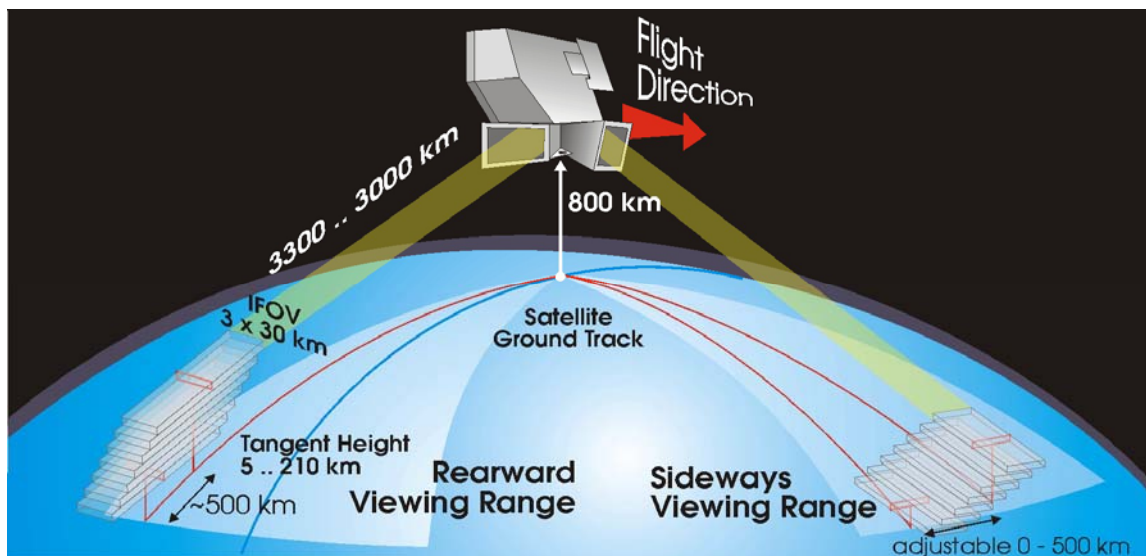


# **ENVISAT MIPAS MONTHLY REPORT: JULY 2006**



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checked by/vérifié par  
reference/référence ENVI-SPPA-EOPG-TN-06-0027  
issue/édition 1  
revision/révision 1  
date of issue/date d'édition 15/08/2006  
status/état Final  
Document type/type de document Technical Note  
Distribution/distribution

## **A P P R O V A L**

|                              |   |                              |   |                                    |   |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Title</b><br><i>titre</i> | ENVISAT MIPAS Monthly Report: July 2006 | <b>issue</b><br><i>issue</i> | 1 | <b>revision</b><br><i>revision</i> | 1 |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|

|                                |                                |                            |            |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
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|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|

|   |                            |
|---|----------------------------|
| <b>checked by</b><br><i>vérifié par</i> | <b>date</b><br><i>date</i> |
|---|----------------------------|

## **C H A N G E L O G**

| <i>reason for change /raison du changement</i> | <i>issue/issue</i> | <i>revision/revision</i> | <i>date/date</i> |
|--|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
|  |                    |                          |                  |

## **C H A N G E R E C O R D**

Issue: 1 Revision: 1

| <i>reason for change/raison du changement</i> | <i>page(s)/page(s)</i> | <i>paragraph(s)/paragraph(s)</i> |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------------|
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# 1 INTRODUCTION

The MIPAS Monthly Report (MR) documents the current status and recent changes to the MIPAS instrument, its data processing chain, and its data products.

The MR is composed of analysis results obtained by the DPQC (Data Processing and Quality Control), combined with inputs received from the different groups working on MIPAS operation, calibration, product validation and data quality. The following groups participate in the MIPAS Quality Working Group (QWG):

- ESRIN-DPQC
- ESOC
- ESTEC
- ABB BOMEM
- Oxford University
- IFAC-CNR
- EADS-Astrium GmbH
- Leicester University
- LISA
- IMK
- University of Bologna
- ISAC-CNR
- IAA
- DLR
- ECMWF

In addition, the group interfaces with the Atmospheric Chemistry Validation Team (ACVT).

## 1.1 *Scope*

The main objective of the MR is to give, on a regular basis, the status of MIPAS instrument performance, data acquisition, results of anomaly investigations, calibration activities and validation campaigns.

## 1.2 *Acronyms and Abbreviations*

|      |                                       |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| ACVT | Atmospheric Chemistry Validation Team |
| ADF  | Auxiliary Data File                   |
| ADS  | Annotated Data Set                    |
| AMT  | Anomaly Management Tool               |
| ANX  | Ascending Node Crossing               |
| AE   | Aircraft Emission                     |
| AR   | Anomaly Report                        |
| CBB  | Calibration Black-Body                |

---

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| CTI    | Configuration Table Interface                             |
| D-PAC  | German Processing and Archiving Centre for ENVISAT        |
| DPM    | Detailed Processing Model                                 |
| DPQC   | Data Processing and Quality Control                       |
| DS     | Deep Space  |
| DSD    | Data Set Description                                      |
| ECMWF  | European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts        |
| ESF    | Engineering Support Facility                              |
| FCA    | FPS (Focal Plane Subsystem) Cooler Assembly               |
| FCE    | Fringe Count Error  |
| FOCC   | Flight Operation Control Centre                           |
| FOS    | Flight Operations Segment                                 |
| FR     | Full Resolution   |
| HD     | Help-Desk   |
| HSM    | High-Speed Multiplexer                                    |
| IDU    | Interferometer Drive Unit                                 |
| IECF   | Instrument Engineering and Calibration Facilities         |
| IF     | In-Flight   |
| IG     | Initial Guess   |
| IGM    | Interferogram   |
| ILS    | Instrument Line Shape                                     |
| INT    | Interferometer  |
| I/O DD | Input/Output Data Definition                              |
| IOP    | In Orbit Performance                                      |
| IPF    | Instrument Processing Facility                            |
| LOS    | Line of Sight   |
| MA     | Middle Atmosphere   |
| MDS    | Measurements Data Set                                     |
| MIO    | MIPAS Optics Module                                       |
| MIPAS  | Michelson Interferometer for Passive Atmospheric Sounding |
| MPH    | Main Product Header                                       |
| MPS    | Mission Planning System                                   |
| MR     | Monthly Report  |
| MW     | Micro-Window  |
| NCR    | Non-Conformance Report                                    |
| NESR   | Noise Equivalent Spectral Radiance                        |
| NOM    | Nominal   |
| NRT    | Near-Real-Time  |
| OAR    | Operational Anomaly report                                |
| OFL    | Off-Line  |
| OM     | Occupation Matrix   |
| PCD    | Product Confidence Data                                   |
| PCF    | Product Control Facility                                  |
| PDS    | Payload Data Segment                                      |
| PFHS   | Processing Facility Host Structure                        |
| PLSOL  | Payload Switch off-line                                   |
| QC     | Quality Control   |

|      |                                      |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| QWG  | Quality Working Group                |
| RGC  | Radiometric Gain Calibration         |
| RR   | Reduced Resolution                   |
| SEM  | Special Event Measurement            |
| SPH  | Specific Product header              |
| SPR  | Software Problem Report              |
| ST   | Science Team                         |
| UA   | Upper Atmosphere                     |
| UTLS | Upper Troposphere Lower Stratosphere |
| VCM  | Variance Covariance Matrix           |
| VMR  | Volume Mixing Ratio                  |
| WCC  | Wear Control Cycle                   |
| 2RR  | Double Slide Reduced Resolution      |

## 2 THE REPORT

### 2.1 Summary

- The MIPAS instrument performs really well during the reporting month; in fact only 4 instrument anomalies were recorded (IDU velocity error). As a result of this new operation stability the MIPAS Science Team in agreement with industry and ESA decided to increase the duty cycle of the instrument by slightly change the mission planning; in particular starting from this month the following corrective actions were implemented for increasing the duty cycle:
  - Planning of 6 orbits/day during mission campaign instead of 4 orbits/day, increasing the duty cycle from typically 30% to 42%.
  - Reduce the frequency of the IDU re-initialization from once per orbit to one every three orbits during the 3 days-on/4 days-off operations
- During July 2006 the instrument operated with a duty cycle of about 34%, this seems to disagree with respect to what stated in the previous bullet; nevertheless this low duty cycle is due to two planned long mission interruptions (11 days in total), these two periods were explicitly planned in order to have the instrument in the best condition for the kick-off of AMMA campaign.
- The instrument operated during July with the following plan:
  - NOM modes were planned during 4 – 7 and 12 – 13 July
  - UTLS-1 mode were planned starting from 21 July in support to AMMA campaign with 6 orbits per day, both in ascending and descending track over Central-West Africa (20°N-20°S, 25°W-25°E)
- We already pointed out that MIPAS performs really well during this month; in fact the instrument availability is equal to 98.6 % of the planned measurement time. The missing gaps due to PDS failure were very high (about 17% of the planned time) due to a major anomaly in the data acquisition and downlink. The anomaly was due to the HSM input module; as a result no MIPAS level0 could be generated from 27 July to 3 August 2006. The problem was resolved the 3<sup>rd</sup> August with a HSM module reset.
- The monitoring of the instrument temperatures continued nominally this month. We observe an overall stability of all the devices temperatures, the variation over the entire month being less than 2K (see § 2.3.1).
- The cooler performance was closely monitored on a daily and monthly basis. The cooler seems to perform really well, even though we observed some orbit-dependent spikes that reach the limit of 8 mg at their maxima. These spikes that start to appear during May 2006 seem to be reduced during the reporting month (see § 2.3.3.1).
- The spectral correction factor long term monitoring of the RR mission (since Aug 2004) shows a stable situation since the variations are of the order of 3 ppm over almost two years of operations, a decreasing trend can be observed along the mission, this is nominal and is due to the aging of the laser metrology (see § 2.4.2).
- The gain calibrations were carried out nominally during the reporting period on a weekly basis including the dissemination of the related ADF. The gain weekly increase remains



stable, the maximum of gain increase in the band A between two consecutive disseminated gains remains below the acceptance criterion of 1% (see § 2.4.3.1).

- The long term gain increase monitoring since the last decontamination (June 2005) is presented in this MR. This monitoring will help the planning of the future decontamination activity (to be expected at least twice per year). We can observe that the gain increase looks linear with time after the decontamination induced by the PLSOL of April. Nowadays the gain in the band A is about 17% higher (at its maximum) with respect to the first gain disseminated after the decontamination of June 2005 (see § 2.4.3.2).
- The mispointing long term monitoring shows a steady situation; in fact during the last year the relative bias seems to be stable around a value of few mdeg. To be noted that the last disseminated LOS ADF was on March 2005 (see § 2.4.4).
- The level 1 quality monitoring of the OFL products created at D-PAC is on going in parallel with the mission. The level 1b daily reports can be accessed at the following address:  
[http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level\\_1\\_OFL/](http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level_1_OFL/).
- The long term monitoring of fringe count errors (FCE) for the RR mission is shown in this MR; this analysis is based on the L1b products generated OFL at D-PAC. This monitoring aims at the verification of the stability of FCE over time; furthermore this analysis is useful in order to verify if any correlation exists with the INT performances degradation. So far no correlation can be appreciated from this analysis.
- A quality control of L2 RR OFL products processed with the latest IPF 4.65 (Aug – Sept 2004) was carried out at ESRIN, showing an overall good quality of the level 2 data. To see all the L2 OFL daily reports of RR mission follow the link below:  
[http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level\\_2\\_OFL/](http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level_2_OFL/)

## 2.2 *Instrument and products availability*

### 2.2.1 INSTRUMENT PLANNING

The planning for the MIPAS operations during July 2006 is briefly described in this section.

#### **Planning strategy:**

- All measurement mode are double slide operation with medium resolution (41% - 1.64 sec sweeps) with asymmetric transitory sweeps
- Radiometric Gain calibrations (RGC) planned once per day
- The WCC activity performed after every transition to heater
- LOS sequence planned once per week, with new setting and PITCH BIAS=-0.030<deg>
- DS offset planned every 800 sec.
- NOM modes were planned during 4 – 7 and 12 – 13 July
- A period of 6 days of mission interruption was planned before starting of the AMMA campaign (15 – 20 July 2006)
- UTLS-1 mode were planned starting from 21 July in support to AMMA campaign with 6 orbits per day, both in ascending and descending track over Central-West Africa (20°N-20°S, 25°W-25°E)

The files transferred to the FOCC for the planning of July 2006 operations are listed in *Appendix A*.

## 2.2.2 INSTRUMENT AVAILABILITY

During July 2006 MIPAS performance was really satisfactory; indeed only 4 slide anomalies were registered. All the unavailability intervals during July 2006 are reported in the table below.

**Table 1** List of MIPAS unavailabilities during July 2006; highlighted in red are the ARTEMIS unavailabilities, in blue is the unavailability due to ESOC MCMD transfer error (not related to the instrument).

| Start time  |          | Stop time   |          | Duration | Start Orbit | Stop Orbit | Code              | Comments   |
|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| Date        | UTC      | date        | UTC      | sec      |             |            |                   |  |
| 04-JUL-2006 | 5.24.02  | 04-JUL-2006 | 6.52.33  | 5311     | 22704       | 22705      | EN-UNA-2006/0213  | MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 04-JUL-2006 | 17.18.48 | 04-JUL-2006 | 17.56.49 | 2281     | 22711       | 22712      | ART-UNA-2006/0021 | ARTEMIS unavailability   |
| 06-JUL-2006 | 12.28.51 | 06-JUL-2006 | 12.38.00 | 549      | 22737       | 22737      | ART-UNA-2006/0022 | ARTEMIS unavailability   |
| 07-JUL-2006 | 0.29.53  | 07-JUL-2006 | 0.38.20  | 507      | 22744       | 22744      | ART-UNA-2006/023a | ARTEMIS unavailability   |
| 07-JUL-2006 | 1.58.31  | 07-JUL-2006 | 2.10.10  | 699      | 22745       | 22745      | ART-UNA-2006/023b | ARTEMIS unavailability   |
| 08-JUL-2006 | 7.13.10  | 08-JUL-2006 | 10.38.12 | 12302    | 22762       | 22764      | EN-UNA-2006/0217  | MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 08-JUL-2006 | 17.00.03 | 10-JUL-2006 | 10.07.51 | 148068   | 22768       | 22793      | EN-UNA-2006/0218  | MIPAS return to Operation after MCMD TRANSFER ACKNOW ERROR               |
| 12-JUL-2006 | 20.15.14 | 12-JUL-2006 | 21.06.13 | 3059     | 22827       | 22828      | EN-UNA-2006/0224  | MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 13-JUL-2006 | 12.54.23 | 13-JUL-2006 | 13.51.51 | 3448     | 22837       | 22838      | EN-UNA-2006/0226  | MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |

## 2.2.3 LEVEL 0 PRODUCT AVAILABILITY

The missing intervals (due to PDS unknown failures) for level 0 products (MIP\_NL\_\_0P) are reported in the table below. Note that a critical anomaly was observed in the data downlink, the problem was due to the HSM overflow in the payload data handling unit (see further details in §2.2.3.1). As a result the level 0 data could not be processed. The problem started on 27 July and was solved only the 3<sup>rd</sup> August 2006 with a HSM module reset, during this period no level0 data were available.

**Table 2** List of missing gaps for MIP\_NL\_\_0P during July 2006.

| Start Time  |          | Stop time   |          | Duration<br>sec | Start<br>Orbit | Stop<br>Orbit | Measurement     |
|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Date        | UTC      | date        | UTC      |                 |                |               |                 |
| 01-JUL-2006 | 10.58.15 | 01-JUL-2006 | 10.58.29 | 14              | 22664          | 22664         | NORMAL          |
| 07-JUL-2006 | 0.55.32  | 07-JUL-2006 | 1.16.11  | 1239            | 22744          | 22745         | NORMAL          |
| 08-JUL-2006 | 10.38.12 | 08-JUL-2006 | 10.39.12 | 60              | 22764          | 22765         | NORMAL          |
| 12-JUL-2006 | 21.06.13 | 12-JUL-2006 | 21.06.27 | 14              | 22828          | 22828         | NORMAL          |
| 13-JUL-2006 | 13.51.51 | 13-JUL-2006 | 13.52.27 | 36              | 22838          | 22838         | NORMAL          |
| 15-JUL-2006 | 10.18.17 | 15-JUL-2006 | 10.18.31 | 14              | 22864          | 22865         | NORMAL          |
| 22-JUL-2006 | 16.40.39 | 22-JUL-2006 | 16.40.53 | 14              | 22968          | 22969         | NORMAL          |
| 23-JUL-2006 | 20.48.54 | 23-JUL-2006 | 20.52.16 | 202             | 22985          | 22985         | NORMAL          |
| 27-JUL-2006 | 20.23.02 | 28-JUL-2006 | 1.30.49  | 18467           | 23042          | 23045         | NORMAL          |
| 28-JUL-2006 | 6.26.38  | 28-JUL-2006 | 8.03.34  | 5816            | 23048          | 23049         | NORMAL          |
| 28-JUL-2006 | 8.03.34  | 28-JUL-2006 | 8.10.39  | 425             | 23049          | 23049         | DEEP_SPACE_CHAR |
| 28-JUL-2006 | 8.10.39  | 28-JUL-2006 | 8.17.44  | 425             | 23049          | 23049         | BLACK_BODY_CHAR |
| 28-JUL-2006 | 8.17.44  | 28-JUL-2006 | 11.34.25 | 11801           | 23049          | 23051         | NORMAL          |
| 28-JUL-2006 | 19.51.25 | 29-JUL-2006 | 0.59.12  | 18467           | 23056          | 23059         | NORMAL          |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 7.35.37  | 29-JUL-2006 | 9.12.32  | 5815            | 23063          | 23064         | NORMAL          |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 9.12.32  | 29-JUL-2006 | 9.19.38  | 426             | 23064          | 23064         | DEEP_SPACE_CHAR |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 9.19.38  | 29-JUL-2006 | 9.26.43  | 425             | 23064          | 23064         | BLACK_BODY_CHAR |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 9.26.43  | 29-JUL-2006 | 12.43.24 | 11801           | 23064          | 23066         | NORMAL          |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 14.36.57 | 29-JUL-2006 | 14.41.38 | 281             | 23067          | 23068         | NORMAL          |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 18.01.05 | 29-JUL-2006 | 18.02.05 | 60              | 23069          | 23070         | NORMAL          |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 19.19.48 | 30-JUL-2006 | 0.27.35  | 18467           | 23070          | 23073         | NORMAL          |
| 30-JUL-2006 | 7.04.00  | 30-JUL-2006 | 8.40.55  | 5815            | 23077          | 23078         | NORMAL          |
| 30-JUL-2006 | 8.40.55  | 30-JUL-2006 | 8.48.01  | 426             | 23078          | 23078         | DEEP_SPACE_CHAR |
| 30-JUL-2006 | 8.48.01  | 30-JUL-2006 | 8.55.06  | 425             | 23078          | 23078         | BLACK_BODY_CHAR |
| 30-JUL-2006 | 8.55.06  | 30-JUL-2006 | 12.11.47 | 11801           | 23078          | 23080         | NORMAL          |
| 30-JUL-2006 | 20.28.47 | 31-JUL-2006 | 1.36.34  | 18467           | 23085          | 23088         | NORMAL          |
| 31-JUL-2006 | 6.32.22  | 31-JUL-2006 | 8.09.18  | 5816            | 23091          | 23092         | NORMAL          |
| 31-JUL-2006 | 8.09.18  | 31-JUL-2006 | 8.16.23  | 425             | 23092          | 23092         | DEEP_SPACE_CHAR |
| 31-JUL-2006 | 8.16.23  | 31-JUL-2006 | 8.23.29  | 426             | 23092          | 23092         | BLACK_BODY_CHAR |
| 31-JUL-2006 | 8.23.29  | 31-JUL-2006 | 11.40.10 | 11801           | 23092          | 23094         | NORMAL          |

During the reporting period the following missing intervals (due to PDS unknown failures) were observed during the LOS weekly measurements (MIP\_LS\_\_0P). Also in this case a part from the first gap all the remaining missing intervals were due to the anomaly of the HSM overflow.

