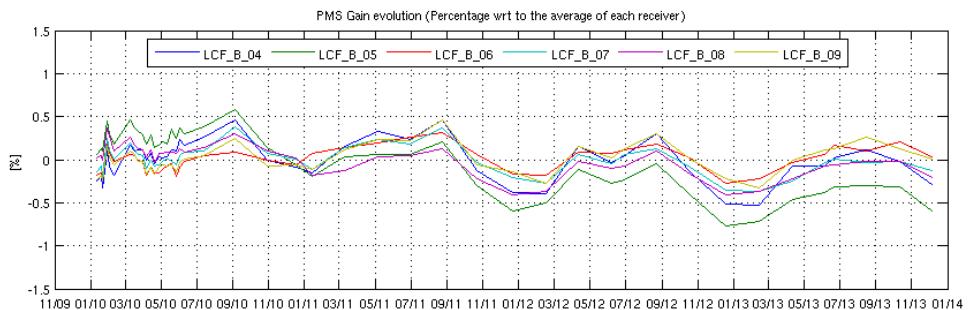
**Figure 9 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN A2**



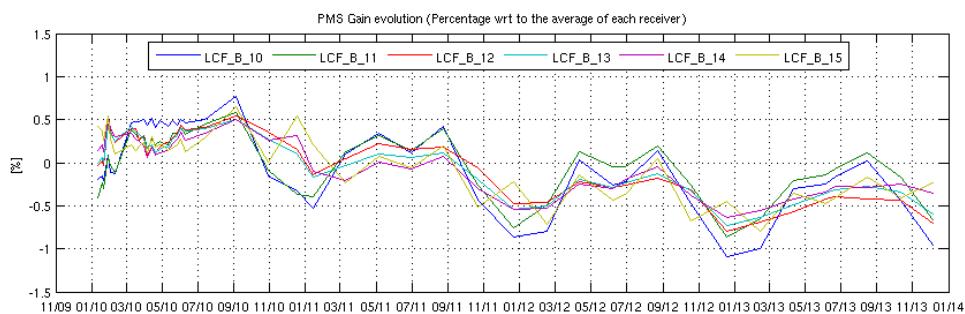
**Figure 10 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN A3**



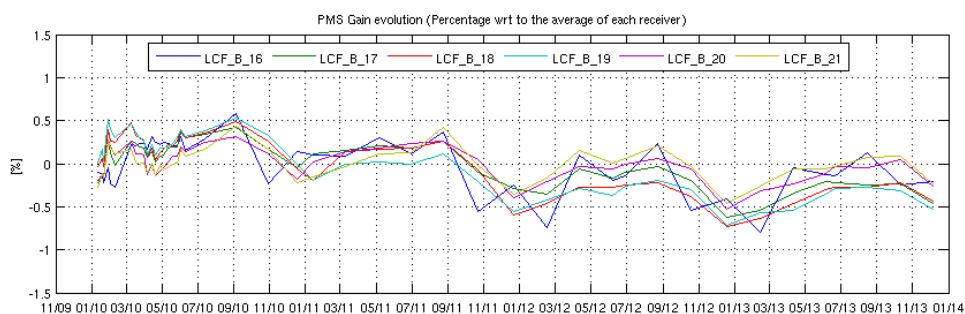
**Figure 11 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN H2**



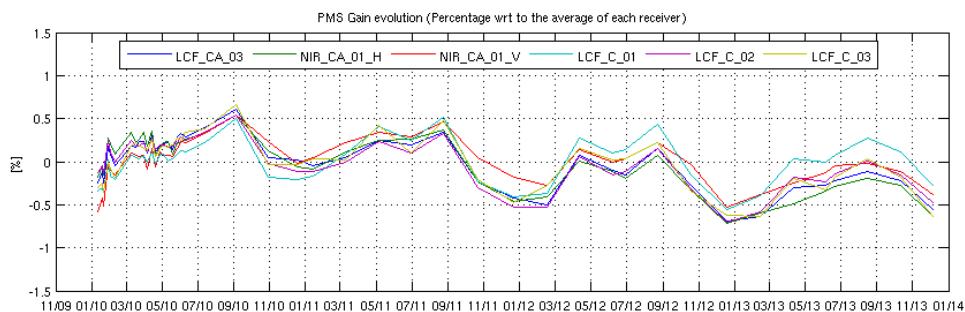
**Figure 12 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN B1**



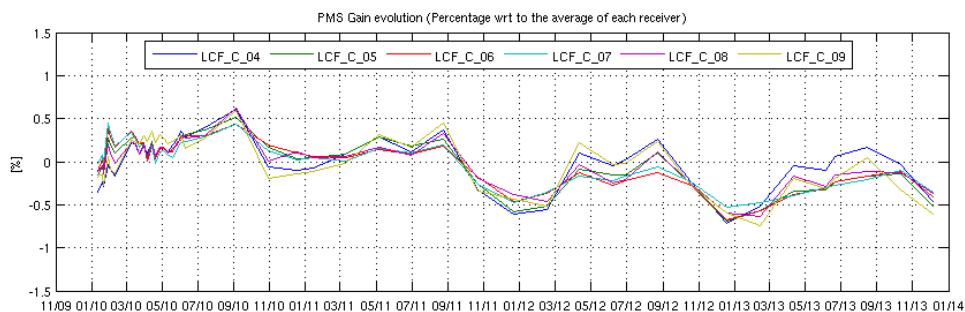
**Figure 13 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN B2**



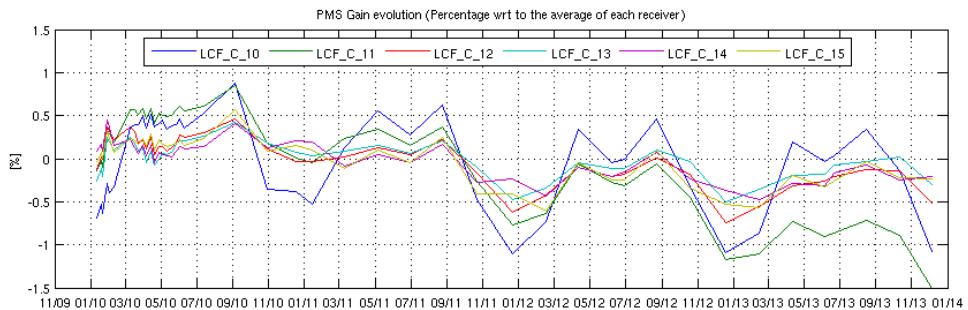
**Figure 14 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN B3**



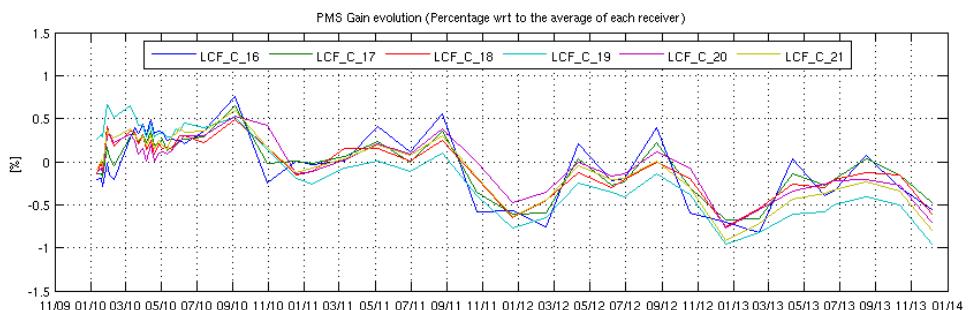
**Figure 15 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN H3**



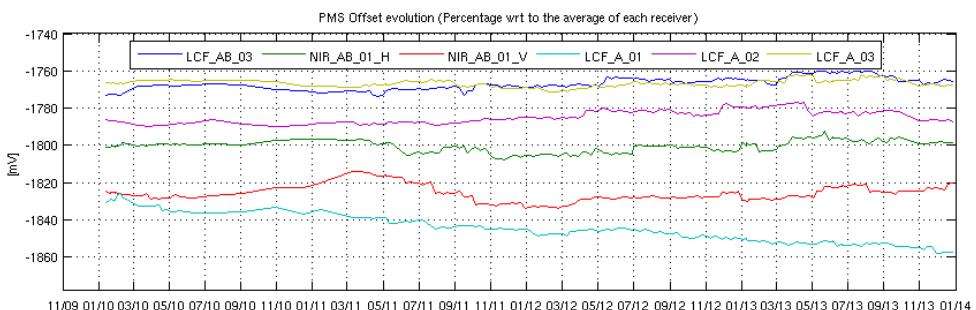
**Figure 16 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN C1**



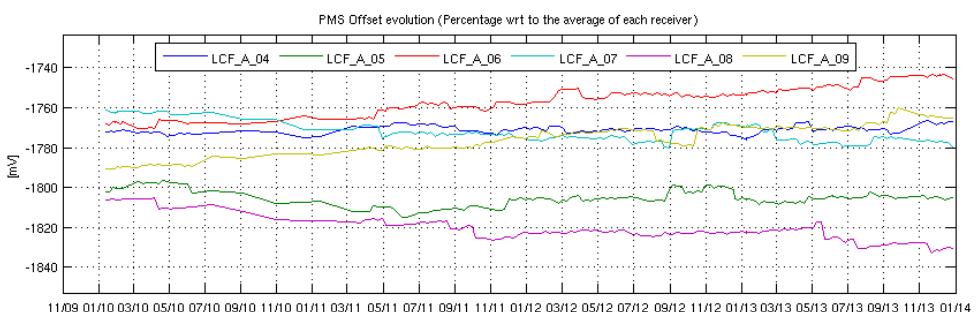
**Figure 17 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN C2**



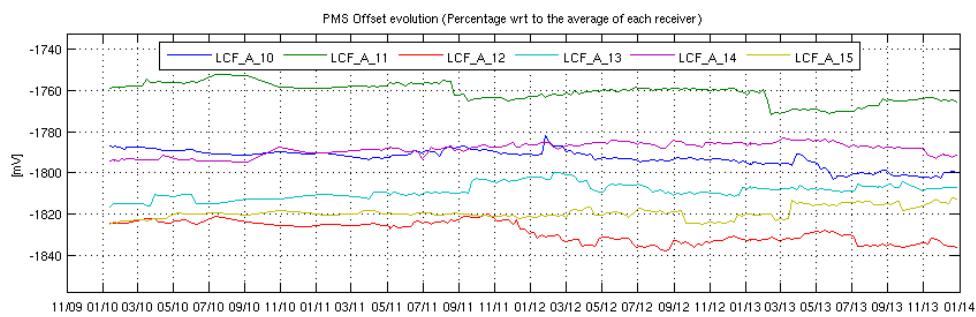
**Figure 18 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Gain of the LICEFS in CMN C3**



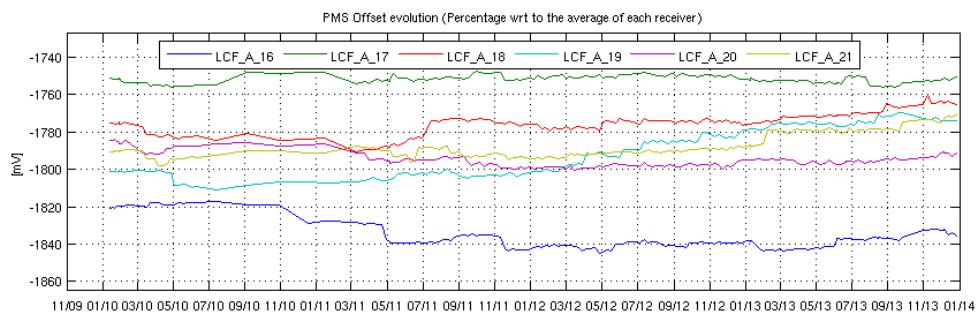
**Figure 19 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN H1**



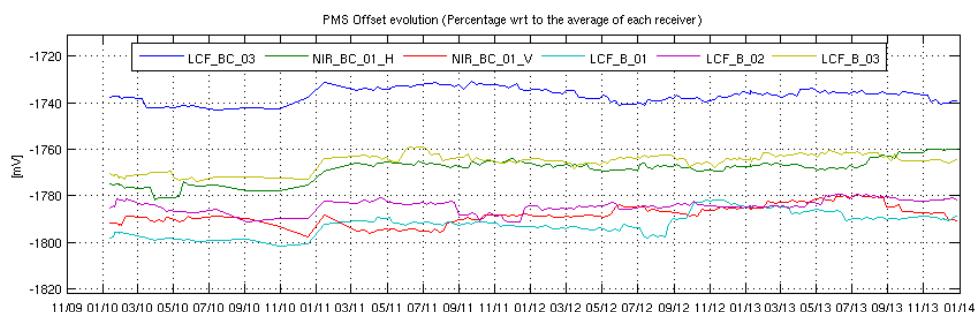
**Figure 20 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN A1**



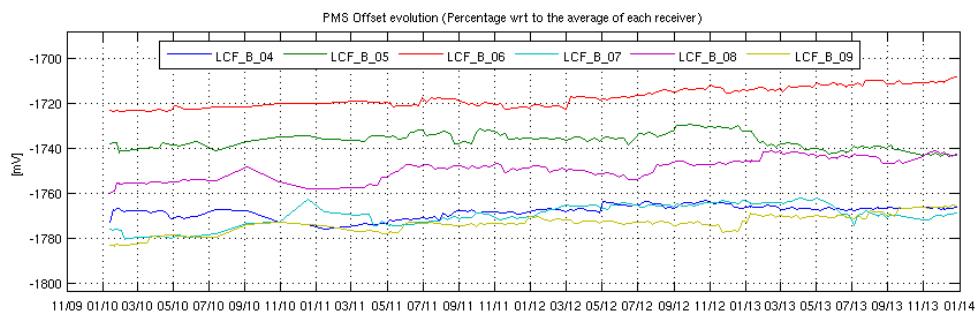
**Figure 21 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN A2**



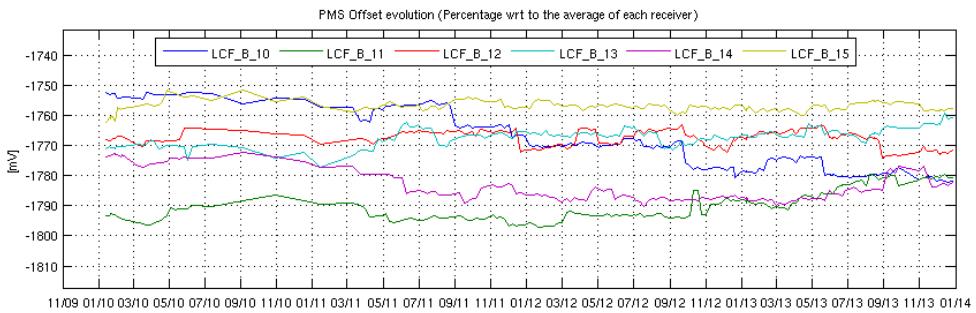
**Figure 22 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN A3**



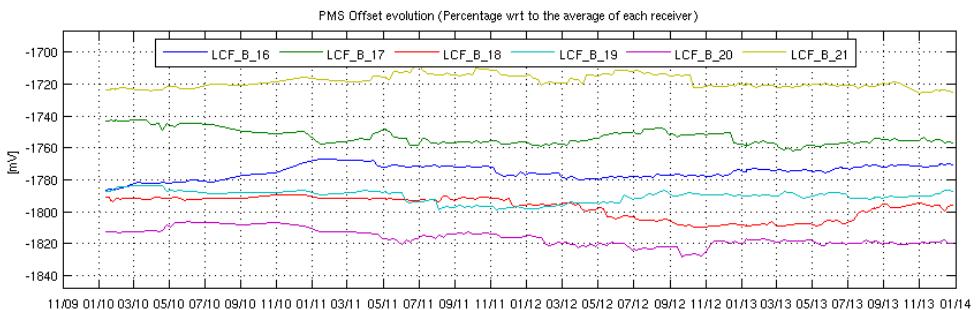
**Figure 23 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN H2**



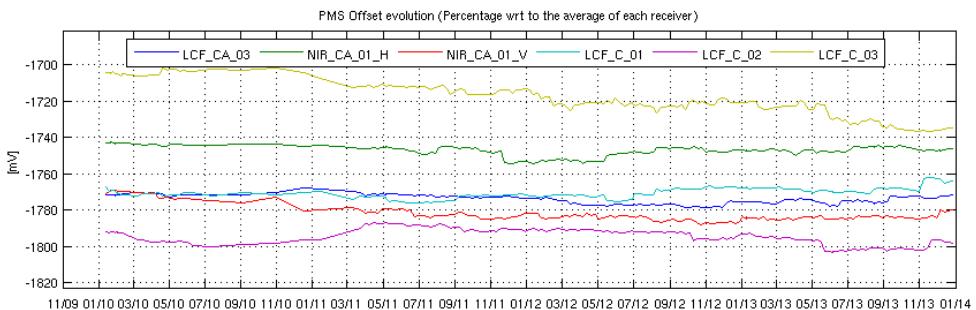
**Figure 24 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN B1**



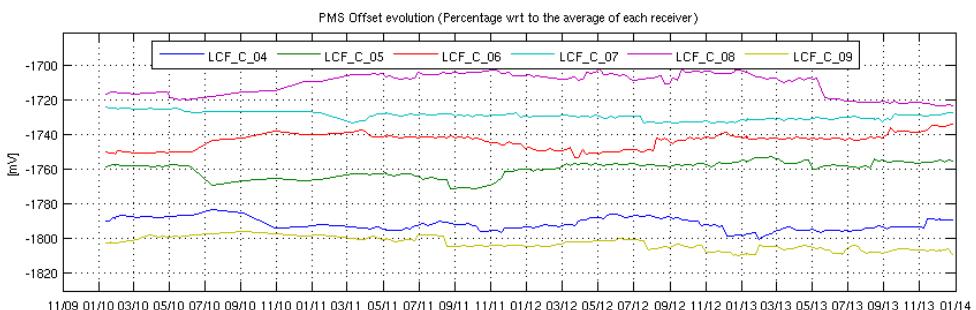
**Figure 25 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN B2**



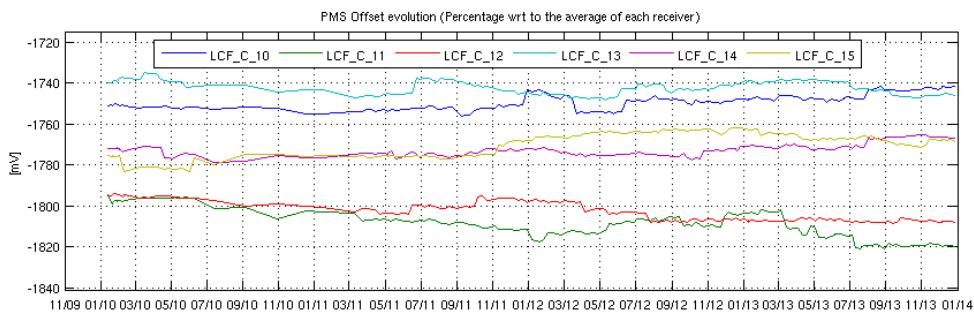
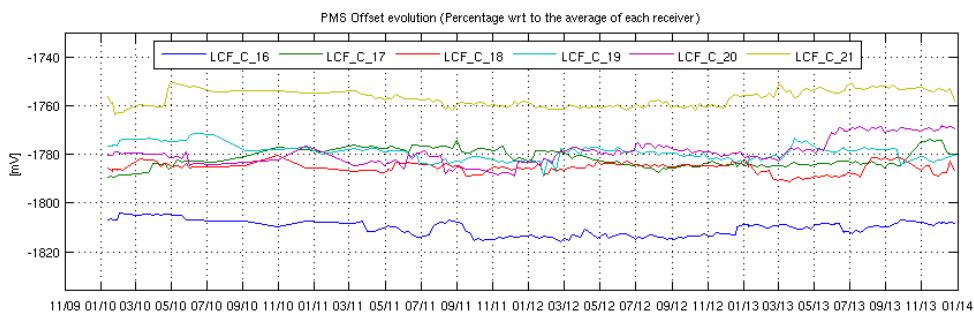
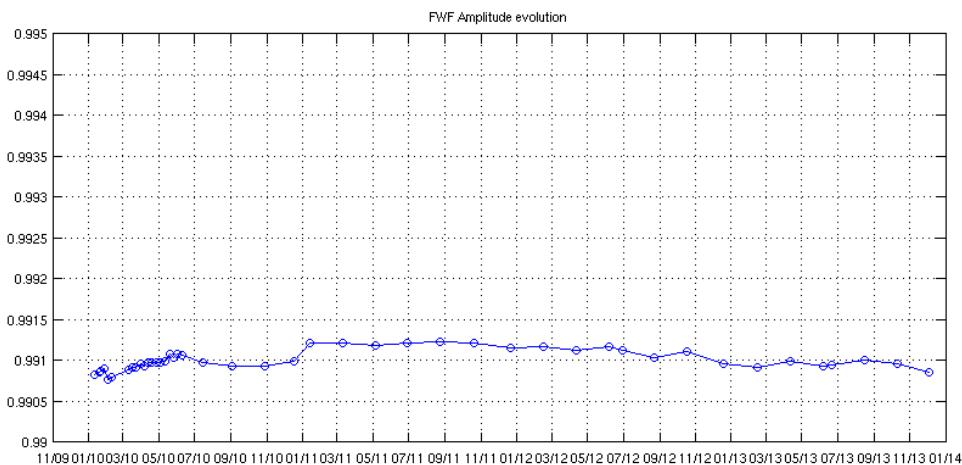
**Figure 26 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN B3**



