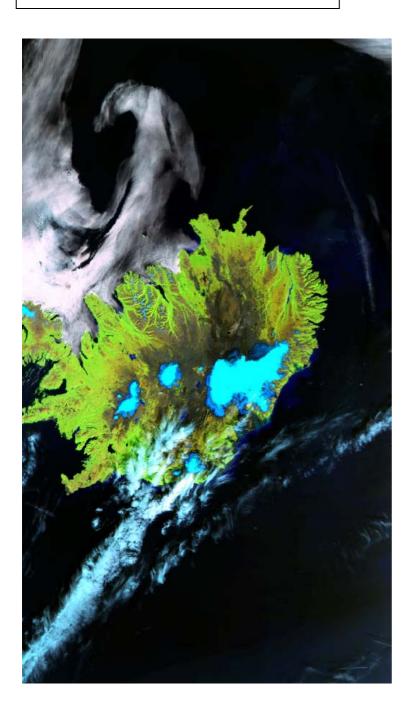
AATSR Cycle Report Cycle # 29

26 July 2004, 21:59:29 orbit 12580 30 August 2004, 21:59:29 orbit 13080



Scene acquired over the North Atlantic on 11 August 2004, absolute orbit 12803 (relative orbit 224). This image, from northeast to southwest, shows a clouds free overpasses over the Iceland. The Vatnajökull, Europe's largest glacier, is well visible on the south-east of the isle and it appears in different shades of blue.

prepared by/préparé par AATSR PCF team and QWG team

reference/réference

issue/édition 1 0 revision/révision

date of issue/date d'édition

status/état Draft

Document type/type de document

Distribution/distribution

Technical Note

APPROVAL

Title Titre	AATSR Cyclic Report – Cycle 29 th	issue 1 revision O revision
author auteur	Luigi Accica	date 14 December date 2004
approved by approuvé by		date date

CHANGE LOG

reason for change /raison du changement	issue/issue	revision/revision	date/date

CHANGE RECORD

Issue: 1 Revision: 0

reason for change/raison du changement	page(s)/page(s)	Paragraph(s)/paragraph(s)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 The Cyclic Report #29	5
1.1 Acronyms and abbreviations	5
1.2 Summary	5
1.3 Software version and Auxiliary files version	6
1.3.1 Software version	
1.3.1.1 Auxiliary file version	6
1.4 PDS status	8
1.4.1 Instrument Unavailability	8
1.4.2 Level0 data acquisition and Level1b processing status	
1.4.3 Level0 and Level1b backlog processing status	
1.5 Quality Control	9
1.5.1 Monitoring of parameters	9
1.5.2 Users Rejection	11
1.5.3 Software Problem Reporting. Potential impact	11
1.5.3.1 SPR open	
1.5.3.2 SPR closed	11
1.6 Calibration/Validation activities and results	11
1.6.1 Calibration	11
1.6.2 Validation	12
1.7 General information	13

1 THE CYCLIC REPORT #29

1.1 Acronyms and abbreviations

AATSR Advanced Along Track Scanning Radiometer

CR Cyclic Report

DMOP Detailed Mission Operation Plan
DMS Data Management System

EN-UNA-YYYY/# Envisat Unavailability (plus year and number)

ESOC European Space Operation Center

HSM High Speed Multiplexer

IECF Instrument Engineering and Calibration Facilities

IPF Instrument Processing Facilities MPS Mission Planning Schedule

NRT Near Real Time

OCM Orbit Control Manoeuvre PDS Payload Data Segment

PMC Payload Management Computer SPR Software Problem Reporting

SW Software

VISCAL Visible Calibration

The AATSR list of acronyms and abbreviation is in the following site:

http://envisat.esa.int/dataproducts/aatsr/CNTR5-

1.htm#eph.aatsr.glossary.acronabbr:nrt

1.2 Summary

Cyclic number: 29

Cycle Start Time: 26-JULY-2004, 21:59:29 orbit stop: 12580 Cycle Stop Time: 30-AUGUST-2004, 21:59:29 orbit stop: 13080

The main activities during the cycle have been the following:

- Processor LO and IPF Version: No changing in the version of AATSR processor for Level0 (5.22). No changing in the IPF version for Level1 and Level2 (5.59).
- Visible calibration data: The visible calibration coefficients data
 (ATS_VC1_AX) are changed regularly during the cycle. These VC1 files
 are being used within the time criteria set for NRT processing. Off-line
 data processing is expected to take place within 2 weeks of acquisition.
 When this is the case the VC1 file used should be +/- 1 day from the
 date of acquisition (i.e. within specification). If off-line data are
 generated before 2 weeks from acquisition, this may not be achieved.