**Table 3** List of MIPAS missing LOS measurement segments during July 2006.

| Start time  |          | Stop time   |          | Duration<br>sec | Start<br>Orbit | Stop<br>Orbit |
|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Date        | UTC      | date        | UTC      |                 |                |               |
| 01-JUL-2006 | 9.48.28  | 01-JUL-2006 | 9.48.38  | 10              | 22664          | 22664         |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 14.42.38 | 29-JUL-2006 | 14.43.21 | 43              | 23068          | 23068         |

|             |          |             |          |    |       |       |
|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|----|-------|-------|
| 29-JUL-2006 | 14.47.22 | 29-JUL-2006 | 14.48.06 | 44 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 14.53.55 | 29-JUL-2006 | 14.54.39 | 44 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 14.59.48 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.00.22 | 34 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.01.03 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.01.47 | 44 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.02.28 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.03.18 | 50 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.05.12 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.06.00 | 48 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.08.47 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.09.35 | 48 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.10.23 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.11.06 | 43 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.13.31 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.14.14 | 43 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.16.19 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.17.05 | 46 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.21.21 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.22.05 | 44 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.23.21 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.24.05 | 44 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.24.47 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.25.32 | 45 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.26.51 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.27.37 | 46 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.33.41 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.34.28 | 47 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.48.50 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.49.42 | 52 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.50.42 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.51.32 | 50 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.52.49 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.53.42 | 53 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.55.16 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.56.07 | 51 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.56.48 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.57.01 | 13 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.57.42 | 29-JUL-2006 | 15.57.49 | 7  | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 15.59.50 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.00.41 | 51 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.05.58 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.06.27 | 29 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.07.11 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.08.01 | 50 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.16.11 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.16.58 | 47 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.19.45 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.20.29 | 44 | 23068 | 23068 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.23.14 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.23.58 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.27.58 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.28.42 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.34.31 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.35.15 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.40.24 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.40.58 | 34 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.41.39 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.42.23 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.43.05 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.43.54 | 49 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.45.49 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.46.36 | 47 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.49.23 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.50.11 | 48 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.50.59 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.51.43 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.54.07 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.54.50 | 43 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 16.56.56 | 29-JUL-2006 | 16.57.41 | 45 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.01.57 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.02.41 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.03.57 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.04.41 | 44 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.05.24 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.06.09 | 45 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.07.27 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.08.13 | 46 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.14.17 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.15.04 | 47 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.29.26 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.30.18 | 52 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.31.18 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.32.09 | 51 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.33.26 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.34.18 | 52 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.35.52 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.36.43 | 51 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.37.24 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.37.38 | 14 | 23069 | 23069 |

|             |          |             |          |    |       |       |
|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|----|-------|-------|
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.38.18 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.38.25 | 7  | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.40.26 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.41.17 | 51 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.46.35 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.47.03 | 28 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.47.47 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.48.37 | 50 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 17.56.47 | 29-JUL-2006 | 17.57.34 | 47 | 23069 | 23069 |
| 29-JUL-2006 | 18.00.22 | 29-JUL-2006 | 18.00.25 | 3  | 23069 | 23069 |

### 2.2.3.1 Anomaly in the data downlink

MIPAS data downlink via both chains (Kiruna and Artemis) shows an error starting from 27 July 2006. This type of behavior has been seen before on other instruments and has been attributed to an HSM<sup>1</sup> input module problem. This type of problem in the HSM has been solved before by an HSM input module reset. Also in this case a HSM reset was planned to solve the MIPAS problem, the anomaly was solved the 3<sup>rd</sup> August, therefore about 6 days of planned measurement were not processed to level0.

### 2.2.4 LEVEL 0 PRODUCTS STATISTICS

The MIPAS mission is currently planned with a limited duty cycle (30 – 40 %), this measurement scenario was suggested by Astrium for instrument safety. In the last months due to the new operation instrument stability the MIPAS Science Team in agreement with industry and ESA decided to increase the duty cycle of the instrument by slightly change the mission planning, in particular starting from this month the following corrective actions were implemented for increasing the duty cycle:

- Planning of 6 orbits/day during mission campaign instead of 4 orbits/day, increasing the duty cycle from typically 30% to 42%.
- Reduce the frequency of the IDU re-initialization from once per orbit to one every three orbits during the 3 days-on/4 days-off operations. This new scenario was adopted for the first time during the reporting month for the AMMA campaign.

During July 2006 the instrument operated with a duty cycle of about 34%, in fact even if the new planning options were implemented, a total of 11 days of mission interruption was planned in order to prepare the instrument to the AMMA campaign and to 3 days of NOM operations. As already cited in the previous paragraph the instrument performances were really good during the reporting month; the instrument availability is in fact equal to 98.6 % of the planned measurement time. The missing intervals due to PDS unknown failure were about 17% of the planned time, due to the HSM anomaly reported in the previous paragraph. The MIP\_NL\_\_OP products statistics are reported in the following table.

<sup>1</sup> The High-Speed Multiplexer (HSM) is part of the Payload Data Handling (PDH) system; the HSM selects and assemble the data coming from the different ENVISAT instruments into a continuous data stream. The HSM sends this information to the four onboard 30 Gbytes Tape Recorders, which allow for intermediate storage of HSM output data during periods without direct ground station coverage, finally the data are sent to the Encoding and Switching Unit (ESU) for the final downlink.

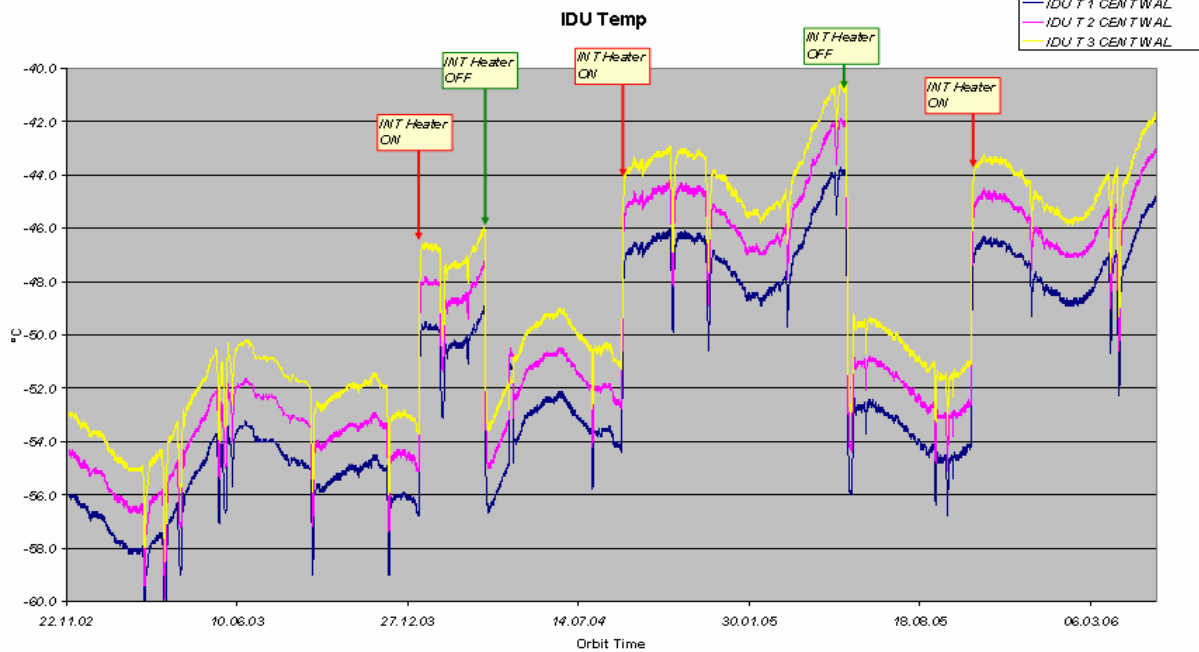
**Table 4** MIPAS MIP\_NL\_\_OP products statistics during July 2006.

|  |   | Time [sec]     |
|--|---|----------------|
| Total time over one month  | $t_{tot}$                                   | <b>2678400</b> |
| Time of planned measurements   | $t_{plan}$                                  | <b>908817</b>  |
| Time of expected measurements  | $t_{exp}$                                   | <b>896211</b>  |
| Time of L0 gaps  | $t_{L0gaps}$                                | <b>149671</b>  |
| Time of instrument unavailability  | $t_{unav} = t_{plan} - t_{exp}$             | <b>12606</b>   |
|  |   |                |
| <b>% Time of duty cycle</b>  | $(t_{plan} / t_{tot}) * 100$                | <b>33,93</b>   |
| <b>% Time of Instrument availability</b>   | $[1 - t_{unav} / t_{plan}] * 100$           | <b>98,61</b>   |
| <b>% Time of L0 availability (PDS failure)</b>                                   | $[(t_{exp} - t_{L0gaps}) / t_{exp}] * 100$  | <b>83,30</b>   |
| <b>% Total time of L0 availability (PDS failure + instrument unavailability)</b> | $[(t_{exp} - t_{L0gaps}) / t_{plan}] * 100$ | <b>82,14</b>   |

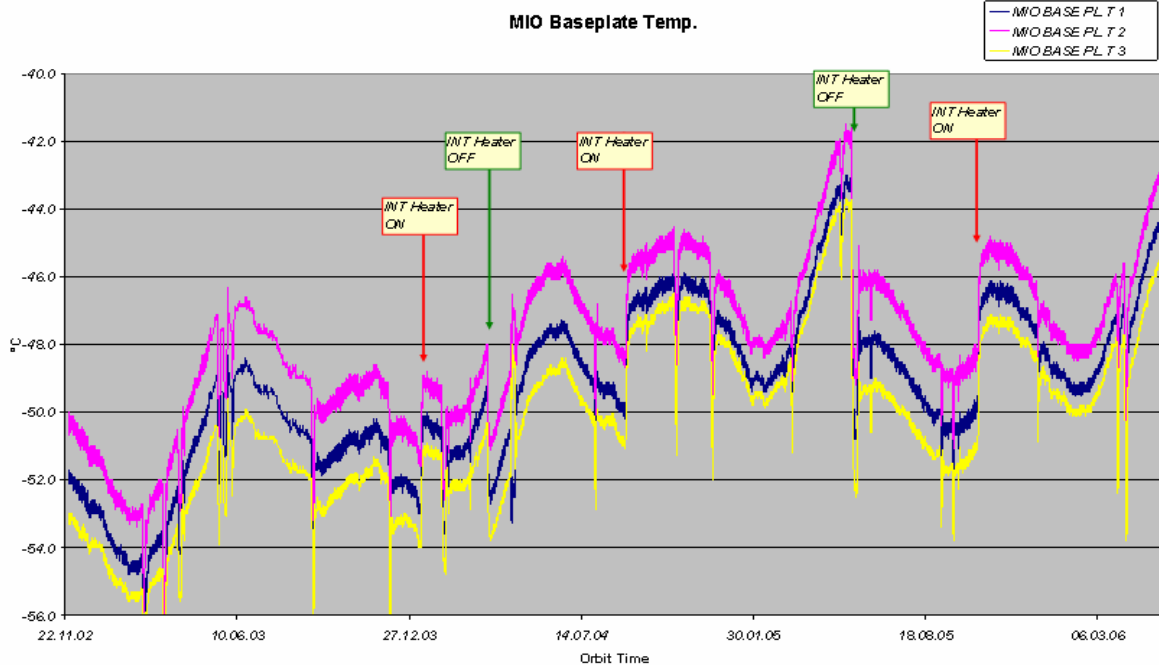
## 2.3 Instrument monitoring

### 2.3.1 THERMAL PERFORMANCE

The following two plots (Fig. 1 – 2) show the long-term trends of the IDU and MIO base plate temperature (analysis performed by Astrium). The yearly seasonal variations and the interferometer heater switching (see Tab. 5 for the schedule of heater switch-on/off) are clearly visible within the plots. In particular the switching-on of the INT heater during 17 October 2005 produces an increase of almost 5K of the MIO and IDU temperature. The increase of temperature significantly improves the INT performances from October 2005 up to January 2006. During May – June 2006 the seasonal increase of temperature can be observed (this is the hottest period of the year for MIPAS), with an increasing slope similar to that observed on 2005.



**Figure 1** IDU temperatures as a function of time: November 2002 – July 2006 (courtesy of Astrium).



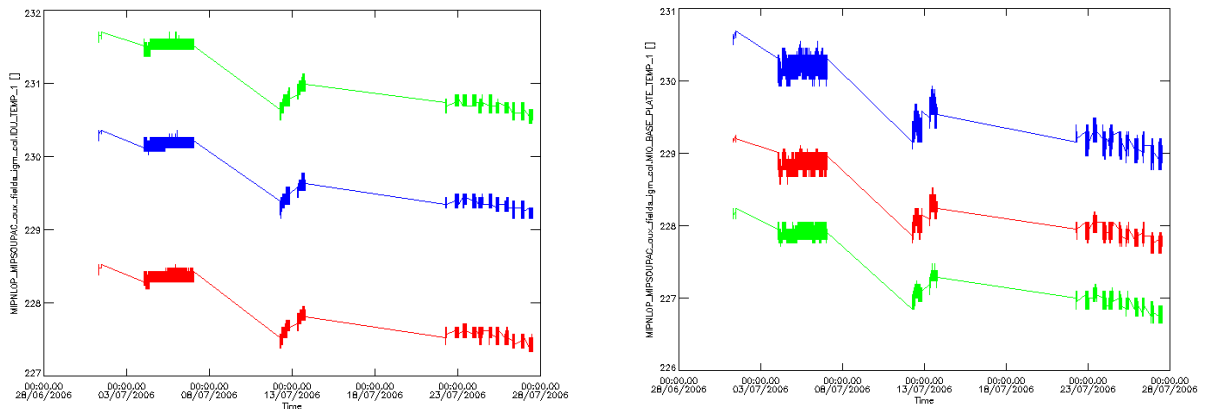
**Figure 2** MIO base plate temperatures as a function of time: November 2002 – July 2006 (courtesy of Astrium).

The time of switch-on of the INT heater are reported in the following table.

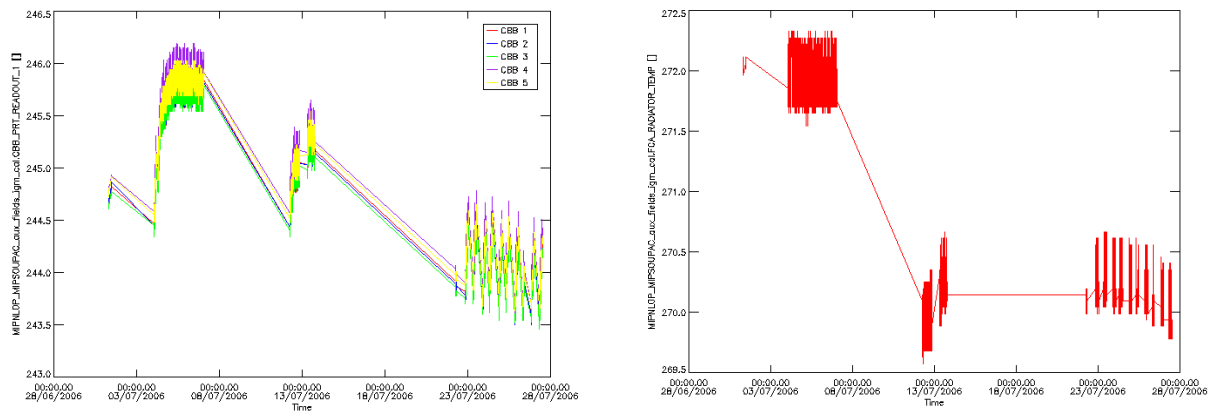
**Table 5** Schedule of interferometer heater switch-on/off.

|                   |                    |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Heater on</b>  | <b>09-Jan-2004</b> |
| <b>Heater off</b> | <b>26-Mar-2004</b> |
| <b>Heater on</b>  | <b>03-Sep-2004</b> |
| <b>Heater off</b> | <b>25-May-2005</b> |
| <b>Heater on</b>  | <b>17-Oct-2005</b> |

The monthly monitoring of the instrument temperatures is reported in the following plots, which show the IDU, MIO, CBB and FCA radiator temperatures. We observe an overall stability of all the temperatures, the variation over the entire month being less than 1.5K.



**Figure 3** IDU and MIO Base-Plate temperature during reporting period: July 2006.

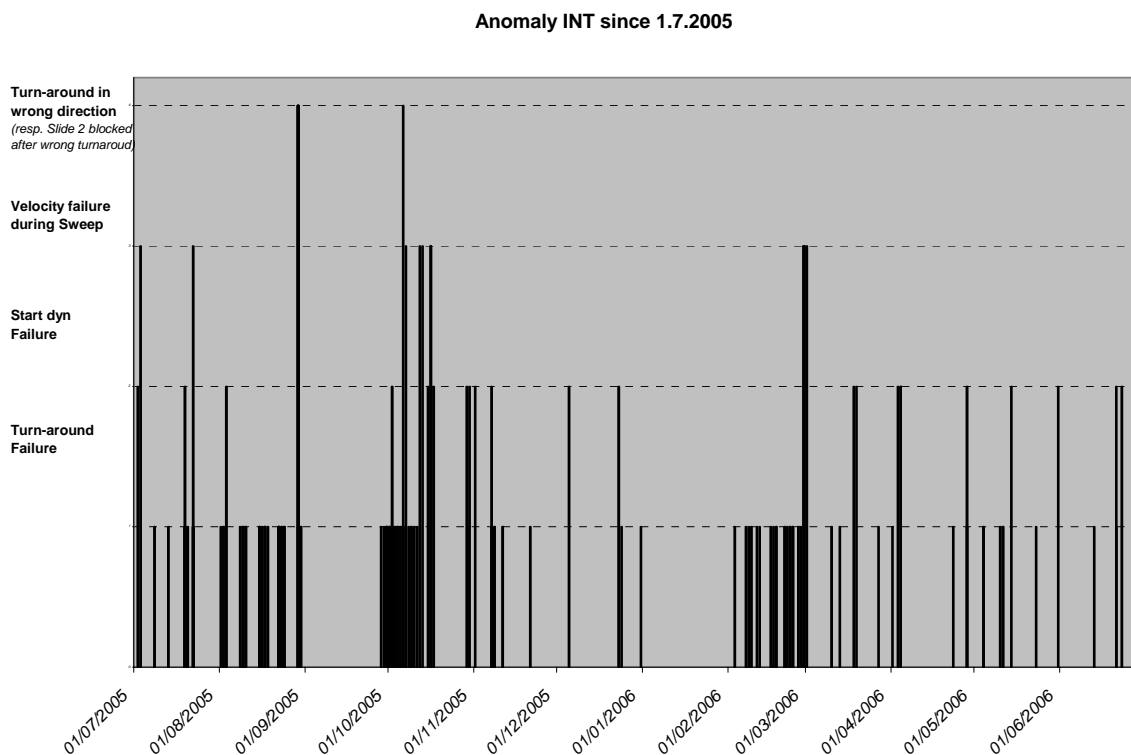


**Figure 4** CBB and FCA radiator temperature during reporting period: July 2006.

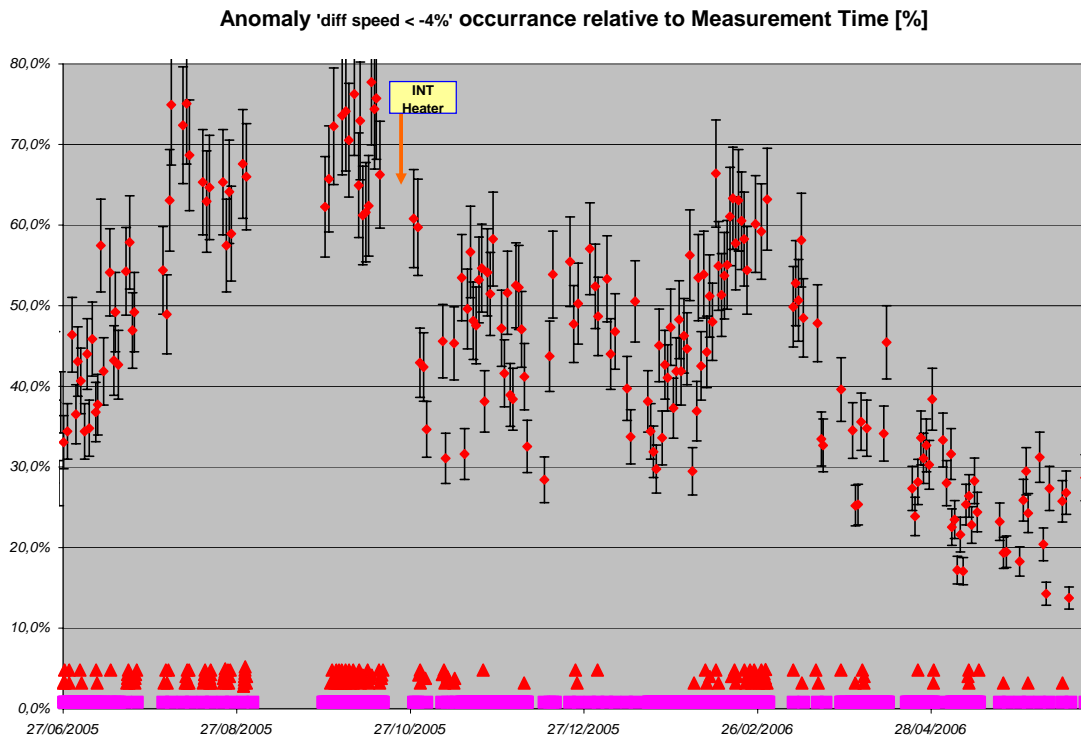


### 2.3.2 INTERFEROMETER PERFORMANCE

The historical record of INT velocity errors and differential speed errors since July 2005 can be seen in Fig. 5 – 6 (analysis carried out by Astrium). In this figures the very bad periods of August 2005 and October 2005 can be distinguished. During these periods the INT velocity errors occurred with high frequency and the differential speed errors reached the maximum value of about 70%. The positive effect of the heater switch-on (end of October 2005) can be appreciated within these plots with a significant reduction of the velocity errors occurrence and a drastic reduction of differential speed errors. This situation changed during end of Feb 2006, when the -4% differential speed error starts again to increase and reach the critical value of 60%. It has been noted that when this parameter reaches this value the number of turnaround anomalies starts to increase significantly. Owing to this increasing rate of failure the MIPAS instrument was switched off for the first ten days of March 2006. The performances after this period of intended interruption were improved. Moreover the ENVISAT anomaly of 6<sup>th</sup> April 2006 yields to improved cooler performances this reflects into a significant improvement of the INT performances with a reduction of slide errors occurrence. During the reporting period the interferometer performances were really good with a decrease of the velocity error occurrence (only 4 IDU anomalies over the reporting month) and a very low (about 25%) and stable value of differential speed errors.



