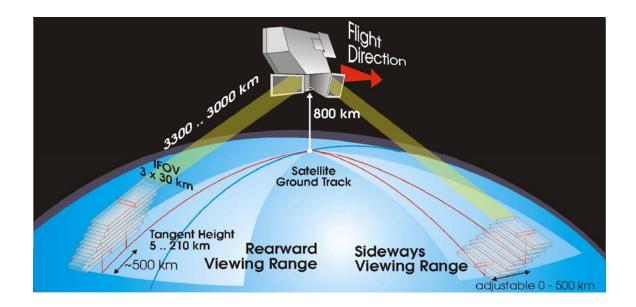




ENVISAT MIPAS Monthly Report: March 2006



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1 INTRODUCTION

The MIPAS Monthly Report (MR) documents the current status and recent changes to the MIPAS instrument, its data processing chain, and its data products.

The MR is composed of analysis results obtained by the DPQC (Data Processing and Quality Control), combined with inputs received from the different groups working on MIPAS operation, calibration, product validation and data quality. The following groups participate in the MIPAS Quality Working Group (QWG):

- ESRIN-DPQC
- ESOC
- ESTEC
- ABB BOMEM
- Oxford University
- IFAC-CNR
- EADS-Astrium GmbH
- Leicester University
- LISA
- IMK
- University of Bologna
- ISAC-CNR
- IAA
- DLR
- ECMWF

In addition, the group interfaces with the Atmospheric Chemistry Validation Team (ACVT).

1.1 Scope

The main objective of the MR is to give, on a regular basis, the status of MIPAS instrument performance, data acquisition, results of anomaly investigations, calibration activities and validation campaigns.

1.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

- ACVT Atmospheric Chemistry Validation Team
- ADF Auxiliary Data File
- ADS Annotated Data Set
- AMT Anomaly Management Tool
- ANX Ascending Node Crossing
- AE Aircraft Emission



| AR | Anomaly Report |
|--------|---|
| CBB | Calibration Black-Body |
| CTI | Configuration Table Interface |
| D-PAC | German Processing and Archiving Centre for ENVISAT |
| DPM | Detailed Processing Model |
| DPQC | Data Processing and Quality Control |
| DS | Deep Space |
| DSD | Data Set Description |
| ECMWF | European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasts |
| ESF | Engineering Support Facility |
| FCA | FPS (Focal Plane Subsystem) Cooler Assembly |
| FCE | Fringe Count Error |
| FOCC | Flight Operation Control Centre |
| FOS | Flight Operations Segment |
| FR | Full Resolution |
| HD | Help-Desk |
| IDU | Interferometer Drive Unit |
| IECF | Instrument Engineering and Calibration Facilities |
| IF | In-Flight |
| IG | Initial Guess |
| IGM | Interferogram |
| ILS | Instrument Line Shape |
| INT | Interferometer |
| I/O DD | Input/Output Data Definition |
| IOP | In Orbit Performance |
| IPF | Instrument Processing Facility |
| LOS | Line of Sight |
| MA | Middle Atmosphere |
| MDS | Measurements Data Set |
| MIO | MIPAS Optics Module |
| MIPAS | Michelson Interferometer for Passive Atmospheric Sounding |
| MPH | Main Product Header |
| MR | Monthly Report |
| MW | Micro-Window |
| NCR | Non-Conformance Report |
| NESR | Noise Equivalent Spectral Radiance |
| NOM | Nominal |
| NRT | Near-Real-Time |
| OAR | Operational Anomaly report |
| OFL | Off-Line |
| OM | Occupation Matrix |
| PCD | Product Confidence Data |
| PCF | Product Control Facility |
| PDS | Payload Data Segment |
| PFHS | Processing Facility Host Structure |
| 11110 | 1 rocessing 1 denity most subcluic |



| Quality Control |
|--------------------------------------|
| Quality Working Group |
| Radiometric Gain Calibration |
| Reduced Resolution |
| Special Event Measurement |
| Specific Product header |
| Software Problem Report |
| Science Team |
| Upper Atmosphere |
| Upper Troposphere Lower Stratosphere |
| Variance Covariance Matrix |
| Volume Mixing Ratio |
| Wear Control Cycle |
| |

2RR Double Slide Reduced Resolution



2 THE REPORT

2.1 Summary

- The MIPAS instrument performance improved during March 2006 after the 10 days of planned unavailability. In fact few slide anomalies were registered during the planned operations.
- An operational problem was encountered at ESOC during 28th March due to a macrocommand transfer error, the instrument went to suspend four times and a long recovery procedure, which took two days, was needed to have MIPAS operational again on the 30th March 2006.
- The better slide performance was confirmed by the motor current plot of 21st March. This plot shows that the drive force for slide 1 in positive direction come back to nominal value (30 mA) after the high increase observed in February. This demonstrates the improvement of the bearing performances during the reporting month (see § 2.3.2).
- As cited above the instrument was switched-off for the first ten days of March for relaxing the slide system. The following measurements were planned for the remaining part of the month:
 - o In-Flight calibrations (IF-9, IF-16, IF-6, IF-10 and IF-11) during 10 March
 - Nominal mode observations from 10 to 14 March
 - o Observations in Middle and Upper Atmosphere mode for 19 to 21 March
 - Starting from 26th March UTLS-1 mode in support of the SAUNA campaign
- All these planned measurements were successfully acquired except for the IF-16 RAW data for which a problem was encountered in the PDS. This anomaly is a re-occurrence of a problem already reported during the IF-16 measurement of 28th October 2005 and registered on AMT as OAR-2015.
- The monitoring of the instrument temperatures is reported in this MR, the most important temperature fields remain stable, the deviations being always below 1K (see § 2.3.1).
- The cooler performance was also closely monitored during this month. The cooler seems to perform really well, the vibration being well below the warning level of 8 mg (see § 2.3.3.1).
- The gain, spectral and line of sight calibrations were carried out nominally during the reporting period, including the dissemination of the related ADF, none of the calibrations show anomalies (see § 2.4.2, § 2.4.3, § 2.4.4).
- A monitoring of the absolute gain increase since the last decontamination (June 2005) is presented in this MR besides the long term weekly increase. This monitoring will be updated from now on and will help the planning of the future decontamination activity, expected for mid May 2006; so far the gain has reached a value about 27% higher with respect to the gain recorded after last decontamination of June 2005 (see § 2.4.3).
- The manual processing with the L1b prototype of the AE measurement was terminated, the L1b files can be found on Uranus ftp server (see § 2.4.5.1).



- The latest processor IPF 4.65 was put into operation at D-PAC the 9th of February 2006 for the OFL processing of the entire MIPAS RR mission. The level 2 processing of all the relevant orbits from Aug to Sept 2004 was completed, while the level 1 production of historical data is still ongoing.
- The level 1 quality monitoring has started on a sub-set of products. The quality check of the considered L1 products has demonstrated an overall good quality of the D-PAC results, as can be seen considering the Band validity PCD (see § 2.4.6.1).
- This quality control has highlighted a PDS problem in the level 1 data processed during the period 8 22 February 2006. In fact, the IPF used outdated calibration auxiliary files. The problem was due to a PDS anomaly, in particular to a lack of connection between ESRIN and the D-PAC. The dissemination of ADF has restarted nominally after this anomaly (OAR-2249). As a result the level 1 products already processed by D-PAC for this time interval have poor radiometric calibration. These products were deleted from D-PAC server and will be reprocessed soon.
- A quality control of the entire set of L2 products processed at D-PAC with IPF 4.65 was completed, revealing an overall good quality of the products, nevertheless an anomaly was found for some orbits of 21 22 Aug 2004, this problem being now under investigation (see § 2.5.3.1).

2.2 Instrument and products availability

2.2.1 INSTRUMENT PLANNING

The planning for the MIPAS operations during March 2006 is briefly described in this section.

Planning strategy:

- All activities planned in nominal mode (double slide operation) with medium resolution (41% 1.64 sec sweeps) with asymmetric transitory sweeps
- Compensation times, transitory times and other planning parameters set according to the new operational baseline
- According to the implementation of the Auto-recovery Sequence in the FOS-MPS, new MPL_CAL_MP files have been sent with RGC and WCC REPETITION fields set to zero
- Radiometric Gain calibrations (RGC) planned using the MPL_ORS_MP file
- The WCC activity cannot be explicitly requested trough the MPL_ORS_MP file, it is performed after every transition to Heater
- PRIME + 2 BACKUP LOS orbits during the week-end, with new setting and PITCH BIAS=-0.030<deg>
- During March 2006 the following measurement were planned:
 - Unavailability period for relaxing the IDU system from 1 to 10 March
 - o In-Flight calibrations (IF-9, IF-16, IF-6, IF-10 and IF-11) during 10 March
 - Nominal mode observations from 10 to 14 March
 - Observations in Middle and Upper Atmosphere mode for 19 to 21 March



• Starting from 26th March UTLS-1 mode in support of the SAUNA campaign; 4 orbits per day, both in ascending and descending track over Sodankyla, Finland (67.37 °N, 26.63 °E).

The files transferred to the FOCC for the planning of March 2006 operations are listed in *Appendix A*.

2.2.2 INSTRUMENT AVAILABILITY

During March 2006 MIPAS performance improved with respect to the last month, in particular this is demonstrated by the improvement of the motor current plot, shown in §2.3.2, indeed few anomalies were registered after the period of planned unavailability of the first 10 days of March. Besides, an operational problem was encountered at ESOC during 28th March due to a macro-command transfer error, the instrument went to suspend four times and a long recovery procedure, which took two days, was needed to have MIPAS operational again. All the unavailability intervals during March 2006 are reported in the table below.

| Start | time | Sto tim | - | Duration | Start Orbit | Stop Orbit | Planned | Comments |
|-----------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------------|---------------|---------|--|
| Date | UTC | date | UTC | sec | | | | |
| 01-mar-06 | 6.48.24 | 01-mar-06 | 7.40.08 | 3104 | 20916 | 20916 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0089 MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 01-mar-06 | 22.24.49 | 10-mar-06 | 6.48.27 | 721418 | 20925 | 21045 | yes | EN-UNA-2006/0091 Planned unavailability |
| 10-mar-06 | 12.44.42 | 10-mar-06 | 12.59.03 | 861 | 21048 | 21048 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0093 MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 13-mar-06 | 13.16.07 | 13-mar-06 | 14.45.30 | 5363 | 21091 | 21092 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0095 MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 18-mar-06 | 10.58.31 | 18-mar-06 | 11.02.33 | 242 | 21162 | 21162 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0100 MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 19-mar-06 | 7.05.44 | 19-mar-06 | 8.46.05 | 6021 | 21174 | 21174 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0101 MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |
| 27-mar-06 | 6.32.28 | 27-mar-06 | 7.22.49 | 3021 | 21288 | 21288 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0107 MIPAS return to operation from Heater/Refuse mode due to IDU SYS TOL ERR |

Table 1 List of MIPAS unavailabilities during March 2006. In red are highlighted the planned unavailability.



| 28-mar-06 | 0.44.59 | 28-mar-06 | 13.00.19 | 44120 | 21299 | 21306 | yes | EN-UNA-2006/0104 OCM manoeuvre |
|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-----|---|
| 28-mar-06 | 19.18.42 | 28-mar-06 | 23.23.14 | 14664 | 21310 | 21312 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0110 MIPAS still in Suspend due to MCMD TRANSFER ACKNOW ERR (AR ENV- 818) |
| 29-mar-06 | 7.2.53 | 29-mar-06 | 11.7.25 | 14732 | 21317 | 21319 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0110 MIPAS still in Suspend due to MCMD TRANSFER ACKNOW ERR (AR ENV- 818) |
| 29-mar-06 | 18.47.5 | 29-mar-06 | 22.51.37 | 14672 | 21324 | 21326 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0110 MIPAS still in Suspend due to MCMD TRANSFER ACKNOW ERR (AR ENV- 818) |
| 30-mar-06 | 6.31.16 | 30-mar-06 | 10.35.48 | 14672 | 21331 | 21333 | No | EN-UNA-2006/0110 MIPAS still in Suspend due to MCMD TRANSFER ACKNOW ERR (AR ENV- 818) |

2.2.3 LEVEL 0 PRODUCT AVAILABILITY

The missing intervals (due to PDS unknown failures) for level 0 products (MIP_NL_0P) are reported in the table below. Only Level 0 data coverage is reported, as currently the Near-Real Time (NRT) mission is suspended, and no systematic operational Off-Line (OFL) processing is performed while the processing algorithms are being adapted to the new observation modes.

| Start Time | | Stop time | | Duration | Start Orbit | Stop Orbit | Measurement |
|------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Date | UTC | date | UTC | sec | | | |
| 01-mar-06 | 7.40.08 | 01-mar-06 | 7.40.22 | 14 | 20916 | 20916 | NORMAL |
| 10-mar-06 | 10.08.57 | 10-mar-06 | 10.09.12 | 15 | 21046 | 21046 | NORMAL |
| 10-mar-06 | 18.45.42 | 10-mar-06 | 18.46.53 | 71 | 21052 | 21052 | NORMAL |
| 10-mar-06 | 18.46.53 | 10-mar-06 | 18.53.59 | 426 | 21052 | 21052 | DEEP_SPACE_CHAR |
| 10-mar-06 | 18.49.14 | 10-mar-06 | 18.56.20 | 426 | 21052 | 21052 | BLACK_BODY_CHAR |
| 10-mar-06 | 18.56.20 | 10-mar-06 | 18.57.01 | 41 | 21052 | 21052 | NORMAL |
| 10-mar-06 | 20.26.22 | 10-mar-06 | 20.37.06 | 644 | 21053 | 21053 | NORMAL |
| 13-mar-06 | 14.45.30 | 13-mar-06 | 14.45.44 | 14 | 21092 | 21092 | NORMAL |
| 18-mar-06 | 10.58.18 | 18-mar-06 | 10.58.31 | 13 | 21161 | 21162 | NORMAL |
| 19-mar-06 | 7.01.40 | 19-mar-06 | 7.05.44 | 244 | 21173 | 21174 | NORMAL |
| 19-mar-06 | 8.46.05 | 19-mar-06 | 8.46.20 | 15 | 21174 | 21175 | NORMAL |

Table 2 List of missing gaps for MIP_NL__0P during March 2006.