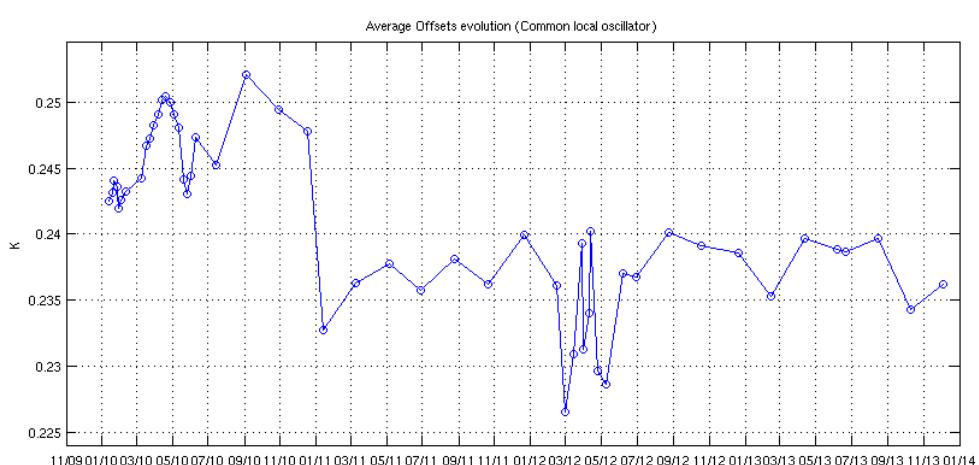
**Figure 27 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN H3**



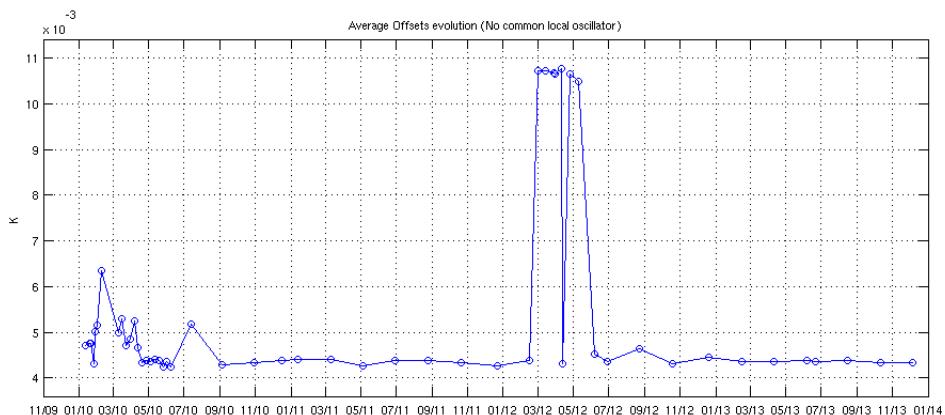
**Figure 28 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN C1**

**Figure 29 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN C2****Figure 30 Evolution of the  $\Delta$  PMS Offset of the LICEFS in CMN C3****Figure 31 Evolution of the average of the FWF Amplitude at the origin**

The evolution of the average of the correlator offsets does not show any significant drift. Also, the correlation offsets between receivers that do not share local oscillator remains much smaller than the correlation offsets between receivers sharing local oscillator. This result is expected since any residual correlated signal arriving to a pair of receivers arrives through the local oscillator signal. On the other hand, the measurement of the correlator offsets acquired between 29th February to 7th June 2012 are noisier because they have been derived using only 122 samples from the NIR calibration events whereas the long calibrations provide 846 samples. The average and maximum difference in brightness temperature between using the nominal calibration and the values obtained from the NIR calibration events are 0.03 K and 0.4 K, respectively.



**Figure 32 Evolution of the average of the Correlator offsets for the baselines which share local oscillator**



**Figure 33 Evolution of the average of the Correlator offsets for the baselines which do not share local oscillator**

## 5.2 Product Quality Analysis

The data quality during November was found to be nominal except in the time intervals listed in the section 4.5.

The L1 production is nominal as no artefacts are observed in the Stokes maps in Figure 34 to Figure 61. The figures plot the Stokes parameter computed at 42.5 deg from the L1C Browse products. All the artificial patterns in the images can be explained by the presence of RFIs. The impact of the RFI in the brightness temperature measurements over land can be observed mainly in Europe and Asia.

The third Stokes parameter (Real part of XY) shows a clear pattern between ascending and descending pass due to the different values of the Total Electron Content in the atmosphere for morning / evening orbits. Strong values of the third Stokes parameter are related to RFI. The fourth Stokes parameter (Imaginary part of XY) shows as expected a mean value around zero. Strong values of the fourth Stokes parameter are related to RFI.

The L2 Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity production is nominal in the reporting period. Figure 69 shows the evolution of the soil moisture retrievals. Those values present significant differences with the Volumetric Soil Water at L1 (see

Figure 70) provided by ECMWF, mainly for the ascending passes. The Level 2 ESL has pointed out that the possible cause is that the predicted precipitation event might not actually occur. An important lack of soil moisture retrievals in the selected area that are polluted by the presence of RFI and frozen soil that does not allow soil moisture retrieval. For more detail on Soil Moisture retrieval algorithm see the L2 Soil Moisture Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document:

([https://earth.esa.int/c/document\\_library/get\\_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-1633.pdf](https://earth.esa.int/c/document_library/get_file?folderId=127856&name=DLFE-1633.pdf)).

Figure 34 1st Stokes evolution over land during the reporting period (week 49)

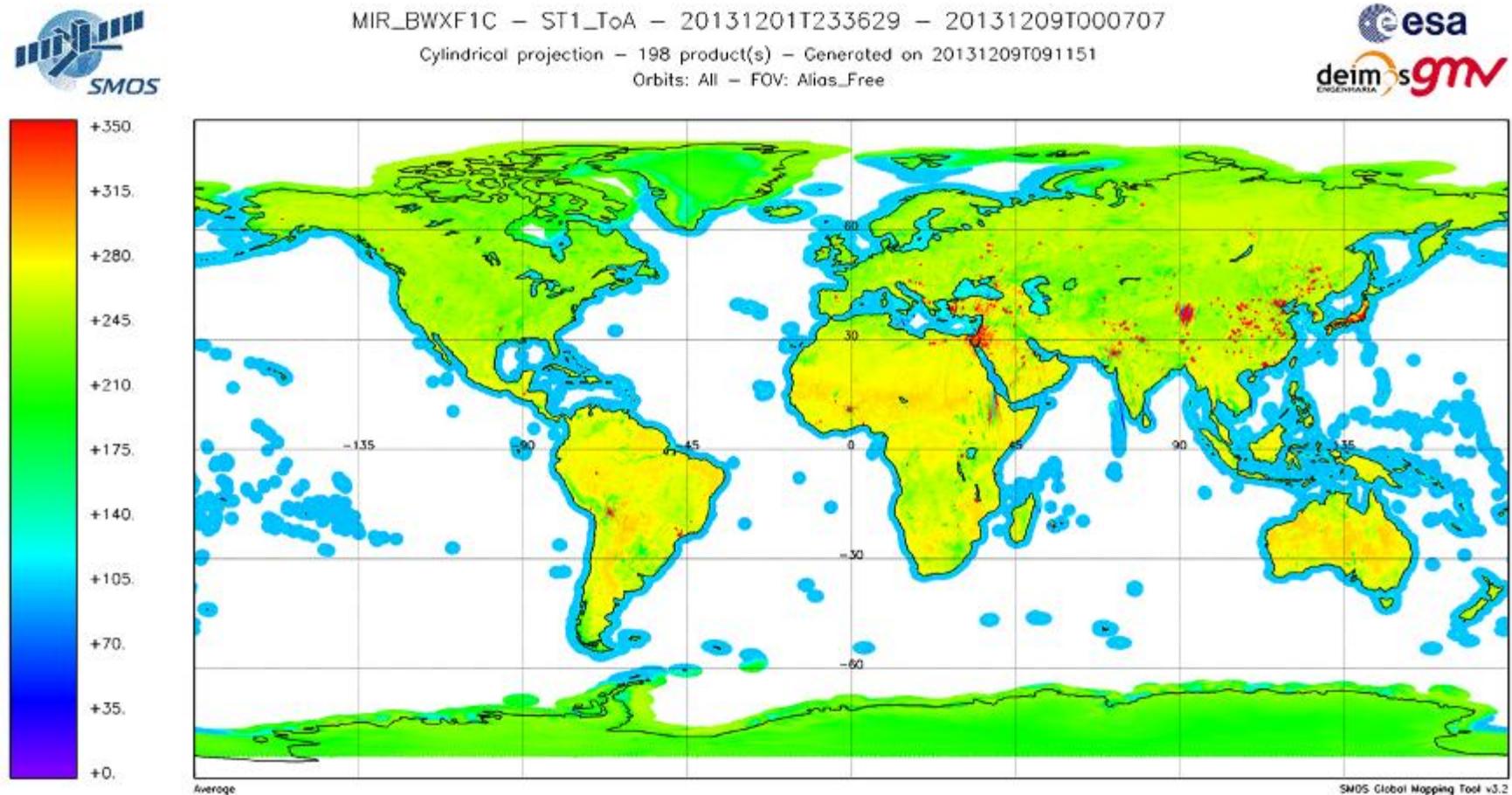


Figure 35 1st Stokes evolution over land during the reporting period (week 50)

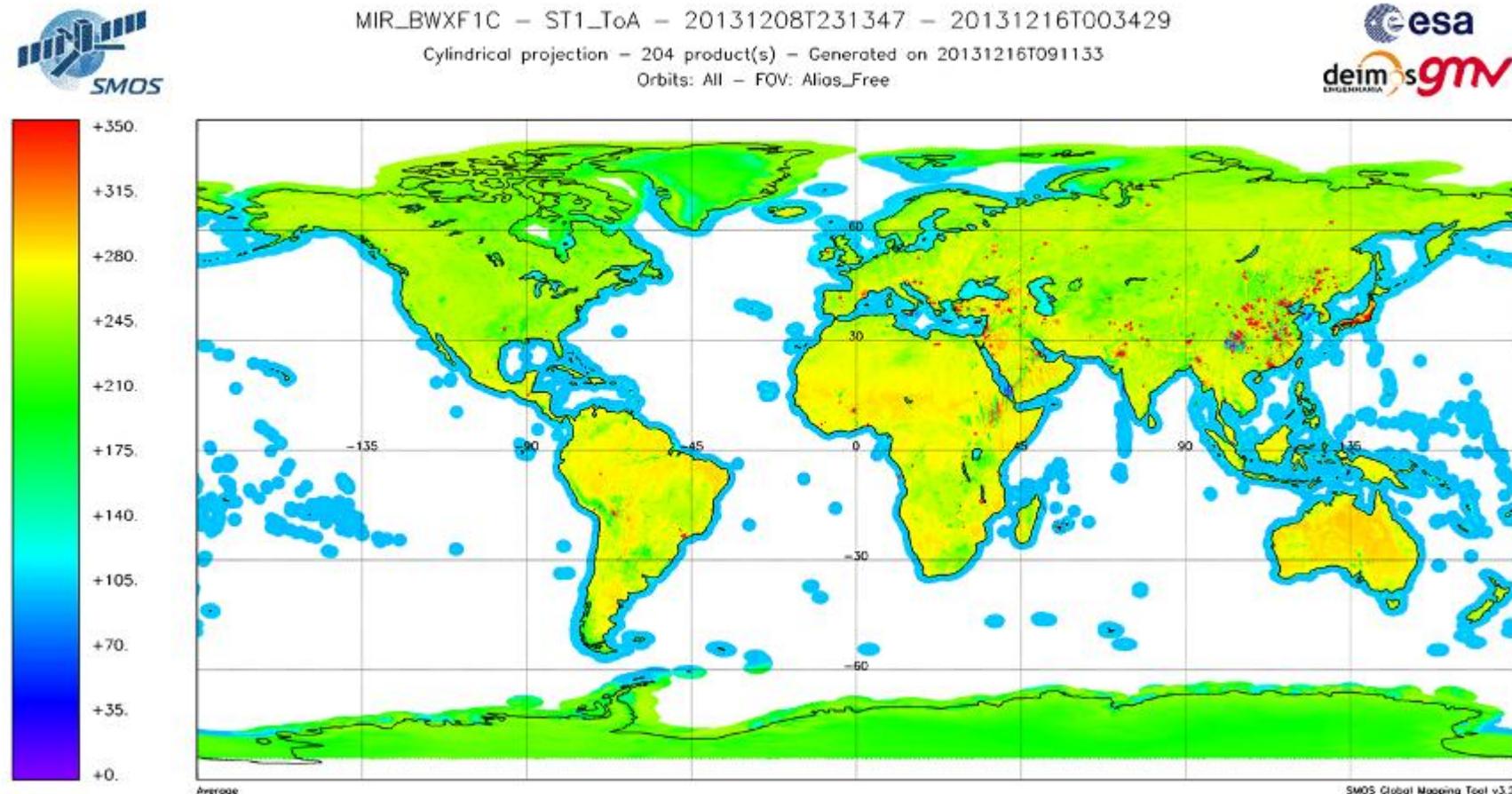


Figure 36 1st Stokes evolution over land during the reporting period (week 51)

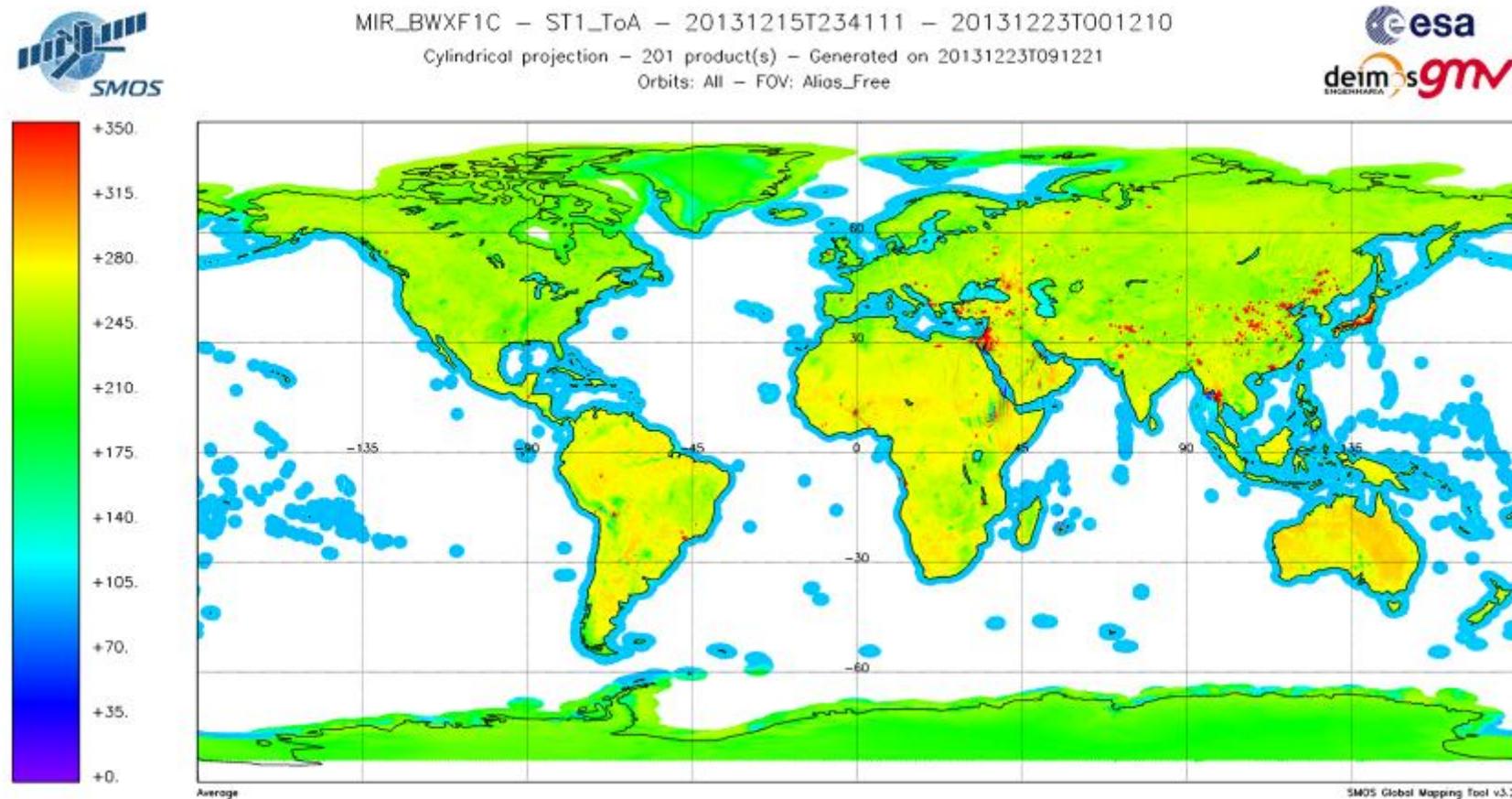


Figure 37 1st Stokes evolution over land during the reporting period (week 52)

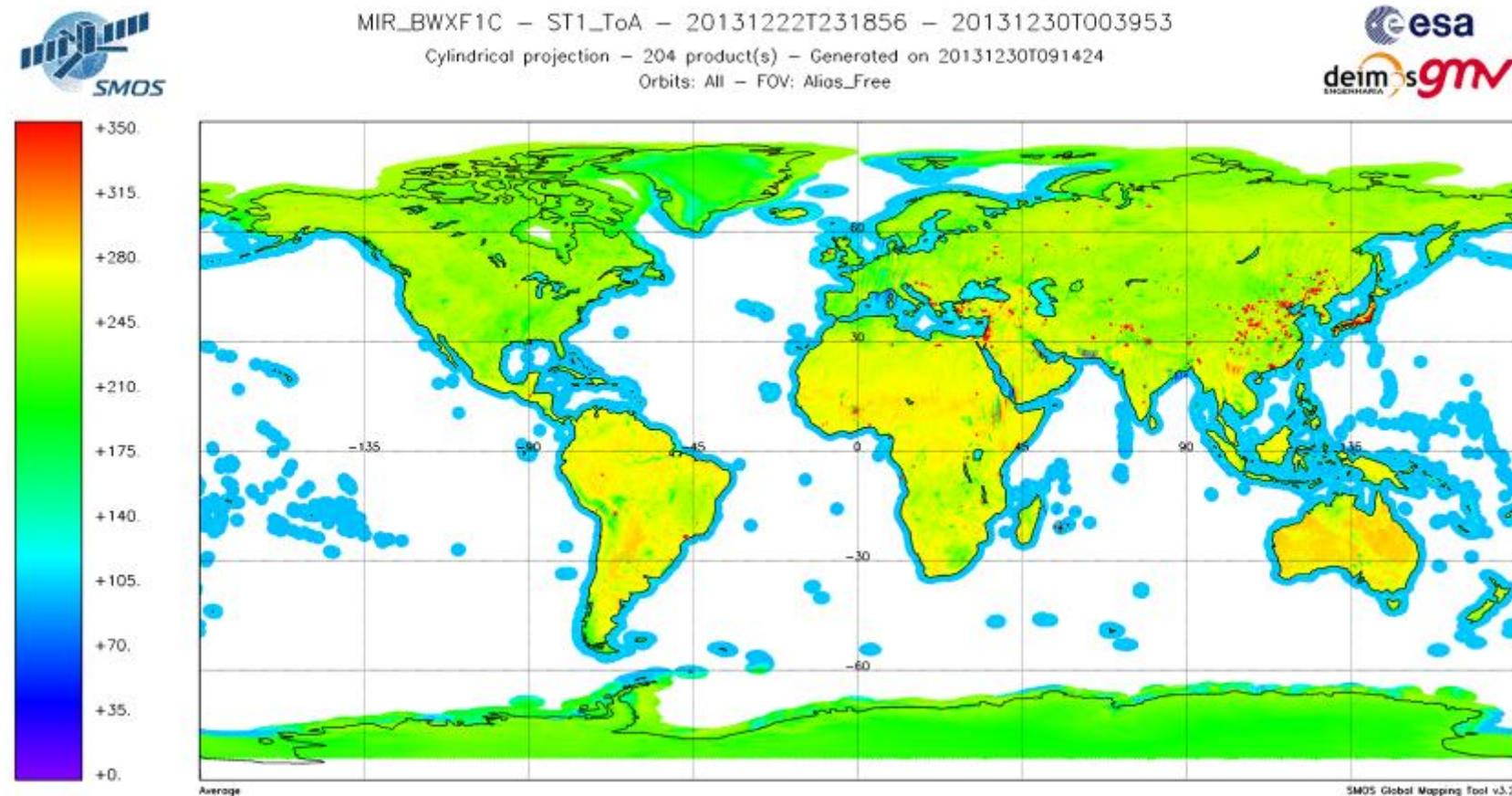


Figure 38 1st Stokes evolution over land during the reporting period (week 53)