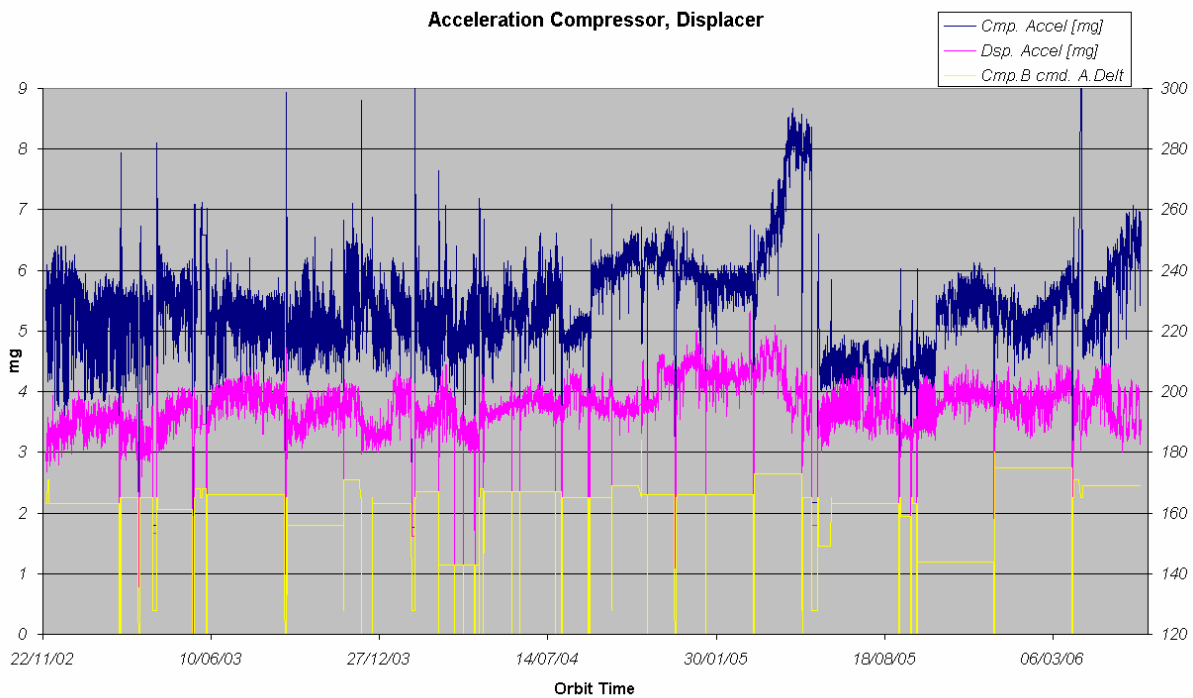
**Figure 5** INT anomalies since July 2005 (courtesy of Astrium).



**Figure 6** Occurrence of -4% differential speed error relative to measurement time since January 2005 (courtesy of Astrium).

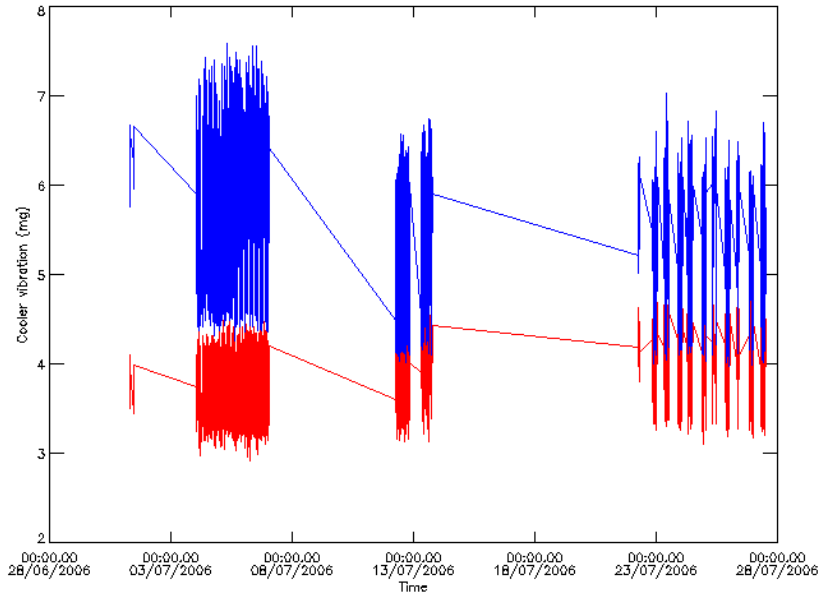
### 2.3.3 COOLER PERFORMANCE

Fig. 7 shows the cooler displacer and compressor vibration level from start of mission (analysis performed by Astrium). It can be noticed the evident increase in compressor vibration level during March – April 2005. After an analysis done by Astrium, it was found that the MIPAS cooler was not well balanced. The cooler rebalancing was performed from 11 May 07:39 to 12 May 12:14 2005, during an interval of non-planned measurements. The rebalancing did not introduce the expected reduction of compressor vibration level because of the relatively warm environment. For this reason it was decided to switch-off the interferometer cooler on 25 May 2005. After the decontamination (23 May – 1 June 2005) and the INT heater switch-off, the cooler performs extremely well, the vibrations levels remain stable and well below the warning threshold. In Fig.7 it can be seen also the effect of the switch-on of the INT heater during end of October 2005, this determines a slight increase of the compressor vibration by about 1 mg. After the ENVISAT anomaly of 6<sup>th</sup> April 2006, with all the payload devices switched off, we observed an important improvement in the cooler performances with a reduction of the compressor vibration level of about 1 mg. The increase of vibration levels observed since May 2006 is nominal and is due to the warming environment in this part of the year.

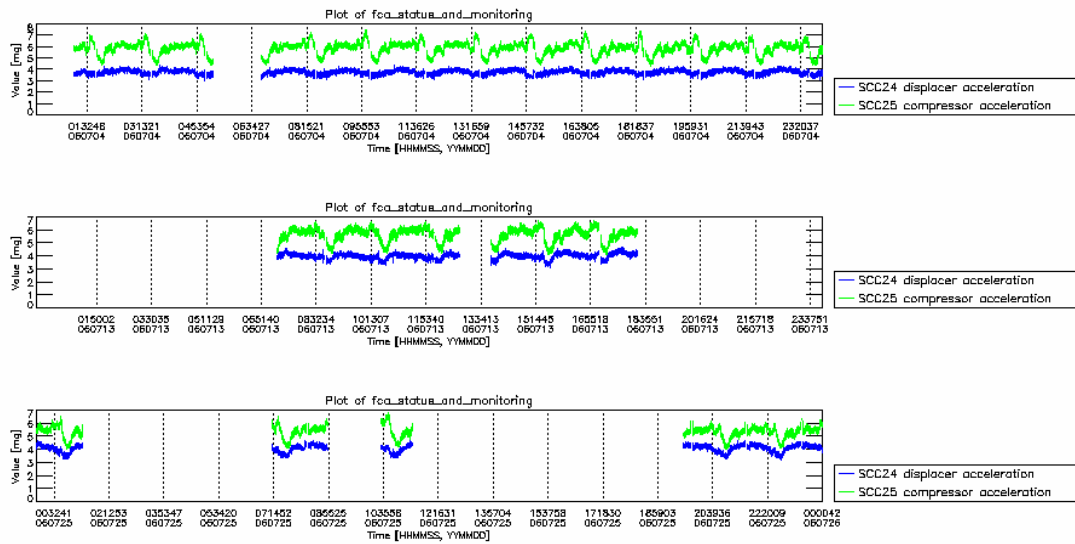


**Figure 7** Cooler Displacer and Compressor vibration level, historical trend from 2002 (courtesy of Astrium).

The performances of the cooler during the reporting period were nominal with vibration values below the observation warning level of 8 mg, as can be seen in Fig. 8. Nevertheless the compressor vibrations start to show orbital dependent spikes since May 2006, with maxima reaching sometimes the warning level. These spikes, which are highlighted in the daily plots of Fig. 9, are due to a variation of environment condition along the orbit (supply voltage and temperature). This situation is expected for this period (May – July), which corresponds to the hottest part of the year, indeed during July the magnitude of these spikes starts to decrease and in average we observe a decrease of the compressor vibration of about 1 mg.



**Figure 8** July 2006: Cooler Displacer and Compressor vibration level.



**Figure 9** Cooler Displacer and Compressor vibration level observed on 4, 13 and 25 July 2006.

## 2.4 Level 1b product quality monitoring

### 2.4.1 PROCESSOR CONFIGURATION

#### 2.4.1.1 Version

The latest operational processor (IPF 4.65) was installed at D-PAC on February 2006 for the OFL processing of MIPAS RR mission. The table below shows the list of IPF updates and the aligned prototype, DPM, IODD and the related NCR/SPRs.

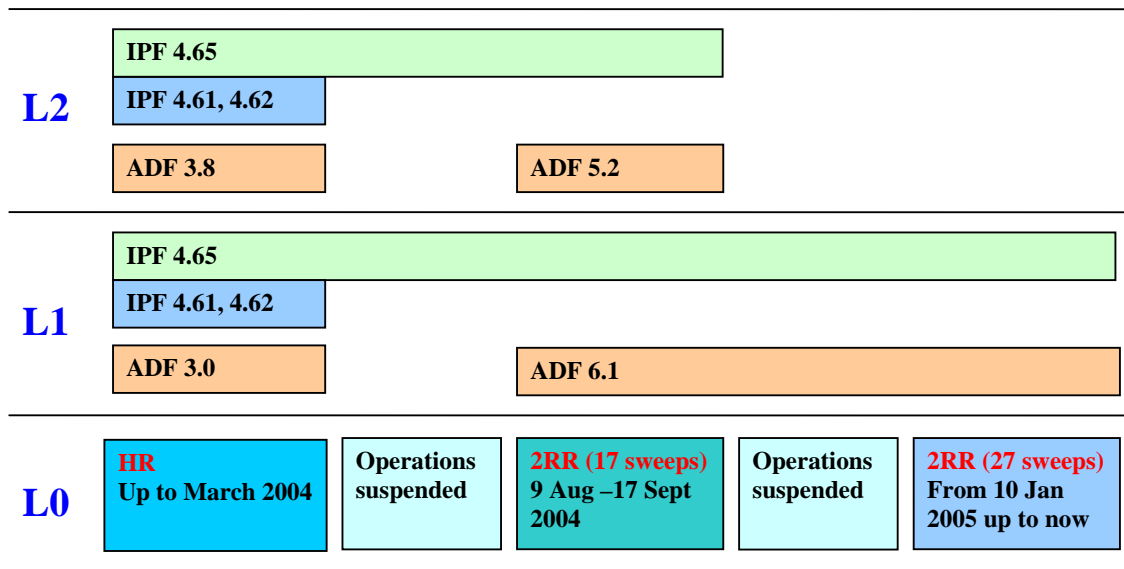
A new IPF (4.67) is planned to be validated and put into operations at D-PAC for replacing the 4.65 version. This new processor, which corrects for five NCRs with respect to the previous version, is now under validation at ESRIN and is expected to be operational OFL at the beginning of September 2006.

**Table 6** Historical updates of MIPAS processor, related prototype, DPM, IODD and NCR/SPR.

| IPF Version | Prototype |          | DPM |     | IODD |     | Processor update  |  |
|-------------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|------|-----|---|--|
|             | L1 Migsp  | L2 MI2pp | L1  | L2  | L1   | L2  | Level 1   | Level 2  |
| 4.65        | 2.5       | 4.0      | 4I  | 4.1 | 4E   | 4.0 |   | Fixed <b>NCR_1310</b>  |
| 4.64        | 2.5       | 4.0      | 4I  | 4.1 | 4E   | 4.0 | Fixed <b>SPR-12100-2011</b>                                 |  |
| 4.63        | 2.5       | 4.0      | 4I  | 4.1 | 4E   | 4.0 | Fixed <b>SPR-12000-2000:</b><br>Fixed <b>SPR-12000-2001</b> | Fixed <b>NCR_1278</b><br>Fixed <b>NCR_1308</b><br>Rejected <b>NCR_1310</b><br>Rejected <b>NCR_1317</b> |
| 4.62        | 2.5       | 4.0      | 4H  | 4.0 | 4E   | 4.0 | Fixed <b>NCR_1157</b><br>Fixed <b>NCR_1259</b>              | Fixed <b>NCR_1128</b><br>Fixed <b>NCR_1275</b><br>Fixed <b>NCR_1276</b>                                |

The historical updates in the MIPAS L1 processor are detailed in *Appendix B* with all the information on the related NCRs and SPRs.

The figure below shows the alignment between the measurement mode (high resolution, reduced resolution with 17 sweeps and reduced resolution with 27 sweeps) and the corresponding valid IPF and ADF for the L1 and L2 processing.



**Figure 10** IPF validity and ADFs version for processing level 1 and level 2 products. IPF 4.62 – 4.61 were used for re-processing of FR mission, while the IPF 4.65 is now operational at D-PAC for OFL processing of RR mission.

The historical update of the IPF at each processing site is shown in the following table.

**Table 7** Historical updates of MIPAS processor at near real time (NRT) processing sites (PDHS-K and PDHS-E) and off-line processing sites (LRAC and D-PAC).

| Centre | Facility Software | Date       |
|--------|-------------------|------------|
| D-PAC  | V4.65             | 09-02-2006 |
| D-PAC  | V4.62             | 06-09-2004 |
| LRAC   | V4.62             | 02-09-2004 |
| D-PAC  | V4.61             | 15-03-2004 |
| LRAC   | V4.61             | 18-03-2004 |
| PDHS-K | V4.61             | 17-03-2004 |
| PDHS-E | V4.61             | 17-03-2004 |
| LRAC   | V4.59             | 20-08-2003 |
| D-PAC  | V4.59             | 06-08-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.59             | 23-07-2003 |
| PDHS-E | V4.59             | 23-07-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.57             | 22-07-2003 |
| LRAC   | V4.57             | 22-07-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.59             | 21-07-2003 |
| LRAC   | V4.59             | 21-07-2003 |
| LRAC   | V4.57             | 19-03-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.57             | 18-03-2003 |
| D-PAC  | V4.57             | 05-03-2003 |
| PDHS-E | V4.57             | 04-03-2003 |

### 2.4.1.2 Auxiliary Data Files

The strategy for the level 1 ADFs update is as follows:

- The MIP\_CO1\_AX, MIP\_CG1\_AX and MIP\_CS1\_AX are updated every week and after a long detectors/cooler switch-off or after a long unavailability
- The MIP\_CL1\_AX is analyzed every two weeks and updated when the pointing error differs with respect to the last disseminated by more than 8 mdeg.
- The MIP\_PS1\_AX is updated every time there is a setting update.
- The MIP\_MW1\_AX is updated when the micro-window is changed.
- The MIP\_CA1\_AX is updated when new characterization parameters are defined.

The ADF files generated and disseminated during July 2006 are listed in the following table.

**Table 8** Level 1 ADFs valid in July 2006.

| Auxiliary Data File   | Start Validity | Stop Validity | Updated during the reporting period |
|---|----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| V6.1<br>MIP_MW1_AXVIEC20050627_094928_20040809_000000_20090809_000000<br>MIP_PS1_AXVIEC20050627_100609_20040809_000000_20090809_000000<br>MIP_CA1_AXVIEC20050627_094412_20040809_000000_20090809_000000 | 08-JAN-05      | 08-JAN-09     | No                                  |
| MIP_CL1_AXVIEC20050420_152028_20050420_095747_20100420_095747   | 20-APR-05      | 20-APR-10     | No                                  |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060713_151520_20060704_000000_20110704_000000<br>MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060713_150542_20060704_000000_20110704_000000<br>MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060713_150030_20060704_000000_20110704_000000         | 04-JUL-06      | 04-JUL-06     | Yes                                 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060724_092003_20060712_000000_20110712_000000<br>MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060724_091945_20060712_000000_20110712_000000<br>MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060724_091656_20060712_000000_20110712_000000         | 12-JUL-06      | 12-JUL-11     | Yes                                 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060801_073619_20060721_000000_20110721_000000<br>MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060731_150534_20060721_000000_20110721_000000<br>MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060731_150107_20060721_000000_20110721_000000         | 21-JUL-06      | 21-JUL-11     | Yes                                 |

The characterization level 1 ADFs (MIP\_PS1\_AX, MIP\_CA1\_AX, MIP\_MW1\_AX) are generated by Bomem. The following table illustrates the history of level 1 ADF deliveries, more details can be found in **Appendix C**.

**Table 9** Historical deliveries of level 1 ADF by Bomem

| ADFs Version | Updated ADF              | Start Validity Date | IPF version | Dissemination date |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 6.1          | MIP_PS1_AX               | 09-Aug-2004         | 4.63        | 27-Jun-2005        |
| 6.0          | MIP_PS1_AX               | Not disseminated    | 4.63        | -                  |
| 5.0 draft    | MIP_PS1_AX               | Not disseminated    | 4.63        | -                  |
| 4.1 TDS6     | MIP_PS1_AX               | 09- Aug-2004        | 4.63        | 15-Mar-2005        |
| 4.0 draft    | MIP_PS1_AX               | Not disseminated    | 4.62        | -                  |
| 3.2          | MIP_PS1_AX               | 26-Mar-2004         | 4.61        | 21-Apr-2004        |
| 3.1          | MIP_PS1_AX               | 09-Jan-2004         | 4.61        | 17-Mar-2004        |
| 3.0          | MIP_CA1_AX<br>MIP_MW1_AX | April-2002          | 4.61        | 4-Nov-2003         |

|            |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|--|
| MIP_PS1_AX |  |  |  |
|------------|--|--|--|

## 2.4.2 SPECTRAL PERFORMANCE

The calibration file MIP\_CS1\_AX contains the spectral correction factor (SCF), which compensates for variations in the instrument metrology (e.g.: aging of the laser). Figure 11 gives the variation trend over the RR mission (from August 2004). We observe a very stable situation since the variations are of the order of 3 ppm over almost two years of operations. An overall decrease of the SCF can be observed, this is a nominal situation that was already observed for the FR mission and is due to the aging of the laser metrology.