The missing intervals (due to PDS unknown failures) during the LOS weekly measurements (MIP_LS__0P) are reported in the table below.

| Start t | ime | Stop time | | Duration | Orbit Start | Orbit end |
|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|--------------------|-----------|
| Date | UTC | Date | UTC | sec | | |
| 10-mar-06 | 6.54.28 | 10-mar-06 | 6.54.45 | 17 | 21045 | 21045 |

 Table 3 List of missing intervals for MIP_LS_0P during March 2006.

The special IF-16 measurement was planned for 10th March 2006, this raw mode measurement was not acquired due to a failure in the PDS. This anomaly is a re-occurrence of a problem already reported during the IF-16 measurement of 28th October 2005 and registered as OAR-2015. The PDS people are investigating the anomaly; in the meanwhile further IF-16 will be planned in the future. The following table and figure show the anomaly in the acquisition of MIPAS RAW data.

Table 4 List of missing intervals for MIP_RW_0P during March 2006.

| Start | time | ne Stop time | | Duration | Orbit Start | Orbit end |
|-----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|-------------|-----------|
| Date | UTC | Date | UTC | sec | | |
| 10-mar-06 | 18.46.49 | 10-mar-06 | 18.56.53 | 604 | 21052 | 21052 |
| 10-mar-06 | 20.27.10 | 10-mar-06 | 20.36.57 | 587 | 21053 | 21053 |

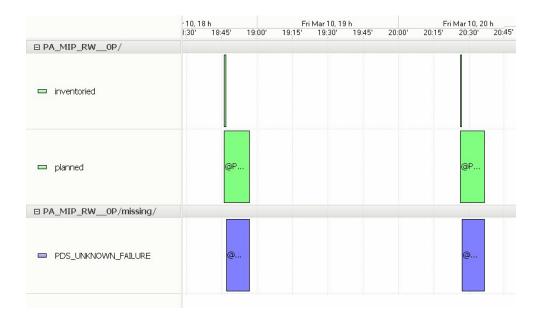


Figure 1 Failure in acquiring MIPAS RAW mode data of 10 March 2006 (GANNT chart).



The special measurements planned for March 2006 are reported in the next table; the acquisition status is also reported. Most of the special measurements were acquired, apart from the IF-16 RAW data, for which we already report the PDS anomaly.

| Measurement | Date | Orbit | Acquisition status |
|-------------|----------|---------------|------------------------|
| IF-9 | 10 March | 21048 - 21052 | Acquired and stored |
| IF 16 | 10 March | 21052 - 21053 | Failed due PDS unknown |
| | | | failure |
| IF 6 | 10 March | 21054 | Acquired and stored |
| IF 10 | 10 March | 21055 | Acquired and stored |
| IF 11 | 10 March | 21056 | Acquired and stored |
| MA | 21 March | 21170 - 21199 | Acquired and stored |
| UA | 22 March | 21199 - 21213 | Acquired and stored |

Table 5 List of special measurement performed during March 2006.

2.2.4 LEVEL 0 PRODUCTS STATISTICS

The MIPAS mission is currently planned with a limited duty cycle (around 25 - 30%); this corresponds to 3 days-on and 4 days-off (in case of nominal measurement) or 4 orbits per day (in case of validation campaign). This measurement scenario was recommended by Astrium for instrument safety. As already cited in the previous paragraph the instrument performance during this month improves with respect to February 2006, the instrument availability goes to 90%; it should be also noted that the duty cycle during March was lower with respect to the previous months due to the planned 10 days of unavailability. The missing intervals due to PDS unknown failure was low, the unavailability due to the PDS problem is around 1%. The MIP_NL_0P products statistics are reported in the following table.

Table 6 MIPAS MIP_NL_0P products statistics during March 2006.

| | | Time [sec] |
|---|--|------------|
| Total time over one month | t _{tot} | 2678400 |
| Time of planned measurements | t _{plan} | 650481 |
| Time of expected measurements | t _{exp} | 586482 |
| Time of L0 gaps | t _{L0gaps} | 1923 |
| Time of instrument unavailability | $t_{unav} = t_{plan} - t_{exp}$ | 63999 |
| | | |
| %Time of duty cycle | $(t_{plan}/t_{tot})*100$ | 24,29 |
| % Time of Instrument availability | [1- t _{unav} /t _{plan}]*100 | 90,16 |
| % Time of L0 availability | $[(t_{exp} - t_{L0gaps})/t_{exp}]*100$ | 99,67 |
| (PDS failure) | | |
| % Total time of L0 availability | $[(t_{exp} - t_{L0gaps})/t_{plan}]*100$ | 89,87 |
| (PDS failure + instrument unavailability) | [(texp clogaps // cpian] 100 | 0,00 |



2.3 Instrument monitoring

2.3.1 THERMAL PERFORMANCE

The following two plots (Fig. 2 and Fig. 3) show the long-term trends of the IDU and MIO base plate temperature. The yearly seasonal variations and the interferometer heater switching (see Tab. 5 for the schedule of heater switch-on/off) are clearly visible within the plots.

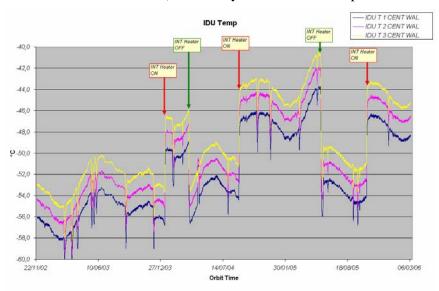


Figure 2 IDU temperatures as a function of time: November 2002 – March 2006.

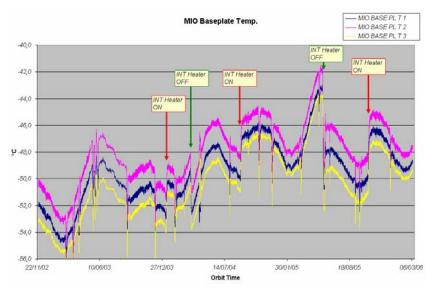


Figure 3 MIO base plate temperatures as a function of time: November 2002 – March 2006.



The time of switch-on of the INT heater are reported in the following table.

 Table 7 Schedule of interferometer heater switch-on/off.

| Heater on | 17-Oct-2005 |
|------------|-------------|
| Heater off | 25-May-2005 |
| Heater on | 03-Sep-2004 |
| Heater off | 26-Mar-2004 |
| Heater on | 09-Jan-2004 |

At the end of August 2005, the temperature was about 4 K warmer than during the critical period at the beginning of 2003. However it seems that the critical temperature is increasing during the mission, nowadays we can consider the temperature of August 2005 (-52°C) as a critical value, that is to say a value when the occurrence of critical errors starts to increase. The switching-on of the INT heater during 17 October 2005 produces an increase of almost 5K of the MIO and IDU temperature; these temperatures reach values comparable to one year ago. The increase of temperature significantly improves the INT performances from October 2005 up to January 2006. The monthly monitoring of the instrument temperature is reported in the following plots, which show the IDU, MIO, CBB and FCA radiator temperatures. All the temperatures look stable during the reporting period; the deviations over one month are always in the range of 2K or less.

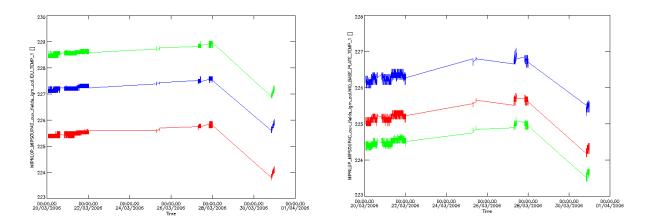


Figure 4 IDU and MIO Base-Plate temperature during reporting period: March 2006.



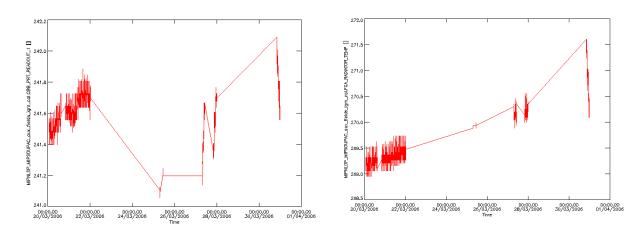


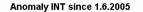
Figure 5 CBB and FCA radiator temperature during reporting period: March 2006.

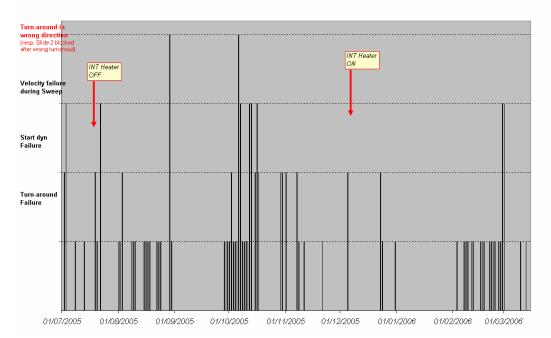
2.3.2 INTERFEROMETER PERFORMANCE

The effect of the INT heater switch-on during October 2005 was a significant improvement of the INT performances up to January 2006, indeed the number of turn-around error and the number of - 4% differential speed error were drastically reduced. This dramatic reduction of anomalies was also due to the choice of a very low duty cycle, which is now set to a value of 25 - 30%.

During February 2006 this situation was changed, in particular starting from the second half of the month the -4% differential speed error starts again to increase and reach the critical value of 60%, this value was already reached during Aug – Sept 2005. When this parameter reaches this critical value the number of turnaround anomalies starts to increase significantly, as was already observed during in the past (see Fig. 6). Owing to this increasing rate of failure the MIPAS instrument was switched off for the first ten days of March 2006. The performances after this period of intended interruption were improved, as was already cited.









The reason of this increasing anomaly rate during the second half of February 2006 was a degradation of the bearing performance, the so-called *cage wind-up* effect. This was noticed by P. Mosner (Astrium) by analyzing the in-sweeps data. Indeed looking in detail to these data Astrium found a more and more increasing wind-up effect especially during movements of slide 1 into the positive direction. The force during this slide movement increased up to a value of more than 53mA (about 600 mN), which corresponds to double of what we observed during January 2006. This increased force, necessary to move the slide over the rails, reveals a problem in the slide movement, in particular in the bearing performance, what is called cage wind-up effect. This observation explains the high rate of velocity errors observed during the second part of February 2006.

The situation starts to improve after the ten days of intended interruption at the beginning of March, indeed this can be appreciated in the following figures (Fig. 7 – 8) where the plot of motor current during 1^{st} March is compared to that of 21^{st} of March 2006. Comparing these plots we can see that the extremely high value of driving force (Fig. 7), especially for slide 1 in the positive direction, was not observed after the mission interruption (Fig. 8), when the motor current of slide 1 comes back to a nominal value (around 30 mA).





Figure 7 Motor current taken during in-sweep movement of MIPAS slide 1 and 2. The data were taken during 1st March 2006. The positive and negative y-axis correspond to the positive and negative movement of the slide. The turnaround is the point where the slide change direction and the sweep duration is where the slide velocity is expected to be constant (when the scientific data are recorded) after the acceleration and deceleration of the turnaround.



Figure 8 Same as fig. 8 for in-sweep data taken the 21st of March 2006.



2.3.3 MECHANICAL PERFORMANCE

2.3.3.1 Cooler Performance

During March and April 2005 an evident increase in compressor vibration level has been observed, and starting from the second part of April 2005 the warning threshold of 8 mg has been exceeded many times. After an analysis done by Astrium, it has been found that the MIPAS cooler was not well balanced. The cooler rebalancing was performed from 11 May 07:39 to 12 May 12:14, during an interval of non-planned measurements. The rebalancing did not introduce the expected reduction of compressor vibration level because of the relatively warm environment. For this reason it was decided to switch-off the interferometer cooler on 25 May 2005. After the decontamination (23 May - 1 June 2005) and the INT heater switch-off, the cooler performs extremely well, the vibrations levels remain stable and well below the warning threshold (see Fig. 9).

The switch-on of the INT heater during October 2005 determines a slight increase of the compressor vibration, by about 1 mg. However the vibration level remains stable through the reporting period and the cooler shows extremely good performance up to March 2006 (see Fig. 9).

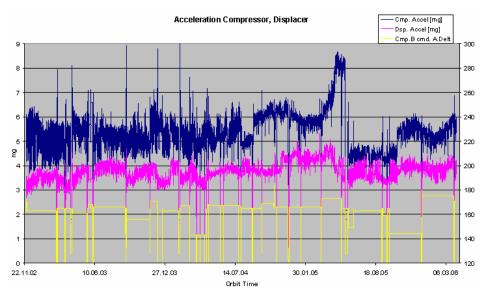


Figure 9 Cooler Displacer and Compressor vibration level, historical trend from 2002.

The performance of the cooler during the reporting period (March 2006) was nominal with vibration values well below the observation warning level of 8 mg, as can be seen in the following figure. The displacer and compressor vibration level were stable and remain steady around a value of 4 - 5.5 mg with daily oscillation always below 1 mg.



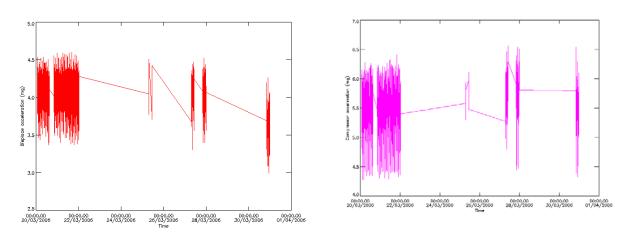


Figure 10 March 2006: Cooler Displacer and Compressor vibration level.

2.4 Level 1b product quality monitoring

2.4.1 PROCESSOR CONFIGURATION

2.4.1.1 Version

The table below shows the list of IPF updates and the aligned DPM and the related NCR/SPRs. Currently the Near-Real Time (NRT) mission is suspended, and no systematic operational Off-Line (OFL) processing is performed while the processing algorithms are being adapted to the new observation modes.