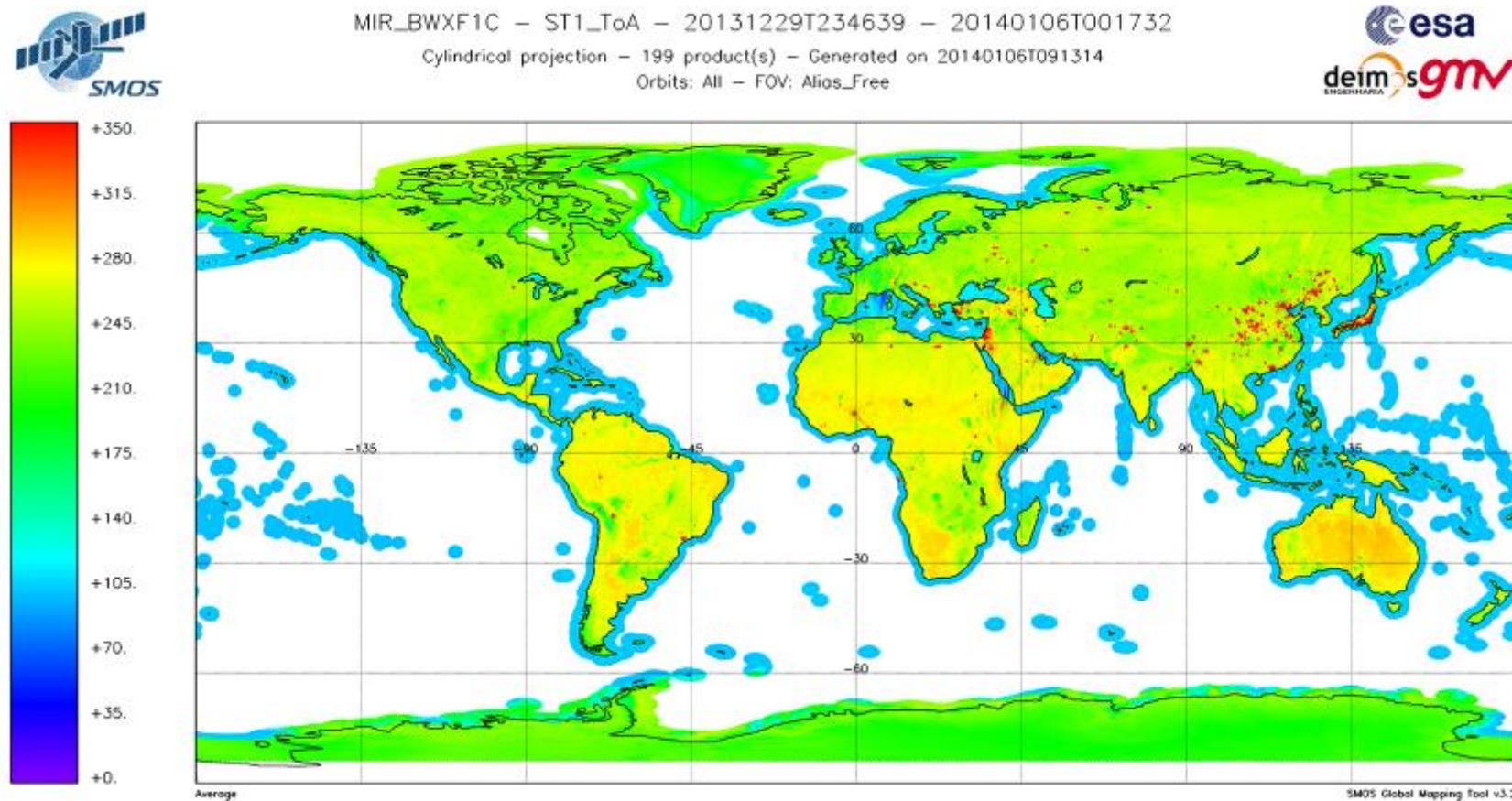


Figure 39 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 49)

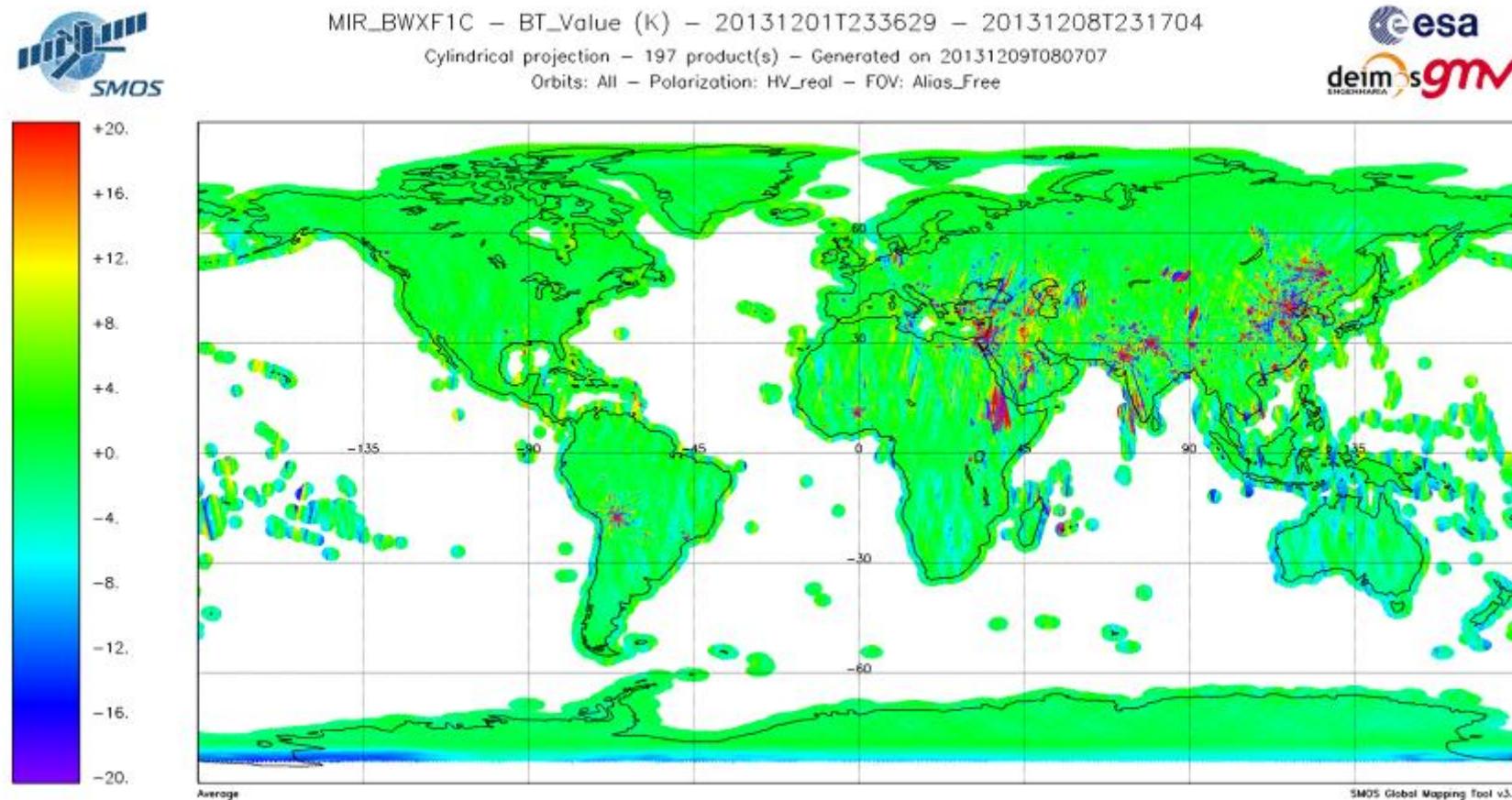


Figure 40 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 50)

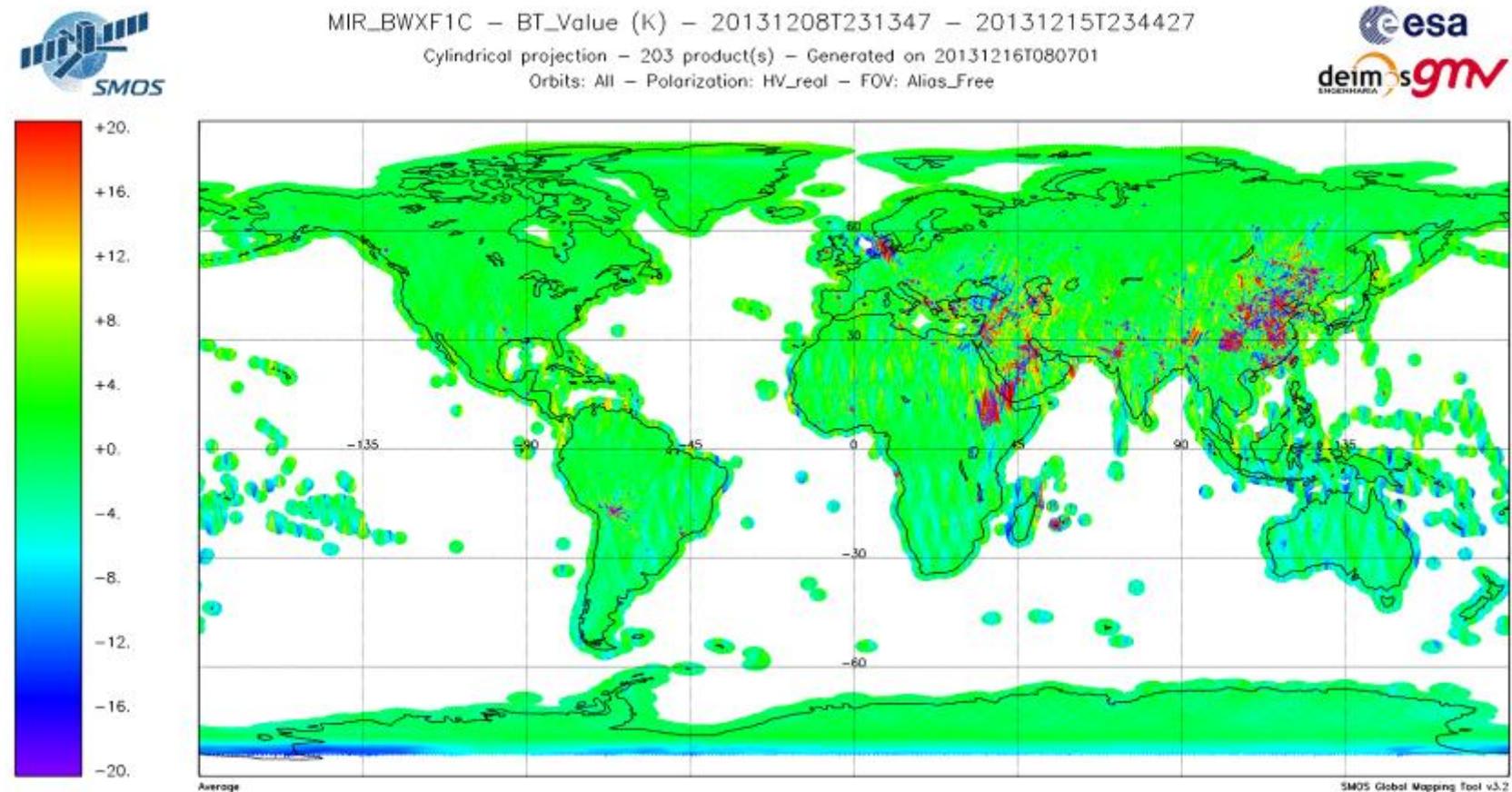


Figure 41 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 51)

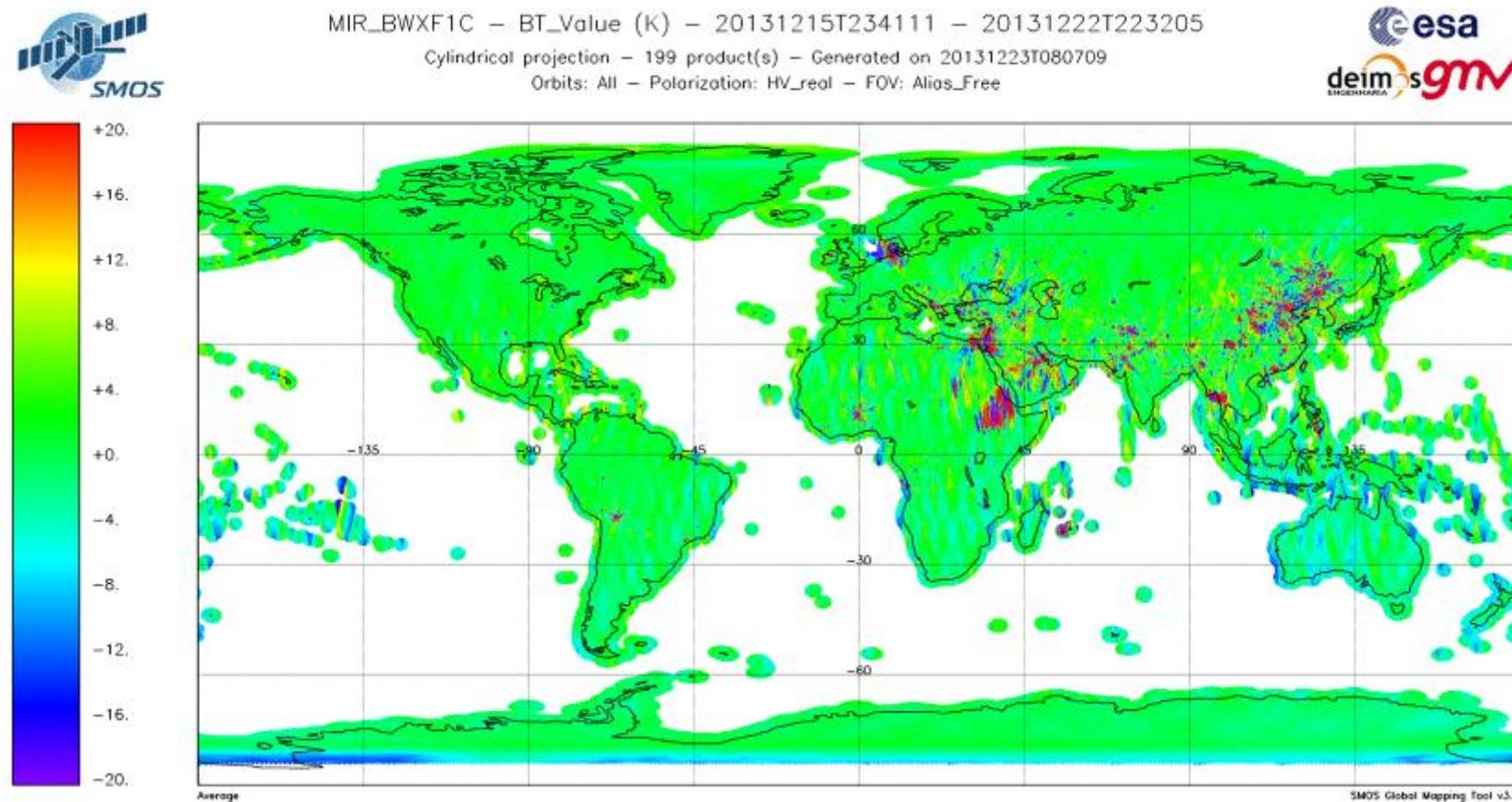


Figure 42 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 52)

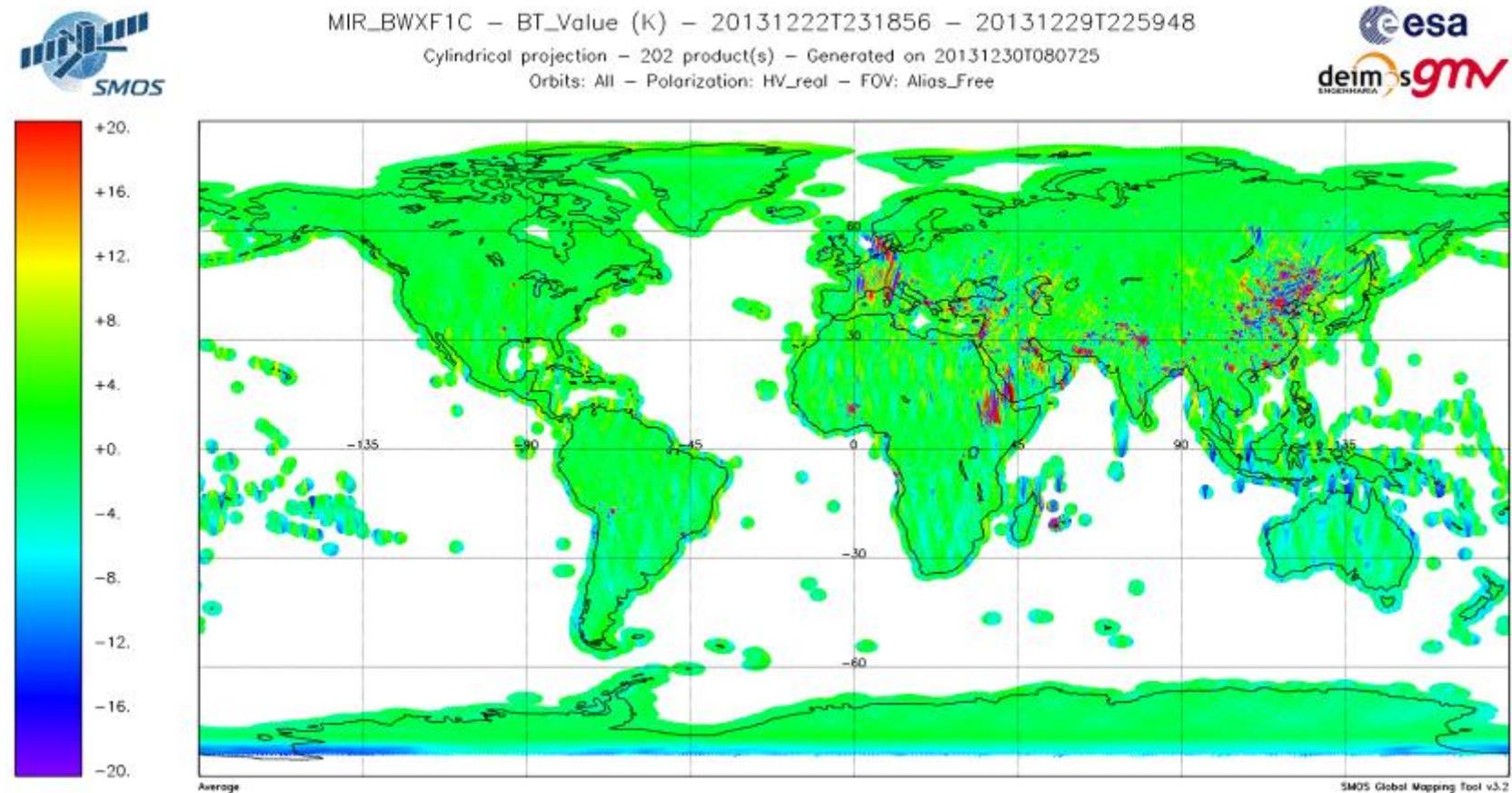


Figure 43 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 52)

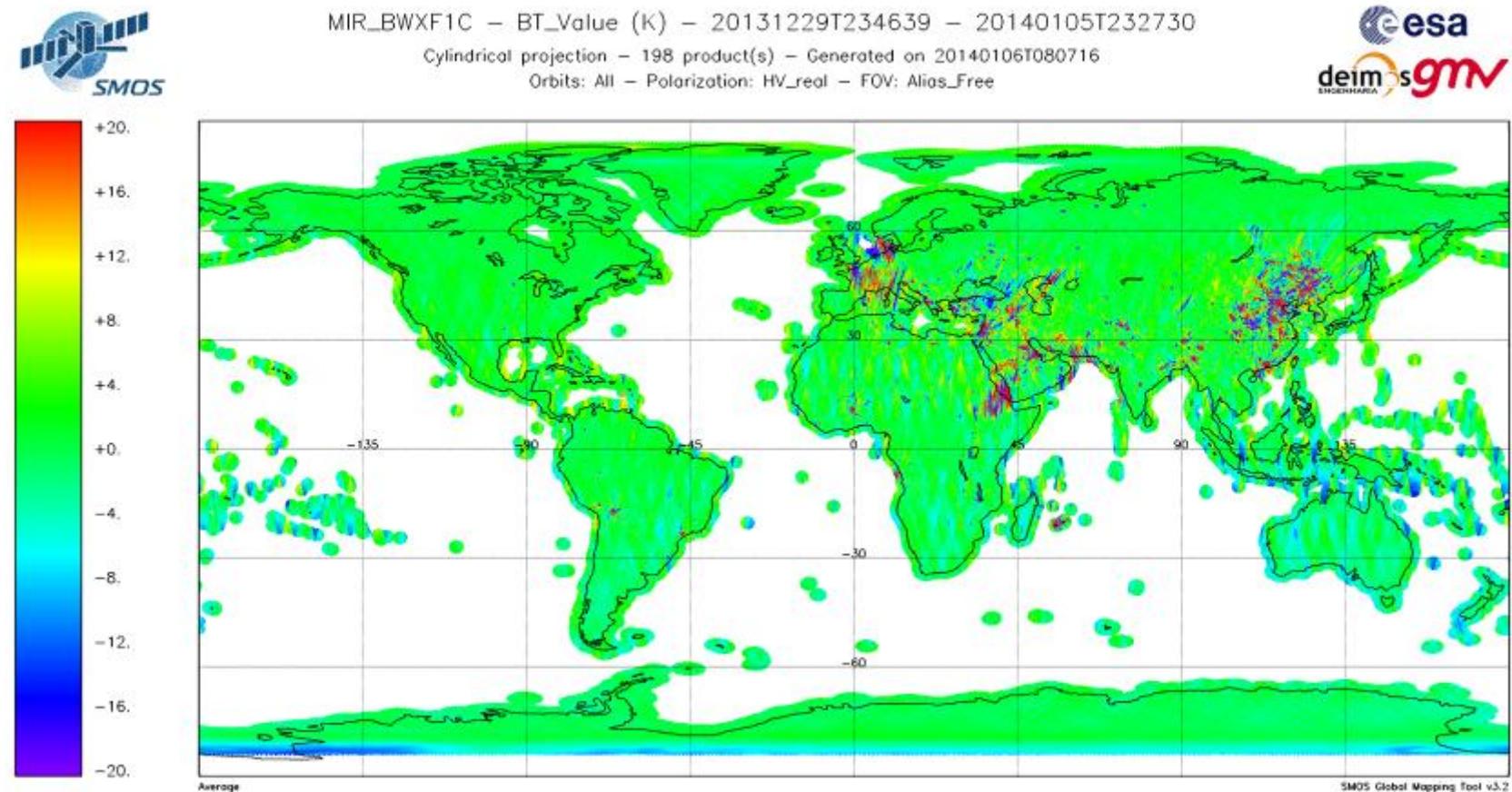


Figure 44 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 49)