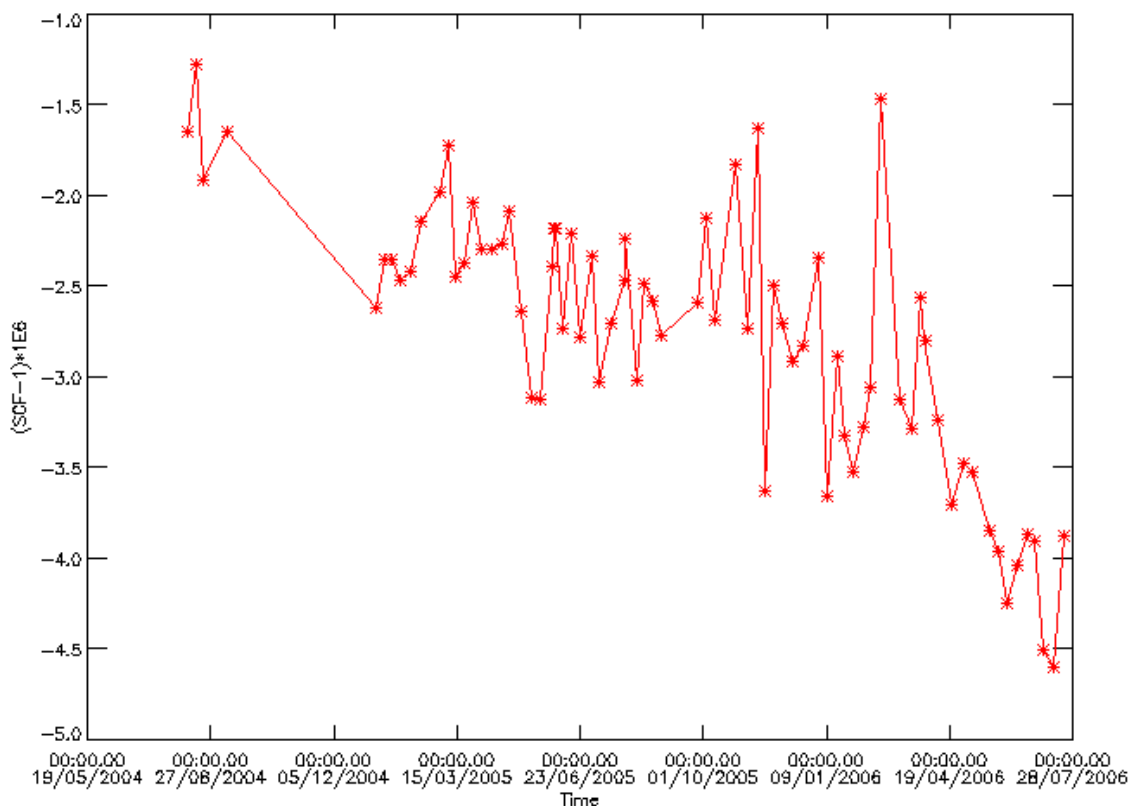


Figure 11 MIPAS Spectral Calibration Factor (SCF) during RR ops updated to end of July 2006.

## 2.4.3 RADIOMETRIC PERFORMANCE

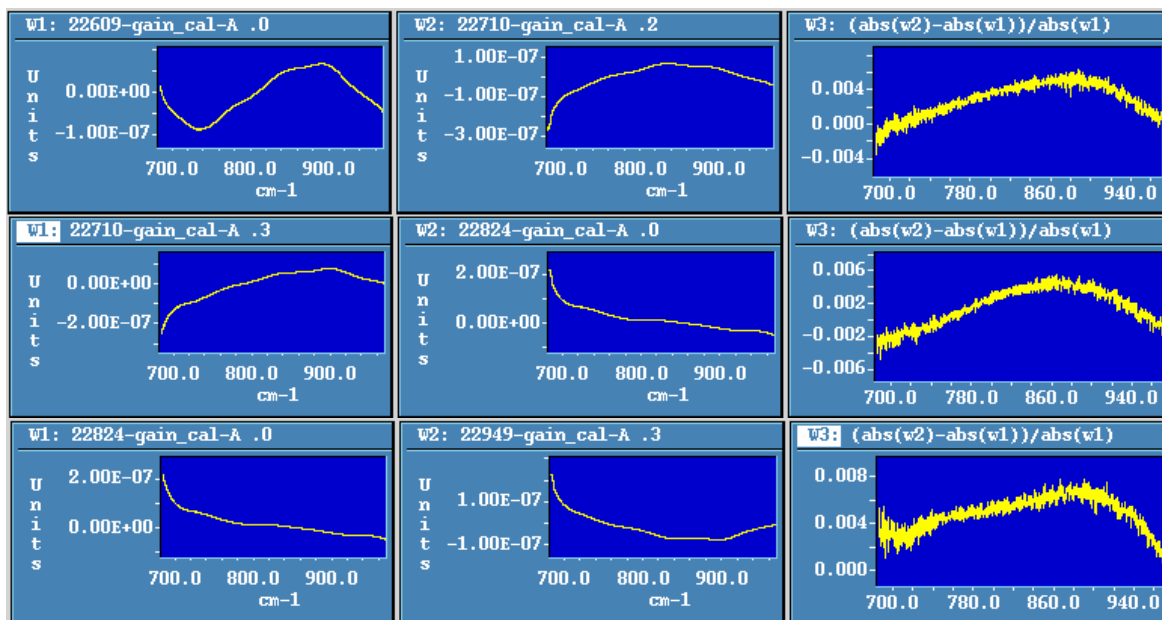
The radiometric calibration is performed on a weekly basis, furthermore the gain is always updated after long mission interruption (planned or not planned) or instrument outages due to anomalies or when the instrument environment conditions changes (e.g.: heater or cooler switching). The



maximum of the gain increase between two consecutive disseminated gains in the band A (where we expect the maximum of gain variation due to ice contamination) is carefully monitored. The weekly increase of gain is expected to be around 1% at its maximum.

### 2.4.3.1 Monthly monitoring

During July 2006 operations, the relative increase of consecutive disseminated gain was monitored nominally. Figure 12 shows the plots of gain and the gain relative changes for this month. The maximum increase is obtained as the maximum of the curves of weekly gain variation  $(abs(w2)-abs(w1))/abs(w1)$  in Figure 12. These maxima are reported in Tab. 10; in this table is also reported the long term increase, in this case we used as reference the gain made just after the last decontamination of June 2005. Tab. 10 shows that during the reporting month the weekly increase was always lower than the acceptance criterion (1%).



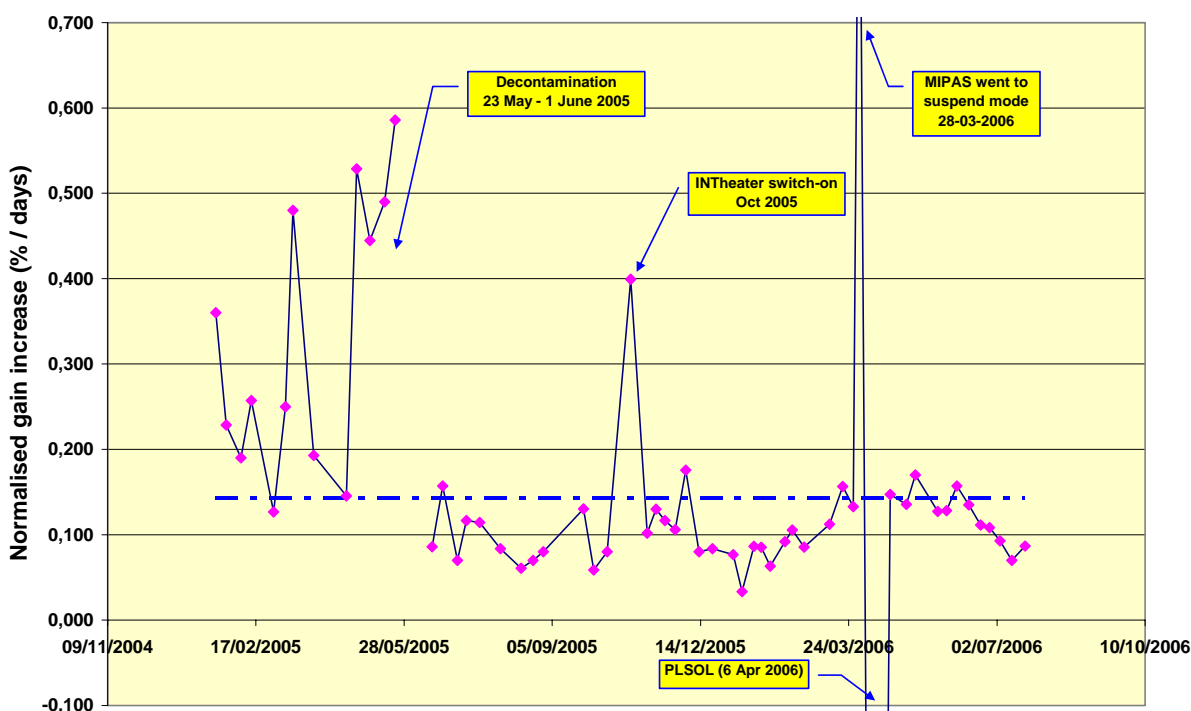
**Figure 12** Relative variations of radiometric gain for consecutive disseminated gains in band A during July 2006 operations. The first two plots in each row are the imaginary part of the gain plotted versus the wave-number, the third plot is the ratio:  $(abs(w2)-abs(w1))/abs(w1)$ , which gives the gain increase with respect to the reference  $w1$  (last disseminated ADF). The check is satisfied when the gain is lower than the warning threshold of 0.01 (1%).

**Table 10** Weekly and long term (since June 2005) gain increase for the four disseminated gain orbits of July 2006

| Orbit # | Date       | Weekly max increase (%) | Long term max increase (%) |
|---------|------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 22710   | 04/07/2006 | 0,65                    | 15,28                      |
| 22824   | 12/07/2006 | 0,56                    | 15,92                      |
| 22949   | 21/07/2006 | 0,78                    | 16,69                      |

### 2.4.3.2 Long term monitoring

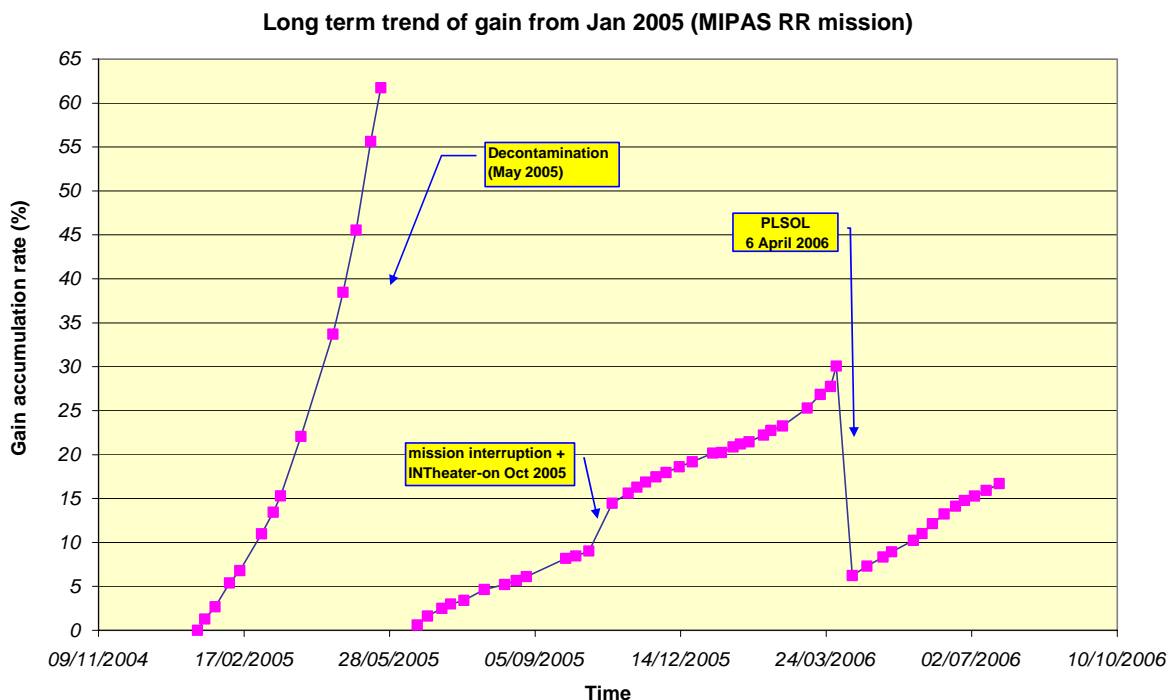
The long term plot of gain changes between two consecutive disseminated gains since January 2005 is shown in the figure below, in this figure the maximum gain is normalized with respect to the time in order to avoid for artifacts due to different time intervals between consecutive gains. The acceptance criterion of 1% weekly increase is highlighted with the dotted line (it corresponds to 1% / 7 days). The very high increase of gain during Jan-May 2005 operations can be seen in this figure. After the decontamination (end of May 2005) the gain rate suddenly decreases and it remains generally lower than the acceptance level unless some spikes due to the INT heater switch-on, the instrument anomaly of 28<sup>th</sup> March 2006 and the PLSOL of 6<sup>th</sup> April 2006.



**Figure 13** Gain maximum increase normalized to the time difference between consecutive disseminated gains since January 2005.

The long term monitoring of gain accumulation increase since Jan 2005 is presented in Fig. 14. This plot shows the increase of gain taking as reference the first calibration orbit of Jan 2005 for the period Jan – May 2005 and the first orbit of June 2005 (after the decontamination) for the rest of the considered mission. This long term investigation is useful in order to plan possible decontamination along the mission. As suggested by M. Birk (DLR) decontamination should be planned when the gain is increasing by more than 20% in order to prevent NESR value to become not acceptable for L2 products retrieval accuracy. We can observe in this figure the very high increase of gain during the period Jan – May 2005. At the end of May the gain increase reached a value of about 60%. The situation was resolved with the decontamination of June 2005. Since then, the gain has increased with a linear rate with some spikes due to the INT heater switch-on of October 2005 or to

instrument unavailability. A maximum value of 28% was reached at the beginning of April 2006. At this point the PLSOL causes a sort of passive decontamination, due to a warming up of the detector while the cooler was switched off. As a result the gain increase was dramatically reduced by more than 25%. After this mini-decontamination due to the payload switch-off, the gain increase was perfectly linear up to now demonstrating the improved cooler performances after the PLSOL.



**Figure 14** Gain accumulation increase since January 2005.

### 2.4.3.3 Interpolated gains

During the period January-May 2005, a strong gain increase was observed in the gain variation, as observed in the previous paragraph. This increase acts on the data quality in two ways:

- If the gain functions are only determined once per week, the drift leads to a scaling error in the calibrated spectra of up to 3.5 % in band A.
- The increase of the gain function corresponds to a decrease of the instrument response. This also decreases the signal-to-noise-ratio and leads to higher NESR-values.

In order to reduce the scaling error in the calibrated spectra the solution was to calculate and disseminate further gain values in between the already disseminated ones in order to comply with the condition for the gain increase to be lower than 1% between consecutive gains. This gain reprocessing has been done with the support of Bomem and the results are reported in **Appendix D**.

#### 2.4.4 POINTING PERFORMANCE

The LOS calibration measurements are performed every week and the mispointing is analyzed on a bi-weekly basis. This plan allows the pointing stability to be analyzed and guarantees the availability of the data in case of missing products. The baseline for LOS calibration is now that the absolute bias is compared to the last disseminated one, then a new LOS calibration ADF is disseminated only if the difference between the two bias is a higher than 8mdeg.

The long term trend of mispointing since start of mission is reported in Fig. 15. The figure shows the relative and the absolute pointing error (evaluated taking into account the commanded elevation angle for the LOS calibration). The very pronounced annual trend at the beginning of the mission was not due to the MIPAS instrument itself, but to a mispointing of the entire ENVISAT platform resulting from the software response to orbit control information. In fact, after the update in the pointing software, implemented on 12 December 2003 the deviation trend was drastically reduced. During July 2006 operations, the LOS calibration was performed and the results are reported in the following table and figure. The LOS calibration planned for 29 July 2006 was lost due to the HMS anomaly and the resulting PDS failure (see §2.2.2). During the last year of operations the relative bias seems to be stable around a value of few mdeg, indeed the last disseminated LOS ADF was on March 2005.

**Table 11** LOS calibration performed on July 2006.

| Date      | Orbit # | Relative bias [deg] | Absolute bias [deg] |
|-----------|---------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 15/7/2006 | 22862   | 0,007959            | -0,022041           |
| 22/7/2006 | 22966   | 0,007423            | -0,022577           |

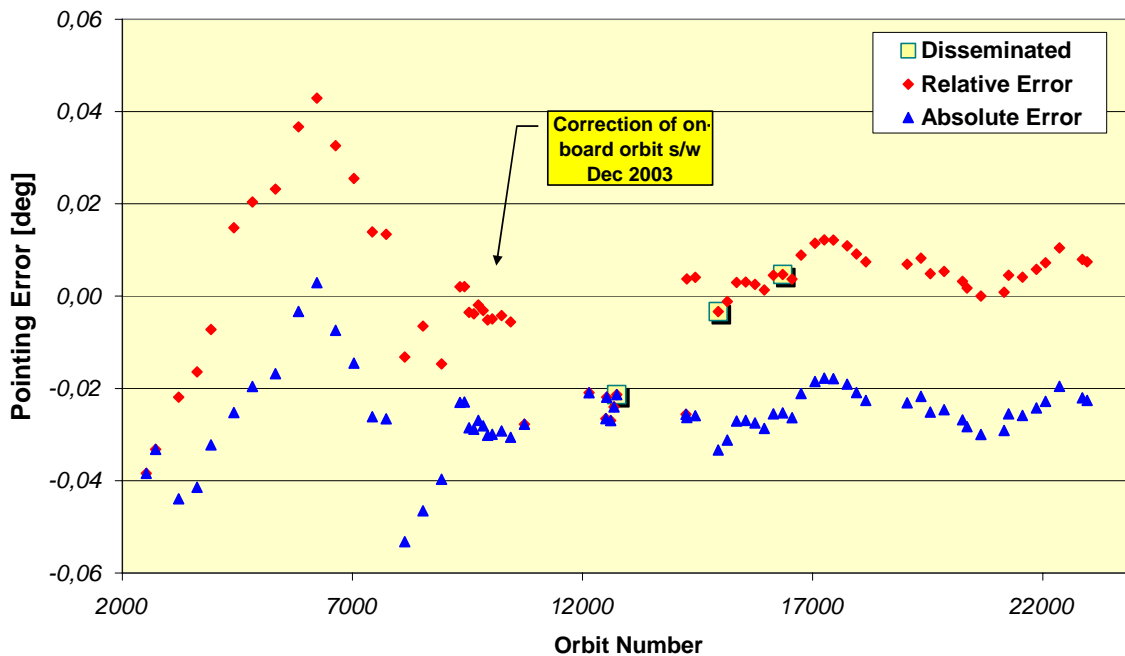


Figure 15 MIPAS long-term pointing error as a function of the orbit: September 2002- July 2006.

As can be seen in the figure above, there are points where the relative and absolute errors coincide because the angle for LOS measurements has been commanded to 0 mdeg. Tab. 12 shows the history of the commanded angle for LOS measurements.

Table 12 LOS commanded angle updates.

| Start Date  | Start Orbit | Stop Date   | Stop Orbit | Angle [mdeg] |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| beginning   | /           | 28 Sep 2002 | 3024       | 0            |
| 05 Oct 2002 | 3123        | 26 Oct 2002 | 3424       | - 22         |
| 02 Nov 2002 | 3524        | 30 Nov 2002 | 3926       | - 25         |
| 07 Dec 2002 | 4025        | 01 Nov 2003 | 8738       | - 40         |
| 08 Nov 2003 | 8835        | 08 Nov 2003 | 8836       | - 25         |
| 10 Nov 2003 | 8864        | 10 Nov 2003 | 8865       | 0            |
| 15 Nov 2003 | 8934        | 6 Mar 2004  | 10538      | - 25         |
| 13 Mar 2004 | 10639       | 20 Nov 2004 | 14250      | 0            |
| 21 Nov 2004 | 14265       | /           | /          | - 30         |

Starting from the second part of September 2003, only measurements from channel D2 are processed because of the increased noise affecting channel D1. In order to reduce that noise, from 21 November 2004 (orbit 14265), the planning strategy for LOS measurements has been changed and the number of observations per star has been doubled.

During the anomaly investigation in winter 2004, the absence of interferometer operations was used for a dedicated Line of Sight campaign. MIPAS LOS data have been inter-compared with restituted attitude information from the ENVISAT star trackers, in preparation for future operational use of restituted attitude in off-line processing. Note that a bias of 24 mdeg was subtracted from the pointing error. Apart from this bias, results from the MIPAS LOS campaign agree with star tracker information. Investigations are currently ongoing to find the cause of this bias.

#### 2.4.5 QUALITY CONTROL OF L1 OFL DATA

The quality control of L1 OFL data processed at D-PAC is going-on in parallel with the processing, the L1b daily report are uploaded on the web as soon as they are generated, they can be accessed at the following address:

[http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level\\_1\\_OFL/](http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level_1_OFL/)

These daily monitoring shows an overall good quality of the L1b processed data.