The validation of IPF 4.65 was completed during January 2006. This processor was installed at D-PAC and the OFL processing of MIPAS RR mission started the 9th of February 2006.

The historical updates in the MIPAS Level 1 processor are detailed in *Appendix B* with all the information on the related NCRs and SPRs.



| IPF | DPM | | Processor | update |
|---------|------------|-----|---|--|
| Version | L1 | L2 | Level 1 | Level 2 |
| 4.65 | 41 | 4.1 | | Fixed NCR_1310 |
| 4.64 | 4 I | 4.1 | Fixed SPR-12100-2011 | |
| 4.63 | 4 I | 4.1 | Fixed SPR-12000-2000: Fixed SPR-12000-2001 | Fixed NCR_1278 Fixed NCR_1308 Rejected NCR_1310 Rejected NCR_1317 |
| 4.62 | 4H | 4.0 | Fixed NCR_1157 Fixed NCR_1259 | Fixed NCR_1128 Fixed NCR_1275 Fixed NCR_1276 |

 Table 8 Historical updates of MIPAS processor, related DPM and NCR/SPR.

The figure below shows the alignment between the measurement mode (high resolution, reduced resolution with 17 sweeps and reduced resolution with 27 sweeps) and the corresponding valid IPF and ADF for the processing Level 1 and Level 2 products.

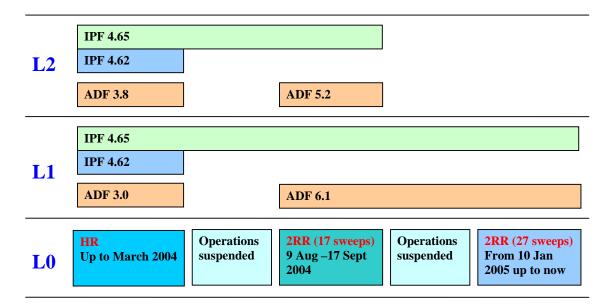


Figure 11 IPF validity and ADFs version for processing level 1 and level 2 products. IPF 4.62 is the last operational one, while the IPF 4.65 will be installed at D-PAC for OFL processing of RR mission.



The historical update of the IPF at each processing site is shown in the following table.

Table 9 Historical updates of MIPAS processor at near real time (NRT) processing sites (PDHS-K and PDHS-E) and off-line processing sites (LRAC and D-PAC).

| Centre | Facility Software | Date |
|--------|-------------------|------------|
| D-PAC | V4.65 | 09-02-2006 |
| D-PAC | V4.62 | 06-09-2004 |
| LRAC | V4.62 | 02-09-2004 |
| D-PAC | V4.61 | 15-03-2004 |
| LRAC | V4.61 | 18-03-2004 |
| PDHS-K | V4.61 | 17-03-2004 |
| PDHS-E | V4.61 | 17-03-2004 |
| LRAC | V4.59 | 20-08-2003 |
| D-PAC | V4.59 | 06-08-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.59 | 23-07-2003 |
| PDHS-E | V4.59 | 23-07-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.57 | 22-07-2003 |
| LRAC | V4.57 | 22-07-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.59 | 21-07-2003 |
| LRAC | V4.59 | 21-07-2003 |
| LRAC | V4.57 | 19-03-2003 |
| PDHS-K | V4.57 | 18-03-2003 |
| D-PAC | V4.57 | 05-03-2003 |
| PDHS-E | V4.57 | 04-03-2003 |

2.4.1.2 Auxiliary Data Files

The strategy for the level 1 ADFs update is as follows:

- The MIP_CO1_AX, MIP_CG1_AX and MIP_CS1_AX are updated every week and after a long detectors/cooler switch-off or after a long unavailability
- The MIP_CL1_AX is analysed every two weeks and updated when the pointing error differs with respect to the last disseminated by more than 8 mdeg.
- The MIP_PS1_AX is updated every time there is a setting update.
- The MIP_MW1_AX is updated when the micro-window is changed.
- The MIP_CA1_AX is updated when new characterization parameters are defined.

The ADF files generated and disseminated during March 2006 are listed in the following table.



| Table | 10 | Level 1 | ADFs | valid in | March 2006. | |
|--------|----|---------|------|----------|---------------|--|
| I GOIC | | Deter 1 | | , and m | 101011 ±0000. | |

| Auxiliary Data File | Start Validity | Stop Validity | Updated during the reporting period |
|--|-------------------|------------------|--|
| V6.1 MIP MW1 AXVIEC20050627 094928 20040809 000000 20090809 000000 | 08-JAN-05 | 08-JAN-09 | No |
| MIP_PS1_AXVIEC20050627_100609_20040809_000000_20090809_000000 MIP_CA1_AXVIEC20050627_094412_20040809_000000_20090809_000000 | | | |
| MIP_CL1_AXVIEC20050308_113825_20050108_000000_20090108_000000 | 08-JAN-05 | 08-JAN-09 | No |
| MIP_CL1_AXVIEC20050420_152028_20050420_095747_20100420_095747 | 20-APR-05 | 20-APR-10 | No |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060314_151535_20060310_000000_20110310_000000 MIP CG1 AXVIEC20060314 150558 20060310 000000 20110310 000000 | 10-MAR-06 | 10-MAR-11 | Yes |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060314_150041_20060310_000000_20110310_000000 | | | |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060321_151531_20060319_000000_20110319_000000 MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060321_150713_20060319_000000_20110319_000000 | 19-MAR-06 | 19-MAR-11 | Yes |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060321_150156_20060319_000000_20110319_000000 | | | |
| MIP_CS1_AXVIEC20060329_151535_20060327_000000_20110327_000000 | 27-MAR-06 | 27-MAR-11 | Yes |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20060329_150630_20060327_000000_20110327_000000 | | | |
| MIP_CO1_AXVIEC20060329_150055_20060327_000000_20110327_000000 | | | |

The characterization level 1 ADFs (MIP_PS1_AX, MIP_CA1_AX, MIP_MW1_AX) are generated by Bomem. The following table illustrate the history of level 1 ADF deliveries, more details can be found in *Appendix C*.

| ADFs Version | Updated ADF | Start Validity Date | IPF version | Dissemination date |
|-----------------|--|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 6.1 | MIP_PS1_AX | 09-Aug-2004 | 4.63 | 27-Jun-2005 |
| 6.0 | MIP_PS1_AX | Not disseminated | 4.63 | - |
| 5.0 draft | MIP_PS1_AX | Not disseminated | 4.63 | - |
| 4.1 TDS6 | MIP_PS1_AX | 09- Aug-2004 | 4.63 | 15-Mar-2005 |
| 4.0 draft | MIP_PS1_AX | Not disseminated | 4.62 | - |
| 3.2 | MIP_PS1_AX | 26-Mar-2004 | 4.61 | 21-Apr-2004 |
| 3.1 | MIP_PS1_AX | 09-Jan-2004 | 4.61 | 17-Mar-2004 |
| 3.0 | MIP_CA1_AX MIP_MW1_AX MIP_PS1_AX | April-2002 | 4.61 | 4-Nov-2003 |

Table 11 Historical deliveries of level 1 ADF by Bomem

2.4.2 SPECTRAL PERFORMANCE

The calibration file MIP_CS1_AX contains the spectral correction factor (SCF), which compensates for variations in the instrument metrology (e.g. aging of the laser). Figure 12 gives the variation trend all over the RR mission (from August 2004). We observe a very stable situation since the variations are of the order of 2 ppm over more than one year of operations.



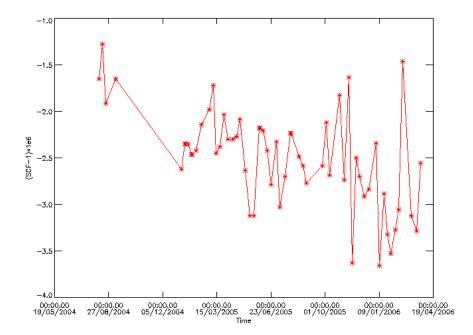


Figure 12 MIPAS Spectral Calibration Factor (SCF) during RR ops updated to end of March 2006.

2.4.3 RADIOMETRIC PERFORMANCE

During March 2006 operations, the weekly increase of gain was always below the 1% warning threshold, as illustrated in Figure 13. This figure shows the gain calibration check done weekly before disseminating an ADF. The check is done with respect to the last disseminated gain. In the case of a long mission interruption, the gain can change significantly; in this case the check is done the week later with respect to the first gain disseminated after the long interruption.

The following figure shows the check made on band A; they shows some increase of gain higher than the 1% threshold, this is only due to the mission interruption between the two gain measurements, indeed the situation come back to nominal value by the end of the month (see orbit #21289).



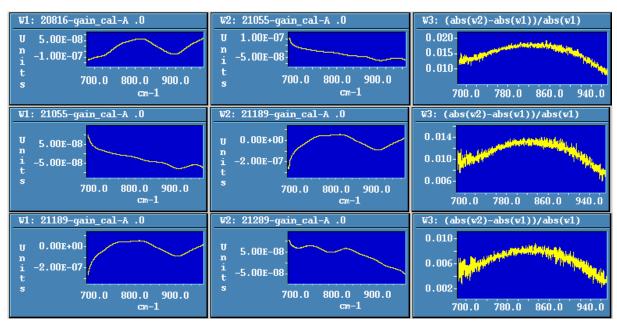


Figure 13 Relative variations of radiometric gain for three disseminated gains (considering only band A) during March 2006 operations. The first two plots in each row are the imaginary part of the gain plotted versus the wave-number, the third plot is the ratio: (abs(w2)-abs(w1))/abs(w1), which gives the gain increase with respect to the reference w1 (last disseminated ADF). The check is satisfied when the gain is lower than the warning threshold of 0.01 (1%).

Fig. 14 shows the gain rate during 2005 operations, this rate is obtained as the maximum of the curves of weekly gain variation (abs(w2)-abs(w1))/abs(w1)) observed in Fig. 13. The very high increase of gain rate during Jan-May 2005 operations can be seen, this was due to the presence of ice near the detectors. After the decontamination (end of May 2005) the gain rate suddenly decreases to nominal value (1%) and it remains stable over the reporting period, up to the end of March 2006. The two gaps in the plots correspond respectively to the long mission interruption of September 2005 and to the INT-heater switch on during 17 October 2005. In this case a high variation of the gain was observed, which is not included in the plot, this variation is however taken into account in the absolute gain variation. This long term absolute gain increase since June 2005 is presented in Fig. 15, showing that the gain measured nowadays is about 28% higher with respect the one observed after the last decontamination of June 2005. This long term monitoring will be updated weekly and will help us in order to plan the next decontamination activity, expected for the May 2006.



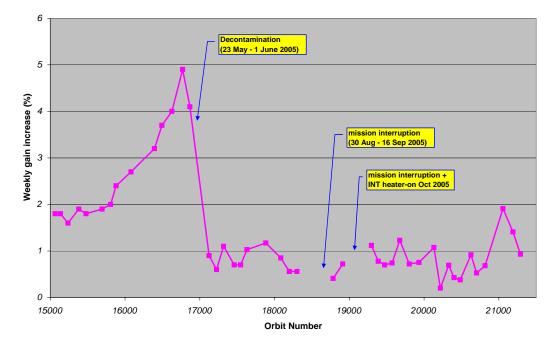


Figure 14 Gain rate on a weekly basis since January 2005 updated to the end of Feb 2006. Note that when there is a mission interruption the weekly increase is re-initialized using as reference the first gain after interruption or INT-heater/cooler switch on.

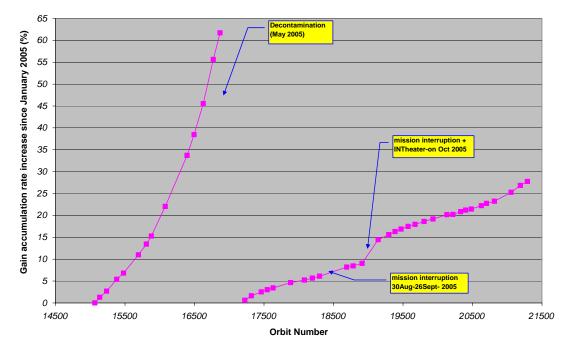


Figure 15 Gain absolute increase since January 2005.



2.4.3.1 Interpolated gains

During the period January-May 2005, a strong gain increase was observed in the weekly gain variation, as observed in the previous paragraph. This increase acts on the data quality in two ways:

- If the gain functions are only determined once per week, the drift leads to a scaling error in the calibrated spectra of up to 3.5 % in band A.
- The increase of the gain function corresponds to a decrease of the instrument response. This also decreases the signal-to-noise-ratio and leads to higher NESR-values.

The presence of ice near the detector was found to be the most probable source of this gain increase. Actually the ice reduces the radiation received by the detectors and this is the cause of the gain increase: the gain compensates for the lack of radiation.

Before processing 2005 level 0 data to level 1, a solution had to be found in order to reduce the scaling error in the calibrated spectra. The solution was to calculate and disseminate further gain values in between the already disseminated ones in order to comply with the condition for the gain increase to be lower than 1% between consecutive gains. This gain reprocessing has been done with the support of Bomem and the results are reported in *Appendix D*.

Due to missing L0 products to calculate all the gain calibration ADF files, a program was developed to estimate the missing gain calibration files using the gain calibration ADF files available (already disseminated via the IECF). The program simply performs a linear interpolation between 2 known gains. The second gain is first aligned on the same fringe as the 1st gain before doing the interpolation. The interpolation factor is specified such that there is less than 1% gain difference between 2 consecutive gains.

 $Gain_i = (G2 \times factor) + (G1 \times (1 - factor))$

| Gain_i: | Interpolated Gain vector |
|---------|--|
| G1: | 1 st Gain Calibration vector |
| G2: | 2 nd Gain Calibration vector |
| Factor: | Interpolation factor ($0 < range < 1$) |

For the interpolated gain calibration files, the "SENSING_START" and "SENSING_STOP" fields are set according to the interpolation factors. For example, an interpolation factor of 0.33 applied to two existing gains (acquired 8 days apart), will fix the interpolated gain "SENSING_START" to $8 \times 0.33 = 2.6$ days later than the 1st gain "SENSING_START". The sensing stop is set to the end of the mission: "SENSING_STOP" = "SENSING_START" + 5 years.