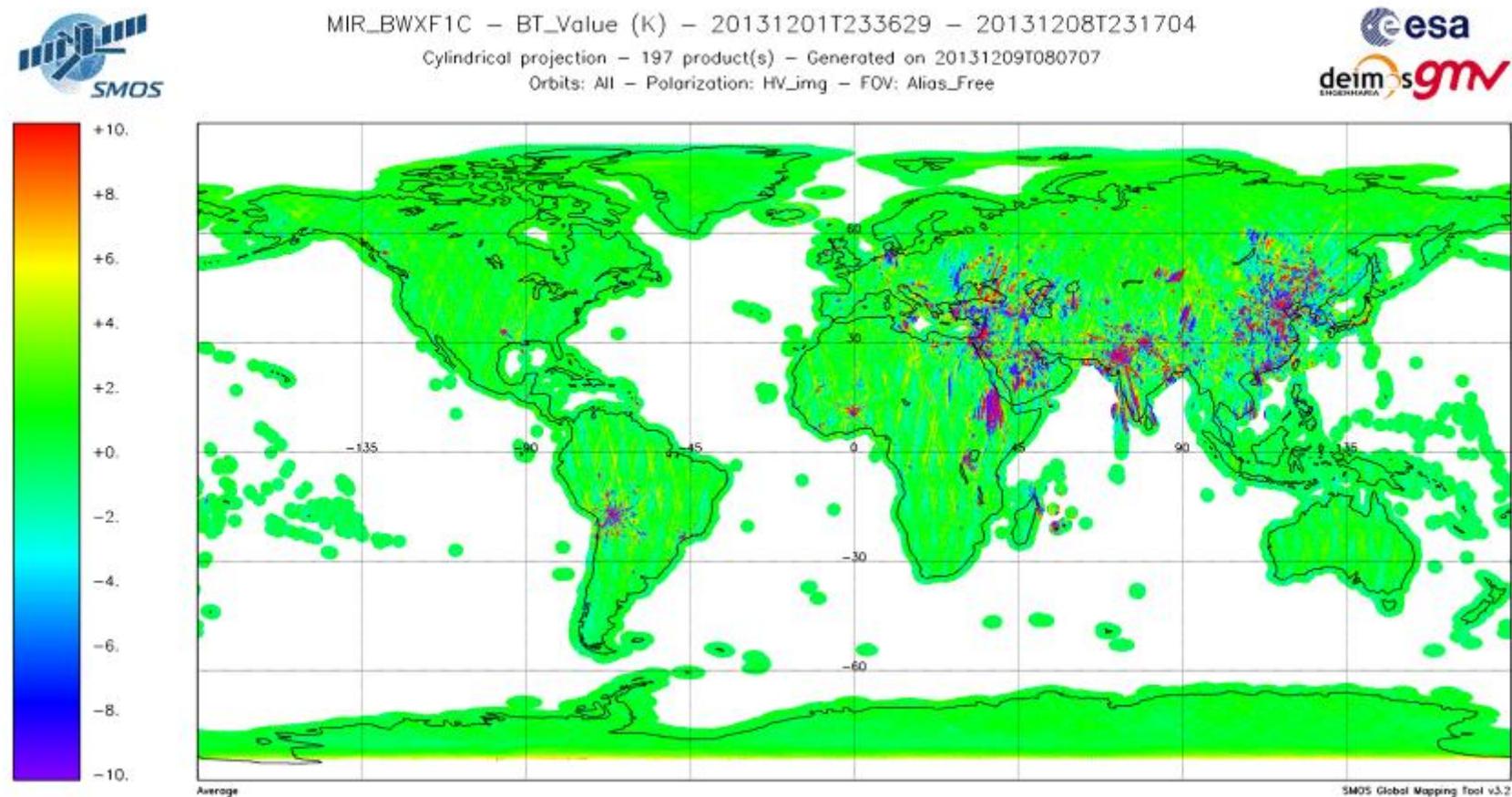


Figure 45 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 50)

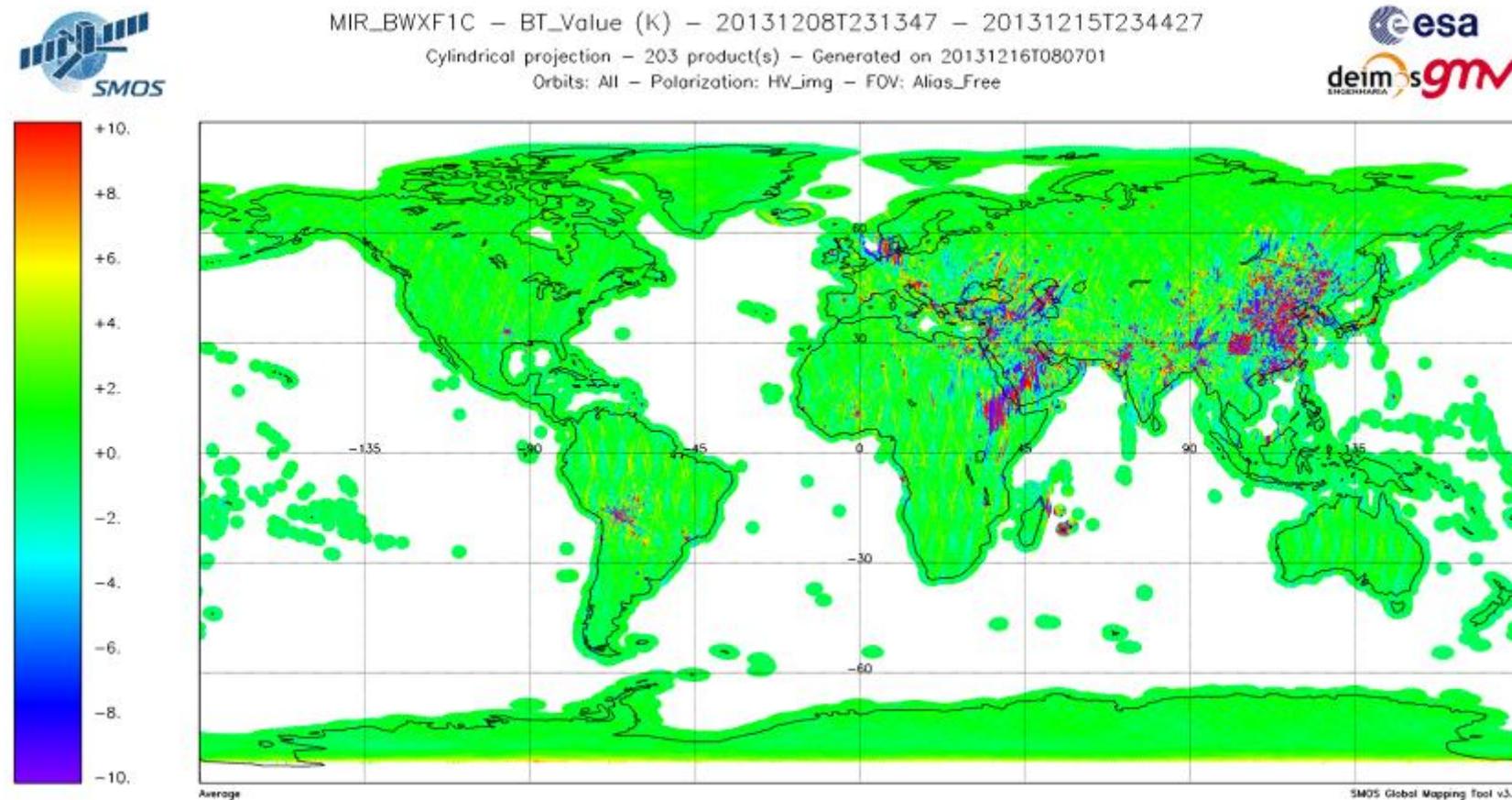


Figure 46 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 51)

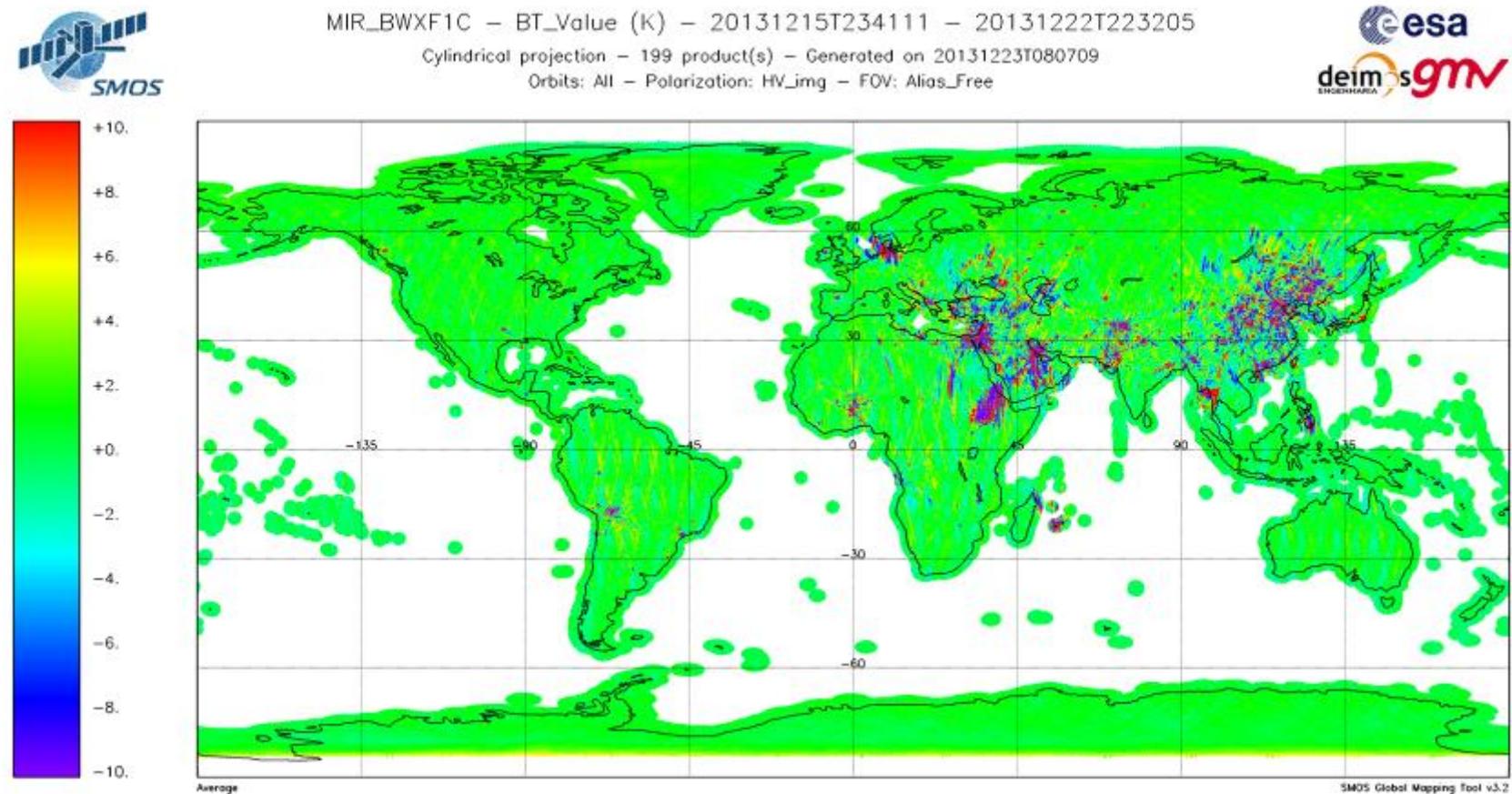


Figure 47 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 52)

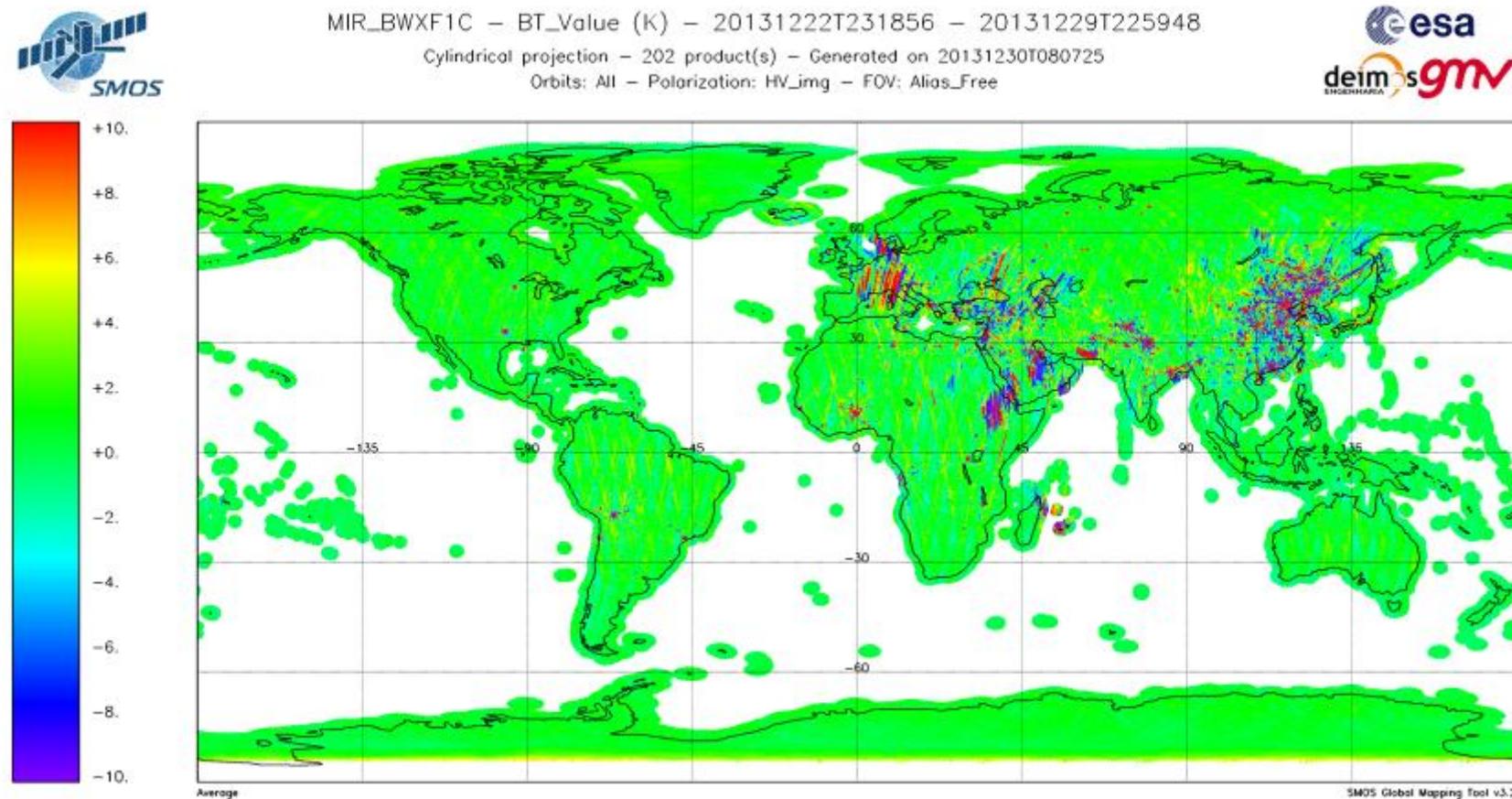


Figure 48 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over land during the reporting period (week 53)

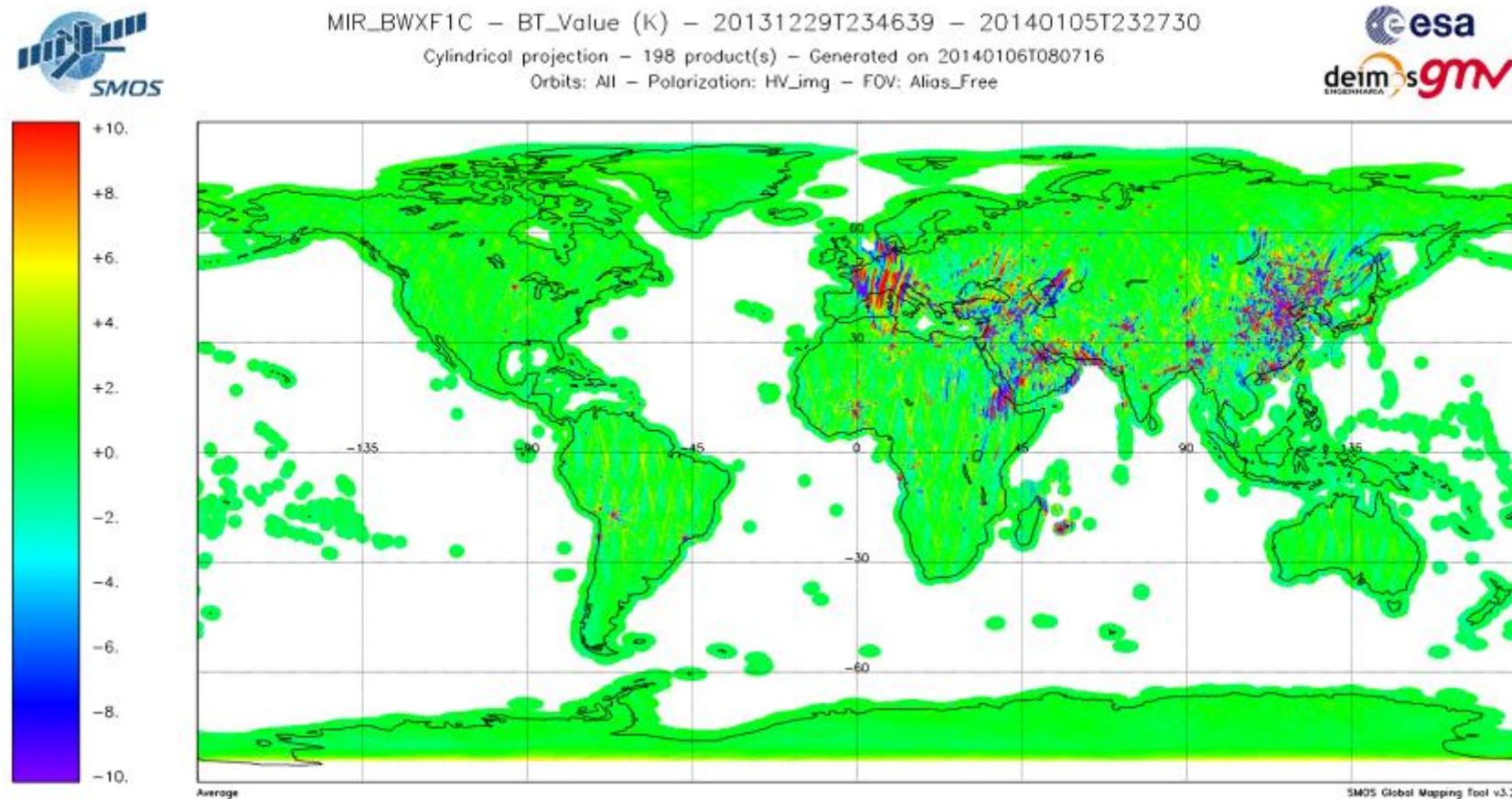


Figure 49 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 49)