A long term monitoring of the fringe count errors (FCE) is going to be reported from now on in the MR. The number of fringe count represent the number of points for which the measurement IGM should be translated in order to match the reference IGM (the closest disseminated gains). This long term monitoring aims at the verification of the stability of this parameter over time; furthermore this analysis is useful in order to verify if any correlation exists with the INT performances degradation. The long term plot of FCE is presented in Fig. 17. In this plot the number of fringe count are plotted for each sweep (+ and - sign represent the forward/reverse measurement). No evident trend can be observed over more than one year of mission.

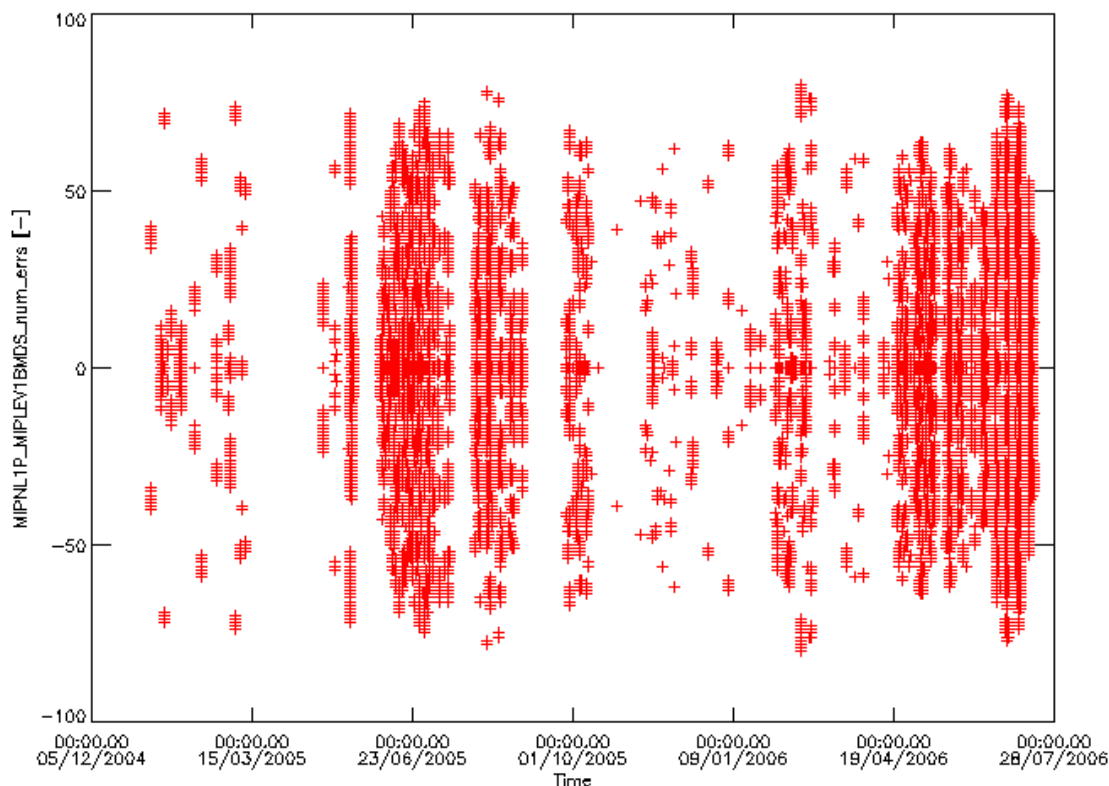


Figure 16 MIPAS long-term FCE values: January 2005 - July 2006.

### 2.4.6 LEVEL 0 AND LEVEL 1 ANOMALY STATUS

The following table summarizes the anomalies affecting Level 0 and Level 1 products and shows the associated SPR, NCR, OAR and HD code.

No new anomalies were observed during the reporting period, more details on anomalies investigation are reported in *Appendix F* (§3.6).

Table 13 Level 0 and Level 1 anomaly list. Refer to the appendices for further details on anomaly investigation.

| Anomaly   | Proto/DPM<br>SPR | IPF<br>NCR | OAR  | HD                  | Status                                | Ref.   |
|---|------------------|------------|------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|
| Number of sweeps per scan   | 128              | /          | /    | HD/01-<br>2005/1010 | Closed                                | §3.6.1 |
| MIPAS wrong consolidated products                                 | /                | /          | 2097 | /                   | Closed                                | §3.6.2 |
| Excessive number of MISSING ISPS in the MPH for MIPAS L0 products | /                | /          | 2165 | /                   | Closed and merged with OAR 342 (RA-2) | §3.6.3 |

|  |   |      |      |   |   |        |
|--|---|------|------|---|---|--------|
| Non-valid band A at the same geo-location  | / | 1594 | 2263 | / | Closed<br>To be corrected in IPF 4.67     | §3.6.4 |
| Wrong MIPAS L1 product in D-PAC server   | / | /    | 2303 | / | Closed and merged with OAR-2009, OAR-1845 | §3.6.5 |
| Badly calibrated L1 b spectra during<br>3 – 23 June and<br>29 July – 11 Aug 2005 | / | /    | /    | / | Closed                                    | §3.6.6 |
| MIPAS Aircraft Emission measurements   | / | /    | /    | / | Ongoing                                   | §3.6.7 |

## 2.5 Level 2 product quality monitoring

### 2.5.1 PROCESSOR CONFIGURATION

#### 2.5.1.1 Version

The list of IPF updates and the aligned DPM and the related NCR/SPRs is presented in the paragraph 2.4.1. The historical updates in the MIPAS Level 2 processor are listed in detail in *Appendix F*.

#### 2.5.1.2 Auxiliary Data Files

This paragraph reports the historical update of the level 2 ADF. The latest delivery for processing FR mission is the v3.8, whereas for the processing of RR data of Aug 2004 the latest delivery is the v5.2. The ADF version 5.2 was used for the L2 processing of RR not over-sampled data (Aug – Sept 2004).

**Table 14.** Historical update of Level 2 configuration ADFs.

| Auxiliary Data File   | Start Validity | Description  |
|---|----------------|--|
| ADFs V5.2<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20060105_121012_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20060105_113531_20040901_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20060105_114108_20040809_000000_20040901_000000<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20060105_130642_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20060105_130954_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20060105_131141_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20060105_131340_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20060105_131744_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 | 9-AUG-04       | Correction of a bug in the previous L2 ADF v5.1<br>MIP_IG2_AX,<br>MIP_SP2_AX |
| ADFs V5.1<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20050722_082136_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20050721_130007_20040809_000000_20040901_000000<br>MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20050721_134702_20040901_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20050721_144629_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20050721_143058_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20050721_142545_20040809_000000_20040917_220643<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20050721_141630_20040809_000000_20040917_220643  | 9-AUG-04       | For processing RR measurement with fixed altitude and old vertical sampling  |



|   |                               |   |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20050721_140636_20040809_000000_20040917_220643   |                               |   |
| ADFs V3.8<br>NRT<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040421_095623_20040326_143428_20090326_000000<br>Off-line<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040421_095923_20040326_143428_20090326_000000  | 26-MAR-04                     | With respect to V3.7, adjusted the threshold to the new noise level.  |
| ADFs V3.7:<br>NRT<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031021_145505_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20040302_110723_20020706_000000_20080706_000000<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040302_110923_20040109_000000_20090209_000000<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031021_145745_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031021_145337_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20031021_150016_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>Off-line<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031027_100858_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20040302_110823_20020706_000000_20080706_000000<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040302_111023_20040109_000000_20090209_000000<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031027_101146_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031027_100559_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20031027_101441_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | 06-JUL-02<br>and<br>09-JAN-04 | With respect to V3.6:<br>Eliminated scans with one or two altitude levels; adjusted the threshold to the new noise level.   |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20040227_081527_20040301_000000_20090301_000000   | 01-MAR-04                     | Seasonal update of climatological initial guess.  |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20031118_151533_20031201_000000_20081201_000000   | 01-DEC-03                     | Seasonal update of climatological initial guess.  |
| ADFs V3.6:<br>NRT<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031021_145505_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20031021_145630_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20031021_145858_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031021_145745_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031021_145337_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20031021_150016_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>Off-line<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031027_100858_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20031027_101029_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20031027_101319_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031027_101146_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031027_100559_20020706_060000_20080706_060000<br>MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20031027_101441_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | 06-JUL-02                     | Activation of cloud detection; removal of the gaps between the altitude validity ranges; altitudes margins fixed to +/- 4 km; short-term ILS bug fix.<br><b>NRT</b><br>Old convergence criteria; nominal altitude range.<br><b>Off-line</b><br>Improved convergence criteria; altitude range extended to 6-68 km. |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030731_134035_20030901_000000_20080901_000000   | 01-SEP-03                     | Seasonal update of climatological initial guess.  |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030522_104714_20030601_000000_20080601_000000   | 01-JUN-03                     | Seasonal update of climatological initial guess.  |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030307_142141_20030310_000000_20080301_000000   | 10-MAR-03                     | Seasonal update of climatological initial guess:<br>This dissemination substitute the corrupt file disseminated previously.   |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030214_130918_20030301_000000_20080301_000000   | 01-MAR-03                     | Seasonal update of climatological initial guess:<br>This auxiliary file turned out to be corrupt, and a corrected version has been disseminated on 10 March 2003.   |
| ADFs V3.1:<br>MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20030722_134301_20030723_000000_20080722_000000<br>MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20030722_134602_20030723_000000_20080722_000000<br>MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20030722_102142_20030723_000000_20080722_000000<br>MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20030722_134848_20030723_000000_20080722_000000<br>MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20030722_133331_20030723_000000_20080722_000000<br>MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20030722_093046_20030723_000000_20080722_000000  | 23-JUL-03                     | Cloud detection enabled and improved validity mask range in Microwindows files;<br>improved Occupation Matrices (no gaps between altitude validity ranges).   |

Further details on the Level 2 ADF deliveries provided by IFAC are reported in *Appendix G*.

## 2.5.2 QUALITY CONTROL OF L2 OFL DATA

A quality control of L2 RR OFL products was carried out at ESRIN, showing an overall good quality of the level 2 data. To see all the L2 OFL daily reports of RR mission follow the link below:  
[http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level\\_2\\_OFL/](http://earth.esa.int/pcs/envisat/mipas/reports/daily/Level_2_OFL/)

Looking at these daily reports we observe an overall good quality of L2 products. Only one major problem was found in the L2 RR data processed with IPF 4.65 for some orbits recorded during 21 – 22 Aug 2004. The investigation of this problem showed that a corruption in the band D was verified for these orbits. As reported by Astrium the processor flags as corrupted one sweep even though only one band is corrupted. This processor specification seems excessively restrictive and it should be modified, in particular in this case when the only the band D is corrupted, even though this band is not used in the retrieval.

## 2.5.3 LEVEL 2 ANOMALY STATUS

The following table summarizes the anomalies affecting Level 2 products and shows the associated SPR, NCR, OAR and HD code.

No new anomalies were observed during the reporting period, more details on anomalies investigation are reported in *Appendix I* (§3.9).

**Table 15** Level 2 anomaly list. Refer to the appendices for more information on the anomaly investigation.

| Anomaly  | Proto/DPM<br>SPR | IPF<br>NCR | OAR  | HD                  | Status                         | Ref    |
|--|------------------|------------|------|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| Jump anomaly   | /                | /          | /    | HD/01-<br>2005/1013 | Closed                         | §3.9.1 |
| Anomalous processing time                            | 33               | 1127       | 1361 | /                   | Closed                         | §3.9.2 |
| Strange Impossible values                            | /                | /          | /    | HD<br>2005003487    | Closed                         | §3.9.3 |
| NO2 retrieval during polar<br>condition              | /                | /          | /    | /                   | Closed                         | §3.9.4 |
| Excessive Chi-square                                 | /                | 1458       | 1929 | /                   | To be corrected<br>in IPF 4.66 | §3.9.5 |
| Difference on L2 products<br>between v4.61 and v4.62 | /                | 1521       | 2074 | /                   | To be corrected<br>in IPF 4.66 | §3.9.6 |
| Beatcheck failure on some<br>L2 products             | /                | 1522       | 2081 | HD<br>2005007448    | To be corrected<br>in IPF 4.66 | §3.9.7 |

## 2.6 Processing/Re-processing Status

### 2.6.1 FIRST RE-PROCESSING OF FR MISSION

The first re-processing of the FR MIPAS mission was terminated at D-PAC using IPF software version 4.61, 4.62. All the received consolidated L0 products were processed to L1 and L2. The complete list of L1 and L2 re-processed products at D-PAC (with the corresponding IPF software version) was provided to the QWG and can be found on Uranus ftp server (MIPAS/To\_QWG/DPAC\_L1\_L2\_archive.xls).

### 2.6.2 L1B PRODUCTS PROCESSED WITH PROTOTYPE

As noted before, no NRT product generation is foreseen for now. Before the start of the OFL processing at D-PAC, some Level 1B products have been generated using the MIGSP 2.5 prototype and delivered to QWG via Uranus ftp server. The complete list of these products is reported on *Appendix E*.

### 2.6.3 OFL PROCESSING OF RR MISSION

#### 2.6.3.1 Level 1b

The Level 1 processing of RR mission has started at D-PAC the 9<sup>th</sup> of February 2006 with IPF 4.65. The status of the L1 processing updated at the 5<sup>th</sup> of June is reported in the following table. All these data are available on D-PAC ftp server.

**Table 16** L1 OFL processing status.

| Period          | Status                  |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Aug – Sept 2004 | Completed               |
| 2005 data       | Completed               |
| 2006 data       | 2006-01-01 → 2006-07-15 |

#### 2.6.3.2 Level 2

The level 2 processing of RR mission at D-PAC has started the mid of February 2006 with the latest processor (IPF 4.65). This IPF is able to process the FR MIPAS mission up to L2 (data before March 2004), furthermore it can process RR data up to L2 for the Aug-Sept 2004 period (17 sweeps for each scan). The L2 processing of all these RR measurement was completed. A total of 158 orbits were processed up to L2. All these data are available on D-PAC ftp server.

**Table 17** Measurement segments processed OFL up to Level 2 for RR mission data.

|                              | UTC                      |                          | Orbit # |       |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|
|                              | start                    | stop                     | start   | stop  |
| <b>1<sup>st</sup> period</b> | 9 Aug 2004<br>16:42:00   | 22 Aug 2004<br>20:41:10  | 12783   | 12965 |
| <b>2<sup>nd</sup> period</b> | 16 Sept 2004<br>12:00:10 | 17 Sept 2004<br>22:06:43 | 13318   | 13338 |

### 3 APPENDICES

#### 3.1 *Appendix A - Files transferred to the FOCC*

The following files were transferred to the FOCC for the July 2006 planning activities.

MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060609\_115511\_00000000\_00000211\_20060701\_073756\_20060702\_102626.N1  
MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060609\_123120\_00000000\_00000212\_20060708\_071758\_20060709\_100624.N1  
MPL\_CAL\_MPVRGT20060609\_120232\_00000000\_00000080\_20060627\_012041\_20781231\_235959.N1  
MPL\_OR\_S\_MPVRGT20060609\_131225\_00000000\_00000132\_20060627\_133542\_20060706\_140708.N1

UTLS-1 mode starting in orbit #22602 at ANX=500 sec:

CTI\_E02\_MPVRGT20060609\_124900\_00000000\_00000109\_20060627\_012755\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_E01\_MPVRGT20060609\_124900\_00000000\_00000109\_20060627\_012758\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_AST\_MPVRGT20060609\_124900\_00000000\_00000109\_20060627\_012801\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_N02\_MPVRGT20060609\_124900\_00000000\_00000055\_20060627\_012804\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_S08\_MPVRGT20060609\_124900\_00000000\_00000028\_20060627\_012807\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_NOC\_MPVRGT20060609\_124900\_00000000\_00000109\_20060627\_012810\_20781231\_235959.N1

NOM mode starting in orbit #22702 at ANX=500 sec:

CTI\_E02\_MPVRGT20060609\_130028\_00000000\_00000110\_20060704\_010748\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_E01\_MPVRGT20060609\_130028\_00000000\_00000110\_20060704\_010751\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_AST\_MPVRGT20060609\_130028\_00000000\_00000110\_20060704\_010754\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_N01\_MPVRGT20060609\_130028\_00000000\_00000055\_20060704\_010757\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_S02\_MPVRGT20060609\_130027\_00000000\_00000029\_20060704\_010800\_20781231\_235959.N1  
CTI\_NOC\_MPVRGT20060609\_130027\_00000000\_00000110\_20060704\_010803\_20781231\_235959.N1

AVI\_UAV\_TLVFOS20060620\_145723\_00000000\_00000629\_20060707\_011939\_20060708\_071258.N1  
AVI\_UAV\_TLVFOS20060620\_145723\_00000000\_00000630\_20060708\_104240\_20060712\_001209.N1  
AVI\_UAV\_TLVFOS20060620\_145723\_00000000\_00000631\_20060715\_002754\_20060715\_065304.N1  
MPL\_CAL\_MPVRGT20060619\_141727\_00000000\_00000081\_20060712\_000849\_20781231\_235959.N1  
MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060619\_101025\_00000000\_00000213\_20060715\_065803\_20060716\_094629.N1  
MPL\_OR\_S\_MPVRGT20060619\_095643\_00000000\_00000133\_20060712\_140427\_20060714\_145600.N1

Nominal LOS observations:

MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060704\_103217\_00000000\_00000214\_20060722\_132037\_20060723\_110700.N1  
MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060704\_110626\_00000000\_00000215\_20060729\_144125\_20060730\_104401.N1  
MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060704\_115203\_00000000\_00000216\_20060805\_142140\_20060806\_102400.N1  
MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060704\_124002\_00000000\_00000217\_20060812\_135849\_20060813\_100411.N1  
MPL\_LOS\_MPVRGT20060704\_131103\_00000000\_00000218\_20060819\_133924\_20060820\_094431.N1

IDU re-initialisation every orbit at ANX=5500 sec:

MPL\_CAL\_MPVRGT20060704\_095954\_00000000\_00000082\_20060721\_052752\_20781231\_235959.N1

RGC calibration every 2nd descending track at ANX=4500 sec:

MPL\_OR\_S\_MPVRGT20060704\_110900\_00000000\_00000134\_20060721\_082328\_20060728\_081731.N1  
MPL\_OR\_S\_MPVRGT20060704\_114534\_00000000\_00000135\_20060729\_091219\_20060805\_090623.N1  
MPL\_OR\_S\_MPVRGT20060704\_123356\_00000000\_00000136\_20060806\_082035\_20060813\_081439.N1  
MPL\_OR\_S\_MPVRGT20060704\_130514\_00000000\_00000137\_20060814\_090927\_20060821\_090331.N1

UTLS-1 mode starting in orbit #22948 at ANX=5000sec:

CTI\_E02\_MPVRGT20060704\_100554\_00000000\_00000111\_20060721\_065006\_20781231\_235959.N1

CTI\_E01\_MPVRGT20060704\_100554\_00000000\_00000111\_20060721\_065009\_20781231\_235959.N1

CTI\_AST\_MPVRGT20060704\_100555\_00000000\_00000111\_20060721\_065012\_20781231\_235959.N1

CTI\_N02\_MPVRGT20060704\_100554\_00000000\_00000056\_20060721\_065015\_20781231\_235959.N1

CTI\_S04\_MPVRGT20060704\_100554\_00000000\_00000028\_20060721\_065018\_20781231\_235959.N1

CTI\_NOC\_MPVRGT20060704\_100554\_00000000\_00000111\_20060721\_065021\_20781231\_235959.N1

### 3.2 *Appendix B – Level 1 IPF historical updates*

The historical updates to the MIPAS Level 1 IPF processor are listed here:

- **Version V4.65** no update of Level 1 for this version
- **Version V4.64** (aligned with DPM 4I and ADFs V4.1) introduced modifications only for the Level 1 processor, with the following update:
  - Fixed internal SPR-12100-2011: Problem with the block sequence
- **Version V4.63** (aligned with DPM 4I and ADFs V4.1) introduced modifications for both Level 1 and Level 2 processors. For the Level 1 processor, the following updates were introduced:
  - Processing of low resolution measurements, with reduced resolution also for offset and gain data.
  - Solution of internal SPR-12000-2000: Band D oscillations in forward sweeps for MIPAS reduced-resolution products
  - Solution of internal SPR-12000-2001: NESR data problem
- **Version V4.62** (aligned with DPM 4H and ADFs V4.0) introduced modifications for both Level 1 and Level 2 processors. For the Level 1 processor, the following updates were introduced:
  - Processing of low resolution measurements, without reduced resolution for offset and gain data that will be implemented in IPF 4.63.
  - Fixed NCR\_1157: Bug in the MIPAS processor ILS retrieval.
  - Fixed NCR\_1259: Scans with null NESR.
- **Version V4.61** consists of updates for both Level 1 and Level 2:
  - Fixed NCR\_1143: Sparse corruption of bands between 1 and 4 January 2004.
- **Version V4.59** has introduced only upgrade on Level 2 processor.
- **Version V4.57** involved only Level 1 processor update, introducing the following modifications:
  - Modification of FCE algorithm
  - Elimination of strong anomalous oscillations in the spectra
  - Modification of NESR reporting
  - ADC saturation flagging
  - Addition of aliasing spike suppression algorithm

### 3.3 *Appendix C – Level 1 ADF historical updates*

The Level 1 characterization files (MIP\_CA1\_AX, MIP\_MW1\_AX, MIP\_PS1\_AX) are provided by Bomem and updated when needed, the historic updates of these three ADF are listed hereafter.