The complete list of the new interpolated gains MIP_CG1_AX files provided by Bomem and disseminated via IECF is reported in *Appendix D*. These 45 MIP_CG1_AX files should be used for the reprocessing of the 2005 2RR MIPAS mission.

2.4.4 POINTING PERFORMANCE

The LOS calibration measurements are performed every week and the mispointing is analysed on a bi-weekly basis. This plan allows the pointing stability to be analysed and guarantees the availability of the data in case of missing products. The baseline for LOS calibration is now that the



absolute bias is compared to the last disseminated one, then the LOS calibration ADF is used only if the difference between the two bias is a higher than 8mg.

Initial analysis has shown a marked annual cycle (as shown in Fig. 17) covering the period September 2002 – June 2005. The figure shows the relative and the absolute pointing error (evaluated taking into account the commanded elevation angle for the LOS calibration). The annual trend is not due to the MIPAS instrument itself, but to a mispointing of the entire ENVISAT platform resulting from the software response to orbit control information. In fact, the update in the pointing software implemented on 12 December 2003 (orbit 9321) has reduced the deviation trend.

During March 2006 operations, the LOS bi-weekly calibrations were performed and the results of the calibration are reported in the following table and figure. During the last months of operations the relative bias seems to be stable around a value of few mdeg.

| Date | Orbit # | Relative bias [deg] | Absolute bias [deg] |
|-------------|---------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 18-Mar-2006 | 21160 | 0,000875 | -0,029125 |
| 25-Mar-2006 | 21260 | 0,004490 | -0,025510 |

 Table 12 LOS calibration performed on March 2006.

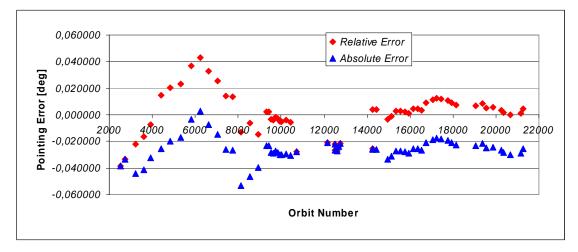


Figure 16 MIPAS long-term pointing error as a function of the orbit: September 2002- March 2006.

As can be seen in Fig. 16, there are points where the relative and absolute errors coincide because the angle for LOS measurements has been commanded to 0 mdeg. Tab. 13 shows the history of the commanded angle for LOS measurements.



| Start Date | Start Orbit | Stop Date | Stop Orbit | Angle [mdeg] |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| beginning | / | 28 Sep 2002 | 3024 | 0 |
| 05 Oct 2002 | 3123 | 26 Oct 2002 | 3424 | - 22 |
| 02 Nov 2002 | 3524 | 30 Nov 2002 | 3926 | - 25 |
| 07 Dec 2002 | 4025 | 01 Nov 2003 | 8738 | - 40 |
| 08 Nov 2003 | 8835 | 08 Nov 2003 | 8836 | - 25 |
| 10 Nov 2003 | 8864 | 10 Nov 2003 | 8865 | 0 |
| 15 Nov 2003 | 8934 | 6 Mar 2004 | 10538 | - 25 |
| 13 Mar 2004 | 10639 | 20 Nov 2004 | 14250 | 0 |
| 21 Nov 2004 | 14265 | / | / | - 30 |

 Table 13 LOS commanded angle updates.

Starting from the second part of September 2003, only measurements from channel D2 are processed because of the increased noise affecting channel D1. In order to reduce that noise, from 21 November 2004 (orbit 14265), the planning strategy for LOS measurements has been changed and the number of observations per star has been doubled.

During the anomaly investigation in winter 2004, the absence of interferometer operations was used for a dedicated Line of Sight campaign. MIPAS LOS data have been inter-compared with restituted attitude information from the ENVISAT star trackers, in preparation for future operational use of restituted attitude in off-line processing. The figure below presents results from July 29th, 2004. Note that a bias of 24 mdeg was subtracted from the pointing error. Apart from this bias, results from the MIPAS LOS campaign agree with star tracker information. Investigations are currently ongoing to find the cause of this bias.

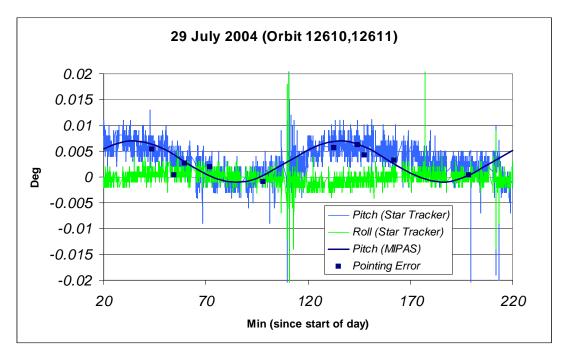


Figure 17 Comparison between MIPAS pointing and star tracker information.



2.4.5 L1B PRODUCTS PROCESSED WITH PROTOTYPE

As noted before, no NRT product generation is foreseen for now. For the Science team and QWG, some Level 1B products have been generated using the MIGSP 2.5 prototype. The complete list of these products is reported on *Appendix E*.

2.4.5.1 Aircraft Emission from December 2005

The Aircraft Emission measurements of 22 - 24 December 2005 were manually processed in ESRIN with the L1 prototype. The results are on Uranus (in the directory: /MIPAS/To_QWG/Aircraft_Emission/22-24_Dec_2005/). The following orbits were processed and delivered to QWG:

AE ascending

| #19925 | MIP_NL_1P_19925 |
|---------------|--------------------|
| #19926 | MIP_NL1b_AE_19926 |
| #19927 | MIP_NL1P_19927 |
| #19938 | MIP_NL1P_19938.N1 |
| #19939 | MIP_NL1P_19939.N1 |
| #19940 | MIP_NL1P_19940.N1 |
| #19941 | MIP_NL1P_19941.N1 |
| #19942 | MIP_NL_1P_19942.N1 |
| AE descending | |
| #19929 | MIP_NL1P_19929.N1 |
| #19930 | MIP_NL1P_19930.N1 |
| #19945 | MIP_NL1P_19945.N1 |

Note that these L1b files contain the 19 scans of the AE measurement which were performed in the middle of NOM mode, each AE scan contains 17 sweeps.

2.4.5.2 Test Data Set for the new L1 prototype

A further input was provided by BOMEM, it consists of a set of L1b measurements processed with the new level 1 prototype (which is still under development). These L1b products were obtained using two new features of the processor:

- Pointing calibration using restituted attitude ADF (AUX_FRA_AX)
- Truncation of the interferogram (to 8cm) in order to avoid under sampling.

The effect of these new options on the spectra can be assessed; in particular the effect of IGM truncation can be analysed since the same orbit are processed with and without truncation, some feed-back were already given at the last QWG#9.

These files are on Uranus under directory: /MIPAS/To_QWG/TDS_proto_L1/ and the following products can be found:



| MIP_NL_ | _1P_10600-RES_ATT.040310 |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| MIP_NL_ | _1P_12788-RES_ATT.040810 |
| MIP_NL_ | _1P_12963-RES_ATT.04822 |
| MIP_NL_ | _1P_14404-RES_ATT.041201 |
| MIP NL | 1P 17540-RES ATT.050708 |
| MIP NL | 1P 12788 8cm RES ATT.040810 |
| MIP ^{NL} | 1P 12963-8cm RES ATT.04822 |
| | _1P_17540-8cm-RES.050708 |

(orbit 10600 from 2004-03-10, Full Res) (orbit 12788 from 2004-08-10, RR 17 sweeps) (orbit 12963 from 2004-08-22, RR 17 sweeps) (orbit 14404 from 2004-12-01, RR 27 sweeps) (orbit 17540 from 2005-07-08, RR 27 sweeps) (same as before but with truncation of IGM) (same as before but with truncation of IGM) (same as before but with truncation of IGM)

2006-02-01 → 2006-02-08

2.4.6LEVEL 1 HISTORICAL OFL PROCESSING OF RR MISSION

The Level 1 processing of RR mission has started at D-PAC the 9th of February 2006. The status of the L1 processing updated at the 8th of March is reported in the following table. All these data are available on D-PAC ftp server.

| LI OIL | processing status, sur riprir 2000. | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Period | Status |
| | Aug – Sept 2004 | Completed |
| | 2005 data | 2005-01-10 → 2005-11-04 |

2006 data

Table 14 L1 OFL processing status, 5th April 2006

2.4.6.1 Quality control of level 1 OFL data

A quality control of a sub-set of level 1 OFL data processed at D-PAC is currently carried out in ESRIN. In particular a monitoring of level 1 data of February 2006 was done in order to investigate the possible impact of slide anomaly on the quality of the scientific data. As index of quality we used the Band Validity PCD for all the bands (A, AB, B, C and D). The band validity PCD is presented in the following plots as a function of geo-location (regardless the time of acquisition). This index is equal to "0" (green in the plot below) for not corrupted sweeps, to "2" for corruption due to transmission error and to "4" for corruption due to observations. The figures below (Figs. 18 -20) show that almost all the analysed sweeps are not corrupted. The corruption that can be seen at the same geo-location corresponds to the anomaly already detected in the reprocessed 2004 data; this problem is now recognized as an IPF error that still affect version 4.65 (see §2.4.7.4 for further details).



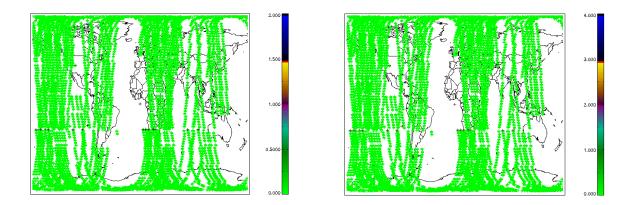


Figure 18 Band validity PCD for band A and AB during February 2006 measurements.

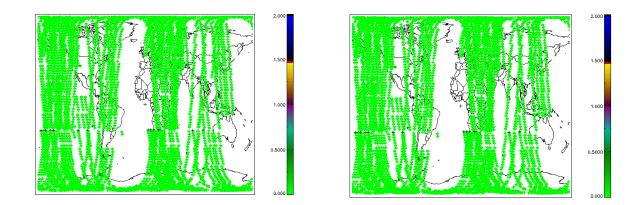


Figure 19 Band validity PCD for band B and C during February 2006 measurements

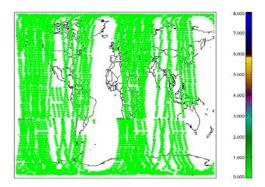


Figure 20 Band validity PCD for band D during February 2006 measurements



2.4.7 LEVEL 0 AND LEVEL 1 ANOMALY STATUS

The following table summarises the anomalies affecting Level 0 and Level 1 products and shows the associated SPR, NCR, OAR and HD code.

| Anomaly | Prototype/DPM SPR | IPF NCR | OAR | HD | Status |
|---|----------------------|---------|---------------|---------------------|--|
| Number of sweeps per scan | 128 | / | / | HD/01- 2005/1010 | Closed |
| MIPAS wrong consolidated products | / | / | 2097 | / | Closed |
| Excessive number of MISSING ISPS in the MPH for MIPAS L0 products | / | / | 2165 → 342 | / | Closed and merged with OAR 342 (RA-2) |
| Non-valid band A at the same geo- location | / | / | 2263 | / | Closed → OAR inserted on AMT |
| MIPAS Aircraft Emission retrieved tangent altitude | / | / | / | / | Ongoing |

 Table 15 Level 0 and Level 1 anomaly list.

2.4.7.1 Number of Sweeps per Scan

The affected product is orbit 12963 generated with IPF 4.62. SPH gives:

"NUM_SWEEPS_PER_SCAN=+00018", but 17 is the correct value (although the last scan has 18 sweeps).

The problem has been investigated by Bomem and it has been found that the auxiliary data block is missing in the last sweep of the orbit, so detection of the beginning/end of scan cannot be done. The prototype is not affected by the problem because Bomem has solved this particular problem by rejecting the last sweep when its auxiliary data block is missing. For a definitive solution, the DMP will be changed (SPR 33) and the modifications will be implemented in next IPF delivery.

2.4.7.2 MIPAS wrong consolidated products

LRAC wrong consolidated L0 products (type "O" from cycle 7, 10, 11; end of 2002) were ingested into the D-PAC database and processed to L1 and L2 anomalous products. There was a bug in the LRAC consolidation at that time, this bug was fixed later and in general is not found in the



consolidated "P" products. As a result in D-PAC L1/L2 archive (from the end of 2002) you can find wrong products: the consolidated data are shorter than unconsolidated near-real-time ones (type N).

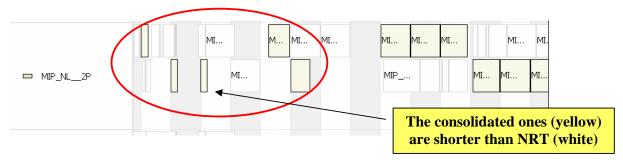


Figure 21 GANNT chart showing the anomaly in the consolidation of L2 "O" products.

The wrong consolidated orbits have been identified; a list was provided to QWG and can be found on Uranus ftp server (/MIPAS/To_QWG/Wrong_MIPAS_consolidated_Products.xls). These products are going to be deleted from D-PAC and re-consolidated at LRAC. After the re-consolidation the products will be reprocessed at D-PAC.