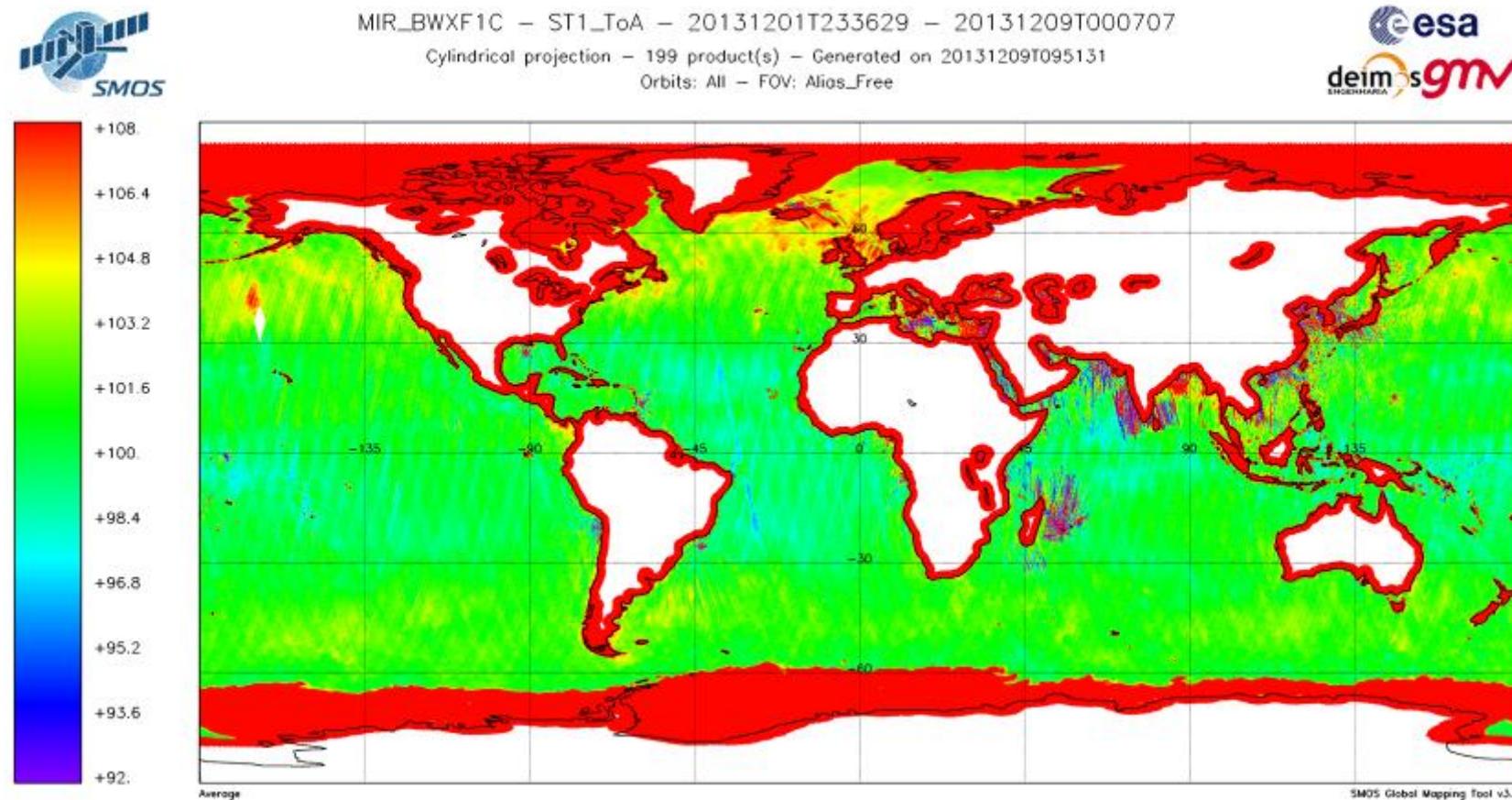


Figure 50 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 50)

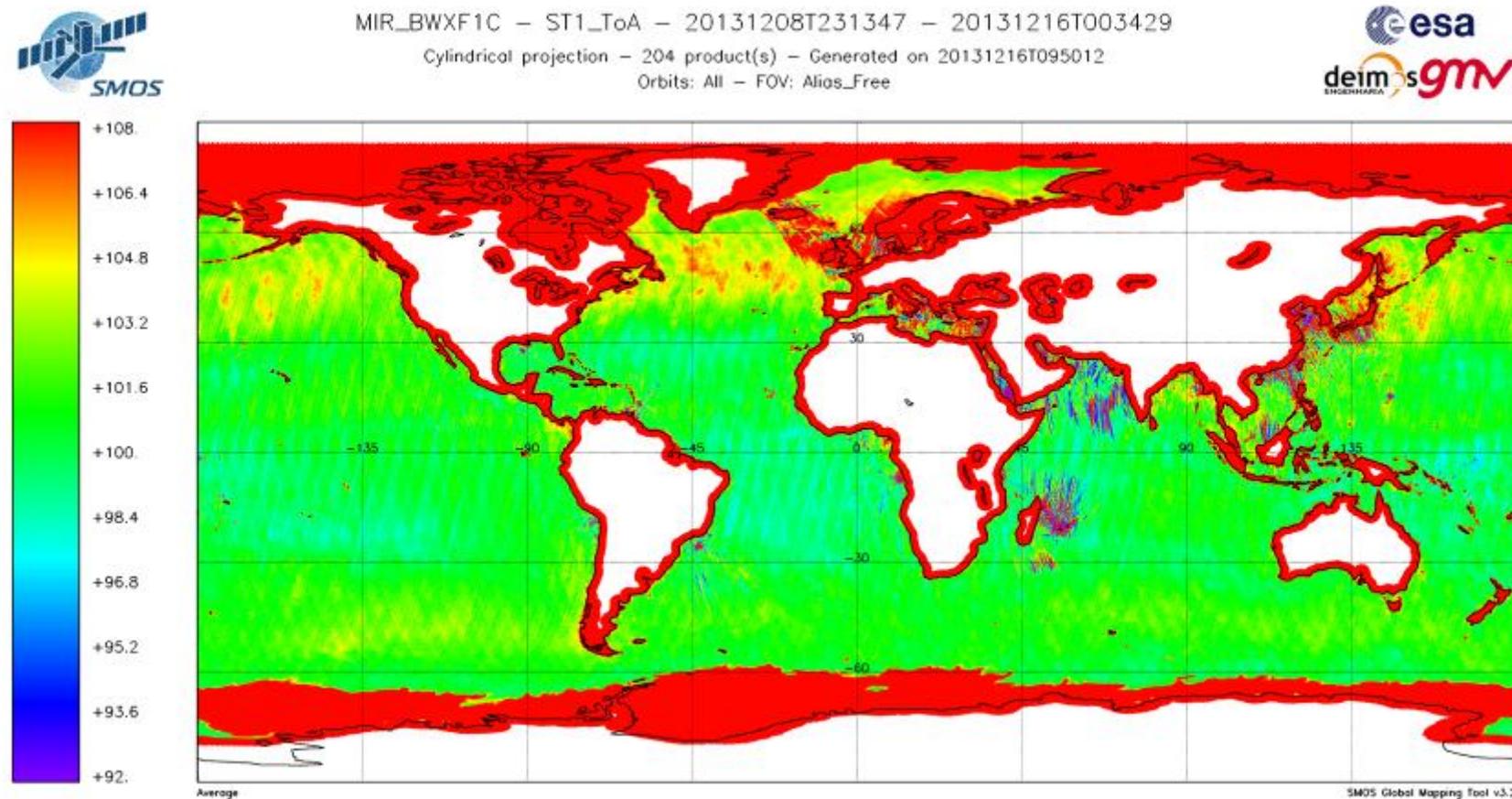


Figure 51 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 51)

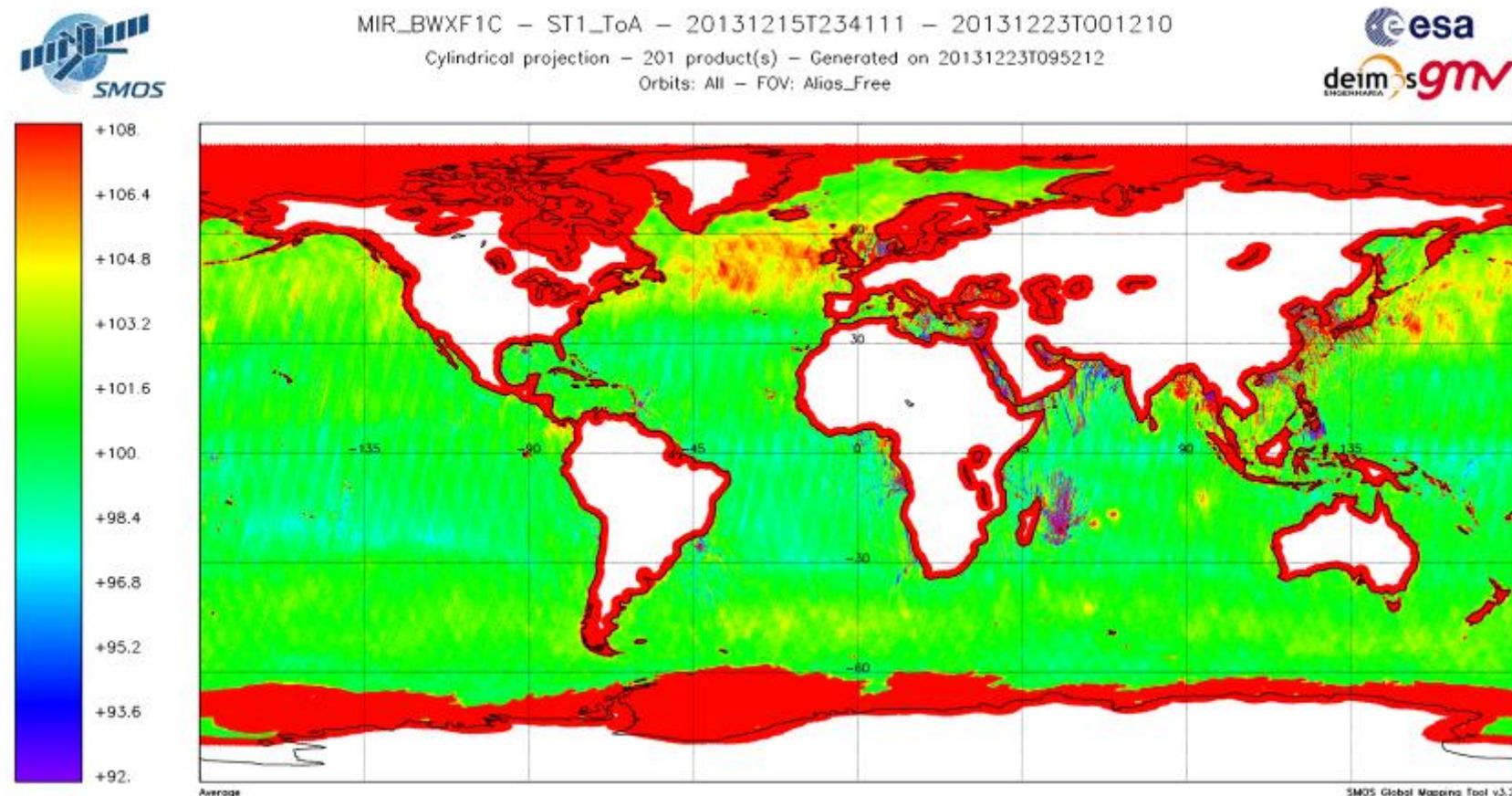


Figure 52 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 52)

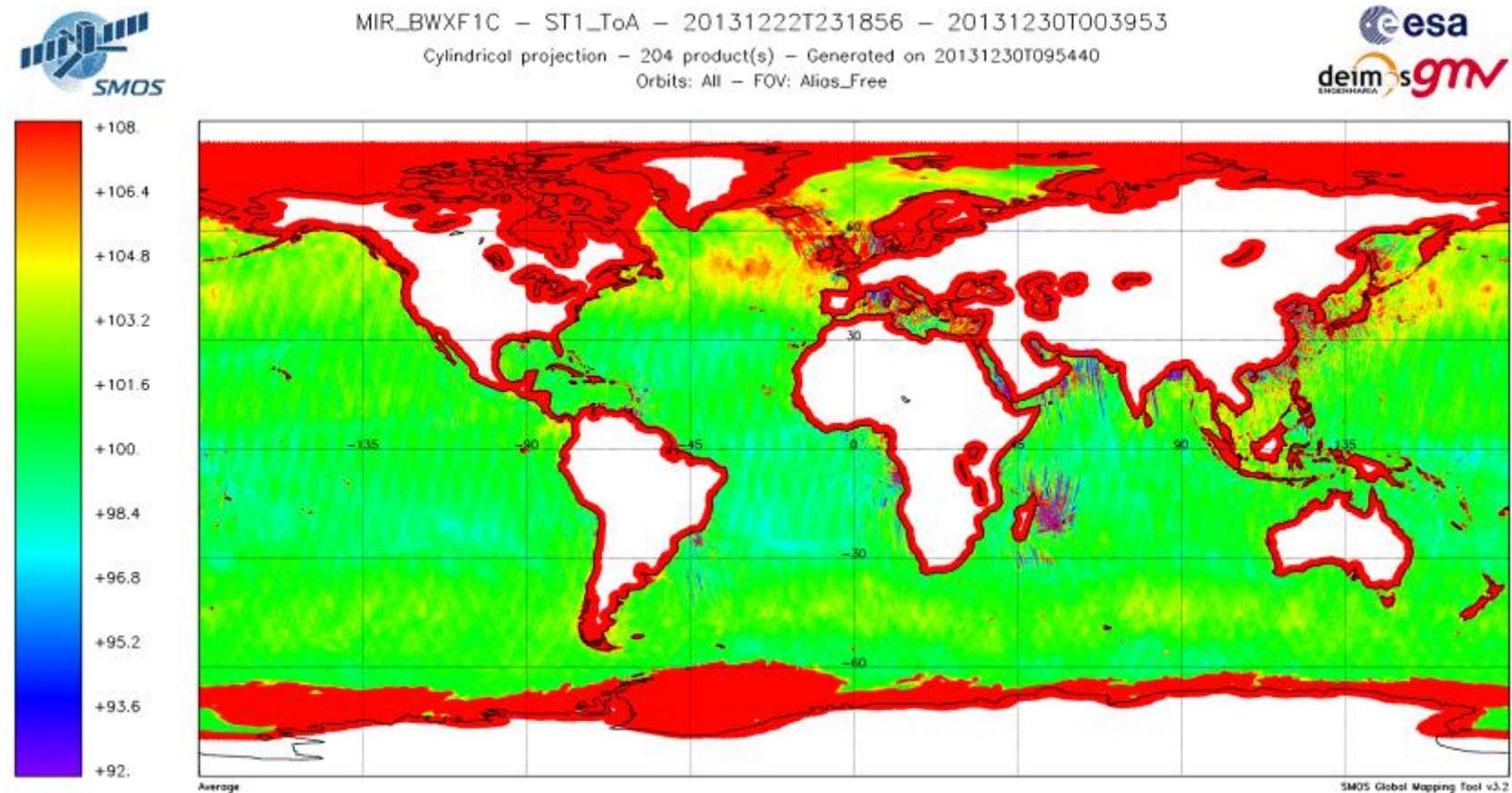


Figure 53 1st Stokes evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 53)

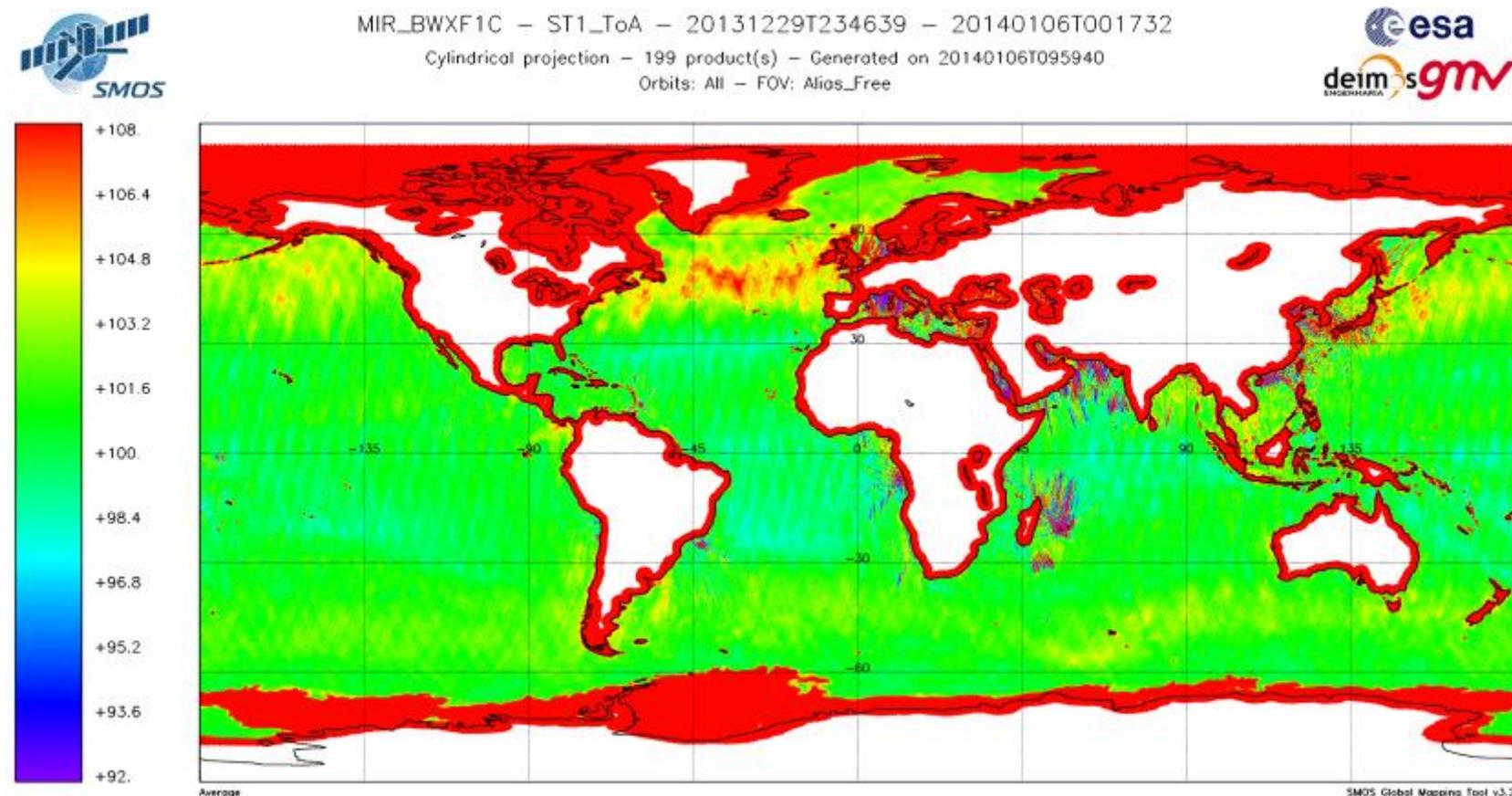


Figure 54 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 49)

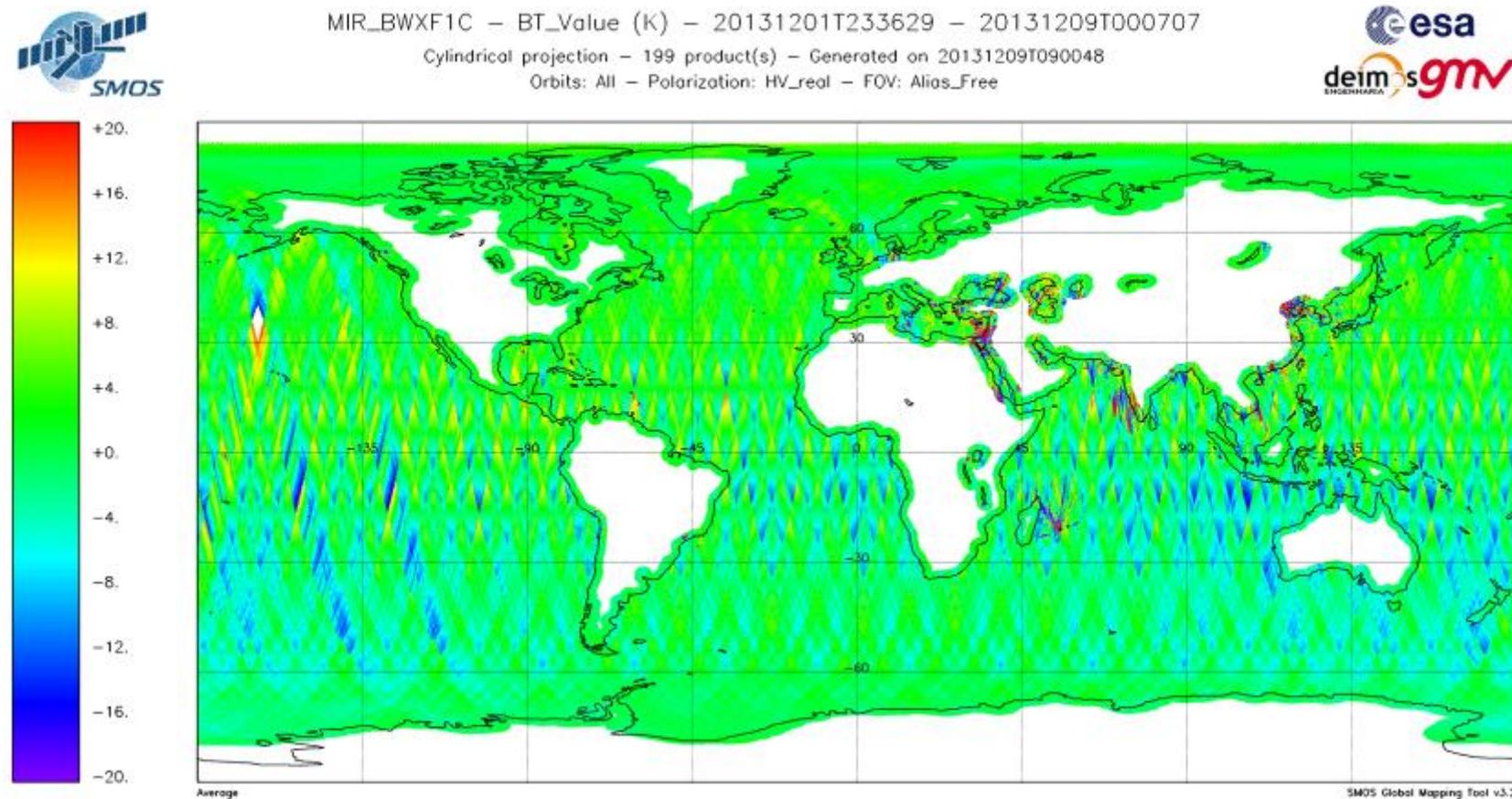


Figure 55 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 50)