#### **Version 6.1**

##### **MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- OPD set to 8.2 cm
- Spike detection standard deviation threshold set to 10
- Spike detection number of points per block set to 256
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

#### **Version 6.0**

##### **MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- OPD set to 20 cm
- Spike detection standard deviation threshold set to 10
- Spike detection number of points per block set to 256
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

#### **Version 5.0 draft**

##### **MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- OPD set to 10 cm
- Channel A set to 5701 points
- Channel AB set to 3001 points
- Channel B set to 5701 points
- Channel C set to 3601 points
- Channel D set to 11801 points
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

#### **Version 4.1 (TDS 6)**

##### **MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- OPD set to 8.2 cm
- Channel A set to 4561 points
- Channel AB set to 2401 points
- Channel B set to 4561 points
- Channel C set to 2881 points
- Channel D set to 9441 points
- Number of co-additions for ILS retrieval was set to 5
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

#### **Version 4.0 draft**

##### **MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- OPD set to 8.2 cm
- Channel A set to 4561 points
- Channel AB set to 2401 points
- Channel B set to 4561 points
- Channel C set to 2881 points

- Channel D set to 9441 points
- Number of co-additions for ILS retrieval was set to 5

**Version 3.2****MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- Changed the threshold to take into account the modified noise level

**Version 3.1****MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- Changed the threshold to take into account the modified noise level

**Version 3.0****MIP\_CA1\_AX**

- Modify non-linearity coefficients for reverse sweep. Coefficients for forward are kept as is
- Neutral equalization filter for band A

**MIP\_MW1\_AX**

- Removal of band D microwindow D\_H20b at 1870.8049 cm-1
- Set spectral calibration microwindow altitude to 32 km

**MIP\_PS1\_AX**

- Number of co-additions for spectral calibration was set to 4
- Number of co-additions for ILS retrieval was set to 10

When one ADF is modified the three AUX file are disseminated with the same START/STOP time and this correspond to a new level 1 ADF delivery, this prevents confusion.



### 3.4 Appendix D – Interpolated gains

Due to missing L0 products to calculate all the gain calibration ADF files, a program was developed to estimate the missing gain calibration files using the gain calibration ADF files available (already disseminated via the IECF). The program simply performs a linear interpolation between 2 known gains. The second gain is first aligned on the same fringe as the 1<sup>st</sup> gain before doing the interpolation. The interpolation factor is specified such that there is less than 1% gain difference between 2 consecutive gains.

$$\text{Gain}_i = (G2 \times \text{factor}) + (G1 \times (1 - \text{factor}))$$

- Gain<sub>i</sub>: Interpolated Gain vector  
 G1: 1<sup>st</sup> Gain Calibration vector  
 G2: 2<sup>nd</sup> Gain Calibration vector  
 Factor: Interpolation factor ( 0 < range < 1 )

For the interpolated gain calibration files, the “SENSING\_START” and “SENSING\_STOP” fields are set according to the interpolation factors. For example, an interpolation factor of 0.33 applied to two existing gains (acquired 8 days apart), will fix the interpolated gain “SENSING\_START” to 8 \* 0.33 = 2.6 days later than the 1st gain “SENSING\_START”. The sensing stop is set to the end of the mission: “SENSING\_STOP” = “SENSING\_START” + 5 years.

The complete list of the new interpolated gains MIP\_CG1\_\_AX files provided by Bomem and disseminated via IECF is reported in the table below. These 45 MIP\_CG1\_\_AX files were used for the reprocessing of the 2005 RR MIPAS mission.

**Table 18** List of the gain files to be used during the period of enhanced gain increase of Jan – May 2005, the gain files already disseminated are highlighted in green, while the newly generated gains are in orange.

| ADF file name   | Type<br>(* - interpolated gains) |
|---|----------------------------------|
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050309_081858_20050108_000000_20090108_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_0)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_085521_20050118_120000_20100118_120000 | Gain (CG_0_a) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050310_091646_20050116_000000_20090116_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_1)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_085521_20050118_120000_20100118_120000 | Gain (CG_1_a) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050311_085855_20050121_000000_20090121_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_2)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_090016_20050124_120000_20100124_120000 | Gain (CG_2_a) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050314_154134_20050128_000000_20090128_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_3)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_090529_20050130_150000_20100130_150000 | Gain (CG_3_a) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_091036_20050202_080000_20100202_080000 | Gain (CG_3_b) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050315_131822_20050205_000000_20090205_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_4)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_101639_20050209_120000_20100209_120000 | Gain (CG_4_a) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050316_081309_20050214_000000_20090214_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_5)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_102136_20050217_000000_20100217_000000 | Gain (CG_5_a) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_102701_20050220_000000_20100220_000000 | Gain (CG_5_b) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_103156_20050223_000000_20100223_000000 | Gain (CG_5_c) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_103702_20050226_000000_20100226_000000 | Gain (CG_5_d) *                  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050405_145110_20050301_000000_20090301_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_6)          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_104209_20050303_150000_20100303_150000 | Gain (CG_6_a) *                  |

|   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_104705_20050306_080000_20100306_080000 | Gain (CG_6_b) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050406_070802_20050309_000000_20090309_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_7)  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_105212_20050311_000000_20100311_000000 | Gain (CG_7_a) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050407_072135_20050314_000000_20090313_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_8)  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_105723_20050315_000000_20100315_000000 | Gain (CG_8_a) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_110250_20050316_115754_20100316_000000 | Gain (CG_8_b) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_122231_20050319_000000_20100319_000000 | Gain (CG_8_c) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050407_143713_20050321_000000_20090321_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_9)  |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_122732_20050323_070000_20100323_070000 | Gain (CG_9_a) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_123244_20050325_160000_20100325_160000 | Gain (CG_9_b) *          |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050411_123723_20050328_000000_20090328_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_10) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_123754_20050330_070000_20100330_070000 | Gain (CG_10_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_124300_20050401_160000_20100401_160000 | Gain (CG_10_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050412_072926_20050404_000000_20090404_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_11) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_124808_20050406_000000_20100406_000000 | Gain (CG_11_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_125321_20050408_000000_20100408_000000 | Gain (CG_11_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_125829_20050410_000000_20100410_000000 | Gain (CG_11_c) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050415_073538_20050412_231018_20100412_231018 | Gain calibration (CG_12) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_130340_20050414_000000_20100414_000000 | Gain (CG_12_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_130903_20050416_000000_20100416_000000 | Gain (CG_12_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_131404_20050418_000000_20100418_000000 | Gain (CG_12_c) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050421_065554_20050420_133450_20100420_133450 | Gain calibration (CG_13) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_131917_20050421_120000_20100421_120000 | Gain (CG_13_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_132409_20050423_000000_20100423_000000 | Gain (CG_13_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_132925_20050424_120000_20100424_120000 | Gain (CG_13_c) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050427_150526_20050426_225532_20100426_225532 | Gain calibration (CG_14) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_133432_20050427_160000_20100427_160000 | Gain (CG_14_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_133942_20050429_070000_20100429_070000 | Gain (CG_14_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_134453_20050501_000000_20100501_000000 | Gain (CG_14_c) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_134947_20050502_160000_20100502_160000 | Gain (CG_14_d) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_135453_20050504_070000_20100504_070000 | Gain (CG_14_e) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050509_150546_20050506_153444_20100506_153444 | Gain calibration (CG_15) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_154052_20050507_030000_20100507_030000 | Gain (CG_15_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151144_20050508_060000_20100508_060000 | Gain (CG_15_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151255_20050509_090000_20100509_090000 | Gain (CG_15_c) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151358_20050510_120000_20100510_120000 | Gain (CG_15_d) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151458_20050511_150000_20100511_150000 | Gain (CG_15_e) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151558_20050512_180000_20100512_180000 | Gain (CG_15_f) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151702_20050513_210000_20100513_210000 | Gain (CG_15_g) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050523_090017_20050515_000000_20090515_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_16) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150616_20050516_090000_20100516_090000 | Gain (CG_16_a) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150747_20050517_190000_20100517_190000 | Gain (CG_16_b) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150831_20050519_040000_20100519_040000 | Gain (CG_16_c) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150940_20050520_140000_20100520_140000 | Gain (CG_16_d) *         |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050524_081749_20050522_000000_20090522_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_17) |

### 3.5 *Appendix E – Level 1b products generated with prototype*

The Aircraft Emission measurements of 22 – 24 December 2005 were manually processed in ESRIN with the L1 prototype. The results are on Uranus (in the directory: /MIPAS/To\_QWG/Aircraft\_Emission/22-24\_Dec\_2005/). The following orbits were processed and delivered to QWG:

AE ascending

|        |                    |
|--------|--------------------|
| #19925 | MIP_NL_1P_19925    |
| #19926 | MIP_NL_1b_AE_19926 |
| #19927 | MIP_NL_1P_19927    |
| #19938 | MIP_NL_1P_19938.N1 |
| #19939 | MIP_NL_1P_19939.N1 |
| #19940 | MIP_NL_1P_19940.N1 |
| #19941 | MIP_NL_1P_19941.N1 |
| #19942 | MIP_NL_1P_19942.N1 |

AE descending

|        |                    |
|--------|--------------------|
| #19929 | MIP_NL_1P_19929.N1 |
| #19930 | MIP_NL_1P_19930.N1 |
| #19945 | MIP_NL_1P_19945.N1 |

Note that these L1b files contain the 19 scans of the AE measurement which were performed in the middle of NOM mode, each AE scan contains 17 sweeps.

A further input was provided by BOMEM, it consists of a set of L1b measurements processed with the new level 1 prototype (which is still under development). These L1b products were obtained using two new features of the processor:

- Pointing calibration using restituted attitude ADF (AUX\_FRA\_AX)
- Truncation of the interferogram (to 8cm) in order to avoid under sampling.

The effect of these new options on the spectra can be assessed; in particular the effect of IGM truncation can be analysed since the same orbit are processed with and without truncation, some feed-back were already given at the last QWG#9.

These files are on Uranus under directory: /MIPAS/To\_QWG/TDS\_proto\_L1/ and the following products can be found:

|                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| MIP_NL_1P_10600-RES_ATT.040310     | (orbit 10600 from 2004-03-10, Full Res)     |
| MIP_NL_1P_12788-RES_ATT.040810     | (orbit 12788 from 2004-08-10, RR 17 sweeps) |
| MIP_NL_1P_12963-RES_ATT.04822      | (orbit 12963 from 2004-08-22, RR 17 sweeps) |
| MIP_NL_1P_14404-RES_ATT.041201     | (orbit 14404 from 2004-12-01, RR 27 sweeps) |
| MIP_NL_1P_17540-RES_ATT.050708     | (orbit 17540 from 2005-07-08, RR 27 sweeps) |
| MIP_NL_1P_12788_8cm_RES_ATT.040810 | (same as before but with truncation of IGM) |
| MIP_NL_1P_12963-8cm_RES_ATT.04822  | (same as before but with truncation of IGM) |
| MIP_NL_1P_17540-8cm-RES.050708     | (same as before but with truncation of IGM) |

The following level 1b products were created by running the migsp prototype and were delivered to the QWG via Uranus ftp server (MIPAS/To\_QWG/low\_res).

### MA

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050111\_014126\_000060332033\_00404\_14987\_0765.N1

### UTLS-1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050117\_115639\_000060122033\_00496\_15079\_0824.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PMPDK20051120\_111053\_000014832042\_00381\_19473\_0493.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PMPDK20051120\_131234\_000051352042\_00382\_19474\_0494.N1

### UA

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050121\_113027\_000060312034\_00052\_15136\_0855.N1

### UTLS-2

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050123\_120742\_000060732034\_00081\_15165\_0874.N1

### Nominal Measurements (RR, 27 sweeps per scan) with fixed altitude

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050128\_125114\_000060542034\_00153\_15237\_0908.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050128\_143210\_000060212034\_00154\_15238\_0909.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPLRA20050128\_161233\_000060212034\_00155\_15239\_0910.N1

### Nominal Measurements (RR, 27 sweeps per scan) with floating altitude

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050301\_113042\_000060482035\_00109\_15694\_0774.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050301\_131032\_000059792035\_00110\_15695\_0766.N1

### July 2003 S6 reprocessing

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030704\_121645\_000060262017\_00453\_07020\_0120.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030704\_135638\_000059212017\_00454\_07021\_0127.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030704\_153445\_000058952017\_00455\_07022\_0122.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030704\_171226\_000058622017\_00456\_07023\_0123.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030704\_184910\_000061052017\_00457\_07024\_0124.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030704\_202907\_000062392017\_00458\_07025\_0125.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030705\_050206\_000045322017\_00463\_07030\_0133.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20030705\_093800\_000017672017\_00466\_07033\_0134.N1

### 5-6 May Aircraft Emission (AE) Measurements

Only 6 orbits have been processed, due to a processing problem we have one file for each measured scan. The following files have been delivered to the QWG team.

### AE\_Canada\_US\_a:

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_031821\_000000632037\_00047\_16634\_0806.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_031922\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0795.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_031954\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0792.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032025\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0791.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032056\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0796.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032128\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0800.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032159\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0799.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032231\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0793.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032302\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0794.N1

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_032334\_000000332037\_00047\_16634\_0797.N1

**AE\_Canada\_US\_d:**

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_122836\_000000542037\_00038\_16625\_1245.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123002\_000000632037\_00038\_16625\_1261.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123103\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1253.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123134\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1251.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123206\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1256.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123237\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1262.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123308\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1264.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123340\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1252.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123411\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1258.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123443\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1257.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123514\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1263.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123545\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1259.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123617\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1246.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123648\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1247.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123720\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1248.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123751\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1250.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123822\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1260.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123854\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1254.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123925\_000000332037\_00038\_16625\_1249.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_123957\_000000352037\_00038\_16625\_1255.N1

**AE\_Europe\_a:**

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050505\_235709\_000000632037\_00045\_16632\_0749.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050505\_235913\_000000332037\_00045\_16632\_0756.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050505\_235945\_000000332037\_00045\_16632\_0765.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_000016\_000000332037\_00045\_16632\_0755.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_000047\_000000332037\_00045\_16632\_0760.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_000119\_000000332037\_00045\_16632\_0753.N1

**AE\_Ocean\_a:**

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_013745\_000000632037\_00046\_16633\_0787.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_013846\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0786.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_013918\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0777.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_013949\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0788.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_014021\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0778.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_014052\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0783.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_014123\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0773.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_014155\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0771.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_014226\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0781.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDE20050506\_014258\_000000332037\_00046\_16633\_0785.N1

**AE\_Ocean\_d:**

MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_090850\_000000632037\_00036\_16623\_1186.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_090951\_000000332037\_00036\_16623\_1194.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_091331\_000000332037\_00036\_16623\_1209.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_091402\_000000332037\_00036\_16623\_1212.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_091434\_000000332037\_00036\_16623\_1219.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_091505\_000000332037\_00036\_16623\_1217.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_1PNPDK20050505\_091536\_000000332037\_00036\_16623\_1214.N1

### 3.6 Appendix F – Level 0 and Level 1 anomaly status

#### 3.6.1 NUMBER OF SWEEPS PER SCAN

The affected product is orbit 12963 generated with IPF 4.62. SPH gives: “NUM\_SWEEPS\_PER\_SCAN=+00018”, but 17 is the correct value (although the last scan has 18 sweeps).

The problem has been investigated by Bomem and it has been found that the auxiliary data block is missing in the last sweep of the orbit, so detection of the beginning/end of scan cannot be done. The prototype is not affected by the problem because Bomem has solved this particular problem by rejecting the last sweep when its auxiliary data block is missing. For a definitive solution, the DMP will be changed (SPR 33) and the modifications will be implemented in next IPF delivery.

#### 3.6.2 MIPAS WRONG CONSOLIDATED PRODUCTS

LRAC wrong consolidated L0 products (type “O” from cycle 7, 10, 11; end of 2002) were ingested into the D-PAC database and processed to L1 and L2 anomalous products. There was a bug in the LRAC consolidation at that time, this bug was fixed later and in general is not found in the consolidated “P” products. As a result in D-PAC L1/L2 archive (from the end of 2002) you can find wrong products: the consolidated data are shorter than unconsolidated near-real-time ones (type N).

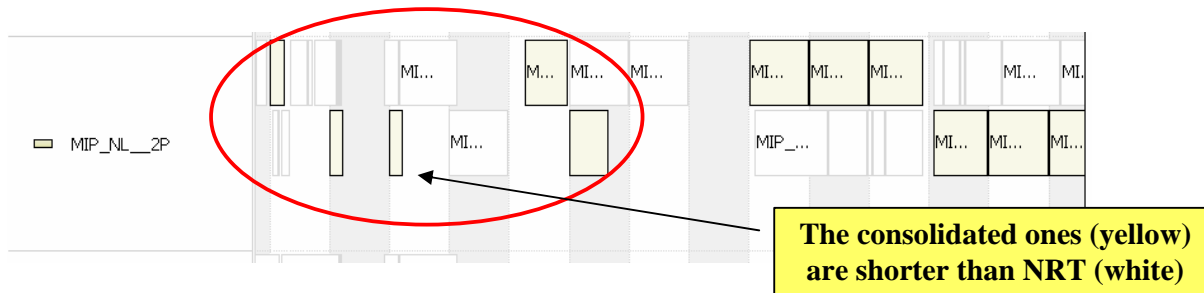


Figure 17 GANTT chart showing the anomaly in the consolidation of L2 “O” products.

The wrong consolidated orbits have been identified; a list was provided to QWG and can be found on Uranus ftp server (/MIPAS/To\_QWG/Wrong\_MIPAS\_consolidated\_Products.xls). These products are going to be deleted from D-PAC and re-consolidated at LRAC. After the re-consolidation the products will be reprocessed at D-PAC.

#### 3.6.3 EXCESSIVE NUMBER OF MISSING ISPS IN THE MPH FOR MIPAS L0 PRODUCTS

Several MIPAS level 0 products have excessive NUM MISSING ISPS in the MPH, while the content of the products is correct. An example of this anomalous number can be found for the following product:

MIP\_NL\_\_0PNPDE20060209\_020145\_000033732045\_00032\_20627\_0104.N1

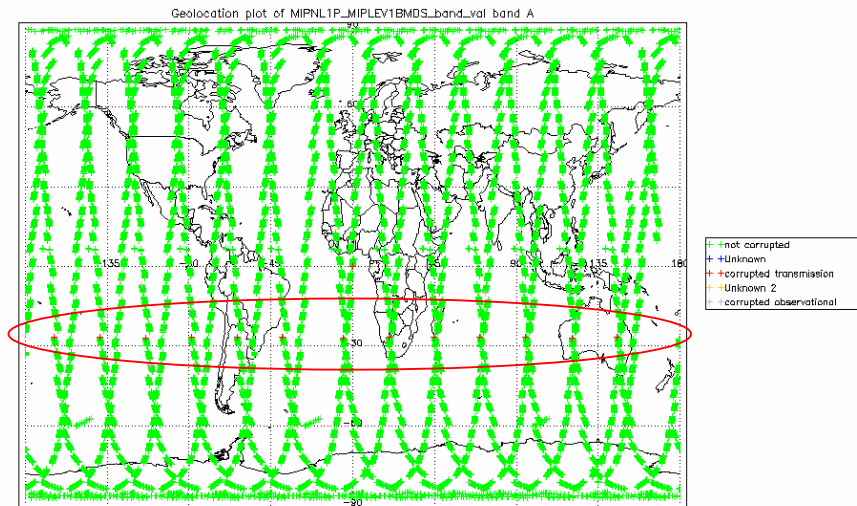


In the MPH we find:  
 NUM\_MISSING\_ISPS=+0002102752  
 MISSING\_ISPS\_THRESH=+0.00000000E+00  
 NUM\_DISCARDED\_ISPS=+0000000000  
 DISCARDED\_ISPS\_THRESH=+0.00000000E+00  
 NUM\_RS\_ISPS=+0000000000  
 RS\_THRESH=+0.00000000E+00

From investigation of Task 4 (S. Faluschi) a lot of ssc reset have been found in ISP list prod, the ssc should reset every 16,384 counts (going from 0 to 16383), whilst in this case it resets randomly after 110, 467, 77 ... counts. Every unexpected reset is interpreted by PFHS (processor) as missing ISPs. This is a PFHS nominal behavior, as specified in s/w requirement documents. The same behavior has been observed and traced for RA2 products, by OAR-342 / NCR-1307. We are going to evaluate if this behavior can be modified in PFHS code, in the meanwhile this OAR was closed and renamed as recurrence of OAR-342.