2.4.7.3 Excessive number of MISSING ISPS in the MPH for MIPAS L0 products

Several MIPAS level 0 products have excessive NUM MISSING ISPS in the MPH, while the content of the products is correct. An example of this anomalous number can be found for the following product:

MIP_NL_0PNPDE20060209_020145_000033732045_00032_20627_0104.N1

In the MPH we find: NUM_MISSING_ISPS=+0002102752 MISSING_ISPS_THRESH=+0.00000000E+00 NUM_DISCARDED_ISPS=+0000000000 DISCARDED_ISPS_THRESH=+0.00000000E+00 NUM_RS_ISPS=+000000000 RS_THRESH=+0.0000000E+00

From investigation of Task 4 (S. Faluschi) a lot of ssc reset have been found in ISP list prod, the ssc should reset every 16.384 counts (going from 0 to 16383), whilst in this case it resets randomly after 110, 467, 77 ... counts. Every unexpected reset is interpreted by PFHS (processor) as missing ISPs. This is a PFHS nominal behavior, as specified in s/w requirement documents. The same behavior has been observed and traced for RA2 products, by OAR-342 / NCR-1307. We are going to evaluate if this behavior can be modified in PFHS code, in the meanwhile this OAR was closed and renamed as recurrence of OAR-342.



2.4.7.4 Non-valid band A at the same geo-location

As can be observed in the following plot corrupted sweeps in band A are always found at the same geo-location (level 1b OFL consolidated products type "P"). The same is observed for all the other bands as can be observed in the following figure.

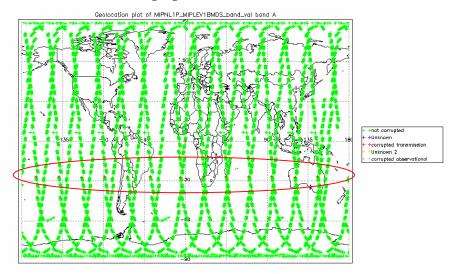


Figure 22 Corrupted sweeps are observed always at the same geo-location for these OFL L2 products of 10 March 2004 processed at D-PAC.

The investigation of the anomaly is now closed, since the reason of the problem has been recognized as an implementation error in the IPF, indeed the error is not obtained with the prototype.

The problem is the following: the IPF (version 4.61 up to 4.65) generates L1b products with wrong "NUM_DSR" value in the MPH; in particular this value is one unit higher than the "TOT_SCAN" value, while the two should be the same. As a result the Quadas tool recognize as corrupted the last scan of each orbit. For consolidated product this gives the same corruption at the same latitude for all the orbits (as observed in the figure above).

2.4.7.5 MIPAS Aircraft Emission Measurements

Looking at the AE L1B file taken on 5/6 May 2005 (processed with MIGSP), the tangent altitudes seem to be approximately 2km below the 7-38 km range specified in Mission_Plan_V4.1.pdf dated 3 May 2005.

Bomem check these L1B products and the problem does not seem to be due to processing (MIGSP 2.5). The problem was found to be due to the commanding, in particular to the software (SEM mode algorithm) used for the AE measurements. The software was designed only for localized SEM measurements, such as volcano eruptions. The use of this algorithm over a wide area around the globe (such is the case of AE measurements) can lead to very important deviations owing to the



earth ellipsoid. This is the cause of the deviation between the planned and measured tangent altitude for these AE measurements. In this sense the planning anomaly is closed, nevertheless Anu Dudhia reported at the QWG#8 a further anomaly affecting these products. This consists of a difference of almost 3 km between the retrieved and engineering altitude. This anomaly is not related to the planning and the investigation is ongoing in collaboration with BOMEM and OU.

2.5 Level 2 product quality monitoring

2.5.1 PROCESSOR CONFIGURATION

2.5.1.1 Version

The list of IPF updates and the aligned DPM and the related NCR/SPRs is presented in the paragraph 2.4.1. The historical updates in the MIPAS Level 2 processor are listed in detail in *Appendix F*.

2.5.1.2 Auxiliary Data Files

This paragraph reports the historical update of the level 2 ADF. The latest delivery for processing full resolution mission is the v3.8, whereas for the processing of RR data of Aug 2004 the latest delivery is the v5.2. This latter version is only correcting for a bug in the previous ADF (v.5.1), there are not scientific updates in this latest delivery with respect to the previous one. The ADF version 5.2 was used for the validation of IPF 4.65.

Table 16 Historical update of Level 2 ADFs.

| Auxiliary Data File | Start Validity | Description |
|--|-------------------|--|
| ADFs V5.2 MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20060105_121012_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20060105_113531_20040901_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20060105_114108_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_0M2_AXVIEC20060105_130642_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_P12_AXVIEC20060105_13141_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20060105_131340_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_S2_AXVIEC20060105_131744_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 | 9-AUG-04 | Correction of a bug in the previous L2 ADF v5.1 MIP_IG2_AX, MIP_SP2_AX |
| ADFs V5.1 MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20050722_082136_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20050721_130007_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20050721_134702_20040901_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20050721_144629_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20050721_142545_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20050721_141630_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20050721_140636_20040809_000000_20040917_220643 | 9-AUG-04 | For processing RR measurement with fixed altitude and old vertical sampling |
| ADFs V3.8 NRT | 26-MAR-04 | With respect to V3.7, adjusted |



| MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040421_095623_20040326_143428_20090326_000000 | | the threshold to the new noise |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Off-line MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040421_095923_20040326_143428_20090326_000000 | | level. |
| | | |
| ADFs V3.7: | 06-JUL-02 | With respect to V3.6: |
| NRT | and | Eliminated scans with one or |
| MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031021_145505_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20040302_110723_20020706_000000_20080706_000000 | 09-JAN-04 | two altitude levels; adjusted |
| MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040302_110923_20020700_000000_20090209_000000 MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040302_110923_20040109_000000_20090209_000000 | | the threshold to the new noise |
| MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20040302_110923_20040109_000000_20090209_000000 MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031021_145745_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | level. |
| MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031021_145337_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| MIP SP2 AXVIEC20031021 150016 20020706 060000 20080706 060000 | | |
| Off-line | | |
| MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031027_100858_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20040302_110823_20020706_000000_20080706_000000 | | |
| MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20040302_111023_20040109_000000_20090209_000000 | | |
| MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031027_101146_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031027_100559_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20031027_101441_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20040227_081527_20040301_000000_20090301_000000 | 01-MAR-04 | Seasonal update of |
| | | climatological initial guess. |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20031118_151533_20031201_000000_20081201_000000 | 01-DEC-03 | |
| MIT_102_IMVIBE20051110_151555_20051201_000000_20001201_000000 | UI-DEC-03 | Seasonal update of |
| | | climatological initial guess. |
| ADFs V3.6: | 06-JUL-02 | Activation of cloud detection; |
| NRT | | removal of the gaps between |
| MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031021_145505_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | the altitude validity ranges; |
| MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20031021_145630_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | altitudes margins fixed to +/- |
| MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20031021_145858_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | 4 km; short-term ILS bug fix. |
| MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20031021_145745_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | NRT |
| MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031021_145337_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | Old convergence criteria; |
| MIP SP2 AXVIEC20031021 150016 20020706 060000 20080706 060000 | | nominal altitude range. |
| Off-line | | 0 |
| MIP_MW2_AXVIEC20031027_100858_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | Off-line |
| MIP OM2 AXVIEC20031027 101029 20020706 060000 20080706 060000 | | Improved convergence |
| MIP PS2 AXVIEC20031027 101319 20020706 060000 20080706 060000 | | criteria; altitude range |
| MIP PI2 AXVIEC20031027 101146 20020706 060000 20080706 060000 | | extended to 6-68 km. |
| MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20031027_100559_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| MIP_C32_AXVIEC20031027_100339_20020706_0000000_20080706_000000 MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20031027_101441_20020706_060000_20080706_060000 | | |
| | 01 075 00 | |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030731_134035_20030901_000000_20080901_000000 | 01-SEP-03 | Seasonal update of |
| | | climatological initial guess. |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030522_104714_20030601_000000_20080601_000000 | 01-JUN-03 | Seasonal update of |
| | | climatological initial guess. |
| MIP IG2 AXVIEC20030307 142141 20030310 000000 20080301 000000 | 10-MAR-03 | Seasonal update of |
| | | climatological initial guess: |
| | | This dissemination substitute |
| | | |
| | | the corrupt file disseminated |
| MTD TOO AVVITEO20020214 120010 20020201 000000 00000000 000000 | | previously. |
| MIP_IG2_AXVIEC20030214_130918_20030301_000000_20080301_000000 | 01-MAR-03 | Seasonal update of |
| | | climatological initial guess: |
| | | This auxiliary file turned out |
| | | to be corrupt, and a corrected |
| | | version has been disseminated |
| | | on 10 March 2003. |
| ADFs V3.1: | 23-JUL-03 | Cloud detection enabled and |
| MIP MW2 AXVIEC20030722 134301 20030723 000000 20080722 000000 | 23-000-03 | improved validity mask range |
| MIP_OM2_AXVIEC20030722_134602_20030723_000000_20080722_000000 | | in Microwindows files; |
| MIP_PS2_AXVIEC20030722_102142_20030723_000000_20080722_000000 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| MIP_PI2_AXVIEC20030722_134848_20030723_000000_20080722_000000 MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20030722_133331_20030723_000000_20080722_000000 | | improved Occupation |
| MIP_CS2_AXVIEC20030722_133331_20030723_000000_20080722_000000 MIP_SP2_AXVIEC20030722_093046_20030723_000000_20080722_000000 | | Matrices (no gaps between |
| | | altitude validity ranges). |



Further details on the Level 2 ADF deliveries provided by IFAC are reported in *Appendix G*.

2.5.2 RE-PROCESSING STATUS OF FR MISSION AT D-PAC

Figure 23 shows the reprocessing status at the end of January 2006. The L0 expected field on the figure takes into account all instrument and product generation unavailability, so it describes what is actually expected. The discrepancy between expected and received is caused by a delay in the generation of consolidated Level 0 at LRAC. The situation at the beginning of 2006 is that almost all the products that arrived at D-PAC were processed up to L2.

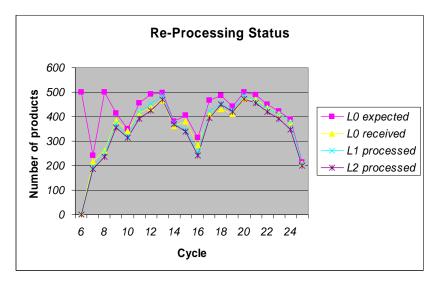


Figure 23 Re-processing status at the end of March 2006

2.5.3 LEVEL 2 HISTORICAL OFL PROCESSING OF RR MISSION

The level 2 processing of RR mission at D-PAC has started the mid of February 2006 with the latest processor (IPF 4.65). This IPF is able to process all the FR MIPAS mission up to L2 (data before March 2004), furthermore it can process RR data up to L2 for the Aug-Sept 2004 period, when the instrument was still working with the old vertical sampling (17 sweeps for each scan). This period corresponds to the measurement segments reported in the table below.

| | U | Orbit # | | |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|
| | start | stop | start | stop |
| 1 st period | 9 Aug 2004 | 22 Aug 2004 | 12783 | 12965 |
| | 16:42:00 | 20:41:10 | | |
| 2 nd period | 16 Sept 2004 | 17 Sept 2004 | 13318 | 13338 |
| | 12:00:10 | 22:06:43 | | |

The L2 processing of all these RR measurement was completed during February 2006, a total of 158 orbits were processed up to L2. All these data are available on D-PAC ftp server.



2.5.3.1 Quality Control of reprocessed L2 data

A quality control of these products was completed, showing an overall good quality of the level 2 data; see Figs. 21 - 27 for summary results. In fact the number of successful retrieval is generally around the nominal value of 7 (purple in the plot) which corresponds to the number of ESA L2 products. In some case the number of successful retrieval is equal to 1; this means that the sequential ESA L2 processor stops just after the p-T retrieval, at the time of H2O inversion. This behaviour is not surprising; indeed the H2O retrieval is very difficult due to the particular shape of the H2O profiles (very high in the troposphere with a sharp decrease in the stratosphere). Most of the failed H2O retrievals are located around the Equator, where the H2O concentration in the troposphere is very high and the tropopause altitude suddenly increases.

Only one major problem was found in the L2 RR data processed with IPF 4.65 for some orbits recorded during 21 - 22 Aug 2004 (see Fig. 29). The investigation of this problem is still ongoing; so far the level 1 analysis shows that a corruption in the band D was verified for these orbits. Nevertheless the band D is not used for the retrieval, only for cloud detection when all the other bands are corrupted. The L2 prototype was run for these orbits; the results are in accordance with the IPF. The log of the prototype shows that the cloud detection didn't run well for these orbits, the pre-processor didn't find the MW for the cloud detection at low altitude (lower than 40 km). The reason of this is still not fully understood since no corruption can be observed for the other bands; investigation of this behaviour is ongoing with the support of Astrium.

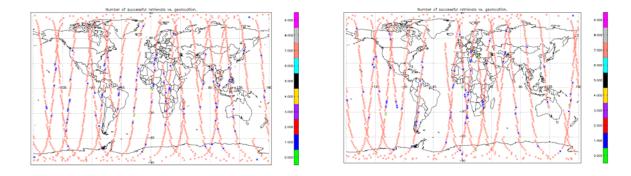


Figure 24 Number of successful retrieval as a function of geo-location for 10 and 11 Aug 2004. Note that 7 is the nominal value (purple in the plot), corresponding to the standard ESA products (pT+h20+o3+n20+no2+ch4+hno3).



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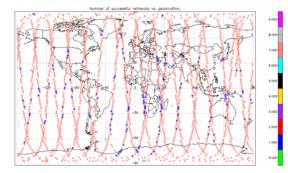


Figure 25 Same as Fig. 24 for 12 and 13 Aug 2004.

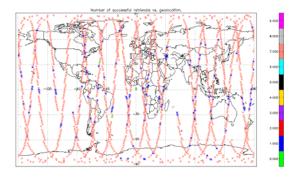
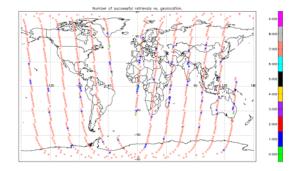
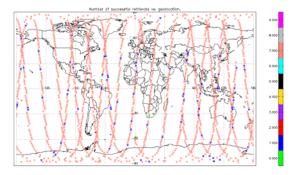


Figure 26 Same as Fig. 24 for 15 and 16 Aug 2004.