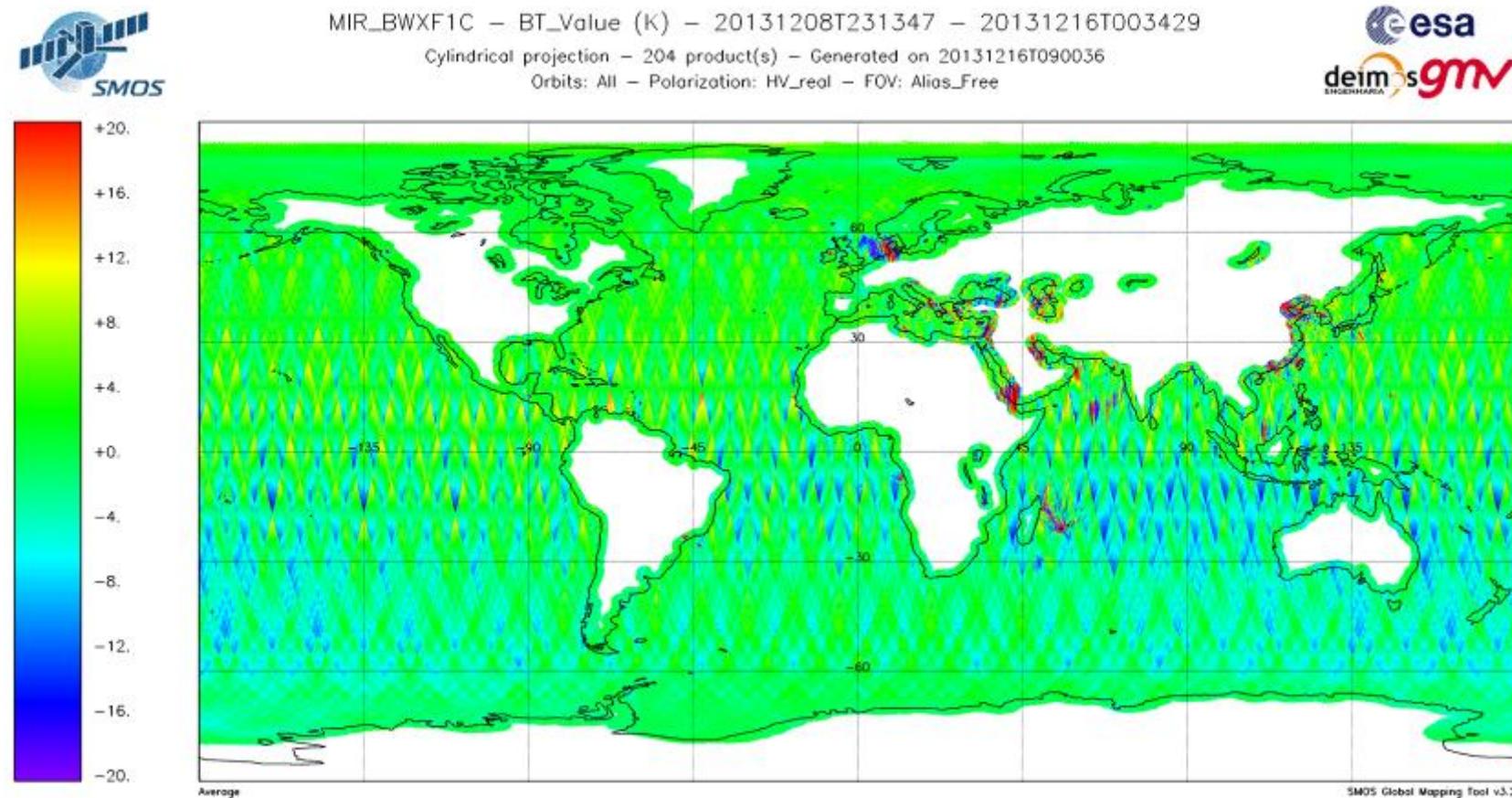


Figure 56 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 51)

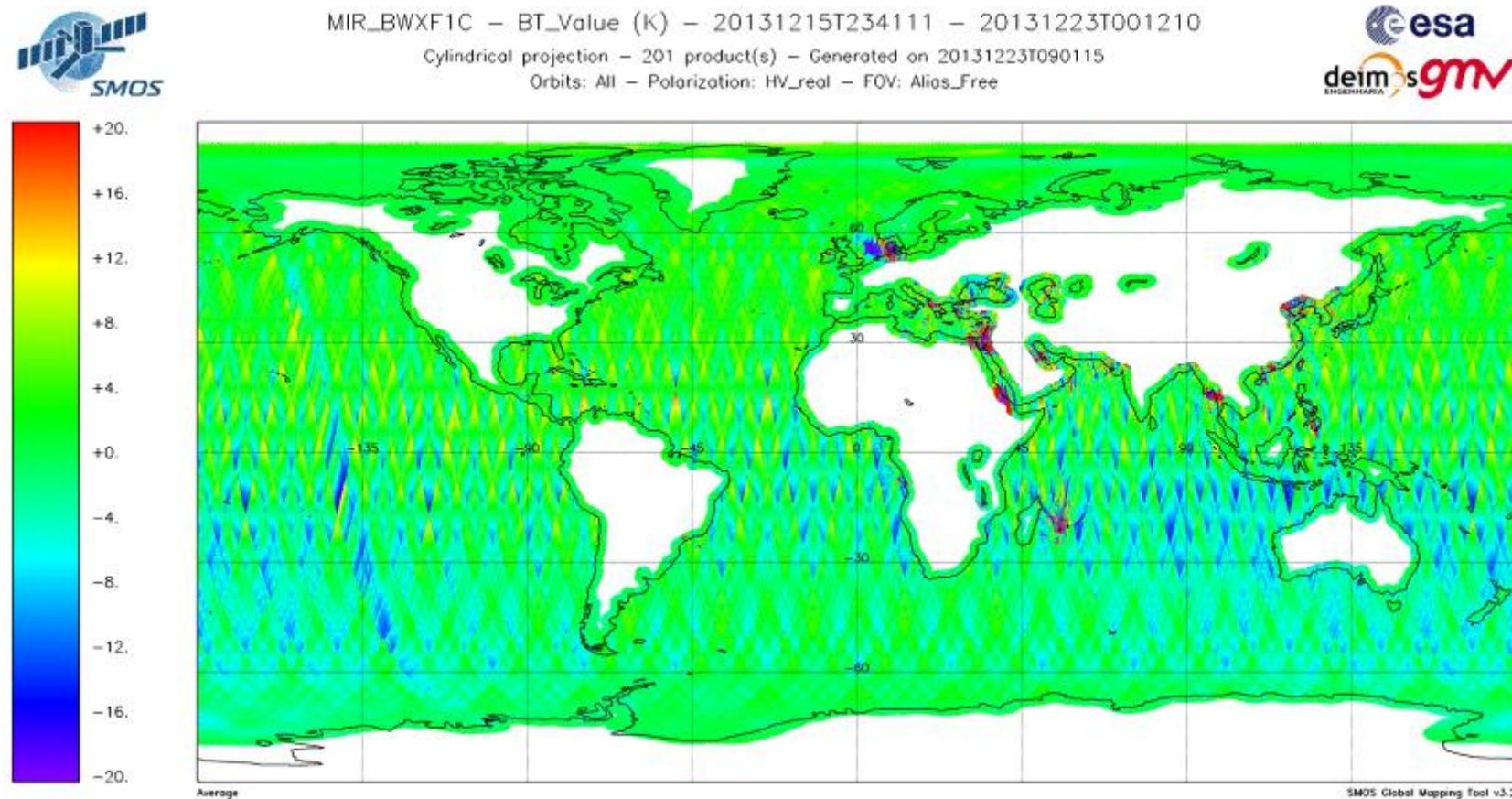


Figure 57 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 52)

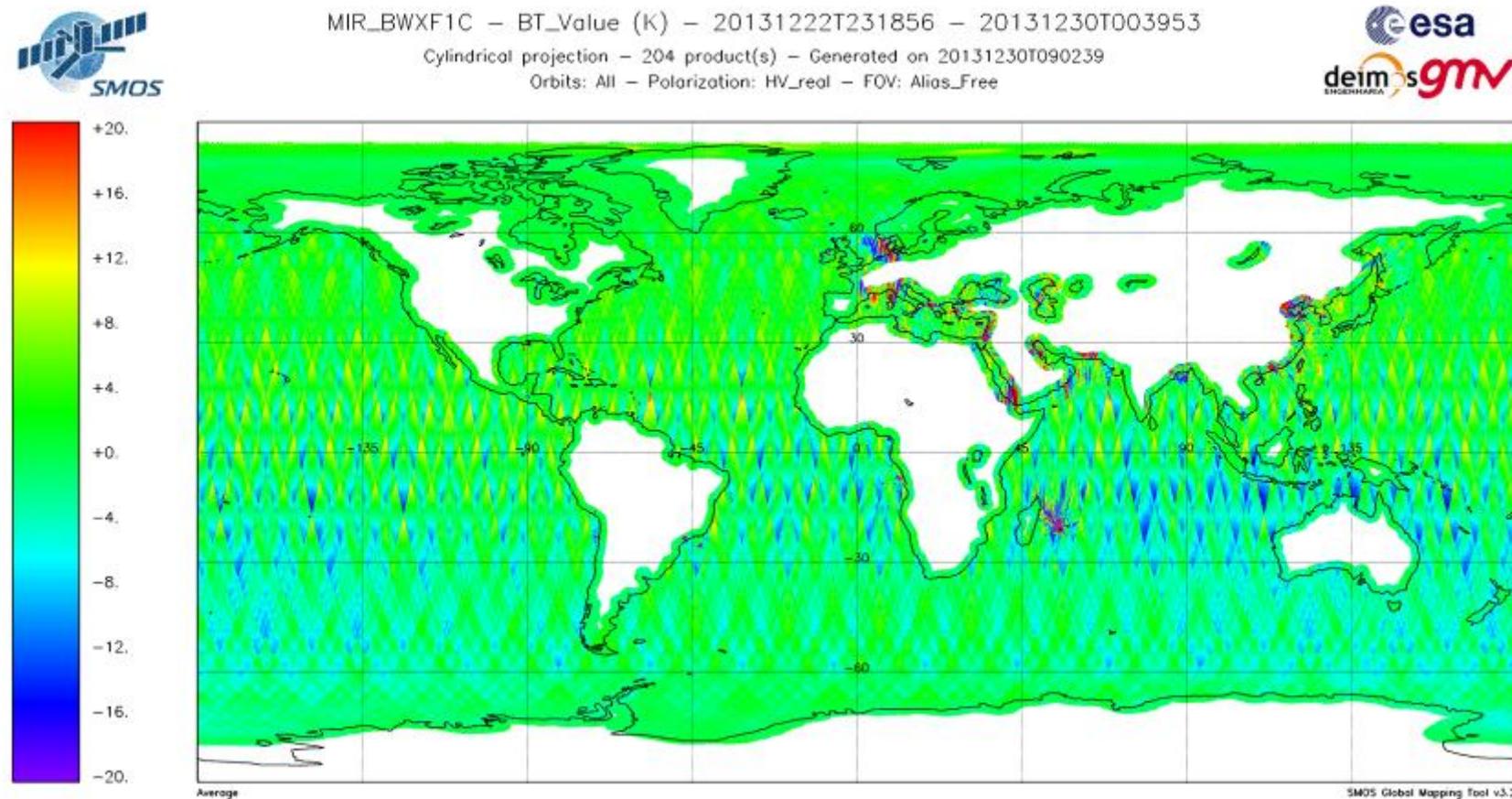


Figure 58 Real Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 53)

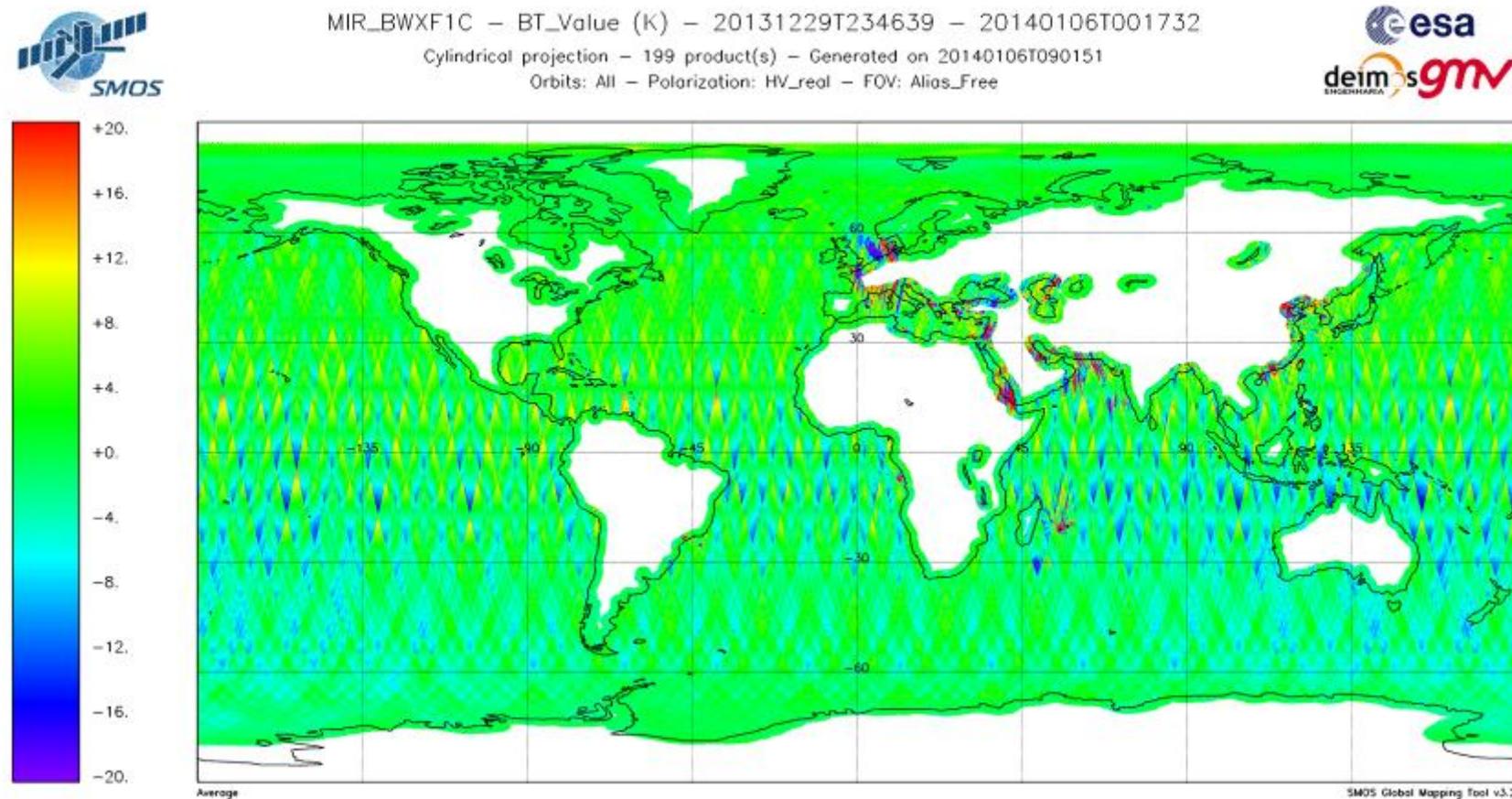


Figure 59 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 49)

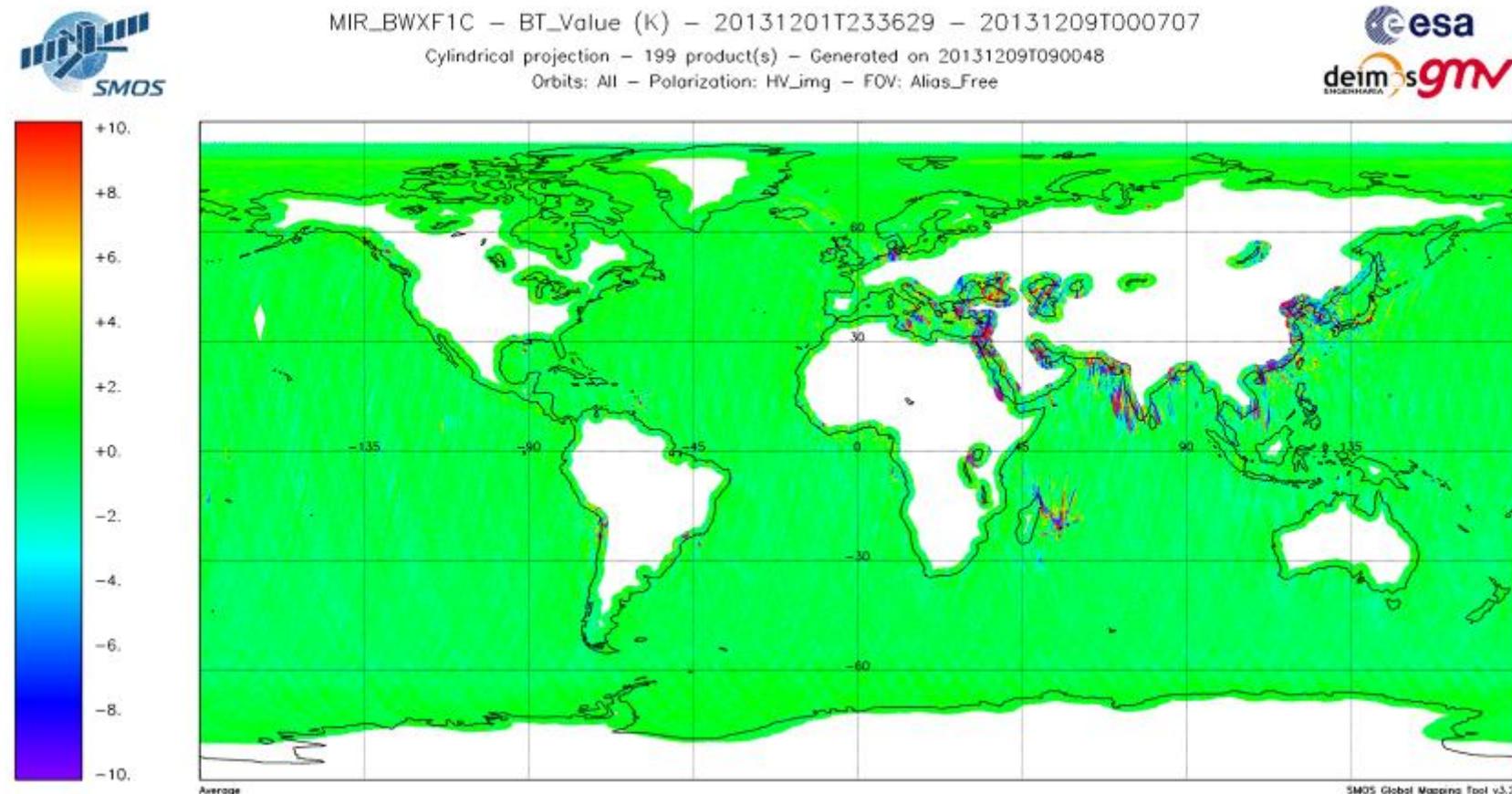


Figure 60 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 50)

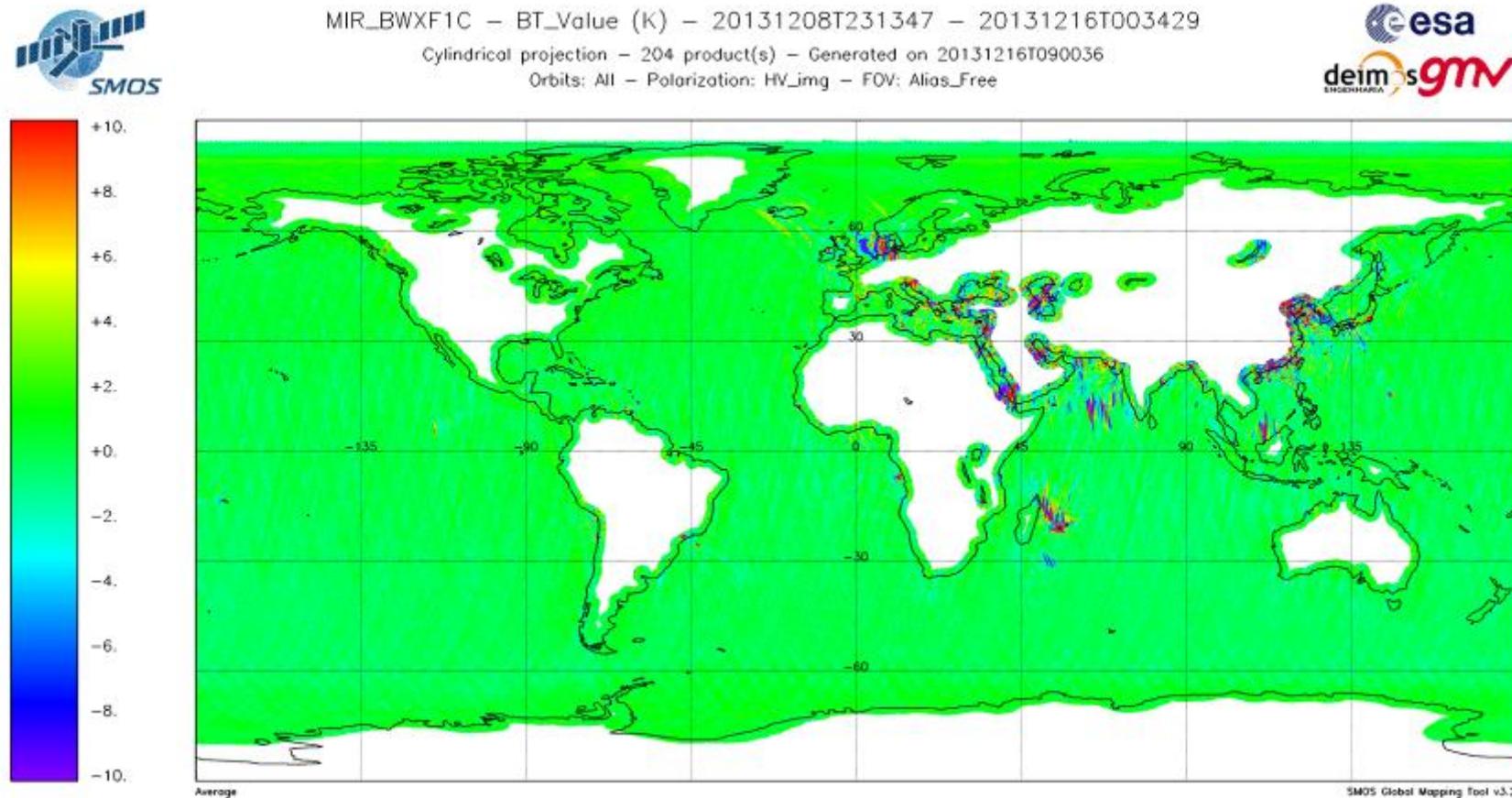


Figure 61 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 51)