### 3.6.4 NON-VALID BAND A AT THE SAME GEO-LOCATION

As can be observed in the following plot corrupted sweeps in band A are always found at the same geo-location (level 1b OFL consolidated products type "P"). The same is observed for all the other bands as can be observed in the following figure.



**Figure 18** Corrupted sweeps are observed always at the same geo-location for these OFL L2 products of 10 March 2004 processed at D-PAC.

The investigation of the anomaly is now closed, since the reason of the problem has been recognized as an implementation error in the IPF, indeed the error is not obtained with the prototype.

The problem is the following: the IPF (version 4.61 up to 4.65) generates L1b products with wrong "NUM\_DSR" value in the MPH; in particular this value is one unit higher than the "TOT\_SCAN" value, while the two should be the same. As a result the Quadas tool recognize as corrupted the last

scan of each orbit because the corresponding DSR is empty. For consolidated product this gives the same corruption at the same latitude for all the orbits (as observed in the figure above). This problem will be corrected by DJO in the next processor delivery (IPF 4.66).

### 3.6.5 WRONG MIPAS L1 PRODUCT IN D-PAC SERVER

One L1 product in D-PAC ftp server is corrupted (see red crosses in the figure below), the product was generated using one outdated ADF. The product name is:

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPDPA20051002\_233211\_000060362041\_00188\_18779\_0667.N1

The IPF used the following outdated ADF:

MIP\_CO1\_AXVIEC20050705\_134752\_20050703\_044401\_20100703\_044401

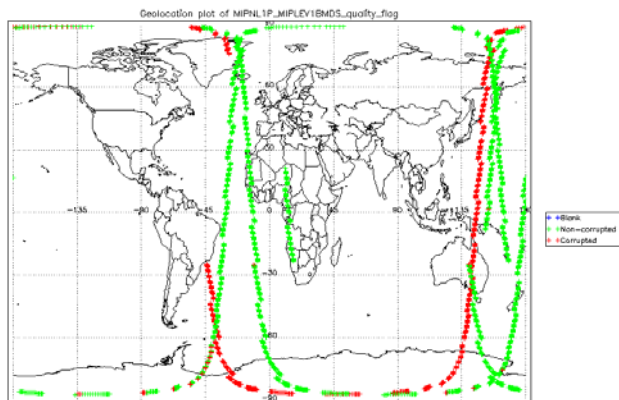
instead of the correct ADF:

MIP\_CO1\_AXVIEC20051003\_180613\_20050926\_000000\_20100926\_000000

The other L1 ADFs of this day were correctly selected by the IPF. To be understood why the IPF used this ADF and why the problem occurred only for this product and only with the MIP\_CO1\_AX aux file.

The investigation by Task 4 shows that the source of the problem is a wrong auxiliary file selection by PFHS; the problem seems to be the same than the one described in OARs 2009 and 1845. The wrong MIPAS product has been removed and reprocessed at D-PAC, the new filename is:

MIP\_NL\_\_1PPDPA20051002\_233211\_000060362041\_00188\_18779\_1478.N1



**Figure 19** L1b PCD quality flag, corrupted sweep detected for 3 Oct 2005 L1b spectra

### 3.6.6 BADLY CALIBRATED L1B DATA DURING 3 – 23 JUNE 2005

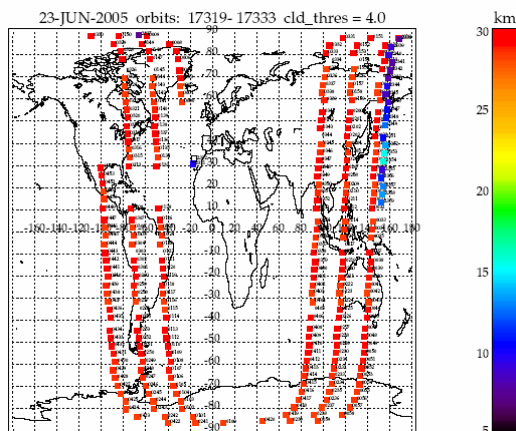
The quality control of RR data generated OFL at D-PAC shows that a series of L1 spectra were highly corrupted due to a wrong calibration. This anomaly affects the L1 products corresponding to the following mission interval:

3 – 23 June 2005. Orbit # 17039 – 17332

29 Jul – 11 Aug 2005. Orbit # 17835 – 18021

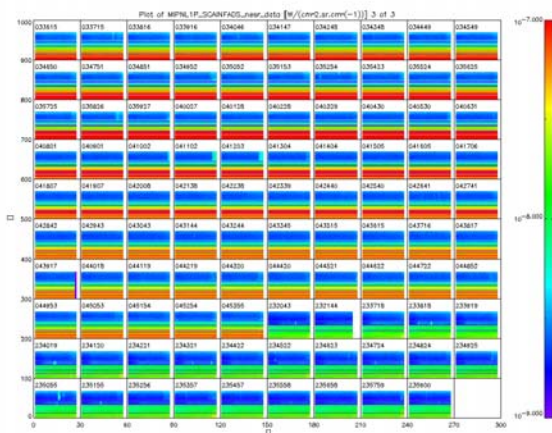
M. Hopfner (IMK) detects this problem by carrying out a systematic calculation of the clouds top heights for all the L1b spectra processed at D-PAC. The cloudy sweeps were detected using the colour index, calculated as the ratio of the integrated radiance in two specific MWs of the band A. We can see the excessive cloud top height value found on 23 June 2005 (see figure below).





**Figure 20** Cloud top height calculated by M. Hopfner (IMK) for 23 June 2005, the red points are due probably to a corruption in the band A spectrum.

The problem was also detected with the quality monitoring tool in ESRIN; in fact looking at the NESR level of 23 June 2005 we can see excessively high value (see red lines in the figure below). The two plots highlights the same anomaly in the spectra, indeed by the end of the day, when the cloud top height stops to be unrealistically high also the NESR comes back to nominal level, this is exactly the time when the correct ADF starts to be used by the processor. The problem is therefore due to a wrong calibration ADF. The first step of the investigation was to remove all the affected products from the D-PAC ftp server.



**Figure 21** NESR level for different scan during 23 June 2005, each square is a scan made of 27 sweeps in nominal mode, the red lines show the anomaly of excessive high NESR, the anomaly stops when the correct ADF start to be used by the processor.

The ADFs suspected were identified and removed from all the processing centers. A first quality check (for format and scientific issue) of these ADFs didn't show any manifest anomaly; furthermore the gain calibration looks nominal, as resulted from comparison to other gain measurements of the same mission period. In order to better understand the problem we re-generate these ADFs from the same gain measurement orbit. The lists of outdated wrong ADFs and of the new ADFs are reported in the tables below. The only difference between these two sets of aux files is that the old ADFs were created from L0 NRT data, while the new ones are obtained from consolidated L0 products.

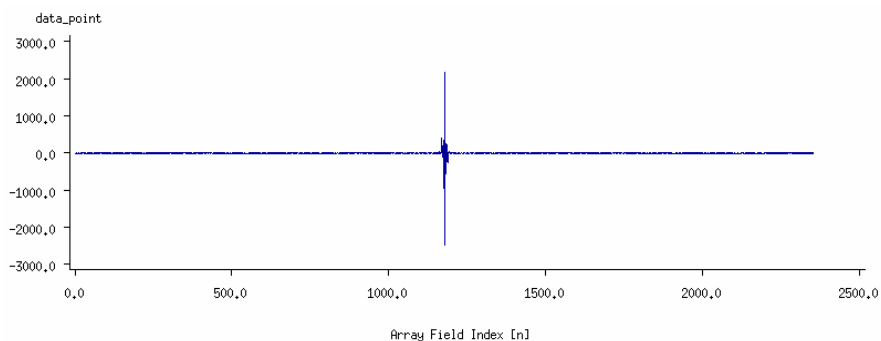
**Table 19** List of wrong ADFs used by the OFL processor, which causes the anomaly of badly calibrated L1 data.

|   |
|---|
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20051115_101936_20050601_082740_20090601_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20051115_101908_20050601_082740_20090601_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_141026_20050601_082740_20090601_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20050627_084317_20050609_000000_20090609_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20050617_090408_20050609_000000_20090609_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050617_090045_20050609_000000_20090609_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20050721_081614_20050616_000000_20090616_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20050617_132252_20050616_000000_20090616_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050617_132141_20050616_000000_20090616_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20051115_102512_20050729_005430_20100729_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20051115_102420_20050729_005430_20100729_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_141830_20050729_005430_20100729_000000 |

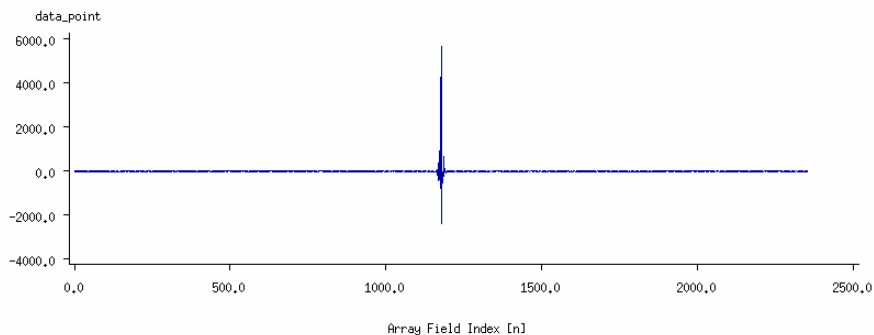
**Table 20** List of new ADFs generated for repairing the anomaly.

|   |
|---|
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060524_152132_20050601_000000_20100601_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060524_150040_20050601_000000_20100601_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060524_152144_20050601_000000_20100601_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060524_152232_20050609_000000_20100609_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060525_080629_20050609_000000_20100609_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060524_152244_20050609_000000_20100609_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060524_152325_20050616_000000_20100616_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060524_171909_20050616_000000_20100616_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060524_152334_20050616_000000_20100616_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060524_152430_20050729_000000_20100729_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060524_172132_20050729_000000_20100729_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060524_152419_20050729_000000_20100729_000000 |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060524_152523_20050808_000000_20100808_000000 |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060524_172132_20050808_000000_20100808_000000 |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060524_152537_20050808_000000_20100808_000000 |

Comparing the two sets of ADFs we observed an anomaly in the off-set calibration data set (MIPAS OFFSET VECTOR field in the MIP\_CO1\_AX ADF). The interferogram (IGM) recorded during the deep-space scene is compared for the old and the new ADF in the following figures. The IGM of the old ADFs looks really different, the maximum being much less pronounced with respect to the new offset calibration ADF.

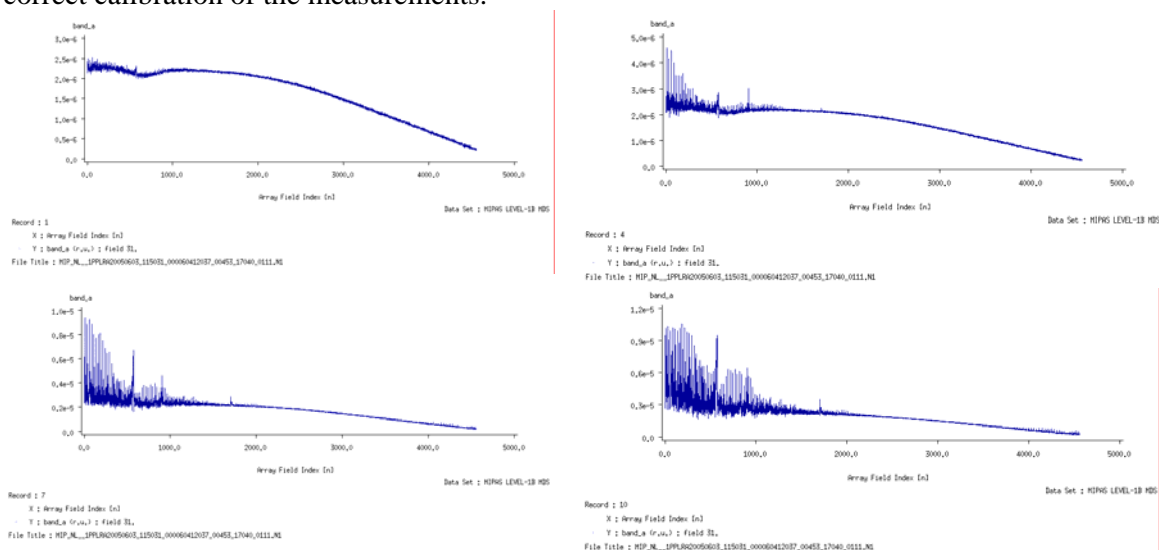


**Figure 22** IGM recorded in the deep space measurement and stored in the wrong ADF.

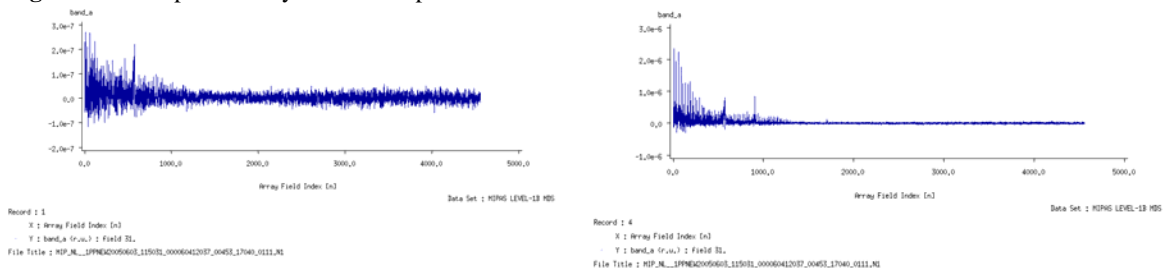


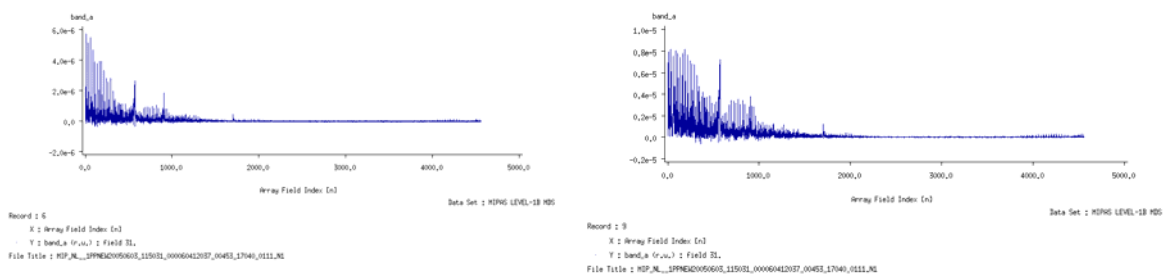
**Figure 23** IGM recorded in the deep space measurement and stored in the new correct ADF.

The problem appears to be due to the offset calibration auxiliary file (MIP\_CO1\_AX). As a second step we generate two L1 prototype products from the same level 0, using respectively the old and the new set of ADFs. The comparison of the two resulting level 1 products is presented in the following figures. The comparison of the calibrated spectra shows that the use of the old MIP\_CO1\_AX file introduces a strange offset in the spectra, while the new set of ADFs allows a correct calibration of the measurements.



**Figure 24** Example of badly calibrated spectra obtained with the old ADFs.





**Figure 25** Example of correctly calibrated spectra obtained with the new ADFs.

The reason for these results was anyhow not fully clear; in fact the MIP\_CO1\_AX file is not used by the processor for the offset calibration of the spectra, for this calibration the IPF is using the closest offset scene contained in the L0 product. Note that one offset measurement is made every 4 MIPAS scans, which means that each L0 products contains several offset scenes. This choice is due to the fact that the instrument self-emission strongly depends on the platform position (e.g.: illumination) along the orbit; therefore in order to improve the quality of the offset calibration, the closest offset scene from the L0 product is used, instead of using the ADF. Support was requested to Bomem to understand why the processor used the offset contained in the ADF instead of using one offset scene from the L0 product. Bomem explained that since the offset scene contained in the L0 product is very different from the one stored in the wrong ADF, the processor automatically flags as corrupted the off-set of the L0 and it uses the off-set of the ADF, resulting in a weird calibration. The final step of the investigation consisted in trying to understand why the calibration algorithm (mical) generates such strange MIP\_CO1\_AX file. The problem is still not fully understood, it is probably related to an anomaly in the NRT L0 products.

The anomaly is now closed, since the D-PAC centre reprocessed all the affected L1 products. The list of re-processed products was delivered to QWG and can be found on Uranus (MIPAS/To\_QWG/New\_L1\_June-Aug\_2005.txt).

### 3.6.7 MIPAS AIRCRAFT EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

Looking at the AE L1B file taken on 5/6 May 2005 (processed with MIGSP), the tangent altitudes seem to be approximately 2km below the 7-38 km range specified in Mission\_Plan\_V4.1.pdf dated 3 May 2005.

Bomem check these L1B products and the problem does not seem to be due to processing (MIGSP 2.5). The problem was found to be due to the commanding, in particular to the software (SEM mode algorithm) used for the AE measurements. The software was designed only for localized SEM measurements, such as volcano eruptions. The use of this algorithm over a wide area around the globe (such is the case of AE measurements) can lead to very important deviations owing to the earth ellipsoid. This is the cause of the deviation between the planned and measured tangent altitude for these AE measurements. In this sense the planning anomaly is closed, nevertheless Anu Dudhia reported at the QWG#8 a further anomaly affecting these products. This consists of a difference of almost 3 km between the retrieved and engineering altitude. This anomaly is not related to the planning and the investigation is ongoing in collaboration with BOMEM and OU.

### 3.7 *Appendix G – Level 2 IPF historical updates*

The historical updates to the MIPAS Level 2 IPF processor are listed hereafter:

- **Version V4.65** (aligned with DPM 4.1 and ADFs V5.1, under validation) introduces modifications only for the Level 2 processor, with the following update:
  - Solution of NCR\_1310: Problem with MIP\_NL\_\_2P
- **Version V4.64** no update for the Level 2 processor in this version
- **Version V4.63** (aligned with DPM 4.1 and ADFs V5.1) has introduced the following modifications:
  - Processing of reduced resolution measurements in old configuration (17 sweeps per scan and fixed altitude – August/September 2004 measurements).
  - Solution of NCR\_1278: Some MIPAS profiles have zero pressure
  - Solution of NCR\_1308: MIPAS Level 2 failure.
  - Rejection of NCR\_1310: Problem with MIPNL\_\_2P
  - Rejection of NCR\_1317: One second discrepancy in IPF 4.61
- **Version V4.62** (aligned with DPM 4.0) has solved the following problems:
  - Fixed NCR\_1128: Cloud-detection anomaly.
  - Fixed NCR\_1275: Inconsistent values in MIPAS files.
  - Fixed NCR\_1276: Level2 profile counting bug.
- **Version V4.60, V4.61** has solved the following problems:
  - Fixed NCR\_992: Inconsistency in number of profiles in MIPAS Level\_2.
  - Fixed NCR\_1068: Number of computed residual spectra not consistent with the number of observations.
- **Version V4.59**, operational since 23 July 2003, has introduced only Level 2 processing modifications. The main improvements introduced via both the processor V4.59 and the installation of a new set of ADFs have been:
  - Fixed NCR\_892: Inconsistency in number of scans.
  - Fixed NCR\_893: Different values for same scans.
  - The cloud filtering (that is, every time a cloud is detected at a given altitude, the retrieval is performed only above that altitude)
  - The removal of the gaps between the altitude validity ranges (allowing retrievals in the Antarctic region not feasible with the old MIP\_MW2\_AX)
  - Altitudes margins fixed to +/- 4 km
  - MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0011 Wrong DSD name in L2 product in case of not requested VMR
  - MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0012 Filling of SPH field 22 of MIPAS Level 2 Products
  - MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0013 Filling of the MIPAS MPH and MIPAS Level 2 SPH fields
  - MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0014 Wrong writing of PCD String to the PCD Information ADS
  - MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0015 Too strong test and skipping retrieval
  - MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0016 Not initialised nucl1 and nucl2 in R 8.5.6.3-7A
  - ENVI-GSOP-EOAD-NC-03-0539 MIPAS L2 processing aborted

### 3.8 Appendix H – Level 2 ADF historical updates

The Level 2 ADF files historical deliveries by IFAC are reported in the following table and paragraph. Version 4 corresponds to a set of ADFs for processing of full resolution measurements, with the noise level adjusted for when the interferometer heaters are switched-on and a flag set for processing of only nominal measurements. Version 5 corresponds to ADFs for processing of reduced spectral resolution measurement (17 sweeps operations), so is able to process the measurements done in the Aug-Sept 2004 period.