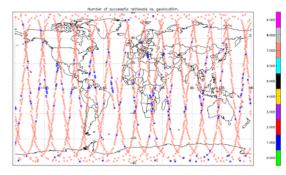
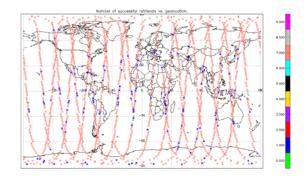


Figure 27 Same as Fig. 24 for 17 and 18 Aug 2004.





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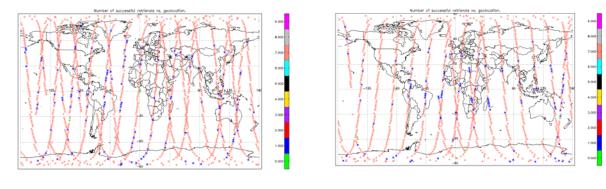


Figure 28 Same as Fig. 24 for 19 and 20 Aug 2004.

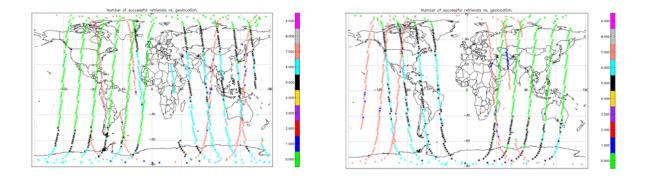


Figure 29 Same as Fig. 24 for 21 and 22 Aug 2004, anomalous behavior: many retrievals failed.

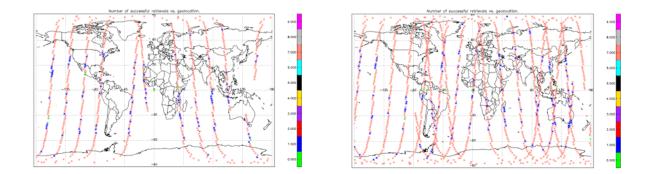


Figure 30 Same as Fig. 24 for 16 and 17 Sept 2004.



2.5.4 LEVEL 2 ANOMALY STATUS

The following table summarises the anomalies affecting Level 2 products and shows the associated SPR, NCR, OAR and HD code.

| Anomaly | Prototype/DPM SPR | IPF NCR | OAR | HD | Status |
|--|----------------------|------------|------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Jump anomaly | / | / | / | HD/01- 2005/1013 | Closed |
| Anomalous processing time | 33 | 1127 | 1361 | / | Closed |
| Strange Impossible values | / | / | / | HD 2005003487 | Closed |
| NO2 retrieval during polar condition | / | / | / | / | Closed |
| Excessive Chi-square | / | 1458 | 1929 | / | To be corrected in IPF 4.66 |
| Difference on L2 products between v4.61 and v4.62 | / | 1521 | 2074 | / | To be corrected in IPF 4.66 |
| Beatcheck failure on some L2 products | / | 1522 | 2081 | HD 2005007448 | To be corrected in IPF 4.66 |

 Table 18 Level 2 anomaly list.

2.5.4.1 Jump Anomaly

Oxford University detected a jump in the zonal means of all Level 2 NRT data produced after switch-on on 8th February until 16th February 2004, compared with Level 2 data generated from 17th March 2004 but also with the data until switch-off on 9th February 2004. The jump has been caused by the use of a not updated gain after the decontamination. Therefore this anomaly can be considered closed.

2.5.4.2 Anomalous Processing Time

An anomalous processing time characterises the processing of some offline products generated with IPF 4.59. Two different anomalies have been observed:

• 9 hours of processing instead of nominal 6 hours. Example:

MIP_NL__1POLRA20031006_005226_000060272020_00289_08359_1882.N1

- MIP_NL_2PODPA20031006_005226_000060262020_00289_08359_0261.N1
- Processing failure after 24 hours of processing. Example:

MIP_NL_1POLRA20031024_012653_000060272021_00046_08617_0043.N1



For the first case, the anomaly is still under investigation. The second problem has been temporarily solved with a new MIP_OM2_AX that filters scans composed by only one vertical level (generating a loop that causes the processing to fail). For a definitive solution, the DMP will be changed (SPR 33) and the modifications will be implemented in next IPF delivery.

2.5.4.3 Strange Impossible values

When considering 6971 L2 product files (processed by the D-PAC with IPF 4.61 and 4.62) from all the mission (464546 profiles), Fricke found strange or impossible values in 231 profiles. "Impossible values" are negative variances in the corrected altitude, pressure, and temperature profiles. "Strange values" are geophysically strange values, such as pressure higher than 1.5 bar, pressure below 1 microbar, temperatures below 130 K or above 450 K, differences among LOS altitudes and corrected altitudes larger than 5 km. Since a detailed analysis of each of the 231 products is not feasible due to the operations deadline, a general explanation was supplied to the user.

- The presence of strange values in the retrieved product is not surprising. Actually we are retrieving some "information" (atmospheric profiles) from the MIPAS measurement (radiance spectra). In some cases, these spectra are not sensitive to the parameter to be retrieved for many reasons (e.g.: unflagged cloudy sweeps, corruption in the spectra, and very low value of the parameter to be retrieved). In these cases, the uncertainty in the parameter is comparable to its value, therefore this parameter is undetermined: it can assume any value based around the uncertainty (negative, very small or very high).
- These strange values can also result from instability in the retrieval due to the presence of cloudy or corrupted sweeps. In fact the p-T profile is retrieved all at once (from 6 to 68 km) and a corruption in one sweep can propagate to neighbouring sweeps (e.g.: instability can occur just above a cloudy measurement).
- The presence of negative variance is not real, but it happens when the VCM matrix to be inverted is ill-conditioned (due to high correlation between parameters for example). In this case, the routine used to invert the matrix can give very strange results and in the diagonal you can find also negative values, which is due to the fact that the matrix to be inverted is close to being singular.

Note that the retrieval of p-T is performed at the same time and that the corrected altitudes are simply the engineering values corrected for the hydrostatic equilibrium using the retrieved p-T profile. Finally, a deeper analysis of the results shows that a strange value in the pressure or temperature results in errors in the corrected altitudes or that negative variances in the temperature often correspond to negative variances for pressure and for corrected altitude.

In conclusion in most of the cases these strange values are due only to instability in the (p+T+Zcorr) retrieval stage due to different reasons, some of them explained above. Nevertheless it will be important to isolate the most particular cases to see if there is any significant anomaly and it will be very important for the future to set up a strategy for masking unphysical results in the L2 products.



2.5.4.4 Excessive chi-square

NO2 MIPAS products for orbit #7000 (3 July 2003) came with high values of chi2, that were not reproduced in retrievals performed with the prototype using the same aux files set. This NCR 1458 was classified as critical and is going to be analyzed by the IPF developers.

The first analysis by DJO shows that we were actually looking at an implementation error, then a bug in the IPF. DJO found a bug in the code in the 'Compute Optimum Estimate for Temperature/VMR' R 8.2.8.7-6. There was a wrong assignment of PS2 setting for Eo, po, grad E and Cr1 to the corresponding profile. After correction of this bug the IPF and prototype NO2 chi2 values for these orbit show to be the same. A patched version of the IPF will be delivered by DJO (4.66).

2.5.4.5 Difference on L2 products between v4.61 and v4.62

Some Level 2 products processed at D-PAC with IPF 4.62 differ from the corresponding products processed with IPF 4.61. Since the IPF 4.61 products were validated using one IMK balloon flight (with a very good space/time coincidence), this discrepancy reveals a problem in the new 4.62 data. In particular the most significant differences were detected for seq. # 16 of orbit 2975 (measured on 24 Sept 2002) for T, N2O and CH4 profile at low altitude (around 140 hPa). This anomaly on 4.62 L2 products was not observed with the prototype, which is in accordance with 4.61 data and with the reference balloon profiles. The following three figures show the tests made by IFAC on seq. no. 16 of orbit 2975 with Level 2 prototype using the same input data as the operational processor. This test confirms that the anomalous results in the ESA processor V4.62 cannot be reproduced with the prototype. In the following plots all the results by IPF 4.62, IPF 4. 61 and L2 prototype are reported for T, N2O and CH4 profiles (the profiles for which the most significant discrepancies have been detected).

This OAR is now under investigation by the IPF developers (DJO). They found a bug in the IPF and they will correct it in the next IPF delivery (IPF 4.66). Between 4.61 and 4.62 there was a correction in reading the MW2 auxiliary file, but this correction needs also a change in the initial guess section of MIPAS L2 processor. Because the problem is in the initial guess section it should be happen in most case that after fitting the result vector is in the minima and not in a local minima. Therefore the problem affects only some products or only parts of the product.



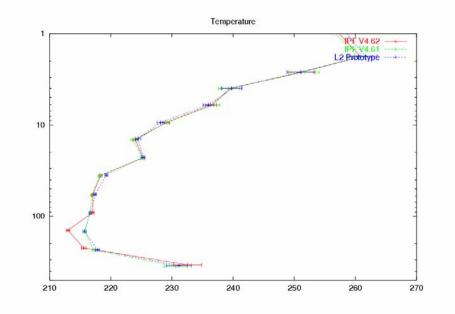


Figure 31 Temperature profiles as a function of pressure retrieved with IPF 4.62 and 4.61 compared to the prototype for seq. 16 of orbit 2975. The 4.61 profile is the reference, validated by a IMK balloon flight.

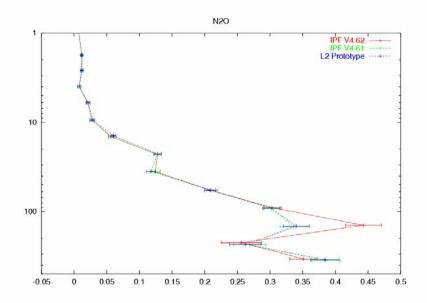


Figure 32 N2O profiles 8ppmV) as a function of pressure retrieved with IPF 4.62 and 4.61 compared to the prototype for seq. 16 of orbit 2975. The 4.61 profile is the reference, validated by a IMK balloon flight.



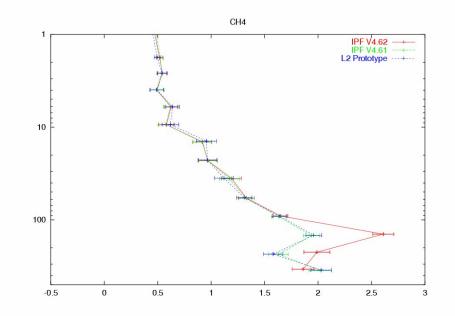


Figure 33 CH4 profiles 8ppmV) as a function of pressure retrieved with IPF 4.62 and 4.61 compared to the prototype for seq. 16 of orbit 2975. The 4.61 profile is the reference, validated by a IMK balloon flight.

2.5.4.6 Beatcheck failure on some L2 products

Some L2 products processed at D-PAC with IPF 4.61, 4.62 give beatcheck format error, as reported by the K.H. Fricke (HD 2005007448). The L2 products where this anomaly was found are the following:

MIP_NL_2PODPA20030702_064249_000059652017_00421_06988_2699.N1 MIP_NL_2PPDPA20030702_064249_000059652017_00421_06988_0369.N1 MIP_NL_2PPDPA20030827_065146_000060152019_00221_07790_0938.N1

The same products processed at D-PAC with the IPF 4.62 give the same format error. The same L2 production made with the prototype didn't show this anomaly. The beatcheck output for these products is the following:

MIP_NL__2PODPA20030702_064249_000059652017_00421_06988_2699.N1 ERROR: could not calculate size of "SCAN INFORMATION MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "PT RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "H2O RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "O3 RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "O3 RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "HNO3 RETRIEVAL MDS "



(MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "CH4 RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "N2O RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "NO2 RETRIEVAL MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "CONTINUUM AND OFFSET MDS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "PCD INFORMATION ADS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "MICROWINDOW OCCUPATION ADS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "RESIDUAL SPECTRA ADS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error) ERROR: could not calculate size of "PROCESSING PARAMETERS ADS " (MIPAS Level-2 STRUCTURES-dataset format error)

The IPF developers are investigating on this issue; they will correct this bug in the next IPF delivery (4.66).

2.5.4.7 NO2 retrieval during polar condition

NO2 profiles of OFL products during Antarctic winter (June 2003) show unrealistically high value in the low stratosphere and in general they present a degradation of the NO2 profiles (zigzagging zero value). This happens in correspondence of very high NO2 in the stratosphere. The same behavior was observed with the prototype (see plots below).

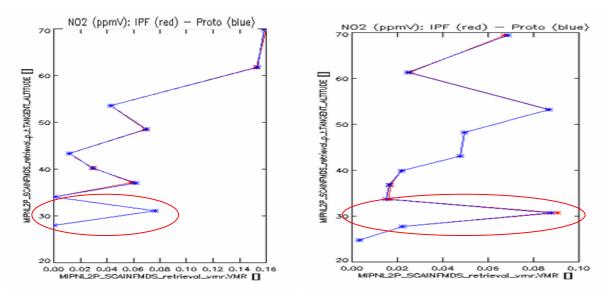


Figure 34 NO2 profiles obtained with the IPF and prototype for two particular scan of 6 June 2003 in Antarctic winter condition, highlighted in red are the region around 30 km with sudden increase of NO2 value, which has no physical meaning. Note the degraded profile shape, namely the zigzag and the zero value.

The investigation done by IFAC arrives at the following conclusions:



- It seems that the cause of the instabilities in the NO2 profile for the analyzed scans is the saturation of NO2 lines below 43 km
- No significant improvements were obtained when adding other micro-windows in the OM from the current NO2 MW database
- The micro window selection should consider the case of enhanced NO2 concentration.



APPENDIX A FILES TRANSFERRED TO THE FOCC

The following files were transferred to the FOCC for the March 2006 planning activities.