- Level1B Processing Configuration Data: During this cycle the ATS_PC1_AX file has been updated with revised solar irradiance. The new operational file, delivered on 12th of August, is: ATS_PC1_AXVIEC20040812_063722_20020301_000000_20070801_235959
- Data Acquisition: The data acquisition for the Level0 has been of 98.75% of the whole period, for the Level1 of the 99.88% of the whole period.
- Calibration activities: No further information is reported with respect to the previous cycle.
- Validation activities: A comparison with data collected from a network of in situ buoy SST values has been done. In August 2004, there were 2034 match-ups in total, with a mean (ESA operational dual-view skin SST minus buoy SST) of 0.021 K, standard deviation 0.35 K, and a mean (dual-view bulk SST minus buoy SST) of 0.185 K, standard deviation 0.33 K. As these data are comparisons of a single point buoy measurement against a much larger spatially averaged value they are not a true indicator of AATSR's accuracy and are used to show consistency of data quality between cycles.

1.3 Software version and Auxiliary files version

1.3.1 Software version

AATSR processor for Level0; version: PFHS/5.22 **AATSR IPF** for Level1 and Level2; version: AATSR/05.59 – delivered on 19th July 2004.

DOCUMENTATION Applicable: PO-RS-MDA-GS-2009 Is. 3 Rev. H

1.3.1.1 Auxiliary file version

This is the list of AATSR auxiliary files.

- Browse Product Look-up Data (ATS_BRW_AX)
- L1b Characterization Data (ATS_CH1_AX)
- Cloud Look-up Table Data (ATS_CL1_AX)
- General Calibration Data (ATS_GC1_AX)
- AATSR Instrument Data (ATS_INS_AX)
- Visible Calibration Coefficients Data (ATS_VC1_AX)
- Level1B Processing Configuration Data (ATS_PC1_AX)
- Level2 Processing Configuration Data (ATS_PC2_AX)
- SST Retrieval Coefficients Data (ATS_SST_AX)
- LST Land Surface Temperature Coefficients Data (ATS_LST_AX)

In this section will be reported the list of the auxiliary files changed in the cycle and for each file will be specified the date and the reason of the changing.

Will be also reported the list of the latest filename for every auxiliary file currently in use by the PDS.

Only the ATS_VC1_AX file is expected to change regularly. These VC1 files are being used within the time criteria set for NRT processing. Off-line data processing is expected to take place within 2 weeks of acquisition. When this is the case the VC1 file used should be \pm 1 day from the date of acquisition (i.e. within specification). If off-line data are generated before 2 weeks from acquisition, this may not be achieved. **(1)**.

During this cycle the file ATS_PC1_AX has been updated with revised solar irradiance. The new operational file, delivered on 12th of August, is: ATS_PC1_AXVIEC20040812_063722_20020301_000000_20070801_235959

Product name	Start validity	Reason of changing
ATS_VC1_AXVIEC2004	July, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 August, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24,	(1)
	25, 26, 27, 28, 30	

Tab 1.3.2.1: Auxiliary files list changed during the period

Product name
ATS_BRW_AXVIEC20020123_072338_20020101_000000_20200101_000000
ATS_CH1_AXVIEC20021114_113144_20020301_000000_20070801_235959
ATS_CL1_AXVIEC20020123_073044_20020101_000000_20200101_000000
ATS_GC1_AXVIEC20020123_073430_20020101_000000_20200101_000000
ATS_INS_AXVIEC20030731_092706_20020301_000000_20070801_235959
ATS_VC1_AXVIEC20040830_212722_20040829_085243_20040905_085243
ATS_LST_AXVIEC20040311_095537_20020301_000001_20070801_235959
ATS_PC1_AXVIEC20040812_063722_20020301_000000_20070801_235959
ATS_PC2_AXVIEC20020123_074151_20020101_000000_20200101_000000
ATS_SST_AXVIEC20020123_074408_20020101_000000_20200101_000000

Tab 1.3.2.2: Latest auxiliary files currently in use by the PDS

1.4 PDS status

1.4.1 Instrument Unavailability

No instrument unavailability during this period.