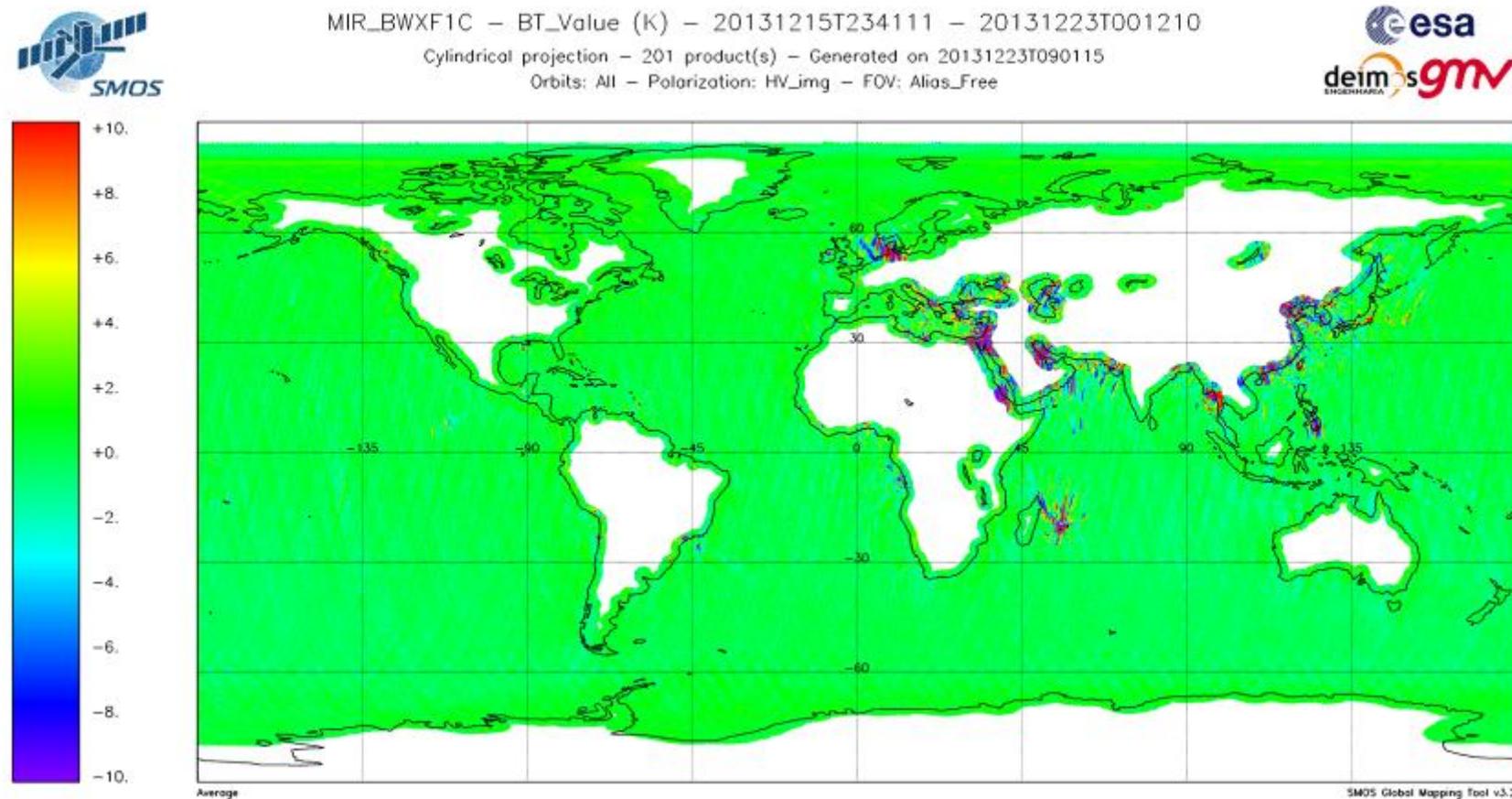


Figure 62 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 52)

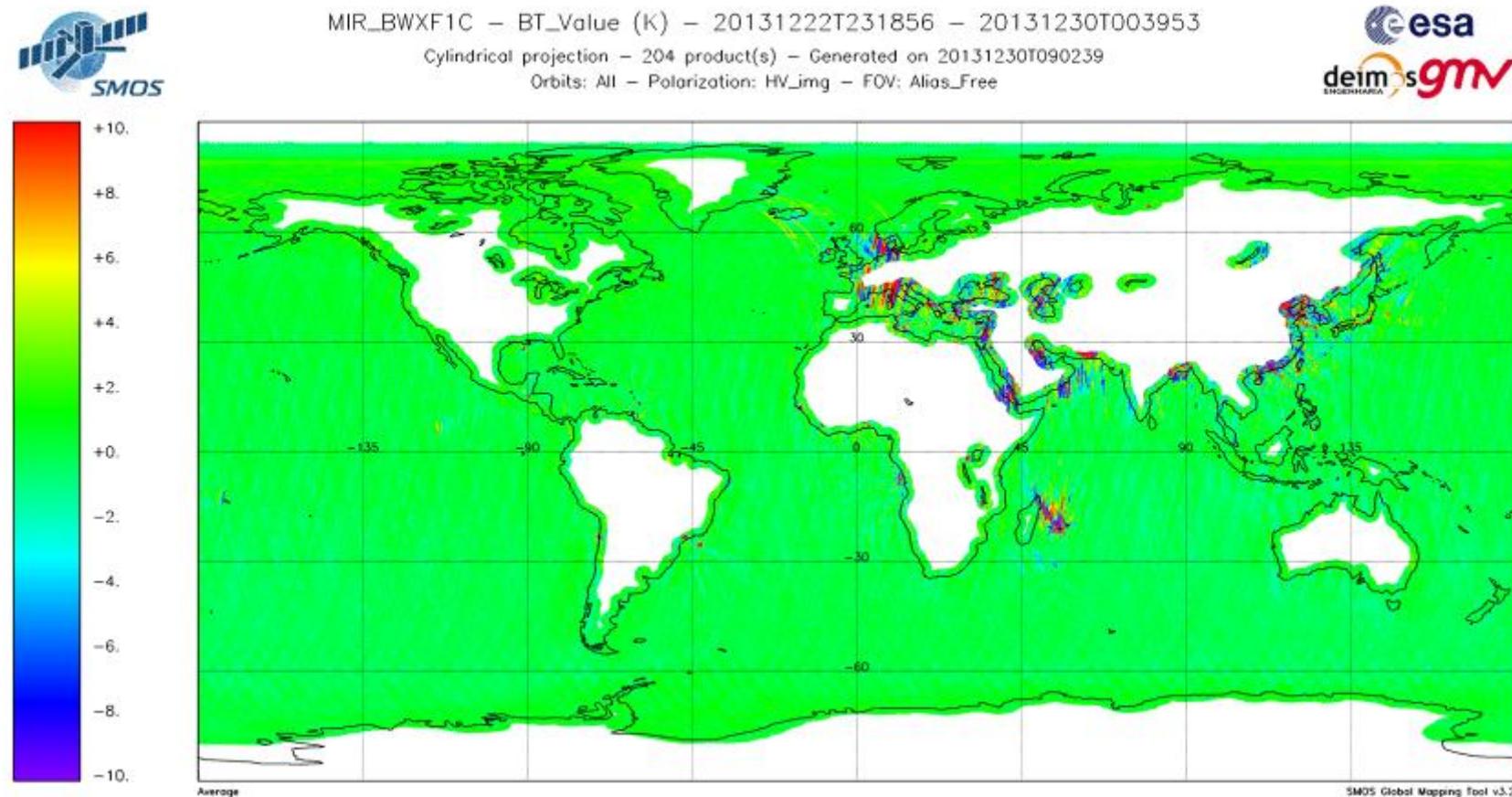


Figure 63 Imaginary Part of the XY Brightness temperature evolution over sea during the reporting period (week 53)

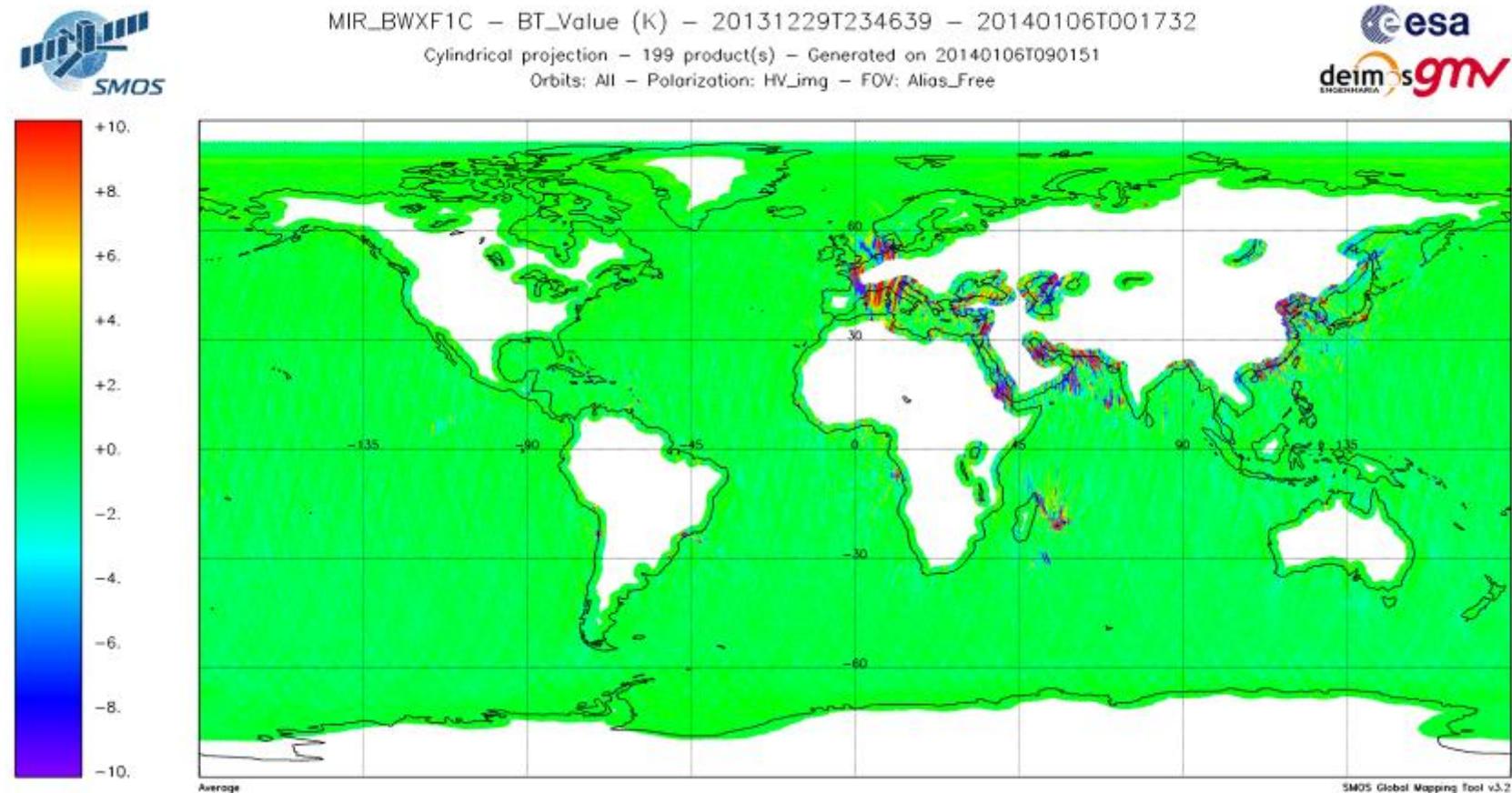


Figure 64 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 49)

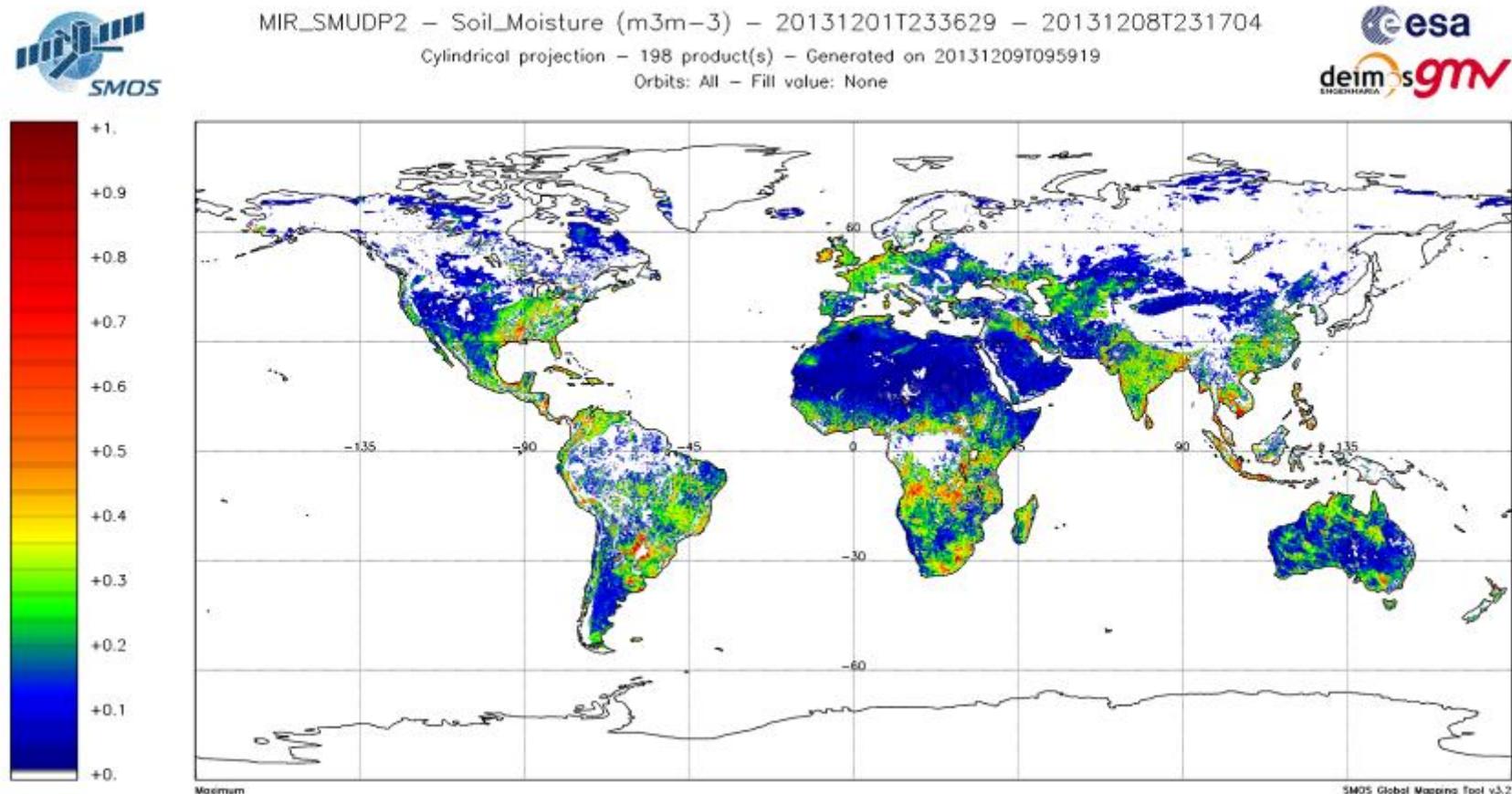


Figure 65 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 50)

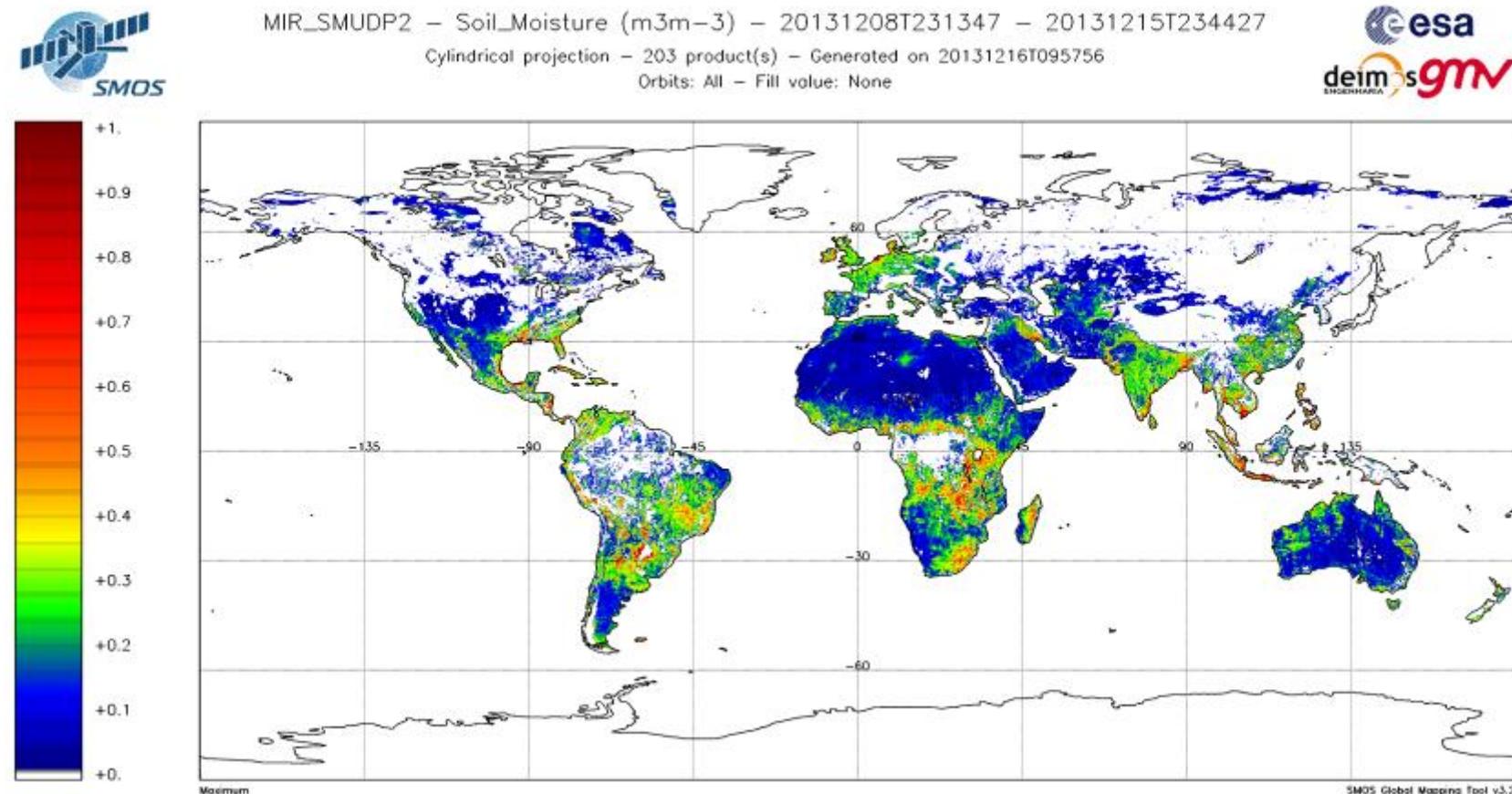


Figure 66 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 51)