RGT files already transferred to the FOCC:

AVI UAV TLVFOS20060216 165936 00000000 00000521 20060305 215857 20060310 064827.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060216_165936_00000000_00000522_20060310_101336_20060310_115329.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060216_165957_00000000_00000523_20060314_031437_20060318_073214.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060216 165957 00000000 00000524 20060318 110258 20060319 002632.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060216_165957_00000000_00000525_20060322_004217_20060325_071252.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060216 165957 00000000 00000526 20060325 104257 20060430 120000.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000530 20060325 104257 20060327 062531.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000531 20060327 103003 20060327 195019.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060309_155955_00000000_00000532_20060327_235451_20060328_073430.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060309_155955_00000000_00000533_20060328_113902_20060328_191842.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000534 20060328 232314 20060329 070253.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000535 20060329 110725 20060329 184705.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060309_155955_00000000_00000536_20060329_225137_20060330_063116.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060309_155955_00000000_00000537_20060330_103548_20060330_195604.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000538 20060331 000035 20060331 074015.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000539 20060331 114447 20060331 192427.N1 AVI UAV TLVFOS20060309 155955 00000000 00000540 20060331 232858 20060401 070838.N1

MPL_LOS_MPVRGT20060214_175736_00000000_00000196_20060310_065326_20060311_093722.N1 MPL_LOS_MPVRGT20060214_183837_00000000_00000197_20060318_073713_20060319_102645.N1 MPL_LOS_MPVRGT20060216_132903_00000000_00000198_20060325_071752_20060326_100638.N1

MPL_ORS_MPVRGT20060309_114929_00000000_00000120_20060327_084427_20060401_094145.N1 MPL_CAL_MPVRGT20060309_105310_0000000_00000076_20060327_061351_20781231_235959.N1 MPL_CAL_MPVRGT20060216_153441_00000000_00000075_20060319_002311_20781231_235959.N1

IF-9 calibration starting in orbit #21048 at ANX=500 sec:

CTI_E02_MPVRGT20060215_185512_0000000_0000096_20060310_115723_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_E01_MPVRGT20060215_185511_00000000_0000096_20060310_115726_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_AST_MPVRGT20060215_185512_00000000_00000096_20060310_115729_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_N01_MPVRGT20060215_185511_00000000_00000048_20060310_115732_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_S06_MPVRGT20060215_185511_00000000_00000023_20060310_115735_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_NOC_MPVRGT20060215_185511_00000000_00000096_20060310_115738_20781231_235959.N1

NOM mode starting in orbit #21052 at ANX=500 sec:

CTI_E02_MPVRGT20060216_124256_0000000_0000097_20060310_183946_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_E01_MPVRGT20060216_124256_00000000_00000097_20060310_183949_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_AST_MPVRGT20060216_124256_00000000_00000097_20060310_183955_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_N02_MPVRGT20060216_124256_00000000_00000049_20060310_183955_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_S08_MPVRGT20060216_124255_00000000_00000025_20060310_183958_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_NOC_MPVRGT20060216_124256_00000000_00000097_20060310_183958_20781231_235959.N1 MPL_ORS_MPVRGT20060217_124000_0000000_000000118_20060311_102755_20060313_093852.N1

IF-16 calibration in orbits #21052-21053:



CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060216_175302_00000000_00000159_20060310_183412_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_BBN_MPVRGT20060216_175627_00000000_00000088_20060310_183512_20781231_235959.N1

IF-6 calibration in orbits #21054:

CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060216_180357_00000000_00000160_20060310_215524_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_BBN_MPVRGT20060216_180701_00000000_0000089_20060310_215624_20781231_235959.N1 MPL_ORS_MPVRGT20060216_182509_00000000_00000116_20060310_184552_20060310_223845.N1

IF-10 calibration in orbit #21055:

CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_113809_0000000_00000161_20060311_001600_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_114253_00000000_00000162_20060311_001740_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_114606_00000000_00000163_20060311_001920_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_115239_00000000_00000164_20060311_002100_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_115502_00000000_00000165_20060311_002240_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_115744_00000000_00000166_20060311_002420_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_115744_00000000_00000166_20060311_002420_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_120008_00000000_00000167_20060311_002600_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_120241_00000000_00000168_20060311_002740_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_120540_0000000_00000169_20060311_002920_20781231_235959.N1

IF-11 calibration in orbit #21056:

CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_121640_0000000_00000170_20060311_013136_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_BBN_MPVRGT20060217_122226_00000000_00000090_20060311_013236_20781231_235959.N1 MPL_ORS_MPVRGT20060216_185632_00000000_00000117_20060311_001607_20060311_020239.N1 re-set default DS and BB tables:

CTI_DSN_MPVRGT20060217_121931_00000000_00000171_20060311_021316_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_BBN_MPVRGT20060217_122434_00000000_00000091_20060311_021416_20781231_235959.N1

MA mode starting in orbit #21170 at ANX=500 sec:

CTI_E02_MPVRGT20060216_152022_00000000_0000098_20060319_003026_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_E01_MPVRGT20060216_152022_00000000_0000098_20060319_003029_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_AST_MPVRGT20060216_152022_00000000_00000098_20060319_003032_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_N01_MPVRGT20060216_152022_00000000_00000049_20060319_003035_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_S02_MPVRGT20060216_152021_00000000_00000026_20060319_003038_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_NOC_MPVRGT20060216_152022_00000000_00000098_20060319_003041_20781231_235959.N1

UA mode starting in orbit #21199 at ANX=500 sec:

CTI_E02_MPVRGT20060216_153141_0000000_0000099_20060321_010748_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_E01_MPVRGT20060216_153140_0000000_0000099_20060321_010751_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_AST_MPVRGT20060216_153141_00000000_00000099_20060321_010754_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_N02_MPVRGT20060216_153140_00000000_00000050_20060321_010757_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_S04_MPVRGT20060216_153140_00000000_00000025_20060321_010800_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_NOC_MPVRGT20060216_153140_00000000_00000099_20060321_010803_20781231_235959.N1

MPL_ORS_MPVRGT20060217_124853_00000000_00000119_20060319_114817_20060321_105444.N1 MPL_ORS_MPVRGT20060123_174703_00000000_00000115_20060301_090142_20060305_085001.N1 MPL_LOS_MPVRGT20060123_182925_00000000_00000195_20060304_013933_20060305_110612.N1

UTLS-1 mode starting in orbit #21288 at ANX=1000 sec:

CTI_E02_MPVRGT20060309_105918_0000000_00000100_20060327_062925_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_E01_MPVRGT20060309_105918_0000000_00000100_20060327_062928_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_AST_MPVRGT20060309_105919_0000000_00000100_20060327_062931_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_N01_MPVRGT20060309_105918_00000000_00000050_20060327_062934_20781231_235959.N1



CTI_S06_MPVRGT20060309_105918_00000000_0000024_20060327_062937_20781231_235959.N1 CTI_NOC_MPVRGT20060309_105918_00000000_00000100_20060327_062940_20781231_235959.N1

Unavailability files delivered to ESOC:

AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060301_174100_00000000_00000528_20060301_222449_20060304_013434.N1 AVI_UAV_TLVFOS20060301_174400_00000000_00000529_20060304_050002_20060310_064827.N1



APPENDIX B LEVEL 1 IPF HISTORICAL UPDATES

The historical updates to the MIPAS Level 1 IPF processor are listed here:

- Version V4.65 no update of Level 1 for this version
- Version V4.64 (aligned with DPM 4I and ADFs V4.1) introduced modifications only for the Level 1 processor, with the following update:

- Fixed internal SPR-12100-2011: Problem with the block sequence

• Version V4.63 (aligned with DPM 4I and ADFs V4.1) introduced modifications for both Level 1 and Level 2 processors. For the Level 1 processor, the following updates were introduced:

- Processing of low resolution measurements, with reduced resolution also for offset and gain data.

- Solution of internal SPR-12000-2000: Band D oscillations in forward sweeps for MIPAS reduced-resolution products

- Solution of internal SPR-12000-2001: NESR data problem

• Version V4.62 (aligned with DPM 4H and ADFs V4.0) introduced modifications for both Level 1 and Level 2 processors. For the Level 1 processor, the following updates were introduced:

- Processing of low resolution measurements, without reduced resolution for offset and gain data that will be implemented in IPF 4.63.

- Fixed NCR_1157: Bug in the MIPAS processor ILS retrieval.
- Fixed NCR_1259: Scans with null NESR.
- Version V4.61 consists of updates for both Level 1 and Level 2:
 - Fixed NCR_1143: Sparse corruption of bands between 1 and 4 January 2004.
- Version V4.59 has introduced only upgrade on Level 2 processor.
- Version V4.57 involved only Level 1 processor update, introducing the following modifications:
 - Modification of FCE algorithm
 - Elimination of strong anomalous oscillations in the spectra
 - Modification of NESR reporting
 - ADC saturation flagging
 - Addition of aliasing spike suppression algorithm



APPENDIX C LEVEL 1 ADF HISTORICAL UPDATES

The Level 1 characterization files (MIP_CA1_AX, MIP_MW1_AX, MIP_PS1_AX) are provided by Bomem and updated when needed, the historic updates of these three ADF are listed hereafter.

Version 6.1

MIP_PS1_AX

- OPD set to 8.2 cm
- Spike detection standard deviation threshold set to 10
- Spike detection number of points per block set to 256
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

Version 6.0

MIP_PS1_AX

- OPD set to 20 cm
- Spike detection standard deviation threshold set to 10
- Spike detection number of points per block set to 256
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

Version 5.0 draft

MIP_PS1_AX

- OPD set to 10 cm
- Channel A set to 5701 points
- Channel AB set to 3001 points
- Channel B set to 5701 points
- Channel C set to 3601 points
- Channel D set to 11801 points
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

Version 4.1 (TDS 6)

MIP_PS1_AX

- OPD set to 8.2 cm
- Channel A set to 4561 points
- Channel AB set to 2401 points
- Channel B set to 4561 points
- Channel C set to 2881 points
- Channel D set to 9441 points
- Number of co-additions for ILS retrieval was set to 5
- Set standard deviation threshold to 5 for Scene measurement quality

Version 4.0 draft

MIP_PS1_AX

- OPD set to 8.2 cm
- Channel A set to 4561 points
- Channel AB set to 2401 points



- Channel B set to 4561 points
- Channel C set to 2881 points
- Channel D set to 9441 points
- Number of co-additions for ILS retrieval was set to 5

Version 3.2

MIP_PS1_AX

• Changed the threshold to take into account the modified noise level

Version 3.1

MIP_PS1_AX

• Changed the threshold to take into account the modified noise level

Version 3.0

MIP_CA1_AX

- Modify non-linearity coefficients for reverse sweep. Coefficients for forward are kept as is
- Neutral equalization filter for band A

MIP_MW1_AX

- Removal of band D microwindow D_H20b at 1870.8049 cm-1
- Set spectral calibration microwindow altitude to 32 km

MIP_PS1_AX

- Number of co-additions for spectral calibration was set to 4
- Number of co-additions for ILS retrieval was set to 10

When one ADF is modified the three AUX file are disseminated with the same START/STOP time and this correspond to a new level 1 ADF delivery, this prevents confusion.



APPENDIX D INTERPOLATED GAINS

The following table lists the interpolated gain files generated by Bomem in order to solve the problem of the strong gain increase during Jan-May 2005 operations.

Table 19 List of the gain files to be used during the period of enhanced gain increase of Jan – May 2005, the gain files already disseminated are highlighted in green, while the newly generated gains are in orange.

| ADF file name | Туре |
|---|--------------------------|
| | (* - interpolated gains) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050309_081858_20050108_000000_20090108_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_0) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_085521_20050118_120000_20100118_120000 | Gain (CG_0_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050310_091646_20050116_000000_20090116_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_1) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_085521_20050118_120000_20100118_120000 | Gain (CG_1_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050311_085855_20050121_000000_20090121_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_2) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_090016_20050124_120000_20100124_120000 | Gain (CG_2_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050314_154134_20050128_000000_20090128_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_3) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_090529_20050130_150000_20100130_150000 | Gain (CG_3_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_091036_20050202_080000_20100202_080000 | Gain (CG_3_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050315_131822_20050205_000000_20090205_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_4) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_101639_20050209_120000_20100209_120000 | Gain (CG_4_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050316_081309_20050214_000000_20090214_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_5) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_102136_20050217_000000_20100217_000000 | Gain (CG_5_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_102701_20050220_000000_20100220_000000 | Gain (CG_5_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_103156_20050223_000000_20100223_000000 | Gain (CG_5_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_103702_20050226_000000_20100226_000000 | Gain (CG_5_d) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050405_145110_20050301_000000_20090301_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_6) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_104209_20050303_150000_20100303_150000 | Gain (CG_6_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_104705_20050306_080000_20100306_080000 | Gain (CG_6_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050406_070802_20050309_000000_20090309_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_7) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_105212_20050311_000000_20100311_000000 | Gain (CG_7_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050407_072135_20050314_000000_20090313_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_8) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_105723_20050315_000000_20100315_000000 | Gain (CG_8_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_110250_20050316_115754_20100316_000000 | Gain (CG_8_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_122231_20050319_000000_20100319_000000 | Gain (CG_8_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050407_143713_20050321_000000_20090321_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_9) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_122732_20050323_070000_20100323_070000 | Gain (CG_9_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_123244_20050325_160000_20100325_160000 | Gain (CG_9_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050411_123723_20050328_000000_20090328_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_10) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_123754_20050330_070000_20100330_070000 | Gain (CG_10_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_124300_20050401_160000_20100401_160000 | Gain (CG_10_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050412_072926_20050404_000000_20090404_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_11) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_124808_20050406_000000_20100406_000000 | Gain (CG_11_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_125321_20050408_000000_20100408_000000 | Gain (CG_11_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_125829_20050410_000000_20100410_000000 | Gain (CG_11_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050415_073538_20050412_231018_20100412_231018 | Gain calibration (CG_12) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_130340_20050414_000000_20100414_000000 | Gain (CG_12_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_130903_20050416_000000_20100416_000000 | Gain (CG_12_b) * |



| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_131404_20050418_000000_20100418_000000 | Gain (CG_12_c) * |
|---|--------------------------|
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050421_065554_20050420_133450_20100420_133450 | Gain calibration (CG_13) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_131917_20050421_120000_20100421_120000 | Gain (CG_13_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_132409_20050423_000000_20100423_000000 | Gain (CG_13_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_132925_20050424_120000_20100424_120000 | Gain (CG_13_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050427_150526_20050426_225532_20100426_225532 | Gain calibration (CG_14) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_133432_20050427_160000_20100427_160000 | Gain (CG_14_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_133942_20050429_070000_20100429_070000 | Gain (CG_14_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_134453_20050501_000000_20100501_000000 | Gain (CG_14_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_134947_20050502_160000_20100502_160000 | Gain (CG_14_d) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_135453_20050504_070000_20100504_070000 | Gain (CG_14_e) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050509_150546_20050506_153444_20100506_153444 | Gain calibration (CG_15) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_154052_20050507_030000_20100507_030000 | Gain (CG_15_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151144_20050508_060000_20100508_060000 | Gain (CG_15_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151255_20050509_090000_20100509_090000 | Gain (CG_15_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151358_20050510_120000_20100510_120000 | Gain (CG_15_d) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151458_20050511_150000_20100511_150000 | Gain (CG_15_e) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151558_20050512_180000_20100512_180000 | Gain (CG_15_f) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_151702_20050513_210000_20100513_210000 | Gain (CG_15_g) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050523_090017_20050515_000000_20090515_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_16) |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150616_20050516_090000_20100516_090000 | Gain (CG_16_a) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150747_20050517_190000_20100517_190000 | Gain (CG_16_b) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150831_20050519_040000_20100519_040000 | Gain (CG_16_c) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20051115_150940_20050520_140000_20100520_140000 | Gain (CG_16_d) * |
| MIP_CG1_AXVIEC20050524_081749_20050522_000000_20090522_000000 | Gain calibration (CG_17) |



APPENDIX E LEVEL 1B PRODUCTS GENERATED WITH PROTOTYPE

The following level 1b products were created by running the migsp prototype and were delivered to the QWG. All products can be found on Uranus ftp server.