**Table 21** Historical delivery of L2 ADF by IFAC.

| Version  | Date of delivery | List of files upgraded by IFAC   | Main modifications  |
|----------|------------------|--|---|
| ADF V5.2 | 05.12.2005       | MIP_SP2_AX_V5.2<br>MIP_OM2_AX_V5.2_october   | Correct for a bug in the binary conversion of these two ADF. The ascii version of these files was correct then it was just a problem in the binary conversion of the ADF.   |
| ADF V5.1 | 05.07.2005       | MIP_MW2_AX_V5.1<br>MIP_SP2_AX_V5.1<br>MIP_OM2_AX_V5.1  | Spectroscopic line list relative to the new microwindow database for reduced spectral resolution; PT error propagation matrices for nominal OMs added in file MIP_OM2_AX; upper limit of a microwindow for cloud detection changed.   |
| ADF V5.0 | 18.03.2005       | MIP_PS2_AX_V5<br>MIP_CS2_AX_V5<br>MIP_MW2_AX_V5<br>MIP_PI2_AX_V5<br>MIP_IG2_AX_V5_july<br>MIP_IG2_AX_V5_october<br>MIP_OM2_AX_V5 | New microwindows selected for reduced spectral resolution, and corresponding cross section LUT, occupation matrices and Initial Guess for continuum (July and October seasons). Boundaries of the microwindows for cloud detection modified to match the new spectral grid at reduced resolution. New Pointing Information (PI) with a smaller error in LOS, new settings (PS) for handling reduced resolution measurements and optimised convergence criteria thresholds for reduced resolution mws. |
| ADF V4.1 | 03.09.2004       | NRT:<br>MIP_PS2_AX_NRT_V4.1<br>OFL:<br>MIP_PS2_AX_OFL_V4.1   | Changed the flag in PS2 file spec_events_flag from "B" (dec 66) to "N" (dec 78).<br>NESR threshold in PS2 files as in V3.6.   |
| ADF V4.0 | 03.09.2004       | NRT:<br>MIP_PS2_AX_NRT_V4.0<br>OFL:<br>MIP_PS2_AX_OFL_V4.0   | Changed the flag in PS2 file spec_events_flag from "B" (dec 66) to "N" (dec 78).<br>Increased NESR threshold in PS2 files as in V3.7.   |

- **ADFs V5.2**

Correct for a bug in the binary conversion of the following ADF: MIP\_SP2\_AX and MIP\_IG2\_AX files.

- **ADFs V5.1**

In this latest release of the ADFs, the spectroscopic line list relative to the new microwindow database for reduced spectral resolution was updated. Also, the PT error propagation matrices for nominal OMs (file MIP\_OM2\_AX) and the upper limit of a microwindow for cloud detection were changed.

- **ADFs V5.0**



ADFs for processing of double-slide reduced resolution measurements in the old configuration (17 sweeps per scan, fixed altitude – August/September 2004 data). Those ADFs contain new settings (convergence criteria, NESR threshold in MIP\_PS2\_AX) and new MWs (MIP\_MW2\_AX) and OMs (MIP\_OM2\_AX) optimised for the reduced resolution mode. They also contain a new MIP\_PI2\_AX updated taking into account the results of an investigation done by Bologna University on LOS. In fact, a new definition of the pointing covariance data was performed according to the available pointing characterization measurements. In particular, the errors on tangent altitude increments obtained from the analysis of LOS-specific measurements were found to be smaller (87 m versus 120 m) than those derived using an empirical model based on the pointing specifications. Tests on Level 2 p, T retrievals confirmed that a LOS pointing error of about 80 m provides a constraint for p, T retrieval that is perfectly compliant with the observed limb radiances. Eighty metres is a reasonably conservative estimate of the error on tangent altitude increments that can be used in the PDS for operational MIPAS retrievals. Reduction of the LOS error from 120 to 80 m leads to a reduction of both p and T errors. Namely, on average, p error turns-out to be reduced from 1.27 to 1.1 % and T error turns-out to be reduced from 1.1 to 1.0 K. The delivered auxiliary data file containing LOS VCM data (MIP\_PI2\_AX) can be used in Level 2 to process both high and low resolution measurements acquired either in the new or in the old measurement scenario.

- **ADFs V4.1**

ADFs for processing of full resolution measurements, with MIP\_PS2\_AX file with noise level adjusted to interferometer heaters switched-off and flag set for processing of only nominal measurements.

- **ADFs V4.0**

ADFs for processing of full resolution measurements, with MIP\_PS2\_AX file with noise level adjusted to interferometer heaters switched-on and flag set for processing of only nominal measurements.

### 3.9 Appendix I – Level 2 anomaly status

#### 3.9.1 JUMP ANOMALY

Oxford University detected a jump in the zonal means of all Level 2 NRT data produced after switch-on on 8th February until 16th February 2004, compared with Level 2 data generated from 17th March 2004 but also with the data until switch-off on 9th February 2004. The jump has been caused by the use of a not updated gain after the decontamination. Therefore this anomaly can be considered closed.

#### 3.9.2 ANOMALOUS PROCESSING TIME

An anomalous processing time characterizes the processing of some offline products generated with IPF 4.59. Two different anomalies have been observed:

- 9 hours of processing instead of nominal 6 hours. Example:  
MIP\_NL\_\_1POLRA20031006\_005226\_000060272020\_00289\_08359\_1882.N1  
MIP\_NL\_\_2PODPA20031006\_005226\_000060262020\_00289\_08359\_0261.N1
- Processing failure after 24 hours of processing. Example:  
MIP\_NL\_\_1POLRA20031024\_012653\_000060272021\_00046\_08617\_0043.N1

For the first case, the anomaly is still under investigation. The second problem has been temporarily solved with a new MIP\_OM2\_AX that filters scans composed by only one vertical level (generating a loop that causes the processing to fail). For a definitive solution, the DMP will be changed (SPR 33) and the modifications will be implemented in next IPF delivery.

#### 3.9.3 STRANGE IMPOSSIBLE VALUES

When considering 6971 L2 product files (processed by the D-PAC with IPF 4.61 and 4.62) from all the mission (464546 profiles), Fricke found strange or impossible values in 231 profiles. "Impossible values" are negative variances in the corrected altitude, pressure, and temperature profiles. "Strange values" are geophysically strange values, such as pressure higher than 1.5 bar, pressure below 1 microbar, temperatures below 130 K or above 450 K, differences among LOS altitudes and corrected altitudes larger than 5 km. Since a detailed analysis of each of the 231 products is not feasible due to the operations deadline, a general explanation was supplied to the user.

- The presence of strange values in the retrieved product is not surprising. Actually we are retrieving some "information" (atmospheric profiles) from the MIPAS measurement (radiance spectra). In some cases, these spectra are not sensitive to the parameter to be retrieved for many reasons (e.g.: unflagged cloudy sweeps, corruption in the spectra, and very low value of the parameter to be retrieved). In these cases, the uncertainty in the parameter is comparable to its value, therefore this parameter is undetermined: it can assume any value based around the uncertainty (negative, very small or very high).
- These strange values can also result from instability in the retrieval due to the presence of cloudy or corrupted sweeps. In fact the p-T profile is retrieved all at once (from 6 to 68 km)



and a corruption in one sweep can propagate to neighbouring sweeps (e.g.: instability can occur just above a cloudy measurement).

- The presence of negative variance is not real, but it happens when the VCM matrix to be inverted is ill-conditioned (due to high correlation between parameters for example). In this case, the routine used to invert the matrix can give very strange results and in the diagonal you can find also negative values, which is due to the fact that the matrix to be inverted is close to being singular.

Note that the retrieval of p-T is performed at the same time and that the corrected altitudes are simply the engineering values corrected for the hydrostatic equilibrium using the retrieved p-T profile. Finally, a deeper analysis of the results shows that a strange value in the pressure or temperature results in errors in the corrected altitudes or that negative variances in the temperature often correspond to negative variances for pressure and for corrected altitude.

In conclusion in most of the cases these strange values are due only to instability in the (p+ T+ Zcorr) retrieval stage due to different reasons, some of them explained above. Nevertheless it will be important to isolate the most particular cases to see if there is any significant anomaly and it will be very important for the future to set up a strategy for masking unphysical results in the L2 products.

#### 3.9.4 EXCESSIVE CHI-SQUARE

NO<sub>2</sub> MIPAS products for orbit #7000 (3 July 2003) came with high values of chi<sup>2</sup>, that were not reproduced in retrievals performed with the prototype using the same aux files set. This NCR 1458 was classified as critical and is going to be analyzed by the IPF developers.

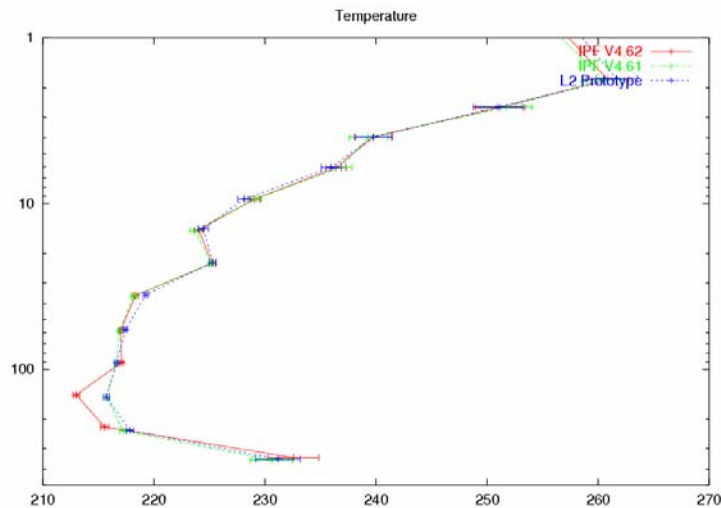
The first analysis by DJO shows that we were actually looking at an implementation error, then a bug in the IPF. DJO found a bug in the code in the 'Compute Optimum Estimate for Temperature/VMR' R 8.2.8.7-6. There was a wrong assignment of PS2 setting for Eo, po, grad E and Cr1 to the corresponding profile. After correction of this bug the IPF and prototype NO<sub>2</sub> chi<sup>2</sup> values for these orbit show to be the same. A patched version of the IPF will be delivered by DJO (4.66).

#### 3.9.5 DIFFERENCE ON L2 PRODUCTS BETWEEN V4.61 AND V4.62

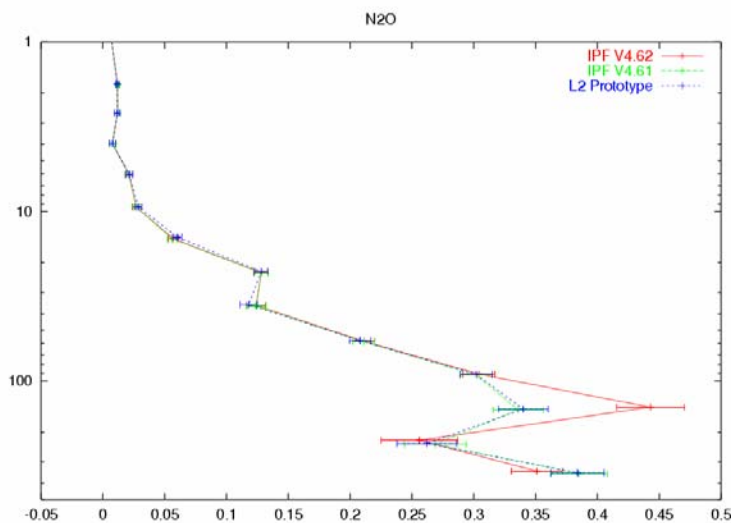
Some Level 2 products processed at D-PAC with IPF 4.62 differ from the corresponding products processed with IPF 4.61. Since the IPF 4.61 products were validated using one IMK balloon flight (with a very good space/time coincidence), this discrepancy reveals a problem in the new 4.62 data. In particular the most significant differences were detected for seq. # 16 of orbit 2975 (measured on 24 Sept 2002) for T, N<sub>2</sub>O and CH<sub>4</sub> profile at low altitude (around 140 hPa). This anomaly on 4.62 L2 products was not observed with the prototype, which is in accordance with 4.61 data and with the reference balloon profiles. The following three figures show the tests made by IFAC on seq. no. 16 of orbit 2975 with Level 2 prototype using the same input data as the operational processor. This test confirms that the anomalous results in the ESA processor V4.62 cannot be reproduced with the prototype. In the following plots all the results by IPF 4.62, IPF 4.61 and L2 prototype are reported for T, N<sub>2</sub>O and CH<sub>4</sub> profiles (the profiles for which the most significant discrepancies have been detected).

This OAR is now under investigation by the IPF developers (DJO). They found a bug in the IPF and they will correct it in the next IPF delivery (IPF 4.66). Between 4.61 and 4.62 there was a

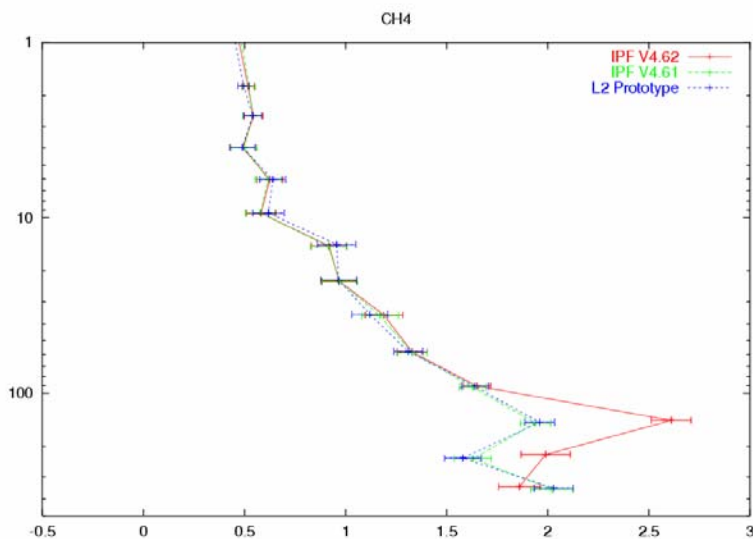
correction in reading the MW2 auxiliary file, but this correction needs also a change in the initial guess section of MIPAS L2 processor. Because the problem is in the initial guess section it should be happen in most case that after fitting the result vector is in the minima and not in a local minima. Therefore the problem affects only some products or only parts of the product.



**Figure 26** Temperature profiles as a function of pressure retrieved with IPF 4.62 and 4.61 compared to the prototype for seq. 16 of orbit 2975. The 4.61 profile is the reference, validated by a IMK balloon flight.



**Figure 27** N2O profiles (8ppmV) as a function of pressure retrieved with IPF 4.62 and 4.61 compared to the prototype for seq. 16 of orbit 2975. The 4.61 profile is the reference, validated by a IMK balloon flight.



**Figure 28** CH4 profiles (8ppmV) as a function of pressure retrieved with IPF 4.62 and 4.61 compared to the prototype for seq. 16 of orbit 2975. The 4.61 profile is the reference, validated by a IMK balloon flight.

### 3.9.6 BEATCHECK FAILURE ON SOME L2 PRODUCTS

Some L2 products processed at D-PAC with IPF 4.61, 4.62 give beatcheck format error, as reported by the K.H. Fricke (HD 2005007448). The L2 products where this anomaly was found are the following:

```
MIP_NL__2PODPA20030702_064249_000059652017_00421_06988_2699.N1
MIP_NL__2PPDPA20030702_064249_000059652017_00421_06988_0369.N1
MIP_NL__2PPDPA20030827_065146_000060152019_00221_07790_0938.N1
```

The same products processed at D-PAC with the IPF 4.62 give the same format error. The same L2 production made with the prototype didn't show this anomaly. The beatcheck output for these products is the following:

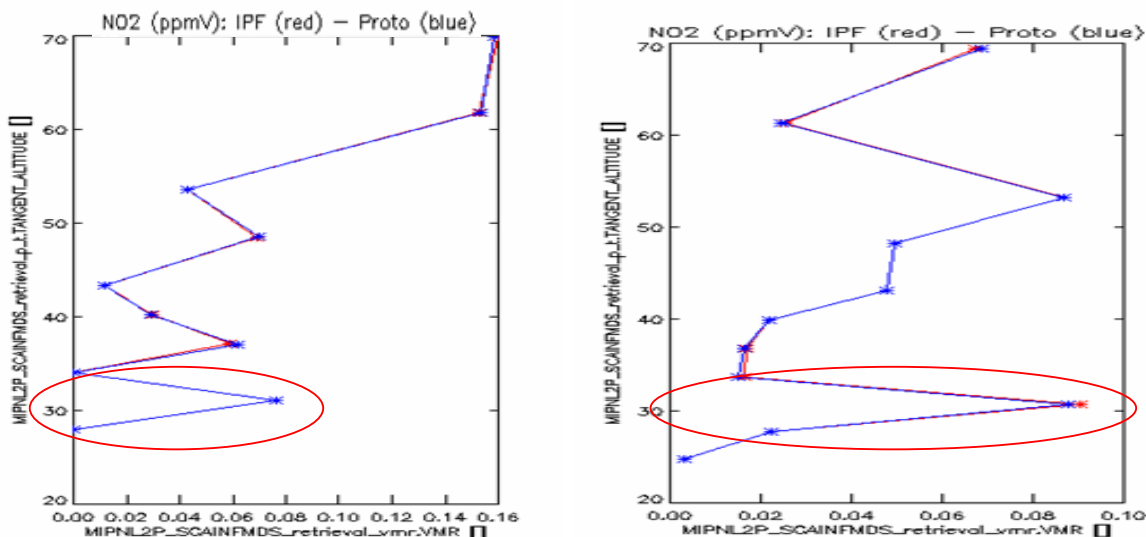
```
MIP_NL__2PODPA20030702_064249_000059652017_00421_06988_2699.N1
ERROR: could not calculate size of "SCAN INFORMATION MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "PT RETRIEVAL MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "H2O RETRIEVAL MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "O3 RETRIEVAL MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "HNO3 RETRIEVAL MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "CH4 RETRIEVAL MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "N2O RETRIEVAL MDS "
(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)
ERROR: could not calculate size of "NO2 RETRIEVAL MDS "
```

(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)  
 ERROR: could not calculate size of "CONTINUUM AND OFFSET MDS "  
 (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)  
 ERROR: could not calculate size of "PCD INFORMATION ADS "  
 (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)  
 ERROR: could not calculate size of "MICROWINDOW OCCUPATION ADS "  
 (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)  
 ERROR: could not calculate size of "RESIDUAL SPECTRA ADS "  
 (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)  
 ERROR: could not calculate size of "PROCESSING PARAMETERS ADS "  
 (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)

The IPF developers are investigating on this issue; they will correct this bug in the next IPF delivery (4.66).

### 3.9.7 NO2 RETRIEVAL DURING POLAR CONDITION

NO<sub>2</sub> profiles of OFL products during Antarctic winter (June 2003) show unrealistically high value in the low stratosphere and in general they present a degradation of the NO<sub>2</sub> profiles (zigzagging zero value). This happens in correspondence of very high NO<sub>2</sub> in the stratosphere. The same behavior was observed with the prototype (see plots below).



**Figure 29** NO<sub>2</sub> profiles obtained with the IPF and prototype for two particular scan of 6 June 2003 in Antarctic winter condition, highlighted in red are the region around 30 km with sudden increase of NO<sub>2</sub> value, which has no physical meaning. Note the degraded profile shape, namely the zigzag and the zero value.

The investigation done by IFAC arrives at the following conclusions:

- It seems that the cause of the instabilities in the NO<sub>2</sub> profile for the analyzed scans is the saturation of NO<sub>2</sub> lines below 43 km
- No significant improvements were obtained when adding other micro-windows in the OM from the current NO<sub>2</sub> MW database
- The micro window selection should consider the case of enhanced NO<sub>2</sub> concentration.