1.4.2 Level0 data acquisition and Level1b processing status

In this chapter will be reported the Level0 missing and the data unavailability not planned in the period.

Only the Level1b data not processed starting from the corresponding Level0 will be reported.

The figure below shows the Level0 data missing measurements (yellow line) and the Level1 data not processed starting from the corresponding Level0 (red line) and the unavailability not planned (green line).

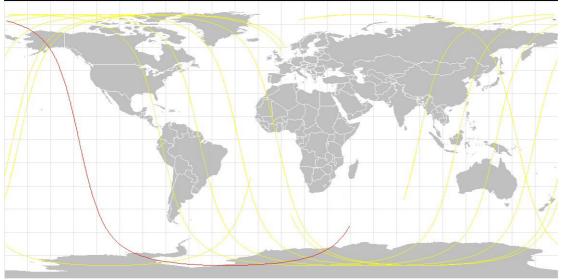


Figure 1.4.2.1: Missing measurements during cycle 29. Yellow line: Level0 missing (PDS failure) Red lines: Level1 missing

The total number of missing data is equivalent to 6 orbits on 501 (1%). The Level0 data was available the 98.75% of the time during the cycle. The Level1b data was available the 99.88% of the time during the cycle. The following tables show the list of Level0 and Level1 lack of data.

UTC Start: start time of the missing acquisition. UTC Stop: stop time of the missing acquisition. Duration: duration of the missing acquisition.

Orbit Start: absolute orbit start of the missing acquisition. Orbit Stop: absolute orbit stop of the missing acquisition.

UTC Start	UTC Stop	Duration	Orbit	Orbit
		(sec)	Start	Stop
27-JUL-04 07:23:34	27-JUL-04 07:24:45	71	12585	12585
01-AUG-04 20:47:30	02-AUG-04 04:14:12	26802	12665	12669
05-AUG-04 12:06:59	05-AUG-04 12:08:02	63	12717	12717
08-AUG-04 11:03:52	08-AUG-04 12:14:46	4254	12759	12760
10-AUG-04 21:04:07	10-AUG-04 22:14:25	4218	12794	12794
13-AUG-04 06:48:45	13-AUG-04 06:48:52	7	12828	12828
24-AUG-04 11:26:47	24-AUG-04 12:11:21	2674	12988	12989

Tab 1.4.2.1: ATS_NL__OP missing data during cycle 29

UTC Start	UTC Stop	Duration	Orbit	Orbit
		(sec)	Start	Stop
08-AUG-04 06:11:09	08-AUG-04 07:08:25	3436	12756	12757

Tab 1.4.2.2: ATS_TOA_1P missing data during cycle 29

1.4.3 Level0 and Level1b backlog processing status

In this chapter a check with respect to the previous cycle is done to verify if the status of the missing data has changed after a backlog processing. In the following tables (showed only if a change whit respect the previous cycle has been detected) will be point out three kinds of missing products modified:

- Data gap cancelled: it refers to data gap that was identified in the previous report but hasn't now been detected as a result of backlog processing (red line).
- Duration change of data gap: it refers to data gap/s still exists but that it has got longer or shorter since the last report (green line).
- New data gap: it refers to data gap now filled as a result of a backlog processing (blue line).

The list of data missing during the previous cycle has not changed (see the list in the Cyclic Report #28).

1.5 Quality Control

1.5.1 Monitoring of parameters

JITTER:

The average scan-mirror jitter rate during this cycle was 0.01 jitters/sec or better. Note that occasional, short duration jitter periods do occur. During this cycle no periods of very high jitter were detected, but there were occasional periods where the maximum jitter rate reached 0.13 jitters/sec. Users should

check the jitter rate during the period covered by their products by checking the Scan Quality Annotation Data Sets (using EnviView, for example).