AE ascending December 2005

MIP_NL_1P_19925 MIP_NL__1b_AE_19926 MIP_NL__1P_19927 MIP_NL__1P_19938.N1 MIP_NL__1P_19939.N1 MIP_NL__1P_19940.N1 MIP_NL__1P_19941.N1 MIP_NL__1P_19942.N1

AE descending December 2005

MIP_NL_1P_19929.N1 MIP_NL_1P_19930.N1 MIP_NL_1P_19945.N1

TDS for development of new L1 proto

MIP_NL__1P_10600-RES_ATT.040310 MIP_NL__1P_12788-RES_ATT.040810 MIP_NL__1P_12963-RES_ATT.04822 MIP_NL__1P_14404-RES_ATT.041201 MIP_NL__1P_17540-RES_ATT.050708 MIP_NL__1P_12788_8cm_RES_ATT.040810 MIP_NL__1P_12963-8cm_RES_ATT.04822 MIP_NL__1P_17540-8cm-RES_050708

MA

MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050111_014126_000060332033_00404_14987_0765.N1

UTLS-1

MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050117_115639_000060122033_00496_15079_0824.N1 MIP_NL_1PMPDK20051120_111053_000014832042_00381_19473_0493.N1 MIP_NL_1PMPDK20051120_131234_000051352042_00382_19474_0494.N1

UA

MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050121_113027_000060312034_00052_15136_0855.N1

UTLS-2

MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050123_120742_000060732034_00081_15165_0874.N1



Nominal Measurements (RR, 27 sweeps per scan) with fixed altitude

MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050128_125114_000060542034_00153_15237_0908.N1 MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050128_143210_000060212034_00154_15238_0909.N1 MIP_NL_1PPLRA20050128_161233_000060212034_00155_15239_0910.N1

Nominal Measurements (RR, 27 sweeps per scan) with floating altitude MIP NL 1PNPDK20050301 113042 000060482035 00109 15694 0774.N1

MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050301_113042_000000462035_00109_13094_0774.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050301_131032_000059792035_00110_15695_0766.N1

July 2003 S6 reprocessing

MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030704_121645_000060262017_00453_07020_0120.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030704_135638_000059212017_00454_07021_0127.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030704_153445_000058952017_00455_07022_0122.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030704_171226_000058622017_00456_07023_0123.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030704_184910_000061052017_00457_07024_0124.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030704_202907_000062392017_00458_07025_0125.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030705_050206_000045322017_00463_07030_0133.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20030705_093800_000017672017_00466_07033_0134.N1

5-6 May Aircraft Emission (AE) Measurements

Only 6 orbits have been processed, due to a processing problem we have one file for each measured scan. The following files have been delivered to the QWG team.

AE_Canada_US_a:

| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_031821_000000632037_00047_16634_0806.N1 |
|---|
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_031922_000000332037_00047_16634_0795.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_031954_000000332037_00047_16634_0792.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032025_000000332037_00047_16634_0791.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032056_000000332037_00047_16634_0796.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032128_000000332037_00047_16634_0800.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032159_000000332037_00047_16634_0799.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032231_000000332037_00047_16634_0793.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032302_000000332037_00047_16634_0794.N1 |
| MIP_NL_1PNPDE20050506_032334_000000332037_00047_16634_0797.N1 |

AE_Canada_US_d:



MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123648_000000332037_00038_16625_1247.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123720_000000332037_00038_16625_1248.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123751_000000332037_00038_16625_1250.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123822_000000332037_00038_16625_1260.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123854_000000332037_00038_16625_1254.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123925_000000332037_00038_16625_1254.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_123957_000000352037_00038_16625_1255.N1

AE_Europe_a:

MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050505_235709_000000632037_00045_16632_0749.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050505_235913_000000332037_00045_16632_0756.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050505_235945_000000332037_00045_16632_0765.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_000016_000000332037_00045_16632_0755.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_000047_000000332037_00045_16632_0760.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_000119_000000332037_00045_16632_0753.N1

AE_Ocean_a:

MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_013745_000000632037_00046_16633_0787.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_013846_000000332037_00046_16633_0786.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_013918_000000332037_00046_16633_0777.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_013949_000000332037_00046_16633_0788.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014021_000000332037_00046_16633_0778.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014052_000000332037_00046_16633_0783.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014123_000000332037_00046_16633_0773.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014155_000000332037_00046_16633_0773.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014155_000000332037_00046_16633_0771.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014226_000000332037_00046_16633_0781.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDE20050506_014258_000000332037_00046_16633_0785.N1

AE_Ocean_d:

MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_090850_00000632037_00036_16623_1186.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_090951_000000332037_00036_16623_1194.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_091331_000000332037_00036_16623_1209.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_091402_000000332037_00036_16623_1212.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_091434_000000332037_00036_16623_1219.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_091505_000000332037_00036_16623_1217.N1 MIP_NL__1PNPDK20050505_091505_000000332037_00036_16623_1214.N1



APPENDIX F *LEVEL 2 IPF HISTORICAL UPDATES*

The historical updates to the MIPAS Level 2 IPF processor are listed hereafter:

- Version V4.65 (aligned with DPM 4.1 and ADFs V5.1, under validation) introduces modifications only for the Level 2 processor, with the following update:
 - Solution of NCR_1310: Problem with MIP_NL_2P
- Version V4.64 no update for the Level 2 processor in this version
- Version V4.63 (aligned with DPM 4.1 and ADFs V5.1) has introduced the following modifications:

- Processing of reduced resolution measurements in old configuration (17 sweeps per scan and fixed altitude – August/September 2004 measurements).

- Solution of NCR_1278: Some MIPAS profiles have zero pressure
- Solution of NCR_1308: MIPAS Level 2 failure.
- Rejection of NCR_1310: Problem with MIPNL_2P
- Rejection of NCR_1317: One second discrepancy in IPF 4.61
- Version V4.62 (aligned with DPM 4.0) has solved the following problems:
 - Fixed NCR_1128: Cloud-detection anomaly.
 - Fixed NCR_1275: Inconsistent values in MIPAS files.
 - Fixed NCR_1276: Level2 profile counting bug.
- Version V4.60 has solved the following problems:
 - Fixed NCR_992: Inconsistency in number of profiles in MIPAS Level_2.

- Fixed NCR_1068: Number of computed residual spectra not consistent with the number of observations.

- Version V4.59, operational since 23 July 2003, has introduced only Level 2 processing modifications. The main improvements introduced via both the processor V4.59 and the installation of a new set of ADFs have been:
 - Fixed NCR_892: Inconsistency in number of scans.
 - Fixed NCR_893: Different values for same scans.

- The cloud filtering (that is, every time a cloud is detected at a given altitude, the retrieval is performed only above that altitude)

- The removal of the gaps between the altitude validity ranges (allowing retrievals in the Antarctic region not feasible with the old MIP_MW2_AX)

- Altitudes margins fixed to +/- 4 km

- MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0011 Wrong DSD name in L2 product in case of not requested VMR $% \mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M} = \mathcal{M} + \mathcal$

- MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0012 Filling of SPH field 22 of MIPAS Level 2 ProductsMIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0013 Filling of the MIPAS MPH and MIPAS Level 2 SPH fields

- MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0014 Wrong writing of PCD String to the PCD Information ADS
- MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0015 Too strong test and skipping retrieval
- MIPAS-SPR-MAINT-0016 Not initialised nucl1 and nucl2 in R 8.5.6.3-7A
- ENVI-GSOP-EOAD-NC-03-0539 MIPAS L2 processing aborted



APPENDIX G LEVEL 2 ADF HISTORICAL UPDATES

The Level 2 ADF files historical deliveries by IFAC are reported in the following table and paragraph. Version 4 corresponds to a set of ADFs for processing of full resolution measurements, with the noise level adjusted for when the interferometer heaters are switched-on and a flag set for processing of only nominal measurements. Version 5 corresponds to ADFs for processing of reduced spectral resolution measurement (17 sweeps operations), so is able to process the measurements done in the Aug-Sept 2004 period.

| Version | Date of delivery | List of files upgraded by IFAC | Main modifications |
|-------------|---------------------|--|--|
| ADF V5.2 | 05.12.2005 | MIP_SP2_AX_V5.2 MIP_OM2_AX_V5.2_october | Correct for a bug in the binary conversion of these two ADF. The ascii version of these files was correct then it was just a problem in the binary conversion of the ADF. |
| ADF V5.1 | 05.07.2005 | MIP_MW2_AX_V5.1 MIP_SP2_AX_V5.1 MIP_OM2_AX_V5.1 | Spectroscopic line list relative to the new microwindow database for reduced spectral resolution; PT error propagation matrices for nominal OMs added in file MIP_OM2_AX; upper limit of a microwindow for cloud detection changed. |
| ADF V5.0 | 18.03.2005 | MIP_PS2_AX_V5 MIP_CS2_AX_V5 MIP_MW2_AX_V5 MIP_PI2_AX_V5 MIP_IG2_AX_V5_july MIP_IG2_AX_V5_october MIP_OM2_AX_V5 | New microwindows selected for reduced spectral resolution, and corresponding cross section LUT, occupation matrices and Initial Guess for continuum (July and October seasons). Boundaries of the microwindows for cloud detection modified to match the new spectral grid at reduced resolution. New Pointing Information (PI) with a smaller error in LOS, new settings (PS) for handling reduced resolution measurements and optimised convergence criteria thresholds for reduced resolution mws. |
| ADF V4.1 | 03.09.2004 | NRT: MIP_PS2_AX_NRT_V4.1 OFL: MIP_PS2_AX_OFL_V4.1 | Changed the flag in PS2 file spec_events_flag from "B" (dec 66) to "N" (dec 78). NESR threshold in PS2 files as in V3.6. |
| ADF V4.0 | 03.09.2004 | NRT: MIP_PS2_AX_NRT_V4.0 OFL: MIP_PS2_AX_OFL_V4.0 | Changed the flag in PS2 file spec_events_flag from "B" (dec 66) to "N" (dec 78). Increased NESR threshold in PS2 files as in V3.7. |

Table 20 Historical delivery of L2 ADF by IFAC.

• ADFs V5.2

Correct for a bug in the binary conversion of the following ADF: MIP_SP2_AX and MIP_IG2_AX files.

• ADFs V5.1

In this latest release of the ADFs, the spectroscopic line list relative to the new microwindow database for reduced spectral resolution was updated. Also, the PT error propagation matrices



for nominal OMs (file MIP_OM2_AX) and the upper limit of a microwindow for cloud detection were changed.

• ADFs V5.0

ADFs for processing of double-slide reduced resolution measurements in the old configuration (17 sweeps per scan, fixed altitude – August/September 2004 data). Those ADFs contain new settings (convergence criteria, NESR threshold in MIP_PS2_AX) and new MWs (MIP_MW2_AX) and OMs (MIP_OM2_AX) optimised for the reduced resolution mode. They also contain a new MIP_PI2_AX updated taking into account the results of an investigation done by Bologna University on LOS. In fact, a new definition of the pointing covariance data was performed according to the available pointing characterization measurements. In particular, the errors on tangent altitude increments obtained from the analysis of LOS-specific measurements were found to be smaller (87 m versus 120 m) than those derived using an empirical model based on the pointing specifications. Tests on Level 2 p, T retrievals confirmed that a LOS pointing error of about 80 m provides a constraint for p, T retrieval that is perfectly compliant with the observed limb radiances. Eighty metres is a reasonably conservative estimate of the error on tangent altitude increments that can be used in the PDS for operational MIPAS retrievals. Reduction of the LOS error from 120 to 80 m leads to a reduction of both p and T errors. Namely, on average, p error turns-out to be reduced from 1.27 to 1.1 % and T error turns-out to be reduced from 1.1 to 1.0 K. The delivered auxiliary data file containing LOS VCM data (MIP_PI2_AX) can be used in Level 2 to process both high and low resolution measurements acquired either in the new or in the old measurement scenario.

• ADFs V4.1

ADFs for processing of full resolution measurements, with MIP_PS2_AX file with noise level adjusted to interferometer heaters switched-off and flag set for processing of only nominal measurements.

• ADFs V4.0

ADFs for processing of full resolution measurements, with MIP_PS2_AX file with noise level adjusted to interferometer heaters switched-on and flag set for processing of only nominal measurements.