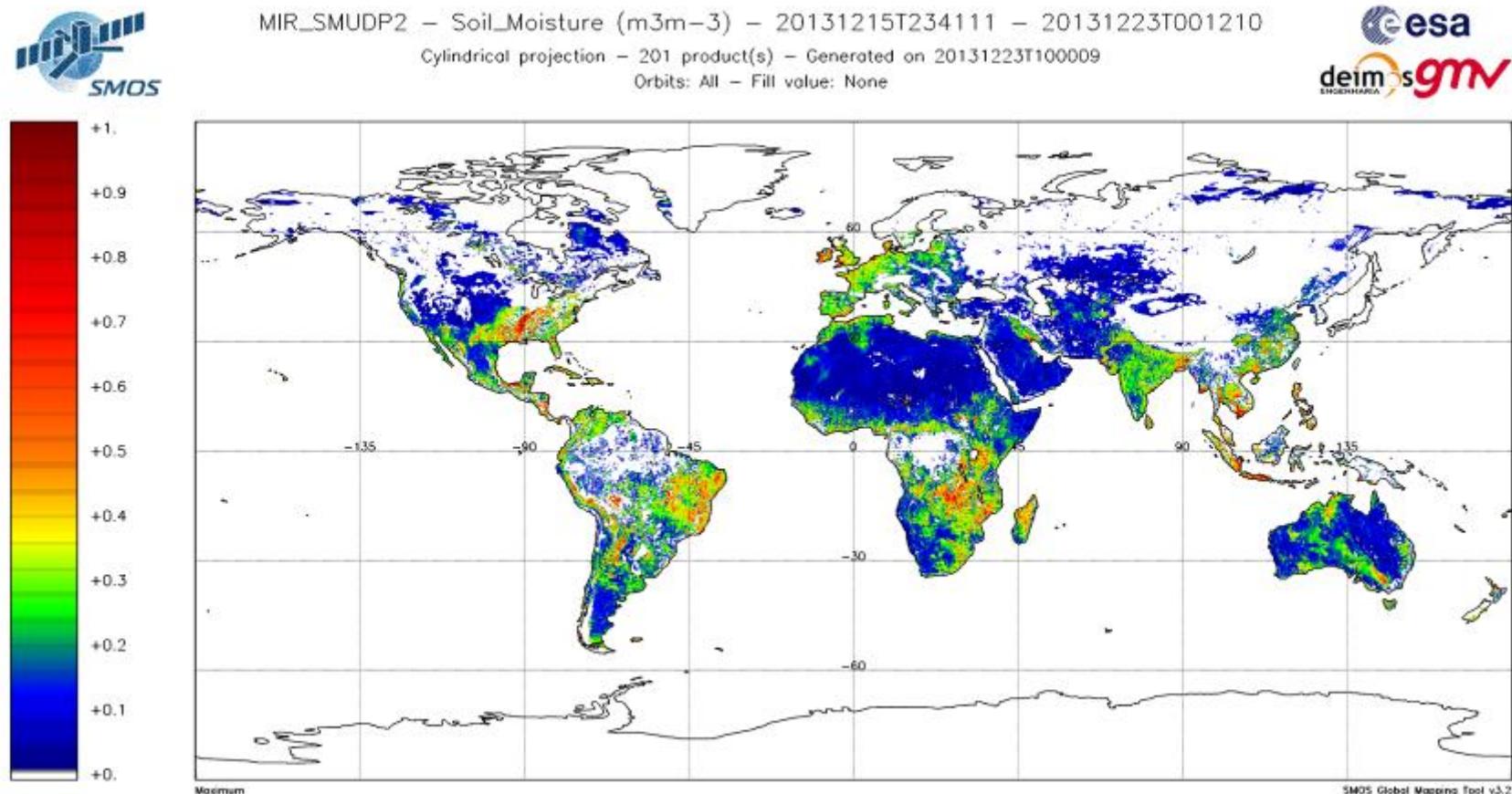


Figure 67 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 52)

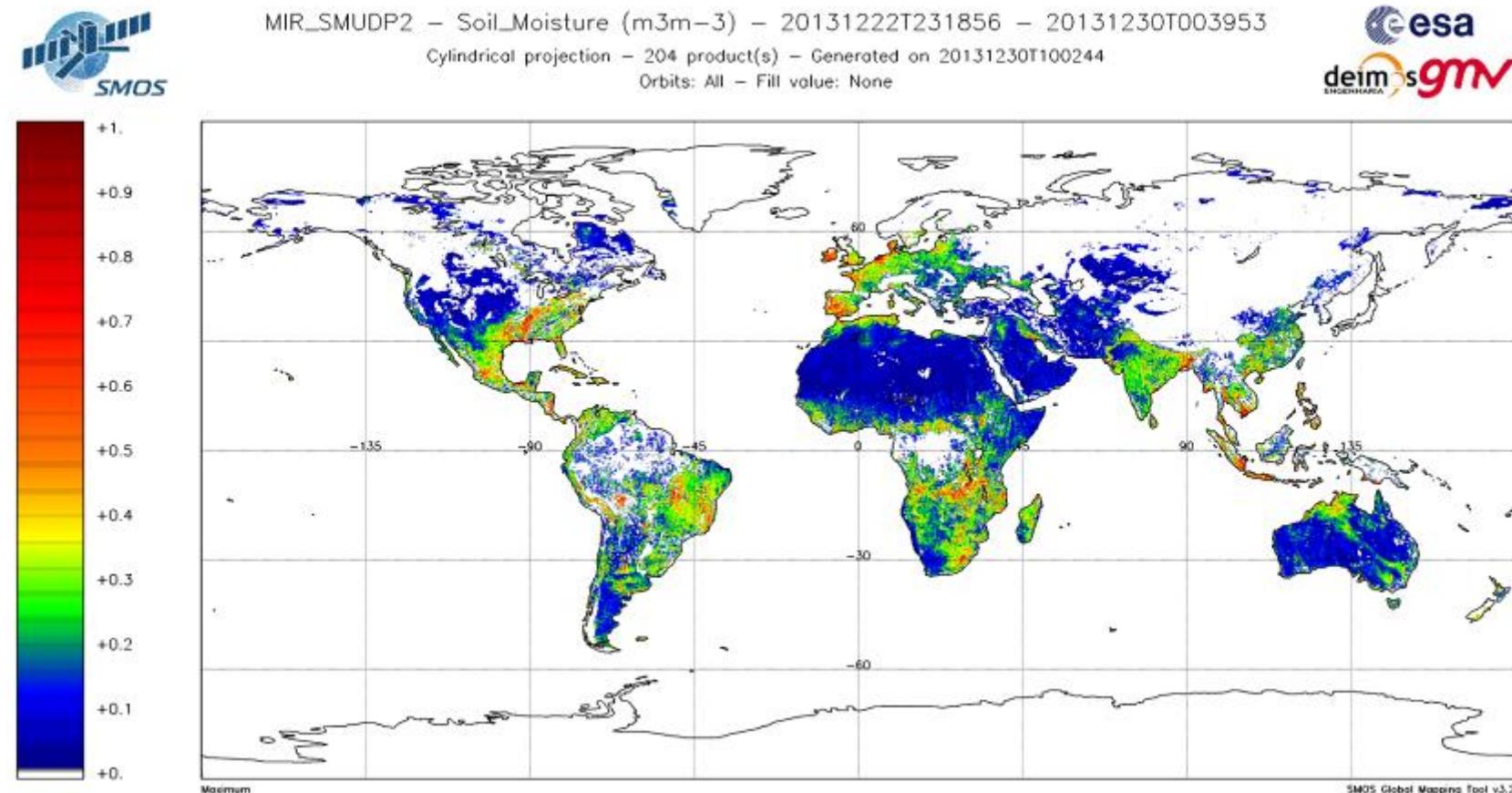
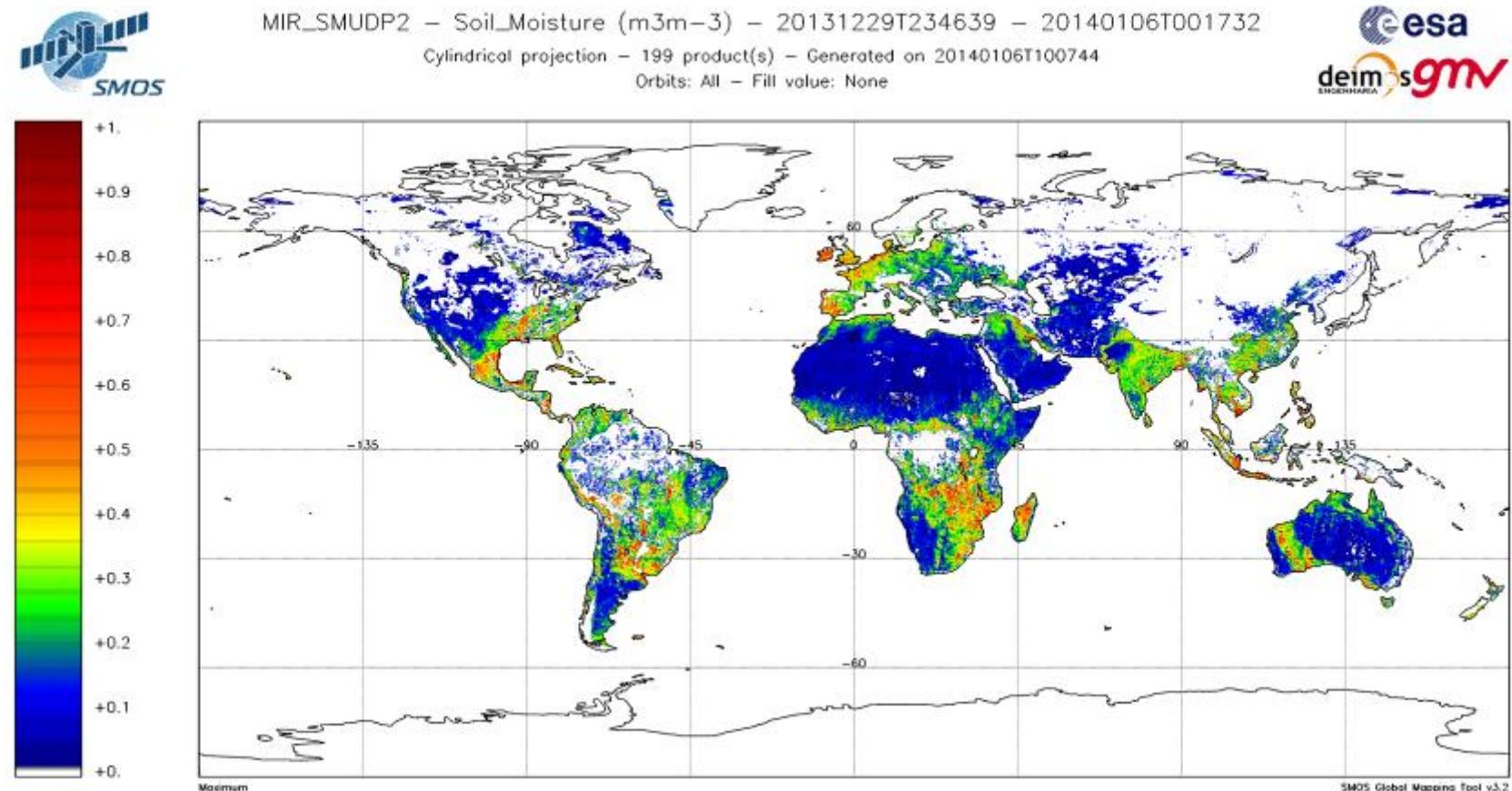
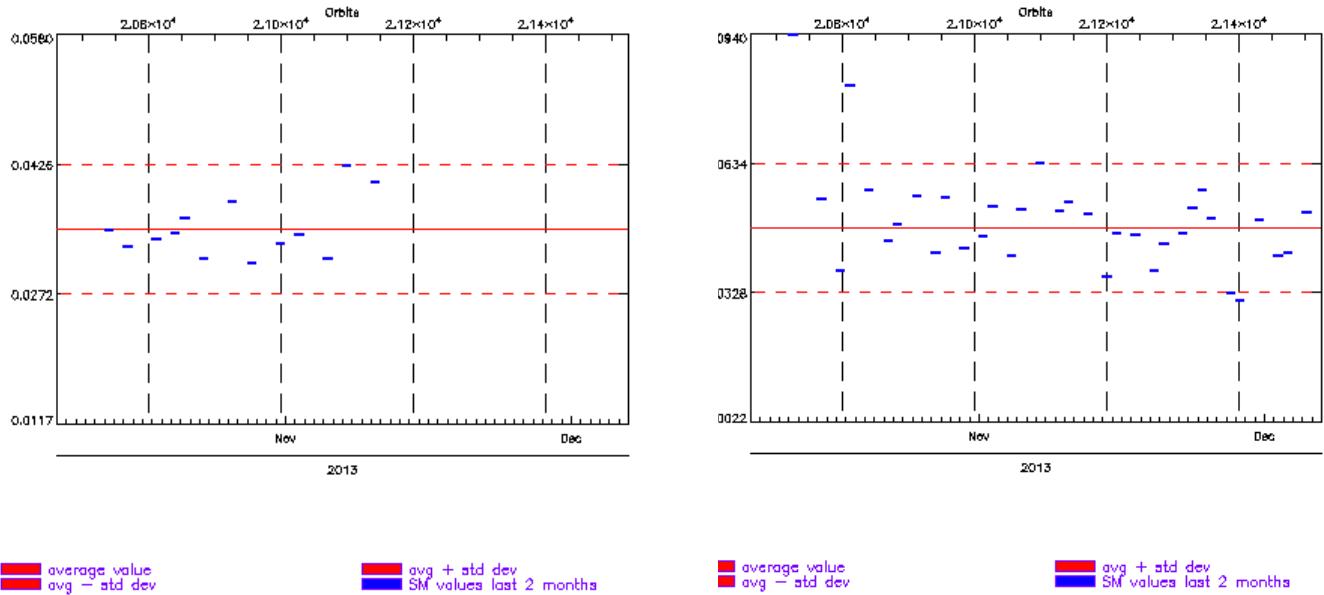


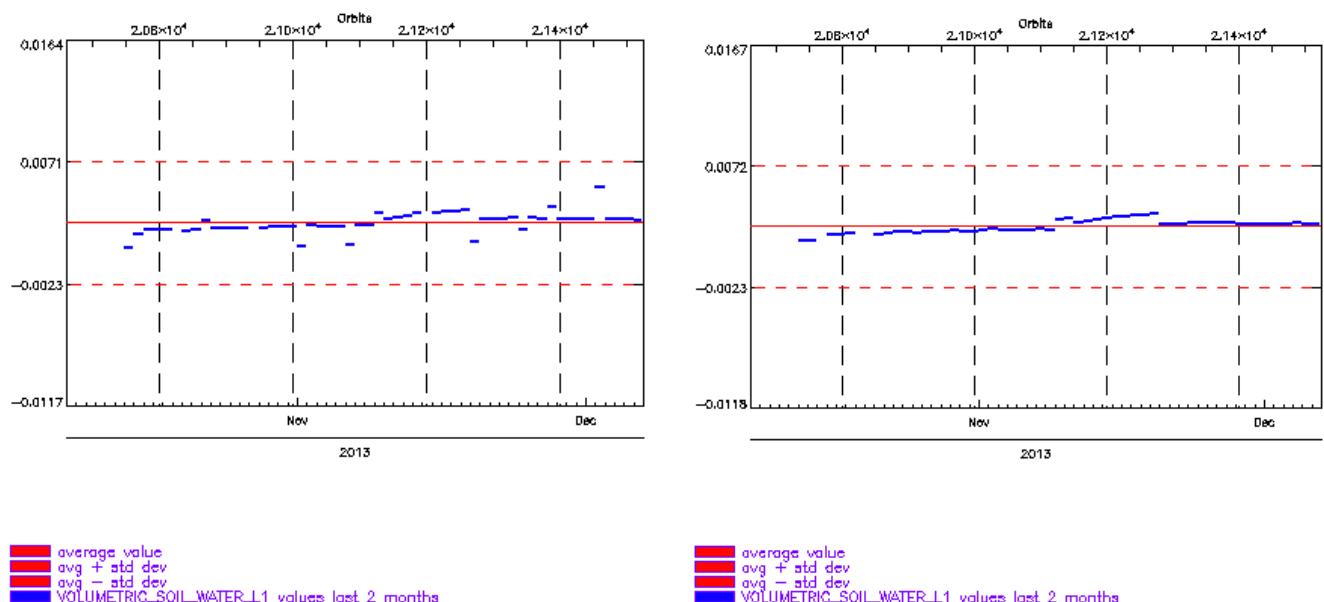
Figure 68 Soil moisture evolution during the reporting period (week 53)



**Figure 69 Soil moisture on Taklamakan desert during the reporting period: SM in ascending passes (left) and SM in descending passes (right)**



**Figure 70 Volumetric Soil Water L1 provided by ECMWF on Taklamakan desert during the reporting period: ascending passes (left) and descending passes (right)**



## 6. ADF CONFIGURATION AT THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

<b>ADF File Type</b>	<b>Operational ADF Version (DPGS Baseline)</b>	<b>Updated</b>
AUX_APDL_	SM_OPER_AUX_APDL_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_002_3.EEF	No
AUX_APDNRT	SM_OPER_AUX_APDNRT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_207_001_6.EEF	No
AUX_APDS_	SM_OPER_AUX_APDS_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_002_3.EEF	No
AUX_ATMOS_	SM_OPER_AUX_ATMOS_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_010_8.EEF	No
AUX_BFP_	SM_OPER_AUX_BFP_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_340_003_3.EEF	No
AUX_BNDLST	SM_OPER_AUX_BNDLST_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_001_3	No
AUX_BSCAT_	SM_OPER_AUX_BSCAT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3	No
AUX_BWGHT_	SM_OPER_AUX_BWGHT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_340_005_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFFAR	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFFAR_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_100_002_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFLOP	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFLOP_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_005_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFL1P	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFL1P_20110206T010100_20500101T000000_500_046_3.EEF	No
AUX_CFNRT	SM_OPER_AUX_CFNRT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_505_009_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFOSD	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFOSD_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_021_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFOSF	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFOSF_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_021_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFSMD	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFSMD_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_010_3.EEF	No
AUX_CNFSMF	SM_OPER_AUX_CNFSMF_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_010_3.EEF	No
AUX_DFFFRA	SM_OPER_AUX_DFFFRA_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_004_3	No
AUX_DFFLMX	SM_OPER_AUX_DFFLMX_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_005_3	No
AUX_DFFXYZ	SM_OPER_AUX_DFFXYZ_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_003_3	No
AUX_DGG_	SM_OPER_AUX_DGG_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3	No
AUX_DGGXYZ	SM_OPER_AUX_DGGXYZ_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_004_3	No
AUX_DISTAN	SM_OPER_AUX_DISTAN_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_011_3	No
AUX_ECOLAI	SM_OPER_AUX_ECOLAI_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_305_006_3	No
AUX_ECMCDF	SM_OPER_AUX_ECMCDF_20101109T000000_20500101T000000_001_001_3.EEF	No
AUX_FAIL_	SM_OPER_AUX_FAIL_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3.EEF	No
AUX_FLTSEA	SM_OPER_AUX_FLTSEA_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_010_8.EEF	No
AUX_FOAM_	SM_OPER_AUX_FOAM_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_011_3	No
AUX_GAL_OS	SM_OPER_AUX_GAL_OS_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_010_8	No
AUX_GAL_SM	SM_OPER_AUX_GAL_SM_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_002_3	No
AUX_GAL2OS	SM_OPER_AUX_GAL2OS_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_014_3	No
AUX_GALAXY	SM_OPER_AUX_GALAXY_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3	No
AUX_GALNIR	SM_OPER_AUX_GALNIR_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_002_3	No
AUX_LANDCL	SM_OPER_AUX_LANDCL_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_003_3.EEF	No
AUX_LCF_	SM_OPER_AUX_LCF_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_500_013_3	No
AUX_LSMASK	SM_OPER_AUX_LSMASK_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3	No
AUX_MASK_	SM_OPER_AUX_MASK_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_002_3	No
AUX_MISP_	SM_OPER_AUX_MISP_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3.EEF	No
AUX_MN_WEF	SM_OPER_AUX_MN_WEF_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_002_3	No
AUX_MOONT_	SM_OPER_AUX_MOONT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_002_3	No
AUX_N256_	SM_OPER_AUX_N256_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_504_001_3	No
AUX_NIR_	SM_OPER_AUX_NIR_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_500_007_3	No
AUX_NRTMSK	SM_OPER_AUX_NRTMSK_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_207_001_6	No
AUX_OTT1D_	SM_OPER_AUX_OTT1D_20131201T000000_20500101T000000_550_001_3	Yes
AUX_OTT1F_	SM_OPER_AUX_OTT1F_20131201T000000_20500101T000000_550_001_3	Yes



AUX_OTT2D_	SM_OPER_AUX_OTT2D_20131201T000000_20500101T000000_550_001_3	Yes
AUX_OTT2F_	SM_OPER_AUX_OTT2F_20131201T000000_20500101T000000_550_001_3	Yes
AUX_OTT3D_	SM_OPER_AUX_OTT3D_20131201T000000_20500101T000000_550_001_3	Yes
AUX_OTT3F_	SM_OPER_AUX_OTT3F_20131201T000000_20500101T000000_550_001_3	Yes
AUX_PATT_	SM_OPER_AUX_PATT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_320_003_3	No
AUX_PLM_	SM_OPER_AUX_PLM_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_007_3.EEF	No
AUX_PMS_	SM_OPER_AUX_PMS_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_340_010_3.EEF	No
AUX_RFI_	SM_OPER_AUX_RFI_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_003_3	No
AUX_RFILST	SM_OPER_AUX_RFILST_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_004_3.EEF	No
AUX_RGHNS1	SM_OPER_AUX_RGHNS1_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_015_3	No
AUX_RGHNS2	SM_OPER_AUX_RGHNS2_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_013_3	No
AUX_RGHNS3	SM_OPER_AUX_RGHNS3_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_013_3	No
AUX_SGLINT	SM_OPER_AUX_SGLINT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_011_3	No
AUX_SOIL_P	SM_OPER_AUX_SOIL_P_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_002_3	No
AUX_SPAR_	SM_OPER_AUX_SPAR_20110112T091500_20500101T000000_340_006_3.EEF	No
AUX_SSS_	SM_OPER_AUX_SSS_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_013_3	No
AUX_SUNT_	SM_OPER_AUX_SUNT_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_300_002_3	No
AUX_WEF_	SM_OPER_AUX_WEF_20050101T000000_20500101T000000_001_003_3	No
MPL_ORBSCT	SM_OPER_MPL_ORBSCT_20091102T031142_20500101T000000_360_001_1	No



## APPENDIX A. CONFIGURATION DOCUMENT LIST

The list of internal documents used for the generation of this report is:

- Unavailability\_08\_01\_14.xls
- Details\_Calibrations\_13\_01\_14.xls
- SMOS-CEC-VEG-IPF-REP-0609\_v1.66\_SMOS\_Auxiliary\_Data\_File\_List\_20131129\_signed.pdf



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