Compromised orbits owning major scan-mirror jitter:

During this cycle the orbit 12675 was affected on some frames by an important scan mirror jitter. Below is reported (as example) the thermal image of frame #36 and its localization.

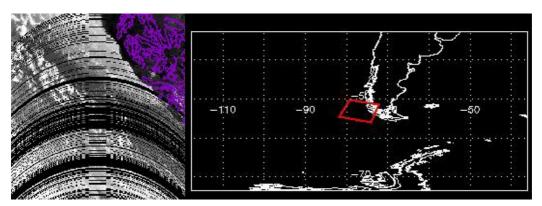


Fig 1.5.1.1: Orbit 12675 - frame 36 - thermal image and localization

SENSOR TEMPERATURE:

All sensors maintained their nominal orbital and seasonal ranges except during the out-gassing period that covered July 26 and July 27 (up to approx 1540h) in this cycle.

VISCAL:

Reflectance channel calibration files are available for all days except: July 26 (out-gassing), August 29.

Nominal viscal characteristics were observed throughout the cycle where data was available.

TOTAL NOISE:

Total noise in the thermal infrared channels, as represented by the standard deviation of the black-body signal in each channel, was close to nominal throughout the cycle.

Total noise in the reflectance channels was close nominal throughout the cycle.

NEAT:

Nominal throughout the cycle.

1.5.2 Users Rejection

No user complaints during this cycle.

1.5.3 Software Problem Reporting. Potential impact

In this section will be described the SPR open with the potential impact on the data quality, and the SPR closed.

1.5.3.1 SPR open

In this section will be reported the list of SPRs.

1.5.3.1.1 Existing SPRS that are still open

No SPRs still opened.

1.5.3.1.2 New SPRs since the last Cyclic Report

None

1.5.3.2 SPR closed

The old SPRs have been resolved after the new IPF version installation – IPF 5.58 – operational since 10th March 2004. A new IPF version has took place on 19th July 2004.

1.6 Calibration/Validation activities and results

1.6.1 Calibration

No further information on instrument calibration is reported. The current status of the instrument calibration can be found in Section 1.7.1 of Cyclic Report 20.

1.6.2 Validation

A monthly mean global SST plot for August 2004 composed from the spatially averaged 10 $^{\circ}$ product, provided by the UK Met Office, corresponding to part of Cycle 29, is shown in Figure 1.6.2-1.

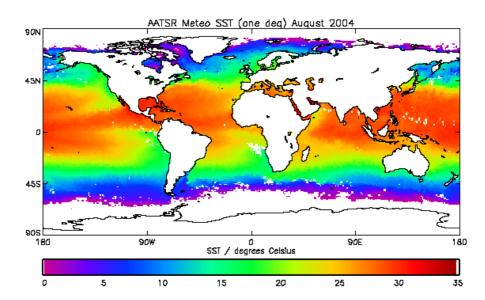


Figure 1.6.2-1: Monthly Global Average SST for August 2004. Image provided by the UK Met Office

Using the above data, the UK Met Office has done a comparison with data collected from a network of *in situ* buoy SST values, the results for August 2004 being shown in Figure 1.6.2-2. In August 2004, there were 2034 matchups in total, with a mean (ESA operational dual-view skin SST minus buoy SST) of 0.021 K, standard deviation 0.35 K, and a mean (dual-view bulk SST minus buoy SST) of 0.185 K, standard deviation 0.33 K. As these data are comparisons of a single point buoy measurement against a much larger spatially averaged value they are not a true indicator of AATSR's accuracy and are used to show consistency of data quality between cycles.

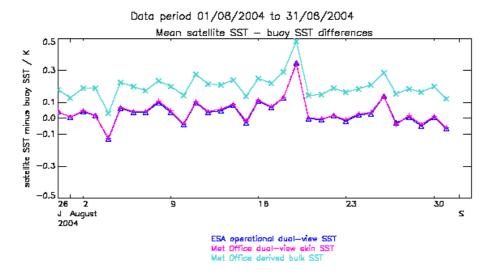


Figure 1.6.2-2: Comparison of daily mean difference between 10'AATSR SST values and in situ buoy SST for August 2004. image provided by the UK Met Office.

A complete update on the status of the instrument validation can be found in Section 1.6.2 of Cyclic Report 28.

1.7 General